

DAILY FOUNDED 1861 KELLY, (NOW TRI-WEEKLY) 1887

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, CANADA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1906.

8 CENTS PER MONTH (SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS)

DAIRYMEN HAVE ANNUAL MEETING

Three Sessions at Prince of Wales College—Large Attendance—Address on Dairy Cattle by Mr. Whitley of Ottawa—the Secretary's Report—Interesting Talks

The Provincial Dairy Association convened yesterday for its annual meeting, and there was a fairly large attendance. The sessions were held in one of the lecture rooms of the Prince of Wales College. The President, Arthur Simpson presided. There were present Lauchlin Macdonald, John Anderson, Alex. Hamilton, Rev. J. A. Macdonald, Lot 14, Chas. Way, Hector Murchison, North River; A. McDonald, Glenfinnan; Bruce Dawson, Orpadd; J. N. McLeod; Dundas; William Beer, Emerald; James Monaghan; Hazelbrook; D. Stewart, Glenfinnan; J. Bagnall, New Glasgow; J. J. Beaton, Red Point; C. Whitley, of the Dairy Department, Ottawa; A. McLellan, Dundas; C. B. Day, Bridgetown; Webster, Boulton; Caspary; A. E. Dewar, Royalty; H. W. Turner, O'Leary; W. Edwards, North Wiltshire and others.

Meetings were held in the forenoon afternoon and evening. The morning session was occupied with routine, registration, etc.

AFTERNOON The secretary's report was read as follows: Since our last annual meeting your Board of Directors held six meetings there being no special work requiring more frequent meetings.

WINTER DAIRY SCHOOL. Owing to the depressed and discouraging condition of the industry your Board of Directors deemed it better to forego reopening the winter dairy school and employing the funds as far as possible in promoting the production of more milk.

INSPECTION. The very satisfactory system of inspection and instruction as followed in the previous season was continued. Mr. Morrow was re-engaged at the same salary, and made regular visits from May to December. He will again report to you regarding his work and the condition of the several factories as he found them during the past season.

FINANCES. Your directors made an assessment on the several factories at the rate of 140 per 1000 lbs. of milk, which would aggregate \$383.37. Of this \$324.15 was paid in by the 31st December last, leaving a balance of \$74.22 unpaid. Since then, however \$32.20 has been received, leaving only \$42.02 of the assessment of 1905 unpaid. We received the usual grants from the Dominion and Local Governments of \$800 each, or \$600. We have also received from the Provincial Department of Agriculture the sum of \$100 for milk production prizes in lieu of amount granted to us to carry on the Winter Dairy School. From these receipts and the amount on hand at the first of the year we have paid the usual demands on the association and also \$160 for prizes, leaving a balance of \$113.62 to be carried forward and all bills paid.

FACTORIES IN OPERATION. During the season 46 factories, two skimming stations and one branch cheese factory were in operation. Four factories that were on our list in 1904 are closed, viz, Bishop (Lot 40), Campbellton, Garding and St. Margarets.

COW CENSUS. During the past season the Dominion Dairy Department introduced, for the first time, in this Province what is termed cow census work. The Kensington Cheese Factory was selected for the purpose. The patrons who applied for the outfits were required to keep records of the quantity of milk given by their cows and samples also to be kept. At the end of the term Mr. C. T. Whitley, whom we are pleased to have with us at this meeting, came and completed the work, giving each patron a record of each of his cows. The average for the month of 90 cows was 900 lbs. milk of 3.7 p. c. fat or 23 lbs. fat each. From a personal knowledge, I would say, that the list had good average patrons of the factory. The result, however, cannot be considered satisfactory; 22 lbs. per cow per day in the month of August is certainly too low. I have a similar test of 410 cows made at Huntingdon, Que., in the same month giving the average for the month of 733 lbs. milk to each cow and 28 lbs. fat for the month. It is 73 lbs. milk and 3 lbs. fat per month to show how wide a difference there was between the best and the poorest cows, we find that the best cow at Kensington showed 41 lbs. butter fat for the month and the poorest only 14.3. The best at Huntingdon showed 61.9 and the poorest 12.6. These wide ranges between the best and worst in either place indicate most

unmistakably what course to pursue in order to get the best results. Cut out and breed up. As Mr. Whitley will go fully into this question I shall not pursue this subject further.

