"Doc Bird Says"

A well filled creel is like a store well stocked---there's satisfaction in both.

We're not telling any "whoppers" when we tell you that

Vinol

will make every day seem like vacation.

Makes you enjoy life, work hard and feel good! $1.00 bottle.

E. A. Foster

Central Drugstore
Sunnyside

When thirsty visit our big Soda Fountain—Our Ice Cream Sodas are delicious.

It is Never too Late

to mend. So no matter what happens to your watch. Send it around to me

F. S. Mitchell

The Practical Watch and Clock Repairer
168 Queen St. Charlottetown

The Caledonian Club of P.E.I.

GOLDEN JUBILEE GATHERING
1864 1914

The Grand Annual Gathering of the Scottish Clans of Prince Edward Island, under the auspices of the Caledonian Club, will be held on the

Grounds of the King's Co. Driving Park Ass'n, Geo'town.

ON WEDNESDAY, AUG. 12th, 1914

Station	Train Departs	Fare
Murray Harbor	6.30 a.m.	$1.20
Murray River	6.43 "	1.20
Hopefield	6.54 "	1.20
Wood Islands	7.05 "	1.15
Belle River	7.12 "	1.10
Melville	7.18 "	1.10
Fodhla	7.35 "	1.10
Crandview	7.45 "	1.10
Uigg	7.50 "	1.10
Vernon River	8.00 "	1,00
Lake Verde	8.12 "	1.00
Vernon	8.24 "	1.00
Mt. Albion	8.48 "	1.00
Hazelbrook	8.52 "	1.00
Mt. Herbert	8.57 "	1.00
Charlottetown	9.10 a.m.	$1.00
Royalty Junc.	9.35 " 9.25 "	90
York	9.46 " 9.36 "	80
Bedford	10.02 " 9.52 "	70
Tracadie	10.10 "10.00 "	65
Mt. Stewart	10.35 "10.25 "	55
Peake's	10.55 "10.45 "	45
St. Teresa	11.00 "10.50 "	45
Perth	11.12 "11.02 "	30
Cardigan	11.25 "11.15 "	20
Geo'town Arr.	11.40 "11.30 "	
Montague	10.20 "	35
Elmira	7.20 "	1.10
Baltic	7.35 "	1.00
Connaught	7.45 a.m.	$1.00
Souris	8.35 "	1.00
Harmony	8.50 "	1.00
Bear River	9.05 "	1.00
Selkirk	9.17 "	1.00
St. Peter's	9.37 "	90
Marie	9.55 "	75
Morell	10.03 "	75
Lot 40	10.08 "	70
Mt. Stewart	10.45 "	55
Peakes	11.05 "	45
St. Teresa	11.10 "	45
Perth	11.22 "	30
Cardigan	11.35 "	20
Georgetown Arr	11.50 "	

Fares at proportionate rates from Stations not named.

Returning, train for Murray Harbor to leave at 5.30 p.m., Elmira at 6.00 p.m., and Charlottetown at 6.30 p.m.

Special features of the occasion will be the dancing of the Highland Fling and Chi.lie Callum by young lads and lassies.

A grand programme of events has been arranged and every effort will be put forward to make this the greatest event in the History of the Club.

Admission 25 cents. Children under twelve years of age 15 cents. No passes issued. Admission tickets to grounds at entrance gates. If weather unfavorable gathering will be held next day.

S. A. McLEOD,
President.

T. M. McMILLAN,
Sec'y Games Com.

3734-7-29wfmm&E6i.

SIR EDWARD GREY'S SPEECH IN COMMONS

(Continued from page 1.)

pared to do so, unless another power violated that neutrality.

"The German Foreign Secretary replied that he could not possibly give a response before consulting the Imperial Chancellor and the German Emperor. He added that he doubted whether it was possible to give an answer, because that answer would disclose the German plans.

TRUE TO OBLIGATIONS.

"We were sounded last week as to whether if Belgian's neutrality were restored after the war, it would pacify us. and we replied that we could not barter our interests or our obligations."

Another burst of cheering greeted this declaration.

Sir Edward Grey then read a telegram from the King of the Belgians to King George, making a supreme appeal for diplomatic intervention to safeguard the independence of Belgium.

In other parts of his speech Sir Edward Grey said:

"The intervention with Germany in regard to the independence of Belgium was carried out by England last night. If the independence of Belgium should be destroyed the independence of Holland also would be gone."

BRITISH INTERESTS.

The Foreign Secretary then asked the House to consider what British interests were at stake, "if in a crisis like this we were to run away." This was greeted with loud cheers and Sir Edward continued:

"Do not imagine that if a great Power stands aside in a war like this it is going to be in a position to exert its influence at the end. I am not quite sure whether the facts regarding Belgium are as they reached this Government, but there is an obligation on this country to do its utmost to prevent the consequence which these facts would lead if they were not opposed.

