

# THE SUMMERSIDE GUARDIAN

and PRINCE COUNTY CHRONICLE

## Western Locals

This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a purely commercial nature may be inserted at a word strictly payable in advance.

**PROMPT MAIL SERVICE**  
Taylor Drug Co., Kensington.  
3-16-41.

**FOR SALE**—Ten Emden geese and ganders; 3 Toulouse geese. J. P. Tanton, Summerside.

**PAINT OR SHELLAC** remover, sand paper, steel wool, floor scrapers, turpentine, and everything for cleaning hardwood floors, at Brace's, L-5306-3-18-21.

**ONE OR TWO COATS** of Glidden's pure shellac, each coat sanded and a finishing coat of Glidden's wax—result a well finished floor. Distributed by Brace's, L-5302-3-18-31.

**BUY** steel cote rubber enamel, steel wool, emery cloth, auto top dressing, auto cleaner and polish, and all supplies for repairing and cleaning the auto at Brace's, L-5306-3-18-21.

**LEA & WRIGHT** Hockey League playoffs at Kensington Monday, March 18, 1935, at 8 p.m., Kensington Hockey Club vs. Silver Wings, first of the two game total goal series. Skating afterwards. Admission 10 and 20 cents. L-5425-3-16-21

**VOLLEY BALL GAMES**—The C. Y. M. L. have arranged a schedule of volley ball games and played the opening matches Thursday night. The Hard Nuts took two games from the Swallows and lost the third. This gives the Hard Nuts two points and the Swallows one point. S.

**NOTHING MISSING**—Contrary to reports in the Summerside papers, Mr. Walter E. Darby informs the Guardian that nothing was missing from the home of his aunt, Miss Katherine Darby, St. Eleanor's. The intruder had turned the place upside down and ransacked bureau drawers. A bag of coins, old and new, had been emptied on to one of the beds but none of the coins had been taken. The visitor had evidently entered the house for shelter for the night and had amused himself with looking into its contents. S.

**C. G. I. F. AFTERNOON TEA**—The C. G. I. F. of Trinity United Church gave a most enjoyable afternoon tea on Friday which was highly successful and brought many compliments from their patrons. The tea tables were decorated in green and white in honor of St. Patrick's Day and the girls wore jaunty green caps and aprons. Miss Claudia Rogers had charge of the candy table and Miss Gladys Arthur the surprise box. The girls made a very neat sum which will go towards their many charitable activities. S.

**MORRISON-MORRIS NUP-TIALS**—The marriage took place at 6:30 this morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus B. Morris, of their daughter, Florence Grace, to Mr. Arthur Morrison, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Morrison, both of Summerside. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Ryan in the presence of the family and immediate friends. The bride wore her travelling dress of brown silk tulle with hat to match. The wedding room was very prettily arranged with spring flowers. In the dining room were bowls of daffodils. Immediately after the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Morrison left on a honeymoon trip to Upper Canada. The Guardian extends heartiest congratulations. Upon their return they will reside in Summerside. S.

**ST. PATRICK'S CARD PARTY**—Members of Maple Leaf Rebekah Lodge, I. O. O. F., held a most enjoyable card party on Friday evening in their lodge rooms. There were 22 tables of bridge and fully decorated in green for St. Patrick's Day. The prizes were won as follows: Bridge, Mrs. Roland; travelling prize, Mrs. W. D. MacNeil and Mrs. Robert Molson. Auction forty-five, Mrs. Lea Mountain, Mr. Robert Walker; travelling prize, Mr. Willis Warren and Mr. Harry Lee. The ladies served a very dainty lunch. The party was brought to a successful conclusion with a song of Irish strain. S.

## Press Delegation Leaves For Home

**CAMPBELLTOWN**, March 17—Headed by Norman E. Smith of Ottawa, honorary president of the Canadian Press, several Canadian newspaper publishers leave for Ottawa Monday night on the Express of Assiniboia. They have been attending the conference of the Empire Press Union here.

Crossing the South Atlantic the ship will pause off Tristan Da Cunha, where supplies and the party's mail will land for the inhabitants of this lonely settlement. The party will reach New York late

## Organize Debating Society

The newly formed Summerside High School Debating Society held the first of a series of debates on Friday afternoon at the High School. The president, Mr. Jack MacPhee, presided.