MILK PRODUCTION PRIZES. Agreeably with the views of all present at our last annual meeting prizes were again offered for the production of milk. The plan was fully set forth in the circular letter of May 18th last which is annexed hereto. Add that the object of offering these prizes was not to be understood as saying that the primary idea was to obtain as reliable data as possible of the best work done by our dairymen and thus demonstrate beyond gain that, where well pursued, dairying is by this Province a profitable line of farming. We were frequently hearing on every hand that dairying does not pay and we now have the facts—stubborn facts of what is being done. Incidentally the competition has aroused much interest and discussion that is in itself profitable, whilst the rivalry among patrons for position, apart from the money value of the prize, is stimulating. For example last year 21 applicants competed; this year 35 in all have sent in applications, and the showing of the different competitors of this year is better in quantity per acre and quality of milk. Unfortunately the first award on Dec 12 did not take all the prizes offered and a second award had to be made, hence the list will be divided in first and second awards for Prince and Queens County. Still after that belated application came a particularly good showing that of Mr. Frank Halliday, Eton, who culled 52 acres of land and produced in 12 months 2114 lbs. of 3.5 p. c. milk, equal to 22.29 lbs. per acre.

MILK SUPPLY AND VALUE. Following a winter of unprecedented severity and a shortage of feed amounting almost to a famine we could not expect other than a falling off in milk supply. The ill-condition of stock in the spring delayed opening of factories till well into June in most cases. In fact our season can only be said to have opened in July, and if that fact alone is borne in mind the decrease in milk from the quantity of the previous year is not surprising.

The total milk supply has been 28,151,732 lbs., decrease of 3,734,000 lbs. or 11.84 per cent. The gross value of cheese was \$177,201.06, an increase of \$17,191.40 and the gross value of butter, \$104,633.24, an increase of \$4,336.75. The net value to patrons of cheese was \$137,366.93 and of butter \$78,464.37, increases of \$22,831.20 and \$5,123.44 respectively. 240 factories, (94 less than in 1904) 2 skimming stations and 1 branch cheese factory were in operation.

As you will observe the above figures are all satisfactory except the quantity of milk and number of patrons. The increase in value is quite substantial, and the increase in net value being greater than that in gross value indicates that the whole output was manufactured more economically than in the previous year. Had all the patrons continued with us the gain in milk supply would evidently exceed 10,000,000 lbs. On the whole however the outlook is brighter than a year ago. Had we succeeded in getting the statistics of cows for the two past seasons I am sure the showing per cow would also be encouraging. To obtain these statistics some other plan must be adopted and while we are doing that it would also be well to obtain the cost of the buildings and plants of all the factories.

CONCLUSION. In conclusion I wish to record that during the year the assistance and interest both of Dominion and Provincial Departments has been very satisfactory. The special instructions given the farmers throughout the Province in judging milk cows and addresses on dairying has awakened interest and pointed the way of progress. I have a communication from the Dairy Commissioner in which he expresses the readiness of the Department to render us all the help they can; and if I may be permitted to say that I am today we can have any assistance that is reasonable. It now remains for us to do our part.

Respectfully submitted, JOHN ANDERSON Secy.

The secretary's report was followed by that of the inspector, F. T. Morrow, who after strongly advising that the milk supply be increased and detailing the

LABOR ELECTS A CANDIDATE

In Montreal by Sweeping Majority of Twelve Hundred Votes

MONTREAL, Feb. 23.—(Special)—Paul Verville, Labor candidate was elected in Maisonneuve today by a majority of 1,300.

A GREAT ACTOR READY TO RETIRE

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—(Special)—Richard Mansfield, authorizes the statement that he had formulated his plans for retiring from the stage.

He will play three more seasons before visits paid to each factory, went on to say:—

Throughout my report you cannot help but notice the continued repetition of the statement of the factories being clean etc. This, I am glad to say, I could not avoid, and confine myself to a true and exact report of just how I found things. I question very much if it would be possible to visit the same number of factories in any section of Canada, and find so uniform a system of make and thorough cleanliness on the part of the makers. This should and does tend toward bettering the quality of our milk supply. The great point to be considered now, is how to increase the milk supply and get more of the farmers to patronize the factories. Through inquiry in different sections, I find several causes given that militate against the union of all parties concerning dairy co-operation. The first is, want of confidence in the management, scarcely of help to do the milking, the feed of the sweet skim milk at home for feeding purposes, and to a very large extent the good price and ready markets for nearly everything the farmer has to offer. But if the farmer who is now sending to the factory can even do as well as those following the other lines, would not everyone reap a sure profit by sending their milk, increase the quantity and as a consequence greatly reduce the cost of milk hauling, and manufacture. This reduced cost added to our present net value, would, I am certain, turn the balance in favor of the dairying without even taking into consideration the value of the by-products.

