

# THE SUMMERSIDE GUARDIAN

## AND PRINCE COUNTY CHRONICLE

THE WESTERN GUARDIAN

AGENT—Mrs. John Pond, 107 Harvard Street — Phone 289  
SUMMERSIDE AND PRINCE COUNTY

News, Subscriptions, Advertising should be left with Mrs. Pond  
The Guardian may be bought daily at any of the following stores in Summerside:  
Bell Bookstore, Water St.  
Toronto Bakery, Water St.  
The Guardian will be delivered to any home in Summerside by carrier boy at 2c per day or 10c per week. Phone 289 for this service or by your order to the boy responsible for deliveries on your route.

—STORM WINDOW EYES, weathering gass and putty, sold at Braces. L-917-1-27-21.

—HOCKEY at Kensington Monday, January 29th, 1940 at 8 p. m. Freetown vs. Miramichi Skating after match. Admission 10 and 2c. L-935.

—ASBESTOS aircoil insulated covering for hot water or steam heater pipes. Order now at Braces. L-917-1-27-21.

—CARD PARTY at KENSINGTON—An enjoyable card party under the auspices of the C. W. L. was held in the McMahon House, Kensington, on Monday night. Mrs. P. J. McNeil and Mrs. Frank McDougald. Refreshments were followed by dancing with the Summerside Orchestra rendering pleasing music. K.

—THE KENSINGTON Credit Union will hold a card party and dance in the McMahon House, Monday, January 29, Summerside. L-927-1-27-21.

—ST. MARY'S BADMINTON CLUB—St. Mary's Badminton Club held their annual meeting on Friday night at the election of officers. The newly elected officers are: President, Mr. Thomas Watson; Vice President, Miss Faine Harrison; Secretary, Miss Wanda Fyfe; Treasurer, Mr. Ross MacIntyre. A drive is being put on for new members and a schedule of games will be drawn up. S.

—HAD SUCCESSFUL SEASON—Mr. Harvey Kinch of Moncton, N. B., who has been on the Island buying pelts reported that he has had a very successful season. Mr. Kinch is a yearly visitor to the Island and said that although many of the pelts this year were not as fine as they might have been, never the less he handled some excellent skins. S.

—ENTERTAINING CLUB—The ladies of Trinity United Church Social Club were guests at the paragon for their usual weekly meeting. There was a very interesting attendance. After the usual business lunch was served and a social hour enjoyed. Mrs. Davies was assisted by a number of ladies in her duties as hostess. S.

—SOCIAL EVENING—A most enjoyable evening was spent on Friday in St. Mary's hall, when the American Guides and Guides enlisted in the 3rd Company Guides, Boy Scouts and Cubs to social evening. The evening was happily spent in games and music, every one having a real good time. A sumptuous lunch was served by the ladies and at the conclusion a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the St. Mary's Guides for a most enjoyable time. S.

—TO CHICAGO "ROAD SHOW"—Mr. W. C. Wells, contractor and lumber dealer of Wilkie, Sask., left by boat train Tuesday a.m. to attend the big demonstration of road making machinery called a "Road Show" at Chicago. Mr. Wells is a native of Alberton at which place he has been visiting during the past few weeks. Mr. Wells left before for the Canadian West in 1937 and experienced plenty hard knocks for a year or two, but by perseverance and the will to win, coupled with an engaging personality, overcame all obstacles on the road to success. He has completed a year's road building in Manitoba's and Saskatchewan also, and has built up a fine reputation and God-fidels in the North. His road paving equipment has the reputation of being the best in the West. Canada. Mr. Wells is an example to all young P. E. Islanders going abroad to better their circumstances. K.

### Kensington Juveniles Trim Borden 3-2

In a fast, clean game on Friday evening Ken McLean's Juvenile Bombers set down the Borden Bombers 3 to 2 to win their first game of the season. The Bombers from the opening lists were masters of the situation taking a two goal lead in the opening session, which was never in danger, Mill MacLean got the opener and Simmons took the second. Ken McLean and Heeschen sank the Bombers in the fifteen minute mark in the second. McLean broke through for Bombers' lead in half, but two minutes later Simmons beat Richard from close in to regain their two goal margin. The third period from the opening bell up to the 19:00 minute mark was conspicuous for many nice combination plays by both sides but the close checking was too good for any counters, until Campbell from a mixup beat Cameron for the final goal of the game.

