PREMIER SCORES OPPOSITION INSINCERITY

QUICKEST — SAFEST
SUREST — BEST
for
COUGHS-COLDS
by Every Test M-10
BUCKLEY'S
MIXTURE
Acts Like a Flash—A Single Sip Proves It

Death of Former P. E. Islander At Flin Flon, Man.

The following news item is from a Winnipeg exchange. The late Mr. Bell referred to lived in Prince Edward Island as a youth and was a nephew of Mr. Arthur F. Bell, and a cousin of Mr. R. R. Bell, Charlottetown:

FLIN FLON, Man., Dec. 29. — Hundreds of Flin Flon residents attended the funeral Thursday afternoon of Lewis S. Bell, prominent local merchant and member of the first municipal council, who died on Monday morning at the Robertson Hospital following an illness of several weeks.

The service was held in Northminster United Church, interment being made in the Flin Flon cemetery. McSorley and Smith were in charge of burial arrangements.

The funeral was held under the auspices of Flin Flon lodge, No. 153, A.F. & A.M. of which the late Mr. Bell was a member. Rev. Geo. W. McNeill, pastor of Northminster and chaplain of the lodge, officiated at the church and graveside.

Mayor E. E. Foster and members of the municipal council attended.

Brother members of the Masonic lodge acted as pallbearers. These were W. F. Hughes, S. P. Hudson, F. A. Schreiber, A. T. Heyland, W. Barker and A. Campbell. All places of business in Flin Flon remained closed from 2 p. m. till 4 p. m. on Thursday.

BIRTHS

MCGUIGAN—At the Charlottetown Hospital, January 9, 1935, to Mr. and Mrs. Leo McGuigan, a son.

RILEY—At the Charlottetown Hospital, January 6, 1935, to Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Riley, a son.

BENTLEY — At the Charlottetown Hospital, January 5, 1935, to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bentley, a son.

MACARTHUR—At Rosebank, P. E. I., on Jan. 10, 1935 to Mr. and Mrs. John MacArthur, a daughter.—S

MARRIAGES

SIMPSON—WOOLRIDGE—At Zion Church Manse, January 7, 1935, by Rev. G. Carlyle Webster, Elsie Jean Woolridge and John Lowell Simpson, both of Charlottetown.

DEATHS

CAMPBELL—At Hingham, Mass. Jan. 7, 1935, Colin Campbell, age 79, formerly of Prince Edward Island.

GOULDRUP — At Brooklyn, New York, on Dec. 16, 1934, John Gouldrup, formerly of Tryon, P. E. I. The late Mr. Gouldrup was a nephew of Robert Reid, of Crapaud, and a cousin of J. R. B. Lea of Summerside.

MCASSEY—At Cherry Hill, P. E. I. on January 11, 1935, Robert McAssey, aged 91 years. Funeral from the residence of D. Lee McAssey, V.S., Cherry Hill, on Saturday at 2 o'clock P. M.

MACLEOD—At Roslindale, Mass., Jan. 7, 1935, Mrs. Margaret M. MacLeod, formerly of Charlottetown, P. E. I., wife of William A. MacLeod, 48 Cohasset St., Roslindale.

Central Guardian

This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a newsy nature may be inserted at 1 cents a word strictly payable in advance.

CONFEDERATION LIFE INSURANCE. L-6798-7-12-312j

LOADING TURNIPS all this week. J. M. Roop. L-3428-1-7-6i

WOMEN'S MUSIC CLUB Meeting this afternoon in the Canadian National Hotel at 4 o'clock. L-3530

POLICE COURT—At the Police Court yesterday a drunk was fined $5 or ten days in jail. The defendant in a breach of the Excise Act case was fined $25 and costs or one month in jail.

DR. M. A. McGUIGAN will not be able to receive patients until further notice. His office is open every afternoon and Saturday evenings for paying accounts. L-3437-1-tts.

THE SALVATION ARMY SUNDAY SERVICES—11 a. m. Rev. W. L. Outhouse, subject, "The Sublime Spectacle," 2 p. m. Sunday School. 7 p. m. Salvation meeting, Adj. W. B. Stevens in charge. All welcome, seats free. L-3531

THE BAPTIST CHURCH.—The Rev. G. Carlyle Webster, Minister of Zion Presbyterian Church will take the morning service, speaking on "The Proof of God's Love." Dr. Vincent will speak at the evening service on "How to Become a Grasshopper." Included in the music of the day will be "The Lord is My Shepherd," and "My Father for Another Night."