M. Whitley of the Dominion Dairy Service was then introduced and gave an exhaustive address upon upon the different breeds adapted for dairy work, their treatment, feed, etc. His remarks were illustrated by a statistical table, and the information he imparted was highly appreciated. His address was followed by a discussion which was participated in by nearly all who were present. This discussion and the passing of a resolution re-making the Canadian Dairyman the representative paper of the Association, and another resolution regarding obtaining cheaper freight rates over the P. E. Ry. occupied the meeting till adjournment.

EVENING SESSION. In the evening there was a good attendance. Mr. Whitley having to leave on return to Ottawa was not able to be present and Rev. Dr. Burke who had been expected was also unable to be present.

The question of continuing the offering of prizes for best production of milk per acre was introduced and thoroughly discussed—the meeting finally expressing their approval of continuing the prizes. The following gentlemen comprise the Board of Directors for the ensuing year:— Arthur Simpson, President. Lauchlin Macdonald, Vice President. John Anderson, Secy. Treasurer. Alexander Hamilton. James Monaghan. J. B. Edwards. Rev. J. A. Macdonald. Alfred Dewar and Angus McLellan were appointed auditors.

Fairville, Sept. 30, 1902 MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED. DEAR SIRS.—We wish to inform you that we consider your MINARD'S LINIMENT a very superior article, and we use it as a sure relief for sore throat and chest. When I tell you I would not be without it if the price was one dollar a bottle, I mean it.

Your truly, CHAS. F. TILTON.

AN AMENDMENT WAS VOTED DOWN

Considerable Bitterness Developed in Debate on the Address in British Commons—Crushing Defeat of Opposition Amendment by 456 to 91 Votes

LONDON, Feb. 23.—(Special)—An amendment to the Address to the Throne in reply to the King's speech at the opening of Parliament expressing regret at the fact that the Government had brought the regulations of the country into contempt by describing the employment of Chinese in South Africa as slavery, was defeated in

the House of Commons by 456 to 91 votes. The debate lasted two days and was participated in by Joseph Chamberlain and others. The Opposition developed considerable bitterness. Chancellor of the Exchequer Asquith was the principal speaker on behalf of the Government.

MAN ADOPTS AN INDIAN TRIBE

DENVER, Col., Feb. 22.—Fred G. Shaffer, a former resident of Cleveland, Ohio, now a wealthy mining man of Colorado, has adopted a tribe of Indians and set aside a portion of his fortune to support them. Mr. Shaffer came to Colorado for his health ten years ago. He went into the mountains on the advice of physicians and there became so weak from exposure that he lay down to die. He was rescued by members of the Ute tribe of Indians, then living in Colorado. The Indians not only restored the young Ohioan to health, but indicated to him where gold could be found. He prospected the hills and located one of the richest mines of the State.

FRANCE DECLINES GERMAN PLAN

ALGERIAS, Feb. 22.—I learn on the highest authority that Herr von Radewitz's proposal to M. Revoll regarding the Moorish police scheme is quite unacceptable to France, meaning wholesale disorder in Morocco.

The key note of the sentiment reigning among the delegates was vividly expressed by an irate member of the body, who uttered the saying, which rapidly went the rounds, "Notre travail se fait goutte par goutte, ce qui est dégoûtant."

Irritation prevails. The Spanish President, the Duke of Amodovar, is doing his utmost to keep the peace, but the delegates are thoroughly angry. They ask why the conference was ever called and why they should be condemned to sit here for an eternity over a matter which could be settled between the chancelleries of France, Spain, England and Germany. The feeling of two-thirds of the delegates is that they are being fooled.

