Look Ahead

Money suddenly received has a way of taking wings; often due to ignorance of what constitutes sound investment.

We would like to tell you of the safeguards which men of far-sighted kindness may put about the money they leave. Our booklet "Your Will" tells the story in simple language.

Sent free upon request.

THE EASTERN TRUST COMPANY

Richmond St., Ch'town, P. E. I.
C.H.B.Longworth, Acting Mgr.
Head Office—Halifax, N. S.
Montreal, P. Q. Saint John, N. B.
St. John's, Nfld.

2 19

J. Lester Douglas
39 Queen Street
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Cream Separators
THE SHARPLES SUCTION FEED
Skims clean at any speed.
Terms to suit customers.
Extra parts on hand.
Write or Phone 798 or 939

Coal Orders

We are prepared to supply the best Coal and Coke in any quantity.

Allow us to quote our prices before ordering.

A. Pickard & Co.
Phone 240

OLIVE OIL
IMPORTED FOR YOU

Olive Oil may be pure and yet of inferior quality. High grade olive oil must be made from carefully selected olives, picked at just the right time and put through just the right processes in extracting the oil.

We have such an oil. It is the

Guiot - Brand
PRICE 35 CENTS.

THE 2 MACS DRUGSTORE
149 Great George Street
Phone 315

Strawberry Boxes

New regulation size (one quart).
1 CARLOAD 185,000 now in stock.
Also PINT size for RASPBERRIES and BLUEBERRIES.

Leave Your Order With Us Now

A big crop of STRAWBERRIES is practically assured. Prices are likely to be good.

A lot of money will be made from Strawberries and other small fruits this year. See that you get your share.

Our prices are lower than last year. We buy in CARLOADS and PAY CASH. Our customers share in the lower prices as a consequence.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Carter & Co LIMITED.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

President, W. Chester S. McLure; Vice-President, J. E. Burnett
Secretary, Lieut. Col. D. A. MacKinnon, D. S. O.
Editor and Manager, J. E. Burnett. Associate Editor, D. K. Currie.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1926

WELCOME THE A. F. & A. M.

Today, Wednesday, the Grand Lodge of Prince Edward Island, Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, will meet in its fifty-first annual session in Charlottetown. Prominent members of the Order will be present from every part of the province to receive reports of the year's activities and to arrange for the coming Masonic year.

We commend our distinguished visitors to our citizens and to the usual hospitality of the city and its people. The Masonic Order is the oldest fraternal organization in the world and one of the most distinguished. The brethren are entitled to all the honor we can show them and we feel sure our citizens will extend to them a cordial and hearty welcome.

MALAGASH SALT MINE

It is gratifying to note that the salt deposits at Malagash are being very extensively operated. This is one of the great natural resources of Nova Scotia, and its development is a matter of Maritime interest. The salt deposit is a very large one, millions of tons of salt being available. The vein now being operated is over 450 feet in depth and extends miles in each direction.

This is the only mineral salt in the Atlantic region and its recent rapid development is due to the increase demand for it in the curing of fish and also in the curing of hay and green feeds.

As a fish curer it differs from the ordinary sea salts in the fact that the fungus which causes discoloration in fish is entirely absent, while all the sea salts contain this and other impurities.

The following extract from a bulletin issued by the federal government analyst explains this:

"Undoubtedly sea salt is more hygroscopic (absorbs moisture) and cured fish, if not well dried will often sweat or become very moist due to the solar salt taking up water from the atmosphere. Such substances as calcium and magnesium chlorides, are very hygroscopic, and their presence in ground salt produces caking when moisture is present."

It will be remembered that the Maritime Provinces had lost almost their whole fish trade with the West Indies on account of these bacteria in the sea salts then used. By using the Malagash salt they are getting this trade back.

Another use to which this salt is being increasingly put is in the curing of hay and green feeds. It has been found that early cut hay, well dried and copiously sprinkled with mineral salt, preserves its protein properties much longer and in better condition than if allowed to ripen too much before cutting. Agricultural experts are strongly advising this process of hay curing and many farmers are acting upon it.

