

THE SUMMERSIDE GUARDIAN

and PRINCE COUNTY CHRONICLE

RECORD CROWD ATTENDS WEST PRINCE FAIR

THE WESTERN GUARDIAN

This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a purely nature may be inserted at a rate of 1 cent a word strictly payable in advance.

THERMOS BOTTLES, lunch kits, vacuum bottles, 50c up Taylor Drug Co., Kensington. L-8790

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CONGRATULATIONS — Congratulations are in order to Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Sturdy of Victoria on the arrival of a little daughter in the Prince County Hospital on September 17th.—S.

ATTENDING MOUNT ALLISON—Mr. and Mrs. A. S. MacKay, Summerside, accompanied their daughter, Miss Effie, to Sackville on Tuesday, where she will attend Mount Allison University to study music. Miss MacKay is a very bright student and will no doubt do well in her chosen course. S.

LEAVES FOR ENGLAND—Mr. E. H. G. Harmon of Summerside leaves this morning for Montreal en route for England called home on account of the serious illness of his father, Mr. George B. Harmon. Mr. Harmon visited his son in Summerside two years ago when he was working for the Chinese government on survey work.—S.

SURPRISE SHOWER — Miss Ella Simpson, R.N., of Kensington, was pleasantly entertained last Tuesday evening at a surprise kitchen shower given by a number of her friends at the summer cottage of Misses Dorothy and Marjorie MacKenzie. A small barrel, galley decorated, contained the many useful gifts, and the witty verses attached to each, caused a barrel of fun. Later, a delicious dinner was enjoyed and a jolly singing around the fire, ended a delightful evening.—Y.

LIQUOR CRAZED MAN ARRESTED—The Summerside Police and R.C.M.P. were called to a house at the east end of Summerside on Wednesday morning to arrest a man who had gone crazy with drink. The man, who had been drinking heavily all night, arrived home about 10:30 Wednesday morning and taking an axe started to break up the furniture. Before the police could get to the house he had broken practically everything organ, furniture, dishes, and all fell before his attack. He was finally overpowered and taken to the Police Station where he was placed under lock and key. A charge will be laid later. S.

COURT NEWS — Magistrate MacKinnon of Charlottetown held court on Tuesday at Summerside. A young man from Cape Traverse was charged with common assault and pleaded guilty was given one month in jail. A prohibition case where the accused was charged with the illegal consumption of liquor was fined \$10 and costs over twenty days. These cases were brought by the R.C.M.P. A fisheries case tried by Mr. Carruthers, J.P., where a man was arrested at Bordier by the R.C.M.P. and his car with a cargo of lobsters seized, was found guilty and fined \$100 or four months. He took the months. This case was prosecuted by Nell MacLeod, Fisheries Inspector. Two boys were arrested in Charlottetown for theft of bicycles at Summerside. They were brought to Summerside by the R.C.M.P. and the bicycles returned to their owners. The boys were severely reprimanded. S.

BOWLER AT 75
(Canadian Press)
—HASTINGS, England, Sept. 18.—That old maxim, "youth must be served," was exploded recently when A. R. Sweet, 76-year-old bowler, won his singles heat by four shots in the Hastings Bowls Tournament.

CARDS AND DANCE! at the Children of Mary's Home, Kensington, September 19th. Music. Wellington "Vagabonds." L-8994-9-19-21.

MISCELLANEOUS SHOWER—On Thursday evening a large number of friends gathered at the home of Mrs. W. O. McLeod and showered her niece, Miss Ella Simpson, R.N., with many beautiful gifts. As the bride-to-be was being escorted to the room of honor by Miss Vera McLeod, the wedding march was played by Miss Miriam Profit. Little Miss Norma Humphrey and Master Jimmie MacNeill dressed as bride and groom, hauled into the dining-room a prettily decorated basket of presents on their express wagon. The gifts were opened by Miss Vera McLeod and Mrs. Robt. Dewar and the accompanying verses read by Miss Dorothy MacKenzie. Miss Jean Profit and Miss Helen Profit arranged them on the large table. Ella, in a few words, thanked all present for their kind wishes. After lunch was served, a most enjoyable musical evening was spent.—Y.

PERSONALS

—Mr. Le Mob Arsenaux of Emerald has entered the Prince County Hospital for treatment.—S.