The subject was "Resolved that it would be beneficial to the Maritime Provinces to secede from the Union of Confederation."

The speakers on the "pro" side were Thos. Jackson (leader), Olive Reeves and Charles Taylor. On the "con" side were Bill Arnett (leader), Ruby McNeill and Wilfred Inman.

The arguments for and against the resolution were ably presented by the speakers, who, though inexperienced in oratory, made a splendid showing.

The decision was won by the "con" side on a standing vote.

The critic Mr. C. B. Jolly gave a resume of the speeches and made some valuable suggestions for future debates. S.

## ST. PATRICK

(Continued from Page 1)

of the Society on their splendid turnout. He has the greatest respect for the B. I. S. he said, and belonged to one in Emerald for many years. There, he said, he was often delighted to see men, often far advanced in years and who had spent all their life as farmers, quote poetry, history and biography, and put to flight men better educated but who had not spent their leisure time well by reading. Now there is an opportunity for everyone since the establishment of libraries and in connection with this he mentioned the debt we owe the Carnegie Corporation and the man, who in attempting to dispose of an immense fortune, conceived the idea of establishing libraries. Fraternal organizations serve a good purpose, he said, and did not agree altogether with the idea held by some that all organizations should be abolished and be replaced by one altogether Canadian.

He thought that the Irish, French, Scotch and English can not help but be good Canadians and the motto of all fraternal organizations is the same, "Fear God and honor the King." The speaker suggested as a problem which the Society might study with profit, and one which is a serious one today "the upward tendencies of children."

In conclusion, Premier MacMillan extended his best wishes to the Society and said "good luck to you, keep on in the way you are going."

His Worship Mayor Kennedy the next speaker expressed his pleasure in being able to take part with the Society in the honoring of St. Patrick, Ireland, said the speaker, has had a glorious past and she may look forward to a glorious future and it is not only in the material things of life that she may count herself rich, for a glorious new day of Irish art and literature is breaking on the horizon. Mayor Kennedy concluded with these words, "follow close to the honor of your fathers, fight a good fight, and keep the faith."

Rev. Dr. MacMillan spoke briefly. He wished the Society every success in its undertakings and said he knew the members would live up to the high principles first given by the Irish by St. Patrick and maintained down through the ages.

Other speakers were Messrs. F. B. McTague, Counsellor Hennessy, R. MacDonell, J. V. O'Leary, A. J. Gormley, S. Connolly, R. E. Bradley, J. Cronin and J. Callaghan.

Several selections by the orchestra and a vocal number by Mr. Victor Coyne were greatly enjoyed by the audience.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the speakers, the orchestra, and all who took part in the parade.

The singing of "God Save the King" brought the meeting to a close.

## FORMER N. B.

(Continued from Page 1)

extended a year. He served previously in both Provincial and Dominion Parliaments. At his first session in the House of Commons he moved the address in reply to the message from the throne when Sir Wilfred Laurier was Prime Minister.

Years ago he was well known as a merchant and sportsman. His stable of trotting horses included thoroughbreds imported from Kentucky at a cost of \$30,000 each. Mr. Todd also was prominent in development of the peat moss industry.

Funeral services will be conducted Tuesday afternoon by Rev. Benjamin Clark, Calais, Me., and Rev. J. T. Abbott, St. Stephen, with burial in the family lot at the St. Stephen rural cemetery.

## BEDEQUE RINK

Monday, March 18, play off game, Lea and Wright champions, Read's Corner, vs. Clark League champions, Bedeque Maple Leaves. Admission 15 cents. L-5434

## POSSIBILITIES FOR CANNING OF POTATOES

### Interesting Letter From Mr. H. T. Holman Received By Mr. J. J. Trainor.

The following letter from Mr. H. T. Holman has been received by Mr. J. J. Trainor, Provincial Agent under the Eastern Canada Marketing Board:

Summerside, P. E. I. March 15, 1935

Mr. J. J. Trainor, Charlottetown, P. E. I., Dear Sir:

Stress of business for the last few months has made it practically impossible for me to have given my attention to the subject of the canning of potatoes in which we are mutually interested.

The more I have thought of it the more I am convinced that there are great economic possibilities in the potato. There are undoubtedly a great many people who are quite ignorant and incapable of properly cooking potatoes and are consequently potential prospects for the canned potato.