ANOTHER CRISIS

There is another "crisis" at Ottawa, so our despatches tell us. There is some misunderstanding or disagreement among the members of the committee investigating the Customs charges, and it is expected by some that the Government may be defeated when the matter comes up for discussion early next week. We do not anticipate any difficulty in this respect. The men who on several occasions voted "confidence" in the King Government will do so again. They are voting for a more tangible thing than a Government; they are voting for their salaries. After all that has happened since the election of last October, the practical defeat of the Ministry including the Prime Minister, the bargaining with the Progressives, the passing and the subsequent changing of the Government, the smuggling and the part taken in it by ministers and members of parliament,—to call the votes taken—votes of confidence in the Government would be to mock the common sense of the people.

We may safely assume in advance that Mr. Boivin will be whitewashed if any other course would endanger the emoluments. Moses Aziz, whom Boivin protected for his usefulness as a campaigner, is in jail; Baldy Robb is in penitentiary and the men whom both elected are in the House of Commons, and still, the "majority of the members" declare their confidence in are in the House of Commons, while another is in the Senate. Such is confidence. We are not anticipating a crisis.

AUSTRALIAN TREATY

The Australian treaty was up for discussion in the House of Commons the other day.

J. N. Carruthers, president of the City Dairy, Limited, Winnipeg, told the commission that the Australian treaty had affected the Canadian market to such an extent that the price of butter had declined in Winnipeg from eight to ten cents a pound, following the receipt of a shipment from Australia. The dairy business in western Canada was increasing by leaps and bounds, he added, but said that any relief that could be obtained from the railways would not necessarily mean extra profit for the companies, but would go through them to the farmers. He discussed rail and ocean rates on butter and quoted figures to show that it cost $1.61 to ship 100 pounds of butter to the seaboard and $1.40 per hundredweight for the ocean carry to the British market, while New Zealand and Australian dairy companies could place their butter on the same market at a total freight cost of $1.50 a hundredweight.

Evidently the King Government in its haste to make treaties, overlooked many details when making this treaty with Australia.

CONFIDENCE.

By way of variety in the Liberal story of progress and prosperity and the beneficient rule of the King Government, we are frequently told, that the majority of the members have on several occasions expressed confidence in the Government. They did, strictly by their votes. None of them, however, nor of the Liberal newspapers, has attempted to justify the actions upon which these votes were taken. No one has ventured to suggest that the Government did not break practically all the promises made in the Speech from the Throne. No one has even hinted that D. M. Kennedy, who was elected by "Baldy Robb", has a right to the seat he has occupied in the House of Commons. But the whole Progressive group, except three, voted that—no, not that he had a right to the seat—but that they wanted to stay in the House and to continue in the enjoyment of their respective emoluments. Confidence? In what? Certainly not in the King Government. Certainly not in the "beneficence" of the administration. Certainly not in the shifting, shuffing, bartering and bargaining which have kept the aggregation in office by a "majority of members."

EDITORIAL NOTES

Charlottetown is becoming a convention city. Today's Masonic meeting makes a good start for the season. There are more coming.

Summer visitors are slowly coming in, attracted as usual by the climate and quiet enjoyment that are to be found only in the Garden of the Gulf.

Notes by the Way

A special despatch from Ottawa states that the news first given out about a yearly payment of $250,000 to the Maritime Provinces in lieu of taxes on the National Railways was "premature." No alarm need be felt over the amended version. There is no doubt whatever that the sum named is due the Maritime Provinces and that an agreement has been made between the responsible Federal and Provincial Authorities that it shall be paid. And doubtless it will be paid.

Since the transfer of the Dominion Government Railways to a company there is no more doubt of the liability of that company to pay taxes to the Provinces in which the National Railways are located than there is of the liability of the Canadian Pacific Railway to pay taxes on its railway properties to the Governments in which its lines are located, and which taxes the Canadian Pacific Railway has been paying for years past. These are points beyond dispute.

When the first intimation was given out that an agreement had been reached between the Federal and Provincial authorities as to the amount of these yearly taxes an effort was made by certain journals which support the King Government to make it appear that this quarter million payment was a sort of generous gift by the Federal Government to the Maritimes. It was an absurd contention, as we pointed out at the time and was soon abandoned.

Now we are told that the first report was premature, that no definite settlement has yet been made and that an order-in-council must be passed accepting the agreement, and so on. Both Federal and Provincial orders-in-council may be necessary to implement the agreement that has been made. Whether this be so or not it cannot affect the liability of the National Railway Company to pay the taxes in question.