Summary:  
1st Period:  
1-Bombers, A. Mill (A. McLean) 12:36  
2-Bombers, Simmons (D. McLean and Heeschen) 17:00.  
Penalties—None.

2nd Period:  
3-Borden, McInnis 16:00.  
4-Bombers, Simms 18:20.  
Penalties—Mill.

3rd Period:  
5-Borden, Campbell 19:00.  
Penalties—None.  
Goal by Cameron—9.  
Referee—Richard—17.  
Referees—A. Larkin, K. MacLean.

SAINT JOHN, N. B., Jan. 28.—(CP)—Fire, smoke and water caused damage estimated at \$25,000 Saturday evening at the clothing store of James T. Wilcox, on Charlotte Street. Most of the stock was a loss, constituting the greater part of the damage.

### Japs Seek Mexican Trade

(By William A. Patterson)  
(Associated Press Staff Writer)  
MEXICO CITY, Jan. 28.—(AP)—Rellable sources today reported that expiration of the Japanese-United States Commercial Treaty already has resulted in a drive by Japan to expand her trade with Mexico—particularly in oil.  
Japan now obtains most of the oil needed to run her vast industrial and war machines from California wells but is said to be making preparations to obtain Mexican oil in case of a United States embargo.  
A secondary consideration, these sources said, is Mexico's iron resources. Mexico, holding nearly 18,000,000 tons of this valuable ore and willing to negotiate a better pact, has been receptive to Japanese representatives who are here now.  
Japanese delegations are said to have obtained new oil well drilling permits.  
Informed foreign sources said the Japanese also are studying means of assisting the Mexican Government in dredging Salina Cruz, Pacific Coast port, and improving petroleum storage facilities there.  
At present, it is almost impossible to ship Mexican oil from a Pacific Coast port. This is a serious consideration because Japan is reluctant to make the more expensive and time consuming voyage to Mexico's east coast ports and also loathe to have her lines of communication through the United States-controlled Panama Canal.

### Defence Minister Makes Statement

OTTAWA, Jan. 28.—(CP)—Defence Minister Rogers said tonight that a statement made in the Commons last Thursday by Conservative Member, Mr. G. M. Manning, charging that a British Commonwealth Battalion travelled overseas poorly clothed and that many men are sick, "was recklessly untrue."  
"It appears from the most reliable authority that the statement made by Mr. Manning was not only untrue," Mr. Rogers said, "it is also clear that he made no real effort to ascertain the facts before he made the statement."  
"His charges were unfounded," the National Defence Department was indicated, no doubt, to destroy confidence in the present administration. But the effect of such a statement is not always confined to the country where it is made.  
"Dr. Manning ought to have realized that such a charge coming from him in his official capacity would do much to undermine the confidence of the British people in our government and in our military forces."

### SOLDIERS TO

(Continued from page 1)  
ations are closed March 11 a printed list of candidates, their addresses and occupations, will be posted on notice boards in each unit or detachment. Cables will be used to facilitate getting this "information out."

On the Thursday following nomination day, polls will open in the overseas division and voting may proceed until 9 p. m. of the Saturday preceding polling day in Canada.

In Canada service voting will start on the first Saturday after nominations, and close the same day in the overseas division.  
This means that in England the vote will be taken from Thursday, March 14 to March 23, inclusive except for holidays, and in Canada from March 16 to 23.

A service voter will go before a commissioned officer assigned to that duty and make a declaration of his qualifications including the address of his normal domicile prior to his departure for overseas.

This information will be placed on an envelope which the voter and officer will both sign. The voter will then be given a blank ballot and an unmarked envelope. This sealed envelope will be placed in the ballot box of the voter's choice of candidates in the electoral district in which his declared home address is located. The ballot in the unmarked envelope.

The voter hands this sealed ballot to the officer who in the voter's presence, places it in the larger envelope bearing the voters' details and his signature on the back. This is sealed and returned to the officer who posts it at the nearest mailing point to the special returning officer of his division.

These envelopes must be in the hands of the special returning officer by six p. m. on March 26.

In each special returning officer's headquarters there will be six scrutineers, two appointed by the Liberal party, two by the Conservative party and two appointed on joint recommendation of other political groups having five or more members in the House of Commons in the last Parliament. In this case the Social Credit and Co-operative Commonwealth Federation groups.