INQUIRES AFTER RELATIVES —Chief Birtwistle has received a letter from Mr. Gilbert W. Duke, Montreal, inquiring after relatives who may be living at St. Peters, Prince Edward Island. His father, the late Mr. William Duke, was born in 1880 at St. Peters. The City Police will appreciate any information.

BONUS DECLARED—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the P. E. I. Co-Operative Egg & Poultry Association, held on January 10th, a bonus of 10% was declared on the year's business, which is indeed a very creditable showing under present conditions. The volume of eggs was slightly under last year's, but the advanced value to patrons was considerably above that of last year. The volume of poultry has increased considerably this year and members are evidently realizing the importance of being paid on a graded basis.

SUPREME COURT—At the Supreme Court yesterday His Lordship, Justice Saunders delivered judgment in the appeal case, the King, respondent, vs. Harry Thom, appellant. The appeal was dismissed with costs. In the appeal case, the King, respondent, vs. Edward McGuigan, appellant, the appeal was allowed by consent. The case was an appeal from a conviction before the Magistrate for unlawfully driving a motor vehicle on the highway while intoxicated. Mr. Alban Farmer appeared for the Crown and Mr. R. R. Bell for the appellant. The court adjourned until 11 a.m. Monday.

Mr. Byron Grant returned to the city on Tuesday after spending a Christmas holiday at his home in Montague.

Mr. Adolphus Kelly, Yonkers, N. Y., arrived in Charlottetown last evening on a business trip. Mr. Kelly will visit friends and relatives at Selkirk, Bear River and Souris before returning to the U. S. A.

Concert

Zion Church Guild,
Tuesday, Jan. 15, 1935,
at 8 p.m.
Admission 25 cents.
L-3534

ENTERTAINS AT BRIDGE — Mrs. W. M. Flynn entertained at her home on Euston St. on Monday evening with a mixed bridge in honor of Hon. John A. and Mrs. MacDonald, of Cardigan; also on Wednesday evening for her lady friends at five tables of bridge.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY—The city police had to handcuff a man whom they arrested last night for being drunk and disorderly. He is an old offender and usually attempts to destroy everything within reach when taken to the police station. As a precaution last night they handcuffed him much to his dislike.

HILLSBORO DISTRICT L. O. A. B. A. — The annual meeting of the Hillsboro District Lodge of the L. O. A. B. A., which was held in Boyne Lodge Rooms on Tuesday evening, January 8th, was well attended. The usual business pertaining to the District was capably disposed of by the officers of 1934. After lunch the following District officers for 1935 were duly installed by P. D. M. Bentley: D.M., C. T. M. Manson, No. 614; D.D.M., John W. Dickie, No. 614; D. Chap., Harold McKie, No. 1046; D.R.S., G. Arthur Cudmore, No. 614; D.F.S., J. W. Chandler, No. 614; D., Treas., H. H. King, No. 614; D. Marshal, F. Chandler, No. 614; D. Lect., Chris Ford, No. 614; D. D. Lect., Wm. Cooper, No. 1046. Auditors for the year, C. W. S. Bentley and W. A. McCallum. The semi-annual meeting will be held June 5th in Rose Lodge, Mt. Herbert.

Dairymen's Assn. Directors Meeting

A meeting of the directors of the Provincial Dairymen's Association was held yesterday in the office of the Secretary, Mr. J. W. Boulter. All the directors with one exception were present. Arrangements were made for the holding of the annual meeting on Wednesday afternoon and evening, February 20th. The Dairy Superintendent, Mr. W. L. Brenton, and the Secretary, J. W. Boulter, were authorized to prepare the program for that meeting.

A marketing scheme, prepared by a committee that had been appointed at a meeting held some time ago, was presented by Mr. J. A. Dewar, New Perth, who is a member of the committee and a director of the Association. The scheme was discussed for a considerable time, but was considered by the directors present to be impossible to get the idea of the scheme properly before the dairymen of the province so that it could be intelligently discussed at the annual meeting. On motion, therefore, it was decided to let the scheme remain over for the present time.