There is no question of politics involved, any more than there would be in a matter of debt between two individuals. It might happen that both debtor and creditor were of the same political creed, or that they were opposed to each other in politics. Liberals and Conservatives alike are equally bound to pay their lawful debts and taxes, and it is the same with Governments.

The relations of the Government and the National Railway Company are peculiar and perhaps not generally understood by most newspaper readers. There has been some talk of reducing the capitalization of the National Railways, or "writing off the Railway debt," as it sometimes expressed. This, as we have before stated, would simply be relieving the Railway at the cost of the Government. It would not pay a dollar of the debt, which would remain as large and as burdensome as it is now.

As the Government holds a controlling interest in the shares of the Railway Company, it may be thought necessary that an order-in-council shall be passed, or even that legislation shall be enacted in connection with the agreement for the payment of railway taxes to the Maritime Governments. Or it may be only a pretext for delay put forward to conciliate those strong Liberal partisans who are very reluctant to have any federal money paid to the Maritimes while they are under control of Conservative Governments.

Mr. D. M. Kennedy, who sits in Parliament, as member for Peace River, has announced his intention to resign his seat as soon as he can do so. Though he has not in plain words stated or admitted that he was not lawfully elected, it is notorious that he was not, and his stated intention to resign carries with it the conviction that he himself believes that he has no right to sit or vote in the House. Mr. Kennedy is a Progressive; his vote, and the absence of Mr. Collins, Conservative, whose right to hold the seat is beyond dispute, on two occasions saved the life of the King Government when want of confidence motions were defeated.

Moreover, Mr. Kennedy was appointed to the Customs Investigation Committee to represent his party in that body. As such he held the balance between the four Conservative and four Liberal members of the Committee. He saved the Minister of Customs from the open censure of the Committee in its report to the House, as his vote had before saved the Government from defeat in House. His work in the House is done. If for technical reasons he cannot resign till after the close of the session, what does it matter?

That Body of Yours

By James W. Barton, M.D

GETTING HELP FROM NATURE

We read that of 164 diabetic children treated without insulin 152 died within two and a half years.

With the advent of insulin treatment in the same institution, of 130 patients treated, 120 were alive three years afterwards.

If the diabetic patient survives the first year of his ailment, the diabetic danger zone, he has a far better chance to live many years, because regeneration of the pancreas has begun.

What is to be the final outcome is yet perhaps too soon to say, but there are many cases which were considered hopeless that are now strong and well, watching the diet carefully, but taking no insulin whatever.

The wonderful effects of insulin from the pancreas in combatting diabetes is paralleled by the use of the thyroid extract.

The deficiency in secretion of the thyroid gland in childhood is a serious matter because the growth of the youngster is dependent upon the normal functioning of the thyroid gland.

If deprived of this secretion the child does not grow properly, and resembles a dwarf in stature. With this lack of development of the body, there is also a lack of mental development.

The child does not learn to talk and to walk as early as normal youngsters, and the teeth are late in coming.

In measuring the heat manufactured by the body, it was found that they make less heat than a normal youngsters, the amount being from 10 per cent to 40 per cent less than normal.

And the treatment here follows the same lines as the insulin treatment in diabetes, that is an extract of the thyroid gland to make up the deficiency.

This is given under the direction of the physician who carefully watches the effect upon the youngsters pulse, temperature, and heat production. Before he begins treatment he has an X Ray examination of the bones. After giving the treatment for some time he has another X Ray examination and the new centres of bone formation will be shown.

It seems like ordinary common sense to try and supply these deficiencies of Nature by securing the needed supply from Nature.

And we should be grateful to these research men, who have by insulin saved thousands from death by diabetes, and thousands more have been saved from dreadful deformity by the use of the thyroid extract.

Daily Selections FOR Guardian Readers

June 23, 1926

NATIONAL GREATNESS—"What great nation is there that hath God so night unto them, as the Lord our God is whensoever we call upon Him. Deut. 4:7.

PRAYER—Hearken unto the voice of our cry, our King and our God.

THE PLAYERS

We are the players of a play
As old as earth.
Between the wings of night and day
With tear and mirth.

There is no record of the land
From whence it came;
No legend of the playwright's hand,
No bruited fame.

Of those who for the piece were cast
In the first night,
When God drew up His curtain vast
And there was light.

Before our eyes as we come on,
From age to age,
Flare up the footlights of the dawn
On this round stage.

In front, unknown, beyond the glare
Vague shadows loom;
And sounds like muttering winds are there
Foreboding doom.