In this regard it would be necessary to standardize the process of canning. In my investigation into the different methods of putting potatoes up I had some content and others with considerable water, and former were perfect in every respect, mealy and appetizing, whereas the others were everything they should not have been, waxy and sodden and without appeal either in appearance or taste. The first essential is therefore that they be properly canned if our expectation of finding for them a permanent home on the menu is to be born out.

In regard to markets it is improbable that there would be any great demand for them on Prince Edward Island although, due to convenience, there would be some. It is particularly in the cities and the larger towns amongst the smaller families that our clientele would be secured. The Auto Tourist, numbered in the thousands, is a prospect that should not be overlooked. I cannot value the carrying of a peace-time strength of 500,000 men, whereas the regular German army to 100,000.

But that Hitler would formally announce its creation with the institution of conscription, before the British negotiators had even left London, was unexpected. When the news of Hitler's decision arrived, a special messenger was immediately sent with dispatches to the Prime Minister at Chequamegon. Sir John Simon immediately hurried back from South Wales.

In Consultation

This morning and again this evening, Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald was in consultation at the No. 10 Downing Street with the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, and Sir Robert Vansittart, the permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. The British ambassadors at Paris and Rome were instructed to get in touch with the French and Italian governments as to the next move.

Emphasis was laid on Germany's implied repudiation of the Anglo-French communique, even greater than on the repudiation of the Versailles Treaty itself.

The German Government freely accepted as a basis of discussion the Anglo-French communique containing this provision: "Whether Germany or any other power whose armaments have been defined by peace treaties is entitled by unilateral action to modify these obligations. But the British and French ministers are further agreed that nothing would contribute more to the restoration of peace among the nations than a general settlement free of negotiations between Germany and the other powers."

It is this unilateral action which Germany has taken.

Not, sensational as is Germany's latest move, is it expected here that she formally re-established her army at 12 corps, peace strength—approximately half a million men on British estimates—and considerably greater than the army of France. She has recreated a military air force. Next, meet a marvellous welcome. The growth of the canning industry throughout the whole world is astounding and is a fact that must be reckoned with and if we are wise, taken advantage of.

The potato, up to the present, has not been used in that way, but it is more than reasonable to anticipate a keen demand for them if they were available in that form. This should be particularly true for they are an item that has a place on the daily menu, the use of which could be considerably expanded if they were supplied in a more convenient form. When we calculate the consumption of canned goods on this continent we cannot but be astounded at the quantity, as well as at the reception of the buying public of new lines.

I am confident that the present is an opportune time to get this industry underway and that Prince Edward Island should be its birthplace. I sincerely hope that you will give this matter your consideration and that you will make an effort to interest some organization in carrying it through.

Yours very truly,  
H. T. HOLMAN

## COMPULSORY CONSCRIPTION FOR ARMY

(Continued from Page 1)

ly the shameful clauses of this treaty."

By George Hambleton, Canadian Press Staff Writer (By Guardian's Special Wire)

LONDON, March 17.—The Cabinet will meet in special session tomorrow to consider Germany's sensational proposal of conscription in defiance of the Treaty of Versailles. The immediate question before the Cabinet—already under discussion today by its arms committee—is whether or not it will now be worth while for the British to go to Berlin at all. Sir John Simon, Foreign Secretary, and Anthony Eden, Lord of the Admiralty, were to have left for the German Capital next Sunday.

By her action yesterday, Germany has not only torn the Treaty of Versailles down the middle; she has also partially repudiated the Anglo-French communique of Feb. 3 which, on the basis of the verbally adopted Adolf Hitler's Berlin discussions, she has created a new international situation that is full of danger.

Are Hopeful

Well informed circles in London tonight doubt that any good can be accomplished now by a pilgrimage to Berlin. Hopes that Germany may yet be induced to enter into a system of collective European security, with a general limitation of armaments, were shattered by the reference in Adolf Hitler's proclamation to "the German nation's own security" as the only safeguard of her honor and security.

"If Germany is to tear up one treaty," it is asked, "what guarantee is there that she would not tear up another?"

"The world is heading for another war," bluntly declared Clement Richard Attlee, deputy leader of the Labor opposition, in a speech today at Hemsforth in Yorkshire.