TERRIBLE BACK PAINS. They fairly agonize your life. Some thing powerful and penetrating is needed to sit here for nothing so swift to relieve as Nerviline, a strong, penetrating liniment made to cure just such pains as yours. Nerviline is very concentrated, about four times more powerful than ordinary liniments. In the worst cases all muscular pain in feet before it. Nearly fifty years in use—a good recommendation, surely.

CARNIVAL AND Fancy Dress Masquerade Hillsborough Rink

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 27th, 1906 PRIZES

Best interpretation of character assumed Gentleman \$5.00. Lady \$5.00. Most original costume Gentleman \$2.50. Lady \$2.50. No person can win two prizes. Men in women's costume not admitted. Season ticket holders in costume free, other skaters in costume 25c. Admission 25c. Reserved seats 10c extra.

A. A. BARTLETT, Managing Director.

BLISS CARMAN'S BITTER FORTUNE

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Bliss Carman, the noted Canadian poet, whose writings are widely known, today filed a petition in bankruptcy, in a suit for part payment of a note given to his cousin, F. St. John Bliss, of Fredericton, N. B. Carman testified that he did his writings in his apartments on Twelfth Street, and that he lived on about \$800 a year. He was not a member of any club or literary organization. He had no uncompleted works on hand, and the contracts submitted to the Court represented his sole possessions, aside from clothes, fifty volumes of books and furnishings in his apartment, worth \$50.

NEGRO PAF-SON SCORES THE FLAG

MACON, Ga., Feb. 22.—In an address before 500 delegates at a convention of negroes here to discuss race problems, Bishop H. M. Turner, of the African M. E. church declared the American flag to be a "dirty and contemptible rag," and that "hell was an improvement on the United States when the negro was involved." In closing he said, "If a little ignorant and stupid white man, who has never heard of and never would be heard of until one thousand years after the resurrection trumpet, wishes a little notoriety, he begins to belittle and slander the negro, and bounds into popularity. I challenge any one or all of them to meet me in public discussion and I will show that the negro is a far better man than they are."

RUSSIA SLOW IN MOVING OUT

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 22.—Chinese relations and the negotiations of Minister Pokotloff with the Pekin government are engrossing the attention of Russia diplomacy.

Foreign office officials make a mystery of the subject matter of the negotiations at Pekin, but the Associated Press learns that Minister Pokotloff is chiefly interested with Manchuria and the preservation of Russia's special rights there. Apprehensions of an indefinite result are voiced in despatches from Pekin. The negotiations are directed to securing Russia in her favored position in Mongolia.

Russia troops consisting of infantry, cavalry and artillery have been introduced at various important centres "for the protection of Russian consuls." These military "outposts of the empire" have been pushed forward into Chinese territory.

The cat was let out of the bag concerning the presence of a considerable force at Urgan, including infantry and Cossacks, and several guns, by the incautious publication of a casual account of a celebration of the departure of one company of the garrison and the arrival of another in an obscure provincial paper.

TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. K. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. 12-14 tins 6m

WIFE MURDERER DIES BY HANGING

A Notorious Criminal Protests His Innocence, Prays for His Executioners and Meets Death While His Lawyers Plead for a Further Respite for Him.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—(Special)—Johann Hoeh, convicted wife murderer, confessed bigamist and who if but a fraction of the stories told of him are true, is one of the greatest criminals of the age, was hanged in the County Jail today for poisoning his wife, Marie Hoeh. He faced death with a prayer on his lips for the men who took his life, and

some few words of good bye. His last utterance was an assertion that he was innocent of the crime for which he paid the extreme penalty of the law. Hoeh was hanged at 1:34 o'clock this afternoon when his attorneys were still making desperate efforts to secure a further respite for him.

A VOLCANO IN COLORADO

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—A despatch to the Record Herald from Hot Sulphur Springs Colorado says: "Mount Sattou, a lofty promontory three miles from here yesterday developed into an active volcano, flames and smoke belching from a crevice far up the mountain side. A party of citizens approached as near the crater as they dared, only to be driven back by stifling sulphur fumes. Alarm is felt here though up to date there has been little lava emitted."

TWO BARQUES RUN AN OCEAN RACE

BOSTON, Feb. 22.—Bringing a valuable cargo of wood and hides, the Norwegian bark Dunerag, of Christiania, Capt. P. M. Pedersen, was towed into Boston port Monday, terminating one of the most exciting ocean races on record. On December 16, the Dunerag, from Buenos Ayres, and the British bark Star of the East, Captain Dill, from Rosario, left Point Indio together. Both were destined for Boston, and the captain and officers of each were anxious to reach port first.