Yet wistfully we keep the boards;
And as we mend
The blundering, forgotten words,
Hope to the end.

To hear the stormbeat of applause
Fills our desire,
Then the dark Prompter gives us pause
And we retire.

—Bliss Carman.

Your Birthday

JUNE 23.—You enter upon a new project with great determination, but tire of it quickly and want to change. You are excellent at planning, but poor at executing. You are domestic, loving, and kind, and will be very happy. Pay more attention to small things, and learn the value of good work quickly done.

Your birth-stone is a pearl, which means health and long life.

Your flower is the honeysuckle.

Your lucky colors are light blue and white.

The Public Forum

This column is open for the discussion by correspondents of questions of interest. The Charlottetown Guardian does not necessarily endorse the opinions of correspondents.

"A CORKER"

Sir,—Your remarks about the imports and exports of Canada last year were striking to us P. E. Islanders. The fact that $203,000,000 dollars worth of farm and garden products were imported by the Dominion last year to compete with Canadian farmers and gardeners in their home markets must give us pause if great sums had been distributed among Canadian dealers and farmers. What a difference there would have been in Canada's trade conditions! Every farmer in this Island would then have had more money to spend and buy with or to save for the rainy day.

There must be something wrong when, in this farming country, so much money is sent abroad for food. It appears that Canada in this regard is going from bad to worse; for last year $30,000,000 worth of farm and garden produce was imported more than in the previous year! If we could export our products to the United States and other foreign countries upon equal terms, our case would not be so sad—though I think that the home market for farm products, supplied by industrial towns such as Sydney and New Glasgow, and Amherst, etc., were a few years ago—the best market.

But except when there is a shortage in the States or elsewhere—our farm products are shut out of all foreign markets by means of protective tariffs. That is to say our tariff admits of farm and garden products from the United States and other foreign countries while we are forced to send our products to the Mother Country or the West Indies—away across the ocean—in order that we may under ordinary circumstances, sell them and live. Surely somthing should be done to change this condition of our trade. If we can't have admission to the markets of the United States upon equal terms then the Parliament of Canada should increase the duties on farm produce, and so make it more difficult and expensive to import pork and apples, cabbage, rhubarb, eggs, and other food products into Canada.

Your article, as a whole, was "A corker"; and I hope that it will be read and inwardly digested by the electors of this Province.

I am, Sir, etc.,
A GARDENER

Lens of Air Camera Will Span 218 Miles

DAYTON, O., June 20.—Some time this month Lieutenant George W. Goddard, McCook field army aviator, expects to scale the high reaches of the earth's atmosphere over Dayton and take a photograph of Detroit, Mich., 218 miles away. He will pilot the plane and also operate the camera. When he hops off he will be equipped with many of the best instruments of aviation and photography. He expects to fly to an altitude of 32,000 feet. The ship itself must be an especially constructed one in order to withstand the strain of the high altitude, so he has been allotted the plane used frequently by Lt. John A. Macready.

Camera Sees Where Eye Can't

The camera he will carry on penetrate distant hazes and record on a 23-inch by 9-inch film, objects which the eye of the photographer could not detect. While McCook field officials do not hope to obtain a photograph of Detroit which will show close details, they are expecting a photograph which will show some definite outlines of the city's location and terrain. They expect to be able to see the approaches to the city, the portion of the St. Lawrence river system which connects Lake Erie and Lake St. Clair, and other distinguishing features.

New Military Asset

The value of the altitude-photographic test will be one of military as well as scientific importance. As an added military asset, it is pointed out that no longer would it be necessary for aviators to fly over enemy territory in order to photograph important positions in time of war. They could ascend a few miles over their own lines protected by their own land and air forces and photograph distant points with accuracy, even penetrating the smoke of battle.

Has Pictured 120 Mile Area

Lieutenant Goddard frequently takes altitude pictures of comparative close range. From a height of 7,000 feet, he has photographed a mile and one-quarter stretch of territory with such fine coordination of camera and aviation knowledge that on the resulting print, one could distinguish such minute objects as cornstalks and furrows in fields, telephone wires and branches of trees.

Several months ago, from a height of 19,000 feet over Camp Perry, he photographed an area covering 120 miles. The print showed all shores of Lake Erie, the city of Cleveland, the islands of the lake and some Canadian ports.