—Mr. Anthony Arsenaux of St. Louis is a patient in the Prince County Hospital.—S.

—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Gregor, Brackley Beach, enjoyed the welcome hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Walker, Kensington, on the eve of September 15th.

—Mrs. R. Bruce Murphy, Burlington, after visiting her mother, Mrs. Edward Mallett, Charlottetown, has returned to her home.

3,000 MEN RUSH WORK ON NEW MONSTER LINER

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—The third funnel of the "Queen Mary" is being placed aboard the great liner. It differs from the two others already in position, in that only half it will be used to carry smoke from the furnaces. All the steel work on the new liner will be completed by the end of this month and from then on the ship will be entirely in the hands of decorators, engineers and carpenters. 3,000 men will be a work about it. "Queen Mary" night and day until May 1st, her scheduled date for leaving the Clyde.

The great ship will have three anchors, two of them weighing sixteen tons each, and a reserve anchor weighing twelve tons. Precautions against vibration are unusual. It was thought at first that special bulkheads would be sufficient but now steel columns are being erected in each engine room to conduct the vibration to the ship's keel. Steamline masts have been erected to prevent whistling as the wind strikes them.

ORDERS FOR ENGLAND

JOHANNESBURG — Orders amounting to nearly \$1,500,000 in connection with a South African tramway development scheme including conducting wire, trams and trolley buses, have been placed in England.

1900, AND OUT OF POKET

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Rev. E. Rogers, Dean of Bocking, Essex, says in his church magazine: "Men and women who read that my income as dean in 1900 a year jump to the conclusion that I am overpaid.

"But with a ridiculously large deanery, and a wife and curate, three maids and two workmen to maintain, the cold fact is that I am actually out of pocket."

Store And Farm Property For Sale At Miscouche

Large Store and Warehouse, steam heat, electric light and fixtures complete. Ready to open for business. This store is splendidly located at Miscouche and may be purchased at a wonderful bargain.

Also approximately 37 acres of the finest farm land, situated on the Main Road at Miscouche. This land is all clear and in splendid state of cultivation, and is offered for sale at an extremely low price.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Stewart & Lewis, Solicitors, Summerside. Intending purchasers would do well to act quickly, as these properties must be sold.

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Quality Of Exhibits At Alberton Are Highly Praised By Judges

Exceptionally Large Showing Of Horses. Keen Competition Waged For Trophy Donated By Lt. Governor DeBlois.

The Alberton Exhibition, always the big fall attraction in West Prince, drew a record crowd of visitors from all parts of Prince County yesterday afternoon. In spite of scattered showers keen interest was taken in the livestock exhibits. The exceptionally large showing of horses was of particular interest and drew a considerable crowd of spectators to the judging ring. All classes were well filled. There were a number of special prizes but interest centred round the DeBlois prize, donated by Lieut. Governor DeBlois. Competition was keen in every class for this coveted prize.

The arrangement of the main building which housed the domestic science exhibits and root crops, was exceptional and was commented upon very highly by the judges. The grains, roots, vegetables, fruit and flowers were judged by Dr. J. A. Clark, R. C. Parent and S. G. Peppin. The display of flowers at the far end of the building was magnificent. Worthy of special mention was the dahlia exhibit which would be hard to beat anywhere. The root crops were not very well filled but the quality was good. There was a fine exhibit of mangies. Grain entries were large, with the exception of wheat and oats. What these two lacked in quantity they made up in quality. There were some fine exhibits of beans. Flax seed was a new exhibit and an exhibit of some exceptional clover seed was very highly commented upon. The fruit exhibit was above the average with larger entries than other years.

Praises Quality of Butter

Mr. W. L. Brenton who judged the butter, said the quality was the best he had ever seen. Every point was of an outstanding quality and it was difficult to select the winners. The workmanship of the prints was particularly fine. There was no cheese exhibit. Mr. Nash also had difficulty placing the eggs as they were all very uniform. This entry was the largest ever seen at Alberton. The poultry exhibits were well taken care of in nice new pens and all classes well filled.

The exhibit of ducks and geese was outstanding. The quality of the birds this year was much better than previous years and all the birds were well groomed, showing an increased interest in poultry. There were some fine specimens of Banded Rocks. The handicraft, although not as large as formerly was very fine.