Matters of general interest that will come before the annual meeting were discussed. The Superintendent, Mr. Brenton, told the directors that he will have a copy of his annual report in their hands before the meeting so that at the meeting they will be in a position to discuss dairy matters intelligently.

The directors felt that some good practical dairyman should be provided to give an address and lead in discussion at the meeting.

MASEFIELD'S NEW POEM

(By The Canadian Press)

MANCHESTER, Eng., Jan. 10 — John Masefield, Poet Laureate, says he is working on a special poem to celebrate the King's jubilee this year.

Humble Guest: "Er — have you ever walked in your sleep, Sir John?"

Very Rich Man: "Certainly not; I may have motored."

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of
JAMES A. MacLAUCHLAN
Who departed this life Jan. 11, 1934
Time has changed in many ways
But one thing changes never
The memory of those happy days
When we were all together.
Ever Remembered by his Sisters.

L-3522-1-12-11.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of
ARCHIE COUSINS
Who died January 12, 1924
Safe in the arms of Jesus,
Safe on His gentle breast,
There by His love o'ershaded
Sweetly his soul shall rest.
Inserted by the Family.

L-3523-1-12-11.

N.D. MacLean
UNDERTAKER
EMBALMER
Charlottetown and
North Wiltshire
Phone 149

Advertising Rates—Payable in Advance

Central Guardian locals, 4c per word; Western and Eastern locals, 2c per word; Announcements and Coming Events, 2c per word; Classified 2c per word; In Memoriam Notices, 70c per inch; Lists of Floral and Spiritual Offerings, Cards, etc., 4c per name; Letters of Condolence 70c per inch; Notices of Thanks and Appreciation, 70c. per inch or 4c. per word. Other rates on application.
Minimum Charge for any advertisement twenty-five cents.

RATE:—3c per word, three insertions for the price of two, strictly payable in advance.

For Sale

CARDBOARD SUITABLE FOR lining outhouses, etc., 1c per sheet. Guardian Office. tf.

FOR SALE — AUCTION FORTY-Five, Bridge and Whist Score Cards. Guardian Central Job Printery. Nov. 1-tf

FOR SALE—CRUSHED SHELL for Poultry. One dollar per hundred pounds. Rock Salt for cattle 2c lb. Small Smelts for Fox Feed 3c lb. Earle Fisheries Co. L-3519-1-12-6i.

Male Help Wanted

APPRENTICE WANTED TO learn Barber Trade. Short Course, expert training. Molar Barber College, Halifax. N-356.

A LESSON FROM THE DEpression—Be a Civil Servant—Postman, Customs Examiner, Clerk, Stenographer, etc. Free Booklet "How to get a Government Job." M. C. C. Civil Service School, Toronto (10.) M. H. W. 1651.

It was quite an impromptu affair. Yes, but it was none the less spontaneous on that account.

FOR SALE — HARDWOOD AND Kindling. Phone 778-J. L-3466-1-9-11-12-14-16-18.

To Let

HEATED ROOM WITH BOARD. 233 Grafton Street. L-3478-1-10-3i.

TO LET—3 OR 4 FURNISHED rooms, heated. 177 Kent St. L-3509-1-11-3i

Miscellaneous

MANY PEOPLE KEEP WELL BY taking Chiropractic Adjustments. Dr. Carson. Mis. L-3508-1-11-3i.

ESCAPED—1 MALE FOX 30L. Reward, dead or alive, George Van Iderstine, Mill View, P. E. I. L-3504-1-11-3i.

FLOODED CELLARS AUTOMATically drained, apply Tanton's Accessories. L-3524-1-12-3i.

Personal

PRIVATE HOME KINDERGARtens pay. We start you. The Canadian Kindergarten Institute. Toronto (10). Per.-1650.

Boarders Wanted

TWO AGRICULTURAL STUDents accommodated. Moderate rate. 137 Kent Street.

(Continued from Page 1)

have really tried to make these, business talks. To tell you the truth, I am so gripped by the necessity for action, I am so anxious about the development of these reforms, that I have little time to think of politics."