For the cabinet ministers, it has been an anxious weekend of hurried consultations. Rumors had floated around—as made public previously—of Hitler's intention to make new demands, including an army of 500,000 men carrying all the armaments of a modern peace-time strength of 500,000 men, whereas the regular German army to 100,000.

But that Hitler would formally announce its creation with the institution of conscription, before the British negotiators had even left London, was unexpected. When the news of Hitler's decision arrived, a special messenger was immediately sent with dispatches to the Prime Minister at Chequamegon. Sir John Simon immediately hurried back from South Wales.

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Yours very truly,  
H. T. HOLMAN

it is thought, will come a new German navy.

### Likely Source Of Trouble

In the background, liable at any time to become a source of fresh trouble lies the demilitarized zone on the east bank of the Rhine. While the Anglo-French communique proposed to substitute a new security system for the disarmament clauses of the Versailles Treaty, it left the provisions for a demilitarized zone intact.

If Germany violates these provisions, so the treaty provides, "she shall be regarded as committing a hostile act against the powers signatory to the treaty, and calculated to disturb the peace of the world."

It was understood that in the course of his conversation with Sir Eric Phipps, the British ambassador, on Saturday afternoon, Hitler gave as the reason for placing the German army on a conscriptive basis, the declaration of Premier Pierre Etienne Flandin in the French Chamber Saturday regarding the "post-war" hyperinflation in France, and also furnished an estimate of 500,000 for the new German army.

Consulted Foreign Office

Sir John had already conferred with chief officials of the foreign office before today's meeting in Downing Street.

The German announcement, coming as a complete surprise, was immediately recognized as of great significance in the view of the projected Anglo-German conversations, one of the main objects of which was to arrive at an agreement to replace the military clauses of the Versailles Treaty.

Express Opinions

Among British leaders who expressed opinions were:

Viscount Cecil, foremost of League of Nations supporters: "I think that Germany's action is lamentable."

Maude Royden, pacifist: "Hitler's action is the immediate consequence of our own disastrous entrance on an arms competition."

Prof. Gilbert Murray: "I do not think there is any special reason for alarm; but there are possible dangers. The only thing is to enter in conference with Germany determination to produce reduction of armaments."

Lord Allen of Hurlwood (who was imprisoned three times as a conscientious objector during the war): "The Versailles disarmament clauses had to die before a new peace could be built."

George Lansbury, leader of the Labor opposition: "The only thing for our government and the French Government is to retrace their steps and once again go into conference with Germany—no go into conference determined to bring about a reduction in armaments."

Lord Hallisham, Secretary for War, admitted he was not surprised at the German proclamation.

## HIGHLIGHTS OF Hitler's Message

(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

BERLIN, March 17.—Highlights of Reichsfuehrer Hitler's message to the German people:

A peace treaty of this sort (the Versailles Treaty) could never create the condition for a true inward reconciliation of peoples, but could only set up a hatred that would grow eternally.

Germany has according to the investigation of the inter-allied control commission fulfilled the disarmament conditions imposed upon her.

The redemption of the obligation on the part of the allied partner to the treaty (the Allied nations) failed to become a fact.

## NAZIS ARREST PASTORS

Determined Effort To Stamp Out Religious Opposition.

By A. D. Stefferud, Associated Press Foreign Staff (By Guardian's Special Wire)

BERLIN, March 17.—At least 700 pastors were arrested or detained today as Nazi officers forcibly invaded Protestant churches throughout Germany to stamp out religious opposition.

Among those arrested was Rev. Martin Niemöller, leader of the Confessional Synod which has bitterly fought the Nazi program to unify the German Protestant churches. He was taken to Alexander-Platz police headquarters late tonight.

It was believed the number of those arrested themselves with the Berlin fuller reports came in from the provinces.

These churchmen had defied the secret police ban on reading the anti-Nazi manifesto issued by the Confessional Church Synod a week ago, which caused so much furor in Prussia last Sunday.

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The doors of Rev. Martin Niemöller's suburban church in Dahlemburg were closed when the congregation arrived. They stood around a while and then joined in hearty singing. They chose the hymn "A firm fortress is our God."

Twelve pastors were arrested at Magdeburg and five at Halle.

LONDON.—Most Rev. William Temple, archbishop of York, will spend December next in the United States at the invitation of Most Rev. James Dewell Perry, presiding bishop of the U. S. Protestant Episcopal Church.