Daily Lessons In English

By W. L. Gordon

WORDS OFTEN MISUSED: Don't say "we had an awfully good time." "Awful" means to inspire with awe or fear.

OFTEN MISPRONOUNCED: accurate. Pronounce the u as in "unit," not as er in "her."

OFTEN MISSPELLED: conceive; ei.

SYNONYMS: disaster, catastrophe, calamity, mishap, misfortune.

WORD STUDY: "Use a word three times and it is yours." Let us increase our vocabulary by mastering one word each day. Today's word: IMPULSE; a metal force directly urging to action. "He acted upon the immediate impulses of his own wishes."

A Message to the People of the Maritime Provinces

Royal Securities Corporation is, and always has been, a strong Maritime Province institution. It was founded in Halifax in 1903 and since that time has provided over $25,000,000 for expansion of industry in the Maritimes,— in addition to distributing large amounts of Government and Municipal Bonds.

Among the well known Maritime Province and Newfoundland companies with the financing of which we have been associated, are the following:—

Bathurst Company, Limited
Eastern Telephone & Telegraph Company
Fraser Companies, Limited
Maritime Telephone & Telegraph Co. Ltd.
Moirs, Limited
Newfoundland Light & Power Co. Ltd.
Nova Scotia Tramways & Power Co. Ltd.
Stetson, Cutler & Co. Ltd.

Our offices in Halifax, N.S., Saint John, N.B., Charlottetown, P.E.I. and St. John's, Nfld. are equipped to render unusually complete investment service, because they are backed by a Dominion-wide organization which is able to keep directly in touch with all financial markets.

We invite you to communicate with our nearest office when you wish to invest or to obtain information upon investment matters.

Royal Securities Corporation LIMITED
Riley Building, Charlottetown
Montreal Toronto Winnipeg Halifax Vancouver Saint John New York Quebec

Nothing too good for baby

Wherever there is a baby a large variety of nursery supplies are needed and this is a good place to get them. All the best baby foods, hygienic feeders and other essentials.

We use particular care in the selection of these goods and they have proper attention while in stock,

J. G. JAMIESON
DRUGGIST

15 Bull's Eyes In Succession

LONDON, June 19.—The outstanding feature of the shooting on the Bisley ranges was a splendid double "highest possible" score under difficult conditions by Mr. C. W. Mackworth Praed, of the Stock Exchange Rifle Club, in the contest for the Neyall Challenge Cup, which he won. He scored fifteen consecutive bull's eyes—eight at 200 yards and seven at 500 yards. This is a British, and possibly a world, record.

Another notable performance was that of Miss Badcock, who, firing at 900 and 1,000 yards, had aggregate of 83, which won her the long-range prize of the South London Rifle Club.

Butterflies And Moths This Woman's Business

MIAMI, Fla., June 19.—Clad in a khaki shirt and a wide brimmed straw hat and armed with a net and bag, a serious little Miami woman of slight build and white hair goes forth each day in search of butterflies and moths.

For collecting and breeding beautifully marked specimens of this species of insect is a business with Mrs. Elizabeth O. Groves. She has one of the largest laboratories of its nature in the country.

She receives orders for rare butterflies from scientific institutions and colleges that specialize in nature study, from jewellers and collectors.

During her first season she sold more than $400 worth of the tiny blue winged butterfly that feeds on the coontie. This is said to be a rare specimen in other sections, but common in Florida. Mrs. Groves also collects grasshoppers. One order was for 10,000 grasshoppers. She doesn't know what they were wanted for, but each was worth three cents.

::Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
4087 THE PROPRIETORS

Insecticides
Two Carloads Just Arrived
ARSENATE OF LIME.
BURGER'S PARIS GREEN
BLUE STONE
We have various kinds of Sprayers in stock.
The Rogers Hardware Company Ltd.
WHOLESALE RETAIL
6-21-mwf.

Professional Cards

Mark R. McGuigan B. A.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Money to Loan
Cameron Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I.
2220-1-11-11.

Dr. C. C. Archibald
Graduate of N. Y. Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital
Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Testing Eyes and supplying Glasses
Office, Bayer Building
Great George Street
Office Hours—9 to 12.30. 1.30 to 5.

McDonald & McPhee B. A.
J. A. McDONALD H. F. McPHEE B. A.
Barristers, Attorneys, Etc.
Money to Loan
Riley Building Charlottetown