PRINCE EDWARD

MATINEE TODAY 3.15
ADULTS 16c. CHILDREN 11c.
NO PICTURES TONIGHT

Norma TALMADGE
as
Inga Sonderson—The Model
in
"THE WOMAN GIVES"
by Owen Johnson

Down in the Street of a Thousand Sorrows she met with an experience few living women have undergone.

The dramatic intensity of those moments will linger long in your memory.

AESOP'S FABLES
Something New
PATHE REVIEW

AS THE THEATRE IS TAKEN OVER FOR MR. CRERAR'S MEETING THERE WILL BE NO PICTURES TONIGHT

STOCK QUOTATIONS

HALIFAX, Oct 31—(Quotations furnished by Johnson and Ward members of the Montreal Stock Exchange.)

A	38½
C	41½
Can. Pac.	113⅜
Can	72¼
Can	8⅜
Cru	64
Ip	53¾
Cp	40½
Nex. Pet.	100¼
I. P. R.	49¼
Pe	—
Ra	70⅛
Sp	78⅞
Stu	74¼
Up	—
Ut	55½
X	80¾
Atch	85⅞
Af	130
Alo	91⅞

Wheat Dec 107 May 111¾
Corn Dec 47⅝ May 53⅛
Oats Dec 32¾ May 37½.

Backache

Backache is the outstanding symptom of kidney disease. Women often make the mistake of attributing other causes and overlook the derangement of the kidneys until serious developments have made it difficult to obtain permanent relief.

This letter points to a treatment which has been so thoroughly tried and proven so effective in the great majority of cases that you cannot afford to overlook it when cause arises for its use.

Mrs. Albert Brunet, R.R. No. 1, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for the past two months, having been afflicted with kidney trouble used two doctors' medicine previous this, without any good results told me to use Dr. Chase's Kidney Pills, and the second box made a good deal better. I have used about six or eight boxes, and am completely relieved."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Well Known Stock Co. Coming to the Prince Edward Next Week

....The Young-Adams Company will open a week's engagement at the Prince Edward Theatre commencing Monday, November 7th, with a special reserve matinee Monday afternoon. The opening play to be presented, "THE PRICE SHE PAID" is one of the big Broadway successes of former years, and, on account of the scarcity of good plays this season, is being revived in New York. Other plays to be presented during the week are: "PUTTING IT OVER" "THE BROKEN ROAD" "MILDRED" and "THE GIRL FROM THE RANCH." Mr Young takes great delight in entertaining the children and has prepared a special program for them for Saturday afternoon, November 12th. Seat sale for the entire week opens Friday morning at the theatre ticket office. Don't forget there is a reserve seat sale for Monday Matinee.

PERSONALS.

Mr Clifton Kemp returned recently from the Harvest Excursion to his home in Albion.

Miss Lily Creed of Albion has resumed her work as teacher in the Little Sands School.

Miss Emma McKay, (Mickey), Springfield, has returned home from a visit to Saskatoon and other western towns. On her return she contracted a severe cold which resulted in a mastoid abcess. She is now being treated by Dr. Archibald, Specialist.

THE CENTRAL GUARDIAN

SHOP FROM Holman's Catalog

ATTENTION.—Shoe repairing done promptly. Work guaranteed. Shoes called for and delivered. Give us a trial. Reid and King, phone 597.

MT STEWART METHODIST—The pastor will conduct Divine Worship next Sunday as follows: 11 a. m. Marie; 3 p. m. Mt. Stewart; 7 p. m. Dunstaffnage; The winter arrangement of serivces will begin Sunday the 13th.

NOTICE.—I expect to arrive in Charlottetown on or about the 22nd 'Shall call' on all my Debtors Please be provided to settle as my time is limited. My headquarters will be at J. H. Ellis, Your truly, S. T. Rockwell.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—Advertisers are reminded that all display advertisements must be in the Guardian Office before noon of the day previous to publication and before 10 a. m. on Saturdays.

REGISTER AT ONCE—Every man or woman over 21 years of age must register if they expect to vote. No one can vote who is not registered. Do it today.

MOVING PICTURES at North Wiltshire Tuesday; Mt. Stewart, Thursday; Cardigan, Friday; Wheatley River, Saturday. Special comedy, Charlie Chaplin.