Policies Of Parties

He now proposed to discuss, Mr. Bennett stated, the policies of the two old parties, that which he headed and the Liberal party. He first asked the people to judge the actions of the two parties during the depression years, declaring that though out of office it was the duty of an opposition to either have constructive policies of its own or support those of the government.

The only policy of the Liberal party was "to oppose the government in its forward, constructive measures," Mr. Bennett declared. He preferred to "measures now in most successful operation," which had been debated in parliament, taking up first the Ottawa Agreements.

"I mention them (the Ottawa Agreements) as one unquestioned measure of vast benefit to this country, which came before parliament and was opposed by the Liberal party," Mr. Bennett continued. "Why? Because, presumably, that party thought it good politics to oppose them. If they had it to do all over again, would they still oppose? I doubt it. But ask their leaders. I think some of my Liberal friends, if they are frank, will now admit that their leaders guessed wrong. But never mind that. The point is, that at a time when your government was fighting for the life of this country, we were handicapped and embarrassed and opposed by a party which seemed to think far more of getting back into office than it did of you."

Turning to the Marketing Act, "One of the measures which comprise the first stage of my reform programme," Mr. Bennett spoke of the "fury" of opposition from the Liberals to a measure designed to help the farmer, "which is already helping the farmer," and which would continue to aid him in an even broader way. He recalled the support given the measure by one Liberal, the ex-minister of agriculture (Hon. W. R. Motherwell) "whose conscience and experience would not allow him to reject it."

"What is the likelihood that, if this (Liberal) party has the chance again, it will do anything to help you out of the depression? Will it say to capitalism, the system is faulty? Will it say, the system must be reformed, because the people are the victims of the inequalities and the injustices and the hardships which its defective operation perpetuates and increases? Fellow citizens, that is the question and the only question before you. You are entitled to an answer. In a moment or two, we will consider what that answer will be."

Greater Reasons For Support

On the basis of its past policies and the effectiveness of their results, Mr. Bennett questioned if there could be any doubt that his government could continue to serve more effectively than any party that might replace it. But he would add an even greater reason, a conclusive one, he claimed, why the government should be supported. This was the programme of reform on which he had embarked.

Some reform measures had been inaugurated. Others were in preparation. Collectively they would comprise a scheme more comprehensive and far reaching than any reform move Canada had ever known. "It will mean a new relationship between government and business," he said. "The government will have a new function to perform in the economic system."

The government, under his plan, would be "a permanent guide and regulation with the right and power of correction" with the duty of maintaining in the industrial and capitalist system a more equitable distribution of its benefits.

His government had started the policy of reform and it seemed natural that those people who supported this policy would also support the party which conceived and developed it.

"But let us dispassionately review the whole case for and against my claim. Although, as I say, we decided on this policy of reform and introduced it and have made a fine beginning at it, perhaps some people may maintain that the other party is equally capable of carrying it through. That is a proposition into the reasonableness of which you are certainly entitled to inquire. Let us do so. Suppose that I have the honor of debating this question with the Right Honorable the leader of the Liberal party, and I put it to him that some of his friends claim that this reform programme already under way should be turned over for guidance and development and completion to him and his party. And I ask him what he can say to support the fairness of that suggestion.

"I ask him if he ever proposed such a scheme of reform, and he must answer no. I ask him, did he not, on the other hand oppose violently our programme of reform, which had its beginning in the last session of parliament. And he must answer yes. I ask him, if this programme should be turned over to him for control and development, will he deal faithfully and intelligently by it? And if he answers yes, I am afraid you cannot defend him, for his very answer is one dictated by political expediency. And if he answers no, I am afraid you cannot do business with him. For then, apparently, he thinks still, as he did in the days when he was in power, that all is well with the land, and that government intervention is wholly superfluous.

"But if the leader of the opposition has changed his mind—and he may say that everyone is entitled to change his mind—if he has changed his mind and says he will support this programme of reform, he will, I am afraid, be faithless to many of his protestations and those of his lieutenants. But that may be right if those protestations were wrong. And he will be faithless to his own declared doctrine of Liberalism; but that may be right, if that doctrine is meaningless in these present circumstances.