## REACTION TO TREATY VIOLATION

(Continued from Page 1)

the visit.

BERLIN—Germany staged a huge military demonstration in memory of Great War dead, General Von Blomberg, Reichswehr minister, reiterated Hitler's statement of Saturday that Germany wants peace.

PARIS—Political circles held Germany's next move would be to repudiate naval stipulations of the Versailles Treaty. Close contact was maintained between Paris, London and Rome as views were exchanged on the situation.

ROME—An Italian spokesman said Britain, France and Italy were consulting as to what action should be taken in regard to Germany's army announcement. Well-informed circles doubted any positive action would follow.

VIENNA—There were indications that Austria, already provided with a law of partial conscription, is following Germany in the direction of compulsory military service.

British newspaper comment was varied in tone. The Daily Mail and the Daily Mirror said there was "no reason for hysteria or panic." The Daily Express said Britain should make herself as strong as the strongest power in the world, barring only the United States.

Poland viewed the German move with some apprehension. Yugoslavia feared Austria, Hungary and Bulgaria might also seek to imitate the development. Czechoslovakia predicted a consultation of the great powers as inevitable. Rumanian political circles did not expect a wave of treaty denunciations in central and southern Europe would follow.

U. S. Seeks Lower Lumber Import Duties

(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Lower import duties into Canada and elimination of preferences granted by the Dominion to other sections of the British Empire will be sought by the lumber industry of the United States at a federal tariff commission hearing starting tomorrow.

Backed by members of Congress, representatives of the industry are in Washington to present demands that the proposed trade agreement with Canada retain all the present benefits against Canadian competition and at the same time give more lenient terms to United States operators and shippers in Canadian markets.

## Passengers Bring Liquor Duty Free

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

NEW YORK, March 17.—The steamers Georgic and Britannic docked from West Indies cruises today, bringing more than 1,000 passengers and more than 1,000 gallons of liquor. The new duty-free allowance accounted for the liquor, each passenger being permitted to bring in one quart free of duty and up to \$100 worth of the payment of a \$2-a-gallon tax.

Several passengers brought in as much as five cases of Scotch whiskey. The whiskey cost the passengers \$19 a case, plus the tax of \$5 a case. This total is much lower than the same liquor would cost locally.

## Missing Airplane Found In Forest

(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

PARIS, March 17.—A missing airplane with Governor-General Edouard Renaud of French Equatorial Africa, his wife and five companions was reported found today in an isolated jungle village in the heart of the steaming Congo, where it landed, presumably without harm to its occupants.

The Fort Lamy wireless station reported the plane's radio had been heard saying it had landed at a place called Mimong, which was not found on available maps. Air officials believed the plane landed in the Belgian jungle on the shores of Lake Leopold.

Messages said fog had forced the plane down.

## Noted Negro Actor Passes

ABERDEEN, Scotland, March 17.—Prof. John James Rickard MacLeod, co-discoverer of insulin who spent a number of years teaching at the University of Toronto and the Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O., died yesterday. He was 58 years old.

With Sir Frederick Banting of the University of Toronto, Prof. MacLeod was awarded the Nobel Prize in medicine for the insulin achievement in 1923.

Prof. MacLeod returned to Aberdeen seven years ago to take the chair of physiology at Aberdeen University.

Prof. MacLeod was professor of physiology at Western Reserve from 1903 until 1918, when he went to Toronto in the same capacity.

A native of Scotland, he received numerous honors from Canadian, American and English universities and scientific bodies. He was the author of numerous works on physiology.

NEW YORK, March 17.—In an atmosphere that curiously mingled austerity and suppressed emotion funeral services were held today for Richard Berry Harrison, "De Lawd" of "The Green Pastures" and the continent's foremost negro actor.

In the vast and impressive interior of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, the formal Protestant Episcopal Church rites were conducted by the Rev. Shelton Hale Bishop, Rector of the Negro Episcopal Church of St. Philip, in Harlem, assisted by the Rt. Rev. William T. Manning, Bishop of the New York Diocese.

NAIROBI—After 28 days trial, constituting record in East Africa, Mangat Singh, an Indian barrister and member of legislature, and four fellow countrymen, were acquitted on arson charges.