The special returning officer in each district will have 24 ballot boxes, locked and sealed, one for every Dominion electoral riding. (There are 245 members to be elected but two ridings elect two members each.)

As the ballots are received they will be deposited in whichever boxes is indicated by the domicile of the voter as shown on the back of the envelope which shall not be opened.

At six p. m. on March 26 the boxes will be opened, the envelopes removed, and the boxes again locked and sealed.

A complete roll will be made of the soldier voters as shown on the envelopes in each box, then the inner sealed envelope containing the ballot will be placed back in the box to which it belongs.

When this has been done in the case of each box, they will all be opened again, the votes counted in the ordinary way, and the number of votes checked against the total number that should be in each box according to the list of voter's names.

### Trapped Churchill

(Continued from page 1)  
struck next."  
The First Lord declared he was "quite clear that our policy has been right" in refraining from bombing Germany. In democratic Britain we were not as thoroughly prepared for the outbreak of war as was the dictator state whose thought was bent on war. Now the country was far better organized. They had mobilized an enormous advance has been made both in protection of the civil population and in the punishment which will be inflicted upon raiders.  
Therefore he felt he was right in an earlier address when he said that "we reached the spring without an interruption of our sea borne trade and without anything serious happening on land or in the air we should in fact not be fully restored to them after the war."  
"I am thankful that this great country has now got into its war. It is a triumph for a large part of its immense resources and is mobilizing the rest."

### New Workers Needed

In his appeal to workers Mr. Churchill said: "Millions of new workers will be needed and more than 1,000,000 women must be forwarded into our war industry. If the trade unionists from patriotic or international motives lay aside their scruples and official claims they have so carefully built up, they need have no fear that these will not be fully restored to them after the war is won."

Summing up: "Come then, let us take to battle, to toil, each to our part, each to our station. Fill the ranks, man the air, pour out munitions, strangle U-boats, sweep mines, plough the land, build ships, guard the streets, succor the wounded, uplift the downcast and honor the brave."

Mr. Churchill appraised Nazi Germany as a weaker foe than the imperial Germany of 1914 while the Allies are far ahead of where we were at this time in the other war.

But he cautioned against any relaxation declaring instead "it is a time to dare and endure."  
Hecklers interrupted a couple of times by calling the name of Sir Oswald's leader in the House of Commons, Mr. G. M. Manning, who has been heard of since the war. Two were ejected.

Churchill charged Germany with "shameful records" in the conquests of Czechoslovakia and Poland, from which he said "we can judge that our own fate would be no better if we had not won."

"Everything that has happened to the Czechs cannot compare with the atrocities worked upon them by the Nazis. The lives of 15,000 intellectuals have been shot."

### War—25 Years Ago Today

(B. The Canadian Press)  
JAN. 28, 1915—Russians reported advances against Austria-German forces in the Carpathian Mountains and captured 40 officers and 2,400 men. On the Western Front, Allied airmen bombed enemy positions at Soissons, Laon and La Fere.

### Guerrillas Blow Up Troop Train

HONG KONG, Jan. 28.—(AP)—Semi-official Chinese sources said today that Chinese guerrillas blew up a Japanese troop train killing 400 Japanese soldiers.

A locomotive and four coaches of a Japanese train were blown up on the Hangchow railway Jan. 21 causing 300 deaths. These sources reported, and a troop train on the Tating-Puchow railway in transport from Hangchow was blown up Jan. 18 killing 100 Japanese.

They were entitled to receive sufficient bonus to pay operating charges and fair return on prudently invested capital. The problem of regulation in the past had always revolved around holding the rate structure at as low a level as possible, consequently regulatory bodies were empowered to control the maximum rates.

Joined with this agency theory, the speaker said, was another concern, the rate structure should be adjusted to provide the widest possible field for opportunity and to overcome as far as possible geographical disadvantages and distance. This problem, in the past had been satisfactorily solved by the application of cost accounting to the railways in order to determine the fair average rate. The actual rates were applied in such a manner that long distance and high class traffic paid rates and high class and short haul traffic paid high rates. In other words, as applied to any particular traffic, the rate structure was based on what that traffic would bear, and the introduction of highway transport upset this carefully balanced control he declared.