Opposed To Reform

"As a matter of fact, I did not expect that the leader of the opposition will change his mind. I say this frankly and in fairness to him. Because, if his actions in any way reflect his convictions; he believes in an economic and political doctrine which is forever opposed to the changes of the character and nature to which I stand committed; he is forever opposed, by profession of faith, to government regulation of business; he is forever against intervention by the state; he is committed for all time, as a Liberal leader and a believer in the doctrine of laissez faire, to do nothing. He is condemned for all time to stand on the side-lines, and cheer when his country prospers and weep and hide his face when it falls into adversity."

In the beginning, when capitalism was young, Liberalism had been in good circumstances, Mr. Bennett said. Then its doctrines were based upon capitalism that practiced in an open market-place with competition unfettered.

But in the changing economic picture of which he had spoken in previous addresses, developments which he said had destroyed the open marketplace, the Liberal party had not altered. "In the crash and thunder of toppling capitalism," Mr. Bennett declared, "it did nothing. It seemed to hear nothing. Liberalism was asleep at the switch."

In the old days Liberalism "had a great place in the scheme of things," Mr. Bennett said, "and had leaders who contributed mightily to the well-being of their countries. They were patriots first and politicians afterwards." But the party had not kept abreast of the times, and seemed properly to belong to a world of business and politics generations old.

"Liberalism is toryism in the reactionary sense of the term, just as present day Conservatism is progressivism in the best and most constructive sense of the term."

Listing among the faults and injustices of the capitalistic system, "child labor, sweat shops, slave wages, long hours, inequality of benefits, low prices to the producer and high prices to the consumer," Mr. Bennett said these evils flourished and multiplied in conditions of unregulated business, when capitalism ran itself, the people, "and almost ran the state."

Some improvement had been worked upon conditions since early times, Mr. Bennett continued. "Even Liberal governments, in times of crisis, had to swallow their economic principles and come to the rescue of the people. But what a halting, feeble intervention?"

Independent, Courageous Action

"Now today, the accumulated inequalities of capitalism demand independent and courageous action by government. Is the party of laissez faire ready to take it? The tragedy of those times has put that question straight up to it. Why has it not answered? I will tell you. Because it cannot say, yes. Because it dare not say, no. That is why it is dumb. That is why it has sat silently by and counted on hard times to defeat a government which has given its heart's blood in your service, which has fought to help you, fought adversity, fought the Liberal party, and will go on fighting both.

"You people of this land who want fair play, who are so weary of trouble and hardship, who demand security, I put this to you. Is that the sort of service that you require from a party which once was great? Is this the kind of party which you need. A party which, in these awful times, for political gain, fights to block the actions of a government which strives to do its best. A party which has no policy or plan, a party which counts for advancement alone upon adversity? They call such an attitude and plan, good politics. I think that you and I can agree upon another name which describes these, better.

"I believe in the right of every man to state his case. believe in the right of every party to put its position in the most favorable way. I respect my opponents when they put the issue fairly to you for decision. But that respect I must withdraw when they themselves take no constructive position and raise no real issue, but simply check and oppose me in my struggle with the depression, because their strategists tell them that if this depression continues it will defeat us. So be it. I join issue with them.

"Their case to date is a condemnation of mine. My case you know. Reform or no reform; action or reaction, progress or stagnation; equality; justice; the people before all else. The decision is for you to make."

Refers To Liberal Convention

Mr. Bennett referred to the meeting in Ottawa recently of the National Liberal Federation of Canada. They had before them, he said, the record of conditions in Canada and the record of the government for the past four years. "What did they say about the country? What was their prescription for its ills? Ask your Liberal friends, and if they tell you, try not to laugh. For they are not responsible. The ones responsible are Liberalism's high command.

"In the good old days Liberalism was quite willing to have capitalism run itself," Mr. Bennett proceeded. "In these days may it be that Liberalism is quite willing to let capitalism run it? That starts a line of thought. Pursue it and you may learn the reason for the mysterious silence of the Liberal party. But be careful in your judgment. For when capitalism controlled the modern state the result was Fascism. And there is no place for Fascism in Canada."

Liberalism as an economic doctrine would work well enough if the world could be turned back to the state in which it was 100 years ago, Mr. Bennett thought. That was the only way it could be made to work. But the progress of 100 years could not be scrapped to make a Liberal dream come true.