VERNON RIVER circuit services for Sunday, Nov. 6th. Vernon 10 a. m., Sunday School 10.30 a. m. Start of the fifth anniversary of the present church. A service of commemoration for the faithful departed. Subject "The Heavenly Jerusalem.' Cherry Valley 2 p. m., Sunday School 2.30 p. m. "Mount Zion not Senai." Vernon 6.30 p. m., "Thunder of an Angel." Then on Monday at 7 p. m. Mesages from aged pastors and friends and stories of the early days of the circuit. Special services will also be conducted each night at 7 p. m. The friends are requested to bring in their congregational gifts to these services.

LIVELY TIME AT FORT AUGUSTUS

When the Candidates Addressed a Meeting. The Government Candidates Again Make a Good Impression and Satisfactorily Combat Adverse Criticism.

The large hall at Fort Augustus was filled to capacity on Thursday night when the Queen's County candidates delivered their campaign addresses. Mr. Bernard Callaghan presided. The meeting was a lively one throughout. Some sharp sallies were exchanged between Messrs. Brown and Myers and Messrs. Donald McKinnon and Sinclair. At the beginning of the meeting Mr. Peter Cummiskey voiced the claims of the community of the south side of Hillsboro River for a railway. Twenty years ago a petition had been sent to the government, signed by upwards of five hundred people, requesting a branch railway through from Pisquid straight to Southport. This petition was evidently put in the waste basket, for nothing further had been heard of it. Two years ago another meeting was called. Messrs. Sinclair and Nicholson were waited on and upon their advice a petition was got up and handed to the government. The speaker would like to know with what results.

Mr. Donald McKinnon:

Mr. Donald McKinnon the first speaker gave an able review of the tariff question and of the policy of the National Liberal and Conservative party. He said in part, "It has been usual for the House of Commons to divide into two parties—one party carrying on the government and the other party in opposition. So far as government is concerned I for one do not believe in any particular sectional party. I believe that a party, to govern Canada alright, must be a party that will look after the interests of Canada as a whole. I do not believe in one particular class or classes to the detriment of others whether they be manufacturers, laborers, or whatever party they belong to. I believe in equity rulingso that no particular class or classes will be oppressed in any way and that each class will have a fair right to live and a fair means of living. Every organ in the body must work in harmony with the other members. You cannot afford to illuse one particular organ of your body. And so it is with the different sections of the country, you cannot injure one of them without injuring them all. And the policy, to my mind, which will benefit the whole of the people is the policy which will benefit each individual. The question before us tonight is which party has that form of policy. I contend that the policy that has been adopted by the National Liberal and Conservative party, led by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, is the policy which comes the nearest, to my mind at any rate, to that form of government.

We have heard said that our policy favors the large monopolies. It is one thing to say that and it is quite a different thing to prove it. The present policy is a policy of protection. My Liberal friends have said that it protects the manufacturers and the But I say tonight, and I think before this meeting is over will have given conclusive proof of the fact—that we have a policy which protects the farmers in our country to an equal or probably in many cases a greater extent, than it protects others in the country.

WHAT PROTECTION MEANS

The word protection has been too much abused in regard to the present issue, largely by those who try to make out that it is something to foster industries into making monopolies. But it is the broader and wider meaning we must give to the word when we speak of it in connection with our policy. That policy is a national policy, called so away back in the time of Sir John A. McDonald. **Canada was not made a nation within the last few years, as some people would make you believe. She has been gradually growing to nationhood and if she is today in a position which compares favorably with any country in the world it is largely due to the sound national policy by which she has been governed.**

"On the other hand, what is the policy of our opponents. We know in years gone by what it has been—they have had several policies. We remember quite well their policy of free trade. They try today to deny that such ever was their policy but there are many men in this audience who will remember it. Is not one of the clauses of their present platform free foodstuffs? Have they explained what that means? Are they going to allow the food products we grow and have an abundance of to come free into Canada? I have asked them, at several meetings, were they going to admit pork free of duty and the answer I got was that they did not know whether they were or not! Their policy used to be free trade, but today they don't know what it is. They try to lead you to believe that they can get a free exchange of products between the United States. They cannot do that in the face of the Fordney tariff bill. You remember last year and the year before, you could get your potatoes free into the States. You cannot do it today because the American farmers have put their tariff walls up against you. The ruling party in United States are the same as went into power in 1896 when the Liberals tried to enter into reciprocity negotiations with them and they were turned down. Today, with the American tariff walls higher than ever, what ray of hope have they of any trade relations so far as farm products are concerned. On the other hand, if the Liberals do what they are threatening to do—take the duty of American farm products coming into this country, what will happen? **You will get a good deal less for your products, cheap as they are.** One of our opponents said the other night that if we wanted to send out potatoes into the States we simply had to pay their duty; now they want to take our duty off potatoes and other products and have that also go into the revenue of the United States. Do you not see the position they would put us in?