They raced through the south Atlantic and for two weeks were neck and neck. Off the island of Fernandez they parted company one night and thence the Dunerag never sighted the other craft again. Captain Pedersen exerted his utmost skill and seamanship to bring his vessel here ahead of his rival. The captain of the steamer Edgwards, which arrived in Boston Saturday, reported sighting the British vessel twenty miles off Nantucket south shoal lightship last Friday, so that the two barks could not have been many miles apart at any stage of the long passage of about 6,000 miles.

110 YEARS OLD LED SOBER LIFE

LONDON, Feb. 22.—"Grandfather" Mc. Nally, King Edward's oldest subject, who lives at the Home for the Aged, maintained by the Little Sisters of the Poor, has entered his 110th year.

For fourteen years the Sisters, whose only funds are the alms they beg from door to door, have cared for the old man. He is twenty-eight years since he returned from the United States, and while he was there he buried his wife, whom he married in Ireland when she was a girl and he was a lad of eighteen.

"It is thirty years since she died, and she was eighty then. "Yes, I have lived a very long while," he said to a visitor. "It is because I have always led a steady life. I was never the worse for drink in my life. I never ate too much. I never believed in ruining my stomach with too much drink or food. Aye, I am happy. I sleep well and enjoy my vittles."

CHICAGO MARKETS

CHICAGO, February 23.—(Special)—Corn, Dec., 43 Corn, May, 43 1/2 Wheat '82 82 1/2 Wheat '81 81 1/2 Pork, May, \$15.52 Pork, Jan., \$15.2

RUSSIAN SHIP KEEPING WATCH

RIKA, Feb. 22.—Russian cruisers are lying off this port inspecting all arriving craft in order to prevent the importation of weapons, several large consignments of which are reported to be on their way here to replace the thousands captured and destroyed by the troops. A depot of bombs and explosives have been discovered in the centre of the city.

Executions in the country continue daily. Three punitive expeditions are concentrating at Donstangen, where lately there has been a recrudescence of the revolutionary movement.

CHINESE ARE GETTING READY

BERKELEY, Cal., Feb. 22.—Professor John Fryer, of the state University, says a copy of Chinese newspaper which has just reached here says that the Chinese government had ordered a million small arms and 100 cannon from manufacturers in Germany in preparation for the threatened war with foreign powers. Prof. Fryer, who has spent 20 years in China, believes that the present trouble in China is absolutely the most serious that the nations have had to deal with since relations with the Chinese kingdom were established.

SHARP DECLINE IN EGG MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Shipments of eggs to the local market yesterday broke all previous records. The receipts amounted to about 22,000 cases. With the enormous shipment prices dropped to a level reached only once before, about nine years ago.

Those who will suffer by the heavy shipment and low prices are the speculators in storage eggs. Almost the entire egg production of the country was taken in the early part of the winter by a rumor of combination and by speculators. They paid 30 cents a dozen. Yesterday, after keeping the eggs in storage all winter the price dropped to 9 cents.

The retail price of the best fresh eggs was about 22 cents a dozen yesterday. The receipt of 22,000 cases yesterday means that in round numbers 8,000,000 eggs came to the local market. Prices now, as compared with those of the same period last year, give a good illustration of the condition of the market. The best fresh eggs, which are selling wholesale now for 14 cents, brought 34 cents a year ago. Storage eggs were then 30 to 32 cents, while at present they are selling for 9 and 10 cents.

These conditions of the market are due to the open winter and the very liberal production. Dealers say that the prices will remain low until the stock of storage eggs is disposed of.

LARGEST ORGAN IN THE BODY

Is the liver. Small wonder that liver trouble makes you feel so miserable. The symptoms are constipation, dizziness, indigestion, headache, feeling of depression and lack of appetite. There is but one sure cure,—Dr. Hamilton's Pills. In every case they are successful. By relying on Dr. Hamilton's Pills you are sure of strong vitality, nourishing blood, bright cheery spirits. No longer will you suffer from disordered liver or kidneys. The marvel of this medicine is that it keeps you well—prevents sickness and off sickness of every kind. 25c. per box everywhere.