"The issue is clearly defined. If you are satisfied with conditions as they are, back Liberalism with all your might. If you want no changes in the capitalist system, declare for that party. If you are against reform, back it with all your might. For Liberalism, as you see, has no intention of interfering with big business. For Liberalism stands for laissez faire and the unrestricted operation of the profit system and the complete freedom of capitalism to do as it thinks right or to do as it thinks wrong. So, if you believe in a party of inaction; if you desire a party which supports reaction; back Liberalism.

The Way To Progress

"But if you believe in progress, if you believe in reform, if you believe that the present situation cries aloud for betterment, if you believe that it is the duty of government, by all right and fair means, to strive to secure betterment, if you believe that in big business, that in capitalism, there are abuses which work hardship upon the people of this country, if you believe that the faults of capitalism have brought about injustices in our social state, if you believe that these injustices manifest themselves in lower wages and too high costs of living and unemployment,—then support my party."

His party stood for the good of the greatest number of people, Mr. Bennett said. Its policy of reform would force, inevitably, a political re-alignment. Never since confederation had that issue been raised in this way. There would be differences of opinion as to the methods to be adopted. He would welcome co-operation of the helpful kind. "If there is a more workable plan than mine," Mr. Bennett added, "I will be glad to hear of it."

SERVICE AT TRINITY LAST EVENING

Large Attendance At Week of Prayer Service.

Between five and six hundred people attended the service at Trinity United Church last night. A fine spirit of cooperation and goodwill has pervaded the fellowship and the worship of this week. Surely such whole-hearted and generous cooperation will work for the strengthening of Christian conviction. And surely there is joy in the heart of the Master, Who prayed so fervently that we all might be one.

Rev. Hugh Miller, the senior minister, conducted service and welcomed the guests.

The service began with the singing of the doxology, followed by a prayer of invocation by Mr. Miller. The congregation joined in the singing of "Thou shalt arise and mercy get."

Rev. G. C. Webster, of Zion, led in prayer, followed by the Lord's Prayer in which all joined.

The first lesson was from the 72nd Psalm, read responsively, Rev. J. M. McLeod leading.

The second lesson was read by Rev. H. D. Raymond from Joel 2:1-28. All joined in singing "The Spacious Firmament On High."

The offering was received and dedicated by Rev. R. M. Legate, D.D.

The choir sang "Give to God Immortal Praise" during the offering.

The service in the Salvation Army Citadel was announced for tonight. Rev. J. M. McLeod is to be the speaker.

Following the announcement there was a season of quiet prayer in which we were led by Mr. Miller, who suggested the following themes for our meditation: The success of these meetings all over the world, the quickening of the spiritual life of our people, the nations and world peace, the King and those in places of authority and leadership, the missions of the Christian churches, for grace to consecrate our lives to God. "Break Thou The Bread of Life" was sung.

Rev. W. L. Outhouse was the speaker of the evening and presented a well rounded and forceful address on the subject "The Nations of the World, Fellowship." He expressed appreciation to those young people who attended the meetings so faithfully and to the large number who were present last night.

He spoke of the various youth movements in China and Japan and in various countries of Europe. Nationalism is one of the chief interests of these groups. Many of the youth movements are led by students, but we are just as much concerned with the youth movements in our homes.

Our churches are bidding for the youth. Various programs have been adopted. The necessity of training the children has been recognized all through the ages. Solomon gave us this wisdom in the proverbs "Train up a child in the way he should go and when he is old he will not depart from it."

There is much to be desired in our youth movements. We must have a goal for our work. We must have Christian action. An educationalist has said that only ten percent of the people are mentally alert. We might add that only ten percent are spiritually alert. There is a great field for service.

Conventional Christianity has failed to make the heroic appeal. It is not enough to get young folks to unite with our churches. It is comparatively easy to get them to mouth a confession. In the past, the church has done much to get people out of one church into another, exchanging one set of prejudices for another, but today we have got above that.

In the first place the challenge is to the individual. We must be ready to ask "Master, where dwellest Thou", and seek to find the place of Christ in the life of today. The challenge to the individual will reflect upon society.