Mr. McKinnon concluded amid applause with an explanation of tariff in regard to farm machinery.

Mr. D. A. McKinnon:

Mr. D. A. McKinon, the next speaker, maintained that it was not the Liberal platform that was on trial and that it mattered little what sort of a platform they had. The policy of the Conservative government was dictated by the large manufacturers who were looking out for their own interests he said. If protection is such a great panacea why should the country be in such a mess today? Freight rates and shipping rates are too high, and this alone he believed is enough to condemn the government. He criticised the management of the railways and referred to the subordination of our provincial military and postal departments. As lawyers we fight a good deal in a bad case, he said. To reduce the national debt he proposed the emigration of another million people into Canada. He did not intend to make any promises **"They say the local government promised a lot of things and now the people are scolding them for it. (Loud applause) You will not catch us like that!** We are not making promises."

Mr. P. S. Brown:

Mr. P. S. Brown was greeted with hilarious applause when he rose to speak. This he took to mean that the people were not going to be voting machines. It had been circulated throughout the country that he had made some reference to Mr. D. A. McKinnon's head, differentiating it from Sir R. L. Borden's big head by the insinuation that there wasn't so much in Mr. McKinnon's. This reference had not been made by him, he claimed, but by Mr. Myers, who had also alluded to himself as a combine because he charged 75 cents for meals at his hotel in Charlottetown. It would be worth 75 cents he argued to feed a big man like Mr. Myers. He attacked Mr. Donald McKinnon, maintaining that nobody had ever heard of him in politics before, that he was too inexperienced and that his training as a lawyer tended to harden his heart. (Laughter). As for himself, he came before the people as a **poor, common laborer** (Laughter.) He claimed that if he hadn't the education he had the training to enable him ably to represent his constituents and referred to his record as Mayor of Charlottetown. He had something to crow about in that respect, serving as Premier of Charlottetown you might say. His platform had been much misunderstood, he maintained. He had never, said his policy was the same as the farmers but that the farmers' interests were identical with the laborers.

The chairman calling his attention to the fact that his alloted half-hour was up, Mr. Brown requested further time and this was granted him. He proceeded to criticise the railway Board of Management and repeated his statement made at previous meetings that he believed Mr. Sinclair had voted for the Board. He did not wish to contradict Mr. Sinclair and he had stated that he had voted the otehr way; but nevertheless he had his information on good authority. He believed Mr. Sinclair had Hansard in his valise; if so he would like to see it. If the Labor party gets in he continued they wil labolish all non-elective bodies, including the Senate. He ridiculed Mr. D. A. McKinnon for claiming to have got the Murray Harbor railway, and the Hillsboro Bridge. If he had got that bridge he would be ashamed to tell anybody about it. At Grand View Mr. McKinnon had boasted that he had got the car ferry too:

A voice: He was nearer home then! (Laughter.)

Mr. Brown concluded with a criticism of the government's expenditure on the Convalescent Home and Sanitarium.

Mr. J. H. Myers

Mr. J. H. Myers in his opening remarks alluded to the number of ladies present, which was the largest since the opening of the campaign. He felt sure that the Conservative government, by extending the franchise to them, had placed the vote in safe hands. He was pleased also to see upon the platform his good friend and one-time opponent, Mr. J. G. Cummiskey. Notwithstanding anything Mr. Brown, had said with reference to himself, the speaker felt sure Mr. Cummiskey would acknowledge him to be a fair fighter. However hotly they had battled in the past they were friends still.

Mr. Brown: We are, too.

Mr. Myers: I know we are. But you appear to have a very bad head on tonight. (Laughter.)