## Former Islanders Celebrate Sixtieth Wedding Anniversary

Mr. Ernest Rayner of Traveller's Rest, who is visiting his parents in Morse, Saskatchewan, sent the following clipping home of the occasion of their sixtieth wedding anniversary which took place on February 26th.

Mr. W. A. Rayner is a native of Summerside and his bride of 60 summers was Amy Ann Cannon of Alberton, P. E. I.

On February 26th Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rayner celebrated their sixtieth wedding anniversary. The ladies of the Nazarene and United churches planned to suitably commemorate the event. They tastefully decorated the basement of the United church in white and silver. Between the hours of two in the afternoon and seven in the evening the well-wishers came from far and near to offer their sincere congratulations to the happy couple. On the table of the Jappy couple was placed a three-tier wedding cake. It bore inscriptions regarding the marriage date and Dan Cupid's symbols.

Seated at the table of the honored guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. McCurdy and Mr. and Mrs. W. Saigoon. Both of these couples have celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary. Over one hundred people attended the function during the afternoon.

In the evening a service was held in the United church, conducted by Rev. W. Huddleston. Rev. R. B. Lanterman delivered the address. Mrs. Rayner, the bride of sixty years, recited a poem entitled "The Last Hymn." The poem contains some twenty verses and the artist needed no prompting.

On February 24, 1875, William A. Rayner and Amy Ann Cannon nervously wended their way to the Baptist church, Alberton, P. E. I. and were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Rev. M. Dyer performed the ceremony.

To the union were born eleven children, ten of whom are living. Three sons, Isaac, Otis, Charles, reside in the Morse district. James and Howard reside in U. S. A. Elmer in Padlockwood, Sask. Ernest in Stenon, Sask. Ernest in the old home in P. E. I. Two daughters, Mrs. Nell Metcalf and Mrs. C. Tull in U. S. A. There are over fifty grandchildren.

Mr. and Mrs. Rayner spent thirty-eight years of their married life in Summerside, P. E. I. In 1913 they became obsessed with the desire to come west and they settled north of where the town of Morse is now situated. In 1925 they moved to the town of Morse where they now reside. The good wishes of the community follow the aged couple and desire the sunset of their life to be the brightest and most beautiful of all.

(Summerside papers please copy)

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## D.D. Moshier Ex-Inspector Dies In South

The following reference to the death of Mr. D. D. Moshier of Toronto will be of interest to many friends in this Province as Mr. Moshier was an annual visitor to Charlottetown for five successive years, missing last year on account of indifferent health.

David D. Moshier, retired chief inspector of public schools for Toronto, died in St. Petersburg, Florida, following a lengthy illness.

Appointed 1927

David Dingman Moshier was appointed Chief Inspector of Public Schools on March 10th, 1927, having been chosen by the Board of Education from five applicants for the position. He had been acting chief inspector since the death of R. H. Cowley in the previous summer. Previous to that, Mr. Moshier had been a public school inspector for ten and a half years, and for one year in New Zealand on exchange.

He was a double honor graduate of the University of Toronto in the department of philosophy and English literature, a specialist in political science, a specialist in English and history, and held a high school principal's certificate. For eight years he had been public school inspector in Sarnia and Lambton County, where he was born, and for another eight years was Normal School master in Toronto in science of education, psychology, English literature and primary reading.

Retired Last Year

In July, 1927, a few months after he was appointed chief inspector, Mr. Moshier was married to Miss Constance Hodgson, for some years had been principal of Hester How Public School.

Though Mr. Moshier was over the age limit for employees of the Board of Education, he had been granted several extensions. In 1933 he was urged to continue another year. In 1934 the board decided to merge the office of chief inspector with that of the superintendent of schools. Dr. C. C. Goldring, and Mr. Moshier retired last June. It was Mr. Moshier who, shortly after he was appointed chief inspector, had recommended the appointment of Dr. Goldring as public school inspector.

He is survived by his wife and a daughter, Mrs. Kenneth Gummis, of Millgrove. His son, Col. Dr. Heber Moshier, was killed in action during the war.

## Co-discoverer Of Insulin Passes

ABERDEEN, Scotland, March 17.—Prof. John James Rickard MacLeod, co-discoverer of insulin who spent a number of years teaching at the University of Toronto and the Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O., died yesterday. He was 58 years old.

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breeding Ration, and Gestation & Whelping Ration for foxes at your nearest dealer.