Speaking directly to the young folks, the speaker said "Let no man despise your youth." Keep the dream of youth. It is not enough to dream. Vision must become conviction and conviction become action. Dream on, have your visions but determine that these dreams shall become spiritual realities.

The service closed with a hymn. Benediction was pronounced by Rev. J. W. Barbour.

VIEWED INDIAN ART

(By The Canadian Press)

LONDON, Jan. 10 — The first comprehensive exhibition of Indian modern art held in this country, was opened by the Duchess of York at the New Burlington Galleries, and brought together nearly 500 exhibits.

The Presbyterian Church in Canada

ST. JAMES CHURCH

Minister:
REV. R. MOORHEAD-LEGATE, D. D.

Public Worship, Morning at Eleven O'Clock.
Evening Service at Seven O'clock.
Sunday School at Two-Thirty.
THE HOLY COMMUNION AT THE MORNING SERVICE.
STRANGERS AND VISITORS CORDIALLY INVITED.

Central Christian Church

W. L. OUTHOUSE, B.A., PASTOR.
MRS. V. L. DINGWELL, ORGANIST & CHOIR DIRECTOR

Morning Worship ..... 11.00.
Special Music ..... "Take Time to Be Holy."
Sermon ..... "The Far Country."
Rev. A. C. Vincent, D.D.
Sunday School ..... 2.30 p.m.
Evening Worship 7.00
Mixed Quartet ..... "Rock of Ages."
Mrs. Milton Stewart, Mrs. C. D. Bell, Lt. Col. C. L. MacKay, Milton Stewart
Sermon ..... "Christ and the Multitude."

Zion Presbyterian Church

REV. G. CARLYLE WEBSTER — MINISTER.
PROF. LOUIS D. THOMPSON—Organist and Choirleader

MORNING WORSHIP

11.00 A. M.—Theme: "Witnesses." Adjutant Stevens of the Salvation Army will be the Speaker.

2.30 P. M.—Sabbath School and Bible Classes.

EVENING WORSHIP

7.00 P. M.—Theme: "The Art of Giving"

"Ponder the path of thy feet, and let all thy ways be established." Proverbs 4:26.

The Baptist Church Prince & Fitzroy Sts.

MINISTER—THE REV. A. C. VINCENT, D. D.

MORNING WORSHIP 11 O'CLOCK
Sermon—"The Proof of God's Love" Rev. G. C. Webster
Anthem—"The Lord is My Shepherd" ..... Choir

SUNDAY SCHOOL 2.30 P. M.
Renew your acquaintance with "The Book of Books" as you attend your Sunday School to-morrow.

EVENING WORSHIP 7 O'CLOCK
Sermon—"How to Become a Grasshopper" Dr. Vincent
Anthem—"My Father for Another Night" ..... Choir
A cordial welcome to the pulpit of The Baptist Church is extended to
The REV. G. C. WEBSTER
Minister of Zion Church.
You are invited to all and any services of the Baptist Church. Students and visitors to the City will find here a Church home.

Trinity United Church

Ministers:
Rev. Hugh Miller, M.A.; B. D. Rev. J.W. Barbour, B.A.; B.D.
Organist—A. Roy Kendall, L. R. A. M.; A. A. G. O.

10.00 A. M.—Prayer Meeting.
11.00 A. M.—Public Worship.
Sermon—"THE CHURCH IN THE WORLD TODAY."
Rev. J. W. Barbour
Anthem—"Rest of the Weary" ..... Alfred Legge

2.30 P. M.—Sunday School.

7.00 P. M.—Public Worship.
Sermon—"SET THRONES OF JUDGMENT"
The judgments of life and our part in them inexorable.
Rev. Hugh Miller.
Anthem—"I Am Alpha and Omega" ..... Stainer
8.30 P. M.—Annual Y. M. C. A. Sacred Musicale.
Visitors and Students cordially welcome.
Evening Service Broadcast by C. H. C. K.

St. Paul's Church

1st SUNDAY AFTER THE EPIPHANY

8.30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11.00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon. "The Handmaid of the Church"

2.30 P. M.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
3.45 P. M.—Baptisms.

7.00 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon—"For His Body's Sake"
Miss Margaret Sterns will sing.
EVERYBODY WELCOME.
REV. H. D. RAYMOND, M. A., RECTOR.