Mr. Brown: Not so Bad, after all.

Mr. Myers: At the first of the campaign we attempted to answer Mr. Brown, but he used to get terribly mad at us. Then we tried to leave him alone and he got madder still. I will say in favor of Mr. Brown, however, he is nowise partial. He takes a fling at the whole of us. I believe I could knock Mr. Brown right out tonight on his own confession of faith.

Mr. Brown: Go to it.

Mr. Myers: Well there is not a better horse trainer or horse jockey on P. E. Island than Mr. Brown. I believe that is true.

Mr Brown: You bet it's true.

Mr. Myers: And yet he says Mr. Donald McKinnon would not be a good representative because he has had no political experience. Mr. Brown does'nt run horses that are old and discarded. He is always after new and promising colts, and the fact that they are young is something in their favor. I do not see why he should not extend the same courtesy to Mr. McKinnon.

Mr. Brown: I said that. You can't tell anything about a man till you try him.

Mr. Myers: Well, we are going to try Mr. Donald McKinnon at this election and I believe you will find he will measure up all right. (Laughter and applause.)

Folly of Lowering Tariff

After some further lively sallies with Mr. Brown, Mr. Myers went on to discuss the various party platforms and the importance of protection tariff particularly to the farmers of this country. Mr. D. A. McKinnon had **maintained at** one meeting that freight rates was responsible for the fact that last year our potatoes were rotting in our cellars while over a million dollars worth of potatoes came in from the United States. The speaker asked him whether he thought the Yankees got their potatoes into Canada on their backs, or were they not subject to the same rates as our own shippers? If the government's opponents assail freight rates they must assail the American rates also. Under the Fordney bill there is no reciprocity in potatoes or anything else and if we took our tariff down and lowered our freight rates the American duty would still exist. It would be absolute folly for Canada to attempt free trade or anything like it, as we would be flooded by the influx of foodstuffs from across the line.

Sometimes, when a speaker gets up and makes a tirade against monopolies and combines, he is applauded. Mr. Myers wished rather that his hearers should weigh his statements in the balance of a calm mind, and render their verdict accordingly. He took his stand boldly on the question of protecting our manufacturers. It is the manufacturing industries which makes the cities. The workmen come there with their wives and families and it is by the farmers they are fed. It is natural for a farmer to have his little kick, at the manufacturer and at the city man in general. It makes him sore when crops are scant to see a city man rolling around in his car, or with a fine

(Continued on page eight)

DANDERINE

Stops Hair Coming Out; Thickens, Beautifies.

35-cents buys a bottle of "Danderine at any drug store. After one application you can not find a particle of dandruff or a falling hair. Besides, every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance.

Dyed Her Faded Skirt To Make Child A Dress

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye or tint faded, shabby skirts, dresses, waists,, coats, sweaters, stockings hangings, draperies, everything like new. Buy "Damond Dyes", no other kind, then perfect home dyeing is guaranteed, even if you have never dyed before. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods. Diamond Dyes never streak, spot fad or run.

SIX NIGHTS OF JOLLITY

at the **PRINCE EDWARD**

WITH CANADA'S BEST STOCK COMPANY

H. WILMOT YOUNG-ADAMS MARJIE

AND CAPABLE SUPPORTING ARTISTS

Presenting the Very Best in Comedies and Comedy Dramas

STARTING *MONDAY, NOV. 7th*

SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE, MONDAY AT 3 P. M.

By CHAS. SUMNER Author of THE NATURAL LAW

THANKSGIVING MATINEE AND NIGHT

MR. YOUNG ANNOUNCES THE RECENT RELEASE

THE PRICE SHE PAID

Not a Sex Play But a Real Lesson for All

TUESDAY NIGHT

PUTTING IT OVER

BE SURE TO SEE H. WILMOT YOUNG PUT IT OVER
YOU'LL SCREAM YOU'LL YELL YOU'LL ROAR

Larry Johnson's Spirited Comedy
180
Laughs
180
FRESH FROM BROADWAY

SEAT SALE AT BOX OFFICE OPENS FRIDAY AT 9.30 A. M.

MACDONALD'S Cut Brier

More Tobacco for the Money

Packages 15¢
½ lb Tins 85¢

The Tobacco with a heart