"We have as yet made no engagements for sending an expeditionary force out of this country, but we have mobilized our fleet and the mobilization of our army is taking place.

READY FOR ACTION.

"We must be prepared and we are prepared to face the consequence of using all our strength at any moment—we know not how soon— to defend ourselves.

"So far as the forces of the Crown are concerned the Premier and the First Lord of the Admiralty have no doubt whatever of their readiness and their efficiency. They never were at a higher mark of readiness. There never was a time when confidence was more justified in their ability to protect our shores and our commerce

"If the situation develops as it seems probable it will develop we shall face it.

"I believe when the country realizes what is at stake it will support the Government with determination with resolution and with endurance."

CAN'T RUN AWAY.

From all parts of the House there came roars of cheering. In a preceding part of his discourse while discussing the question of Belgium, Sir Edward had said:

"It is said we might stand aside and husband our resources in order to intervene in the end and put things right. In a crisis of this kind we ran away from our obligations of honor and interest with regard to the Belgium Treaty I doubt whether whatever material force we might use at the end, would be of much value in face of the respect we should have lost."

At this Sir Edward was interrupted by loud cheering. He continued:—

WILL SUFFER TERRIBLY.

"If we engaged in war we should suffer but little more than if we stood aside. We are going to suffer terribly in this war whether this country is at peace or war, for foreign trade is going to stop."

Sir Edward gave an explanation of what occurred during the Moroccan crisis in 1911. He said he took precisely the same view in 1912, he continued:

"It was decided we ought to have a definite understanding in writing and that the conversations which had passed between military and naval officers of France and England were not binding on either sides.

The Foreign Secretary then read a letter he wrote December 22, 1912, to the effect that, if either Government had grave reason to expect an unprovoked attack by a third power, it should discuss whether both Governments should act together to prevent aggression. He then continued:

THE STARTING POINT.

"That is our starting point and that statement clears the ground as to the settlement of our obligations.

"The present crisis has not originated in a matter which principally concerns France. No Government and no country had less desire to be involved in the Austro-Servian dispute than France. France was involved because of its obligations of honor.

"We have had a long standing friendships with France. As to how far that friendship entails obligation, let every man look into his own heart and feelings and construe the extent of our obligations."

Mr. Bonar Law, leader of the Opposition, said he was sure the country had taken the course it had, because it had been forced upon the country, and in his opinion England had absolutely no alternative.

IRISHMEN RESPOND.

Mr. John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationaliste leader, said:

"There was a possibility that from the present situation might arise a result which would be good for the future welfare and intergrity of the Empire."

Wild cheering from all parts of the House greeted Mr. Redmond, when he assured the Government that every soldier in Ireland might be withdrawn tomorrow and the coast of Ireland would be defended against invasion.

"The Protestants of the North and the Catholics of the South will stand shoulder to shoulder in this great national crisis.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, the Labor leader, declared he was not persuaded that Great Britain was in danger nor her honor involved. He was convinced she should have remained neutral.

The House then adjourned until seven o'clock for a consulation between the leaders of all the parties.

GERMANY'S DEMAND.

The entire communication made by the Foreign Secretary to the House of Commons on his second appearance there today was as follows:

"A message has been received from the Belgian Legation here stating that Germany sent to Belgian, at seven o'clock last evening a note proposing to Belgium friendly neutrality, coupled with the free passage through Belgian territory of troops promising the maintenance of Belgian independence at the conclusion of peace, and threatening, in case of refusal, to treat Belgium as an enemy. The time limit of twelve hours was fixed for the reply."

This statement was received with murmurs from all parts of the House and then Sir Edward Grey continued: "Belgium answered that an attack on her neutrality would be a flagrant violation of the rights of nations, that to accept the German proposal would be to sacrifice her honor, and being conscious of her duty Belgium was firmly resolved to repel aggression by all possible means."

BELGIAN REPLY CHEERED.

The Belgian reply was received with loud cheers by the members, and Sir Edward concluded with the declaration that the British Government had taken the information received into grave consideration, and that he would make no comment.

STRONG FOR PEACE.

A small group of Radicals, during the period of adjournment of the House of Commons met and passed a resolution that after hearing Sir Edward Grey's speech they were of the opinion that there was not sufficient reason in the present circumstances for Great Britain intervening in the war, and urging the Government to continue negotiations with Germany with a view to maintaining British neutrality.

When the House re-assembled, the Foreign Secretary made his statement with respect to Belgium. These members then protested that the Secretary had not made out a case for war.

Mr. Philip E. Morrell, Liberal, said the best that could be said for the Entente after eight years was that it was going to land England into a war, simply because a few German soldiers wanted to cross Belgium.

The Laborities joined in the protest declaring that it was a war made by the diplomatists, not by the people. Mr. J. Kerr Hardie asked what action was going to be taken at alleviate the sufferings of those who would be hard pressed by the war. He said that he would do all he could to arouse the workingmen against the proposals of the Government.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Lloyd-George, announced that the Government had made arrangements for war risks for ships cargoes, of which full details would be given later.

PROTECT CREDIT SYSTEM.

Regarding the complaint of J. Keir Hardie that the Bill passed that day was for the protection of a small section, the Chancellor said it was essentially a measure to protect the whole credit system. Unless steps of that kind were taken, hundreds of thousands, perhaps millions of workmen, might be thrown out of work. The Cabinet held a session during the recess, and were escorted to and from the House by cheering crowds.

DEBATE ADJOURNED.

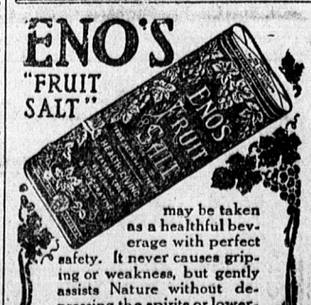
The House of Commons, after a stormy session in which the war party was always in the ascendancy, adjourned late tonight until tomorrow.

Premier Asquith did nor speak. His speech will not be delivered until the debate is completed and until after every member of the House has had ample opportunity to be heard.

Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, one of the leaders of the Opposition, in winding up the debate said that the speeches of those persons who criticized Sir Edward Grey's speech did not represent even the views of the parties to which the speakers belonged.

It was stated today the Naval Service Department is looking for recruits for service at Halifax. George J. Desbarats. Deputy Minister and Comptroller of Naval Service makes the announcement that the Naval Service Department is prepared to recruit experienced engine room ratings, for service at Halifax, the men to be enrolled as naval volunteers and to serve when called out. The Department particularly desires men who have served in the British navy, pensioners or reservists who have not been called by the admiralty.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"



may be taken as a healthful beverage with perfect safety. It never causes griping or weakness, but gently assists Nature without depressing the spirits or lowering the vitality.

Sold in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, the United States and in all the principal towns and cities of Canada.

Prepared only by
J. C. ENO, Ltd., "Fruit Salt" Works, London, England

Agents for Canada: Herold F. Ritchie & Co., Limited, 10 McCaul St., TORONTO

::This is the only Rexall store in Charlottetown, and there are nearly 6000 located throughout Canada, United States and Dependencies. Rexall Remedies comprise nearly 400 time-tried tested family preparations,—non-secret remedies, each article marked plainly on the wrapper, with formula used in the making. Every Rexall Remedy is guaranteed to give satisfaction or the money will be promptly refunded, bear this guarantee in mind when you buy from us. MacKinnon Drug Co., Cor., Great George and Kent Streets. Mtf.

ENORMOUS HAS BEEN THE COST OF RECENT WARS OF THE WORLD

	Money	Lives
American revolution	$ 845,193,703 (American Loss)	30,000
England and France	6,250,000,000	1,900,000
War of 1812 ...	107,159,003 (Cost to U.S.)	2,000 (Loss U.S.)
Russia and Turkey (two wars)	1,050,000,000	300,000
France and Austria	225,000,000	63,000
U. S. and Mexico	74,000,000 (Cost to U.S.)	2,000 (Loss U.S.)
Civil War in America	3,700,000,000	500,000
Franco-Prussian	1770,300,000	200,000
Spanish-American	165,000,000 (Cost to U.S.)	2,910 (Loss U.S.)
Boer War	1,000,000,000 (Cost to England)	25,700
Russo-Japanese	2,000,000,000	555,900
Balkans (two campaigns)	1,390,000,000	348,000
Totals	$17,546,652,706	4,019,510

The present European crisis calls to mind the vast cost of war, both in lives and money, and serves as a reminder of the staggering immensity of the sum the world has spent on wars since the beginning of the eighteenth century.

Beginning in the United States with the Revolution, thus excluding colonial wars prior to that time, which cost 30,000 lives, the United States spent $135,193,703 on this conflict, and lost 30,000 men. The cost of the war to the British was $710,000,000.

The War of 1812 cost the country across the border $107,159,003 and 2,000 lives; the Mexican War cost her $74,000,000 and 2,000 lives; the Civil War entailed an expense of $3,700,000,000, and the loss of life on both sides approximated 500,000.

The Indian War cost $1,000,000,000 and 49,000 men, while the Spanish-American War, the last of her conflicts, excepting the late unpleasantness in Mexico, involved a monetary cost of $165,000,000; 2,910 lives were lost, but all but 306 of the deaths were due to disease.

In the Russo-Japanese struggle, Russia lost 388,500 men, and Japan 167,400. The money cost to Russia was $1,200,000,000, and to Japan $800,000,000.

The fighting in the Balkan States was accompanied by expenses