### ECONOMIC BLOCKADE IS SUCCESS

Two-Way Strangulation Of Nazi Trade Cuts Off Much Needed Supplies.  
By Pat Usher  
Canadian Press Staff Writer  
LONDON, Jan. 28.—(CP)—Britain's two-way economic blockade of Germany continues with relentless severity, cutting off from the Reich badly-needed raw materials and depriving her of foreign markets.  
The Ministry of Economic Warfare constantly is on the alert for attempts to circumvent the contraband control system. These attempts have evidence that certain firms in neutral countries are attempting to camouflage goods of German origin as neutral products. The Ministry hasn't disclosed what countries or what products are concerned.  
Germany has adopted other evasive tactics. Individuals form small companies in neutral countries bordering on the Reich. These companies order various imports. If they arrive they are forwarded promptly to Germany.  
But the Ministry is aware of such manoeuvres and officials claim they are usually exposed quickly.  
Here's how the control of German exports works. British consuls in neutral countries issue certificates of origin on request to exporters, once they are satisfied the goods really are of neutral manufacture. Certificates are not interchanged with the contraband control authorities. If a ship intercepted and taken to a control station is found to be carrying exports of German origin they are seized. The ship then is allowed to continue its voyage. The goods seized are placed in "cold storage" till the war is over or if perishable they are sold and the proceeds stored. After the war proceeds of money will be handed over to the exporter or the importer.  
Officials of the Ministry of Economic Warfare don't expect the export of Finland and the Soviet Republics to be affected by the import blockade yields. They argue a small weekly haul will be the best proof of effectiveness of the scheme.  
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### Steel Production In U. S. Makes New Decline

CLEVELAND, Jan. 28.—(AP)—Further decline in new orders has reduced production in the United States to 81.5 per cent capacity, says the Magazine steel.

Ingot output was off three points last week. The decline was indicated in some districts.

"The present situation is the direct opposite of that prevailing last week," the publication adds.

"Finished steel deliveries and operations of metal working plants are making a much better showing than is indicated by mill bookings, but appearance of heavier orders and absorption of a larger share of tonnage on hand to be held 'closely to early needs.'"

"How soon steel users will be required to become more active buyers remains problematical," the magazine observes, although there are expectations that backlog reductions will be accompanied by at least a moderate upturn in purchases within another 30 days."

Producers report inquiries from the automobile industry for requirements which are counted on to be placed shortly.

"Pig iron shipments have receded markedly in some areas, largely resulting from reduced needs of steel works and consumption of material in stock," steel continues. "Export inquiries are heavier, particularly from Scandinavian countries."

Cold weather strengthened the scrap markets slightly. Steel's scrap composite climbed 2c to \$17.59 primary, because of stronger prices at Pittsburgh. The weather adversely affected potential business in fabricating shapes and reinforcing bars by holding up construction work.

Mrs. A. P. Ceretti and Miss Annie Perry. Letters of thanks were read by the secretary, one for a letter of sympathy sent and the other for donation sent to Prince Edward Island Protestant Orphanage. Letters were also read from Red Cross Society who had sent more material for work by members. The treasurer reported that sixteen pairs of socks and six pairs of mittens had been sent to the society. It was decided to add more members to the Red Cross Committee here and Mrs. W. A. Field was appointed on the committee. It was reported that a dozen new cups had been purchased for the Institute pantry. After some discussion re an entertainment to be held in the near future the meeting then adjourned.

### NEW BURST OF

(Continued from page 1)  
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These sources said they expected the submarine campaign to last two weeks more before the U-boats exhausted their supplies and had to put back into port.

Premier Daladier's office announced that the Premier would broadcast to the nation at 8 p. m. AST tomorrow. The subject of the address was not announced.

The Panamanian oil tanker Libby ran aground off Barfleur on the English Channel today but refloated under her own power.

The tanker was reported to have sprung a leak and lost a large part of her oil cargo.

### BORDEN W. I.

The regular monthly meeting of the Borden Women's Institute was held in the town hall on Wednesday, January 24th. In the absence of the president, Vice-president Mrs. Don McPherson presided. The meeting opened by repeating the Club Women's Creed in unison.

The roll call was responded to by 14 members. The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted. The school committee reported visiting school and it was decided to purchase new blinds for school. Sick committee reported visiting and taking fruit to twenty, some of whom were at home and some in hospitals. New school committee appointed was Mrs. T. Sexton and Mrs. N. Oatway. Sick committee.

### Wide Distress In Soviet Russia, Report

(Associated Press Staff Writer)  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—(AP)—Skyrocketing prices, dwindling food and fuel supplies, and the coldest weather in 100 years have brought widespread distress and unrest in Soviet Russia, according to authoritative reports received in diplomatic circles here today.  
The reports state that a breakdown in the transportation system, aggravated by the severe demands necessitated by troop movements to the Finnish front, rather than crucial shortages in supplies is causing great suffering, particularly in Moscow and the surrounding area.  
Asked about these reports, the Soviet embassy characterized them as "absurd" without any further comment.  
Diplomatic circles were interested in the reports in view of the effect any internal suffering and unrest in Russia might have on the invasion of Finland and the relations with Germany, and the future development of general European affairs.  
It was pointed out that the difficulties, if as serious as reported, would greatly decrease the amount of supplies Soviet Russia could provide to Germany.  
Inability to obtain many foodstuffs in the Moscow market, the reports said, had caused increases as high as 35 per cent in the prices of some commodities. The greatest shortages were reported in meat, fish, milk, butter and potatoes.  
Broad queues, the first in many years in Russia, were reported to have appeared, but to be slowly decreasing as the Soviet government broadens its efforts on providing foodstuffs.  
The breakdown of the transportation facilities was attributed chiefly to excessive demands for trucks, engines and cars for troops and supplies on the Finnish front, and for troop concentrations on the Bessarabian front. As high as 10 divisions have been reported concentrated along the Russian bank of the Dniester River bordering Rumania.

### Must Remove Dictator Peril

(By Stan Robertson)  
(Canadian Press Staff Writer)  
LONDON, Jan. 28.—(CP Cable)—Major General A. G. L. MacNaughton today told the Federation of the British Empire that the French call the peril of dictator countries "must be set at rest or the whole basis of civilization remains problematical."

Major J. P. E. Polier, speaking in French as did Thoinot, brought greetings from the Royal 22nd Regiment. The second in command of the famous French Canadian unit spoke of the harmony of races in the Dominion and said French Canada is proud and happy to stand with other parts of the Empire alongside old France against "German tyranny."

General Leclond proposed the toast to the King and General MacNaughton, the toast to the President of France. Members of the alliance also raised their glasses to the Canadian army.

General MacNaughton recalled that the Dominion is already indebted to France's sea and Air Force for the part they played in the safe convey of Canadian troops across the Atlantic.

"Our comradeship with the armies of France was forged on the field of battle," General MacNaughton said, "on the last occasion in which it was necessary for us to join with you, the United Kingdom and our sister Dominions in defence of individual liberty and of right against a challenge and threat which came from Germany, and while we deeply regret the necessity of again leaving our homes you will fully realize the danger that again confronts the world and we recognize that no other course on our part would be possible."

HELSINGFORS—"Some hundreds of Russians killed in 'weak attacks' by trapped red army units northeast of Lake Ladoga, Finns say.

### ASTHMA BRONCHITIS

AND TOUGH, HANG-ON COUGHS DUE TO COLDS  
YIELD FASTER TO  
BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE S

### Rumania

(Continued from page 1)  
foreign ministers of the four powers meet in Beigrade Feb. 2.

Southern, in Athens, Ankara and Belgrade, however, indicated the entente powers would be extremely reluctant to give sweeping guarantees to Rumania.

The Turkish newspaper Aksam said flatly that the Rumanian demand would be turned down.

Rumania's decision to force the issue was reported to have been prompted by the increasingly serious oil situation.

Germany is demanding more Rumanian oil. Great Britain and France are reported to have threatened to withdraw their guarantees of Rumania's integrity if allied-owned companies are forced to furnish oil for the Nazis.

This oil is available in large quantities only from the foreign-owned companies in Rumania.

Indication that the Rumanian Government is seriously concerned about the situation was seen in a decree today forcing British, French American and other foreign-owned oil companies to turn over a part of their production to the state. The French oil companies agreed to obey the decree.

The situation has been further complicated by latest territorial demands of Hungary, Bulgaria and Rumania upon Rumania. Hungary wants Transylvania, Bulgaria claims Dobruja and Russia considers herself entitled to Bessarabia.

Turkey, Greece and Yugoslavia were reported to be pressing Rumania to resist the demands of Hungary and Bulgaria at least in part so that these two nations would join a solid southeastern front.

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### TILLIE THE TOILER — AN ALL-ROUND UNDERSTANDING.