There were some beautiful hooked rugs on show. A beautiful hand carved table the work of Mrs. Willard Oulton brought many favorable comments from visitors to the main building. The exhibit included breads and fancy cakes which occupied the centre of the building were very tempting and spoke well for the culinary art of Alberton ladies.

Swine Exhibit

Mr. Stewart Irvine was very pleased with the sheep exhibit, which was the largest ever seen at Alberton. There were 18 entries in the pens of four and 16 in the pairs of market lambs. This class all through showed better finish and were well fleshed. Much better than other years. There were thirteen entries in the registered rams and the flocks were all of excellent type. Principal exhibitors and exhibitors were: Lester Wallace, Alberton who carried off the first in section one and section two. Registered rams, Lester Wallace and Lester Profit were winners. Frank Hodgson won the honors for the best flock. The DeBlois prize was won by Lester Wallace. A feature of the sheep show was the lamb fair conducted by the Federal and Provincial Department of Agriculture with the co-operation of the Alberton Exhibition. The market lambs showing are marketed direct from the grounds.

HORSE EXHIBIT

Leaving the main building to visit the livestock the visitor could not but notice the perfect arrangements made for the showing of the various classes. The centre of attraction was the horse exhibit. Never has there been such keen interest shown in this class. Mr. Parker Howe assisted by Mr. Walter Shaw placed pleased with the show. The judges said it was very pleasing and encouraging to note the interest that is being manifested in this important branch of the livestock industry.

There was an increase in the number of entries. The roadsters and carriage classes were exceptionally fine, the high quality of the district being well maintained. Some improvement could be made in the draft horse exhibit. There were some very fine animals in the general purpose class. This was particularly true of the colts and fillies, up to and including three years olds. The largest exhibitors in this class were Harry O'Brien, Stanley Brown, W. J. Reagle, Alma, and the Rev. W. J. Phillips. Rev. W. J. Phillips and O'Brien had the largest entries in the general purpose class and carried off the prizes. Winners in the DeBlois prizes were, Carriage class, Rev. W. J. Phillips, draft class, Wallace Donald, Alma general purpose class, Mr. Macinnis, Miminegash. These were all for best brood mare with get showing any age.

Cattle Classes

Mr. L. Roper judged this class. His comment was that the exhibit was not quite as large as other years but there were some outstanding animals. Jesse Matthews Jersey herd was a credit to the breed and showed excellent dairy quality. This herd was in any show in a strong competitor. Worthy of special mention was the showing of dual

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KING POLICIES

(Continued from Page 1)

000 to \$6,000,000 in value. Yet the Liberals blamed the loss of trade on the Bennett Government. The tariffs put on by Mr. Bennett on the contrary had been the salvation of the country. Had it not been for the protection given by the Bennett Government the country would have been smothered with foreign products. Canada would have an era of unprecedented prosperity in the near future, according to the present indications, if the country were given proper protection. In the last year of the King government, Canada had an adverse trade balance of \$103,000. In 1935 there was under the Bennett Government a favourable trade balance of \$255,000.

Dr. MacDonald referred to the reform policy of the Bennett Government. There was in Canada too much money owned by too few, he believed. As a result, some people had to go without.

Mr. King could not lead the country with the policy which he had in 1930, the speaker pointed out. Canada to-day, after having gone through the worst depression in history, was not the same as in 1930.

Dr. Grant

Dr. Thomas Grant announced that Hon. J. P. MacIntyre had been obliged to remain away on account of the condition of his throat.

Under the Liberals there had been no depression, Dr. Grant asserted. He told a story of the Bennett Government not keeping in touch with the people, he said. Mr. Bennett had given the C. P. \$60,000,000. Dr. Grant asserted. The Bennett Government had died of old age on August 18th.

Dr. Grant criticised Senator MacDonald for accepting the senatorial title, and discussed the West Indies trade.

Dr. Grant stated that the Ottawa agreements had nothing to do with the increase in the price of Canadian pork in 1933. Tariffs, Dr. Grant informed the audience, were for the purpose of getting revenue, but under the Bennett Government tariffs had increased around 50 per cent. There was four or five dollars duty on a box of cigars, which cost 60 cents. Tariffs were the reason why the debts had increased.

Dr. Grant attributed to Dr. MacDonald a statement that sugar had been taxed to prevent diabetes. He told a story of an experience he had had in Souris River in 1905, concluding with "that's the difference between Liberalism and Toryism."

The speaker referred to the potato bonus, and the wheat bonus. Mr. Stevens was starting a new Conservative party, he said. He boasted of the pensions he had got for his burned soldiers around Souris. The Conservatives had made it hard for men to get their pensions. Dr. Grant spoke of a man in Cardigan whose pension he had got back.

Senator MacDonald: "Who was he?"

Dr. Grant: "Joe Doucette."

The speaker told a story of a man for whom the Senator had not got a pension.

Senator MacDonald: "Who was he?"

Dr. Grant: "Keep quiet now, I'm getting under your skin."

Senator MacDonald: "Oh no you are not."

Dr. Grant said he had put in the whole summer visiting homes in Kings County.

Corrected Dr. Grant

Senator MacDonald in opening his address remarked that Dr. Grant was sensitive about being criticized, and resented about being wrong, and stated that he was wrong, and pointed out that it was the banks, not the government, which had advanced the \$60,000,000 to the C. P. R.

Dr. Grant's statement that deputy ministers had been put out of office was absolutely false, the Senator said. His stories as regards men who had not received pensions were of the same nature. The Senator discussed the wheat situation briefly.

The speaker at some length discussed the record of the Bennett Government, remarking that it was a lucky thing for Canada that a man like Mr. Bennett was at the head of affairs. He referred to Mr. Bennett's forthright as evidenced by his warnings voiced in the Spring of 1928 of what came true in the Fall of 1929, and discussed economic effects by the Government. In order that no province should default, the Dominion had come to the rescue of several provinces, and thus had saved the credit of the country. By reducing interest rates much money had been saved.

In explaining the increase of pork prices, Senator MacDonald said: "The arrangement was made by Great Britain that a duty would be put against the rest of the world and that Canada's product be admitted in free. Dr. Grant did not tell you that I am not sure whether he knew it or not."

The Empire Trade Agreements had done much to change the adverse trade balance to a favourable one. In 1930 Canada had ranked eleventh in exports to the United Kingdom. In 1935 she ranked second. While the world's trade had dropped 66% Canada's trade had dropped only 58%. The tariffs which had crippled Canadian trade, had all been raised against Canada during the tenure of the Bennett Government, as Dr. Grant had said.

"I was surprised the other night," remarked Senator MacDonald, "to hear Mr. King speak of Canadian trade with United States, since it

was during his regime that the United States markets were closed to Canada. Mr. King even found fault with Mr. Bennett for not having made a trade pact with United States during five years of office. Why had Mr. King failed in his nine years to make a pact with the United States? Mr. Bennett had made numerous trade pacts with foreign countries."

Mr. H. H. Cox, M.L.A., again told the story about the pretty girl. He had stated that there were too many MacDonalds in politics. He could see no point in the speeches of the Conservative speakers. He compared prices during the period of depression with those of the boom years.

Dr. Grant personally led the applause to Mr. Cox's wise-cracks. The latter read the definition of "buffoon" as he had found it in a dictionary. He read from the Patriot, to indicate that Mr. Bennett had not opened up world markets.

Rebuttal

In rebuttal, Dr. MacDonald stated that he had been promised many votes because of the unfulfilled promises made by Liberals during the previous election.

Regarding the matter of potato bonus, Dr. MacDonald said that at the Liberal convention at which Mr. T. A. Campbell had been nominated a strongly worded resolution had been passed. That was the Liberal party did not wish the bonus, why did they find fault, Dr. MacDonald asked. The speaker severely censured Dr. Grant for bringing the matter of soldiers' pensions into politics. "He is going around raking up men who have not received pensions, and who never will," he asserted. "The pensions matter is out of politics."

A certain man had been promised a pension if he would vote for Dr. Grant, the speaker charged. But he was to receive the pension through no assistance of Dr. Grant.

ENGLISH CLERIC UPHOLDS SOCIAL CREDIT SYSTEM

(C.P. By Guardian's Special Wire)
OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—Social Credit is the only solution to the muddled finances of today, it was declared here tonight by Rev. Hewlett Johnson, Dean of Canterbury, opening a speaking tour that will take him across Canada. He asserted his conviction it was workable, practical and on the point of sweeping the world.

The English cleric said he was not in Canada to meddle with internal politics, party politics, but as a crusader for a new financial system which he believed was applied Christianity of a practical type.

The English Dean, tall, bald, with a fringe of snow-white hair, asked if Social Credit was workable. He replied by asking if the present financial system was working adequately. In the United Kingdom, there were 2,000,000 unemployed, there were 1,000,000 in privation and misery. Yet, coffee was being burned in Brazil, beef destroyed, milk poured into the ground and restrictions placed on the growing of wheat, tea and other necessities of life.

"Don't you think," the Dean asked, "that is something that should drive every Christian priest onto the platform and say this intolerable thing is not working today?"

The basic trouble was lack of purchasing power, the Dean said. Canada was like all other countries, "from a money point of view we are very poor but from a goods point of view, very rich."

Bankers created money out of nothing, merely by writing figures in a ledger. If a poor man created a two-shilling piece, he went to jail for two years but if a banker created £2,000,000 he was likely to receive a knighthood or baronetcy, and if £5,000,000, he went to the House of Lords.

Under a system of Social Credit, the first objective would be to take from bankers their private monopoly on creating credit or money, Dean Johnson said. It would be restored to the state, where it belonged and from where it never should have wandered.

Credit then would be used in the interests of industry and a means of making money for a few people. To Great Britain that a duty would be put against the rest of the world and that Canada's product be admitted in free. Dr. Grant did not tell you that I am not sure whether he knew it or not."

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Mr. C.B. Rogers Heads S'side Branch Of Legion

At the annual meeting of the Summerside Branch of the Canadian Legion held recently Mr. Clifford B. Rogers was elected President, 1st Vice President, R. L. Mollison, 2nd Vice President, Brenton Clark.

Executive Committee, A. H. Corney, B. W. Robinson and Major V. T. Travers.

There was a large attendance at the meeting which was presided over by the president, Major V.T. Travers.

Some discussion took place on the observance of Remembrance Day and the following committee was appointed to make arrangements for that day: Major Travers, R. E. McDonald, E. J. Hallett and Ray Tanton.

B. W. Robinson gave a report on the Provincial Convention and banquet held recently in Charlottetown and at which he was appointed Provincial Vice President. Percy D. Crosby gave an interesting report on the reunion of returned men held recently at Sydney, Cape Breton at which the following Summerside men were present: B. W. Robinson, Neil R. Durand, R. E. Ellis, R. L. Mollison and C. D. Crosby.

Mr. Crosby gave a short account of the visit to Louisburg, Cape Breton, where the returned men visited the historical places of interest and the extensive excavations for old relics among the old fortresses of that historical place.

The Summerside delegation had the pleasure of meeting Canon Scott of Quebec, who was so well known to the Canadian Forces in France.

It was suggested that an effort be made to have every member of the Legion a subscriber to the Legionary the official organ of the Legion.

After the election of officers given above the meeting adjourned.—S.

Stevens Claims Monopoly Of Coal Industry

(C. F. By Guardian's Special Wire)
QUEBEC, Sept. 18.—The coal business of Montreal and Quebec is controlled by one man. "That man is Senator Lorne Webster," Hon. H. H. Stevens, Reconstruction party leader said here tonight. "Try and bring in coal from Nova Scotia or Great Britain, and see what chance you have. In Toronto, control is in the hands of the Rogers interests. I think the man's name is Alfred Rogers—a great friend of the Prime Minister."

Dealing with control of various industries by powerful financiers and corporations, the Reconstruction party leader dealt here for the first time with the coal industry.

"Many of the people of Quebec are interested in the coal industry," he said. "There was an inquiry into that industry under the Combines Investigation Act about a year ago. Mr. King says he stands firmly by the Combines Act. Well, there was a prosecution by your attorney-general under Mr. King's piece of legislation. The net result of that prosecution is a coal dollar a year higher. Why? The reason is monopoly of coal. No competition existed. Members of Parliament of all political faiths had favored development of the peat industry in Canada. Nothing had ever been accomplished. Influence of those controlling the coal industry was too strong.

His first Quebec Province audience since he returned from the 17th parliament have indicated they will not seek re-election. "These include veterans like J. D. Chaplin of Lincoln, Charles W. Bell, barrister and playwright of Hamilton, T. E. Simpson, formerly chief Conservative Whip, of Algoma West, Harry Short of Digby-Annapolis.

John Brown of Lisgar and Fred W. Tozke of Humboldt failed to get the party nominations at their local conventions, and so have retired.

Hon. Mitchell Hepburn of St. Thomas, Ont., now premier of Ontario, and Hon. Peter Heenan, Keeweenaw, minister of lands and forests, are former House of Commons members now active in the provincial field.

A. U. G. Bury of Edmonton East and D. J. Cowan of Port Arthur were appointed to judgeships; Milton N. Campbell, one time U.F.A. member for Mackenzie, has for years been serving on the tariff board; Robert Smith of Amherst, N.S., and John A. Sullivan of Montreal are now deputy ministers. James H. Stitt of Se Kirk is a Civil Service Commissioner.

lost jobs, hunger and misery followed. Under Social Credit, national income and national production would be equated by national dividends "paid from the day you are born until the day you die."

COMEWHATMAY COMMONSLOSES MANY VETERANS

Several Prominent Men Have Dropped Out of Fight For Power and Place In Federal Politics.

(Canadian Press)
OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—Many figures familiar in the public life of Canada during the last two decades disappear from the political arena with the forthcoming election. Some have died since the last polling in 1930; others have been appointed to "offices of emolument under the Crown"; still more have signified their intention to retire from politics.

After 34 years in the House of Commons Hon. Hugh Guthrie, one of Quebec's prominent sons, has been transferred to the placid environment of the Railway Commission. Hon. Charles Dunning, defeated in Regina in 1930 and active in politics for the last five years, has said this sphere for good. He is not a candidate in the present election. Neither is his former colleague, Hon. J. L. Ralston, formerly of Amherst, N.S., now of Montreal.

Before prorogation Mr. Ralston said his law practice demanded of him more time than his political engagements permitted; consequently he has withdrawn definitely from parliamentary life. Hon. Edgar N. Rhodes, also of Amherst, elevated to the Senate, will transfer the burden of Canada's financing to other shoulders and, in the tranquil company of the elder statesmen, continue his career in a less hectic atmosphere than that of the Green Chamber.

Hon. Arthur Sauve, former Postmaster-General and M.P. for Lavent- Two Mountains, similarly prorogated to senatorial rank, has only a brief career in Dominion politics, but, having led the Quebec provincial Conservatives for 25 years, he is entitled to be called "veteran." Hon. E. C. Matthews, cricketer and curler, retires after many years of useful activity in public life. His home is in Toronto.

Appointments by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett just before dissolution of parliament made heavy inroads on the ranks of his supporters. Judgeships, senatorships and other appointments extracted from the House of Commons a number of men whose days on the hustings are over.

Other Appointments

Hon. James Arthurs of Parry Sound, Ont., veteran parliamentarian and veteran also of the War; Hon. Thomas Cantley of New Glasgow, N.S.; Hon. Henry A. Mullins, former M.P. for Marquette, Man.; Hon. G. B. Jones, King's County, N.B. and Hon. B. F. Smith, Victoria Carleton, N.B., are well-known names in the political history of Canada in the past 20 years. Their appointment to the Red Chamber spells finis to their activities as members of the House of Commons.

Death has robbed Canadian public life of many colorful parliamentarians since 1930. Among these were Armand Lavigne of Quebec, erstwhile "enfant terrible" of national politics; J. A. Mercier, dignified and cultured representative for Laurier-Outremont; Dr. A. J. Denis, quiet-spoken but nevertheless resolute member for Denis; Dr. Walter D. Cowan, the always refreshing and valiant fighter from Long Lake, Sask.; Hon. E. B. Ryanman, Toronto lawyer, who for years was Mr. Bennett's minister of national revenue; Col. T. H. Lennox, who held North York for many years; Hon. W. A. Black of Halifax, at one time minister of railways during the short-lived "shadow cabinet" of 1926, and others less well-known.

The former members of the 17th parliament have indicated they will not seek re-election. "These include veterans like J. D. Chaplin of Lincoln, Charles W. Bell, barrister and playwright of Hamilton, T. E. Simpson, formerly chief Conservative Whip, of Algoma West, Harry Short of Digby-Annapolis.

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lost jobs, hunger and misery followed. Under Social Credit, national income and national production would be equated by national dividends "paid from the day you are born until the day you die."

Mr. Stevens charged while Mr. King argued for development of the export market. "His friends on St. James Street are doing more to choke exports than almost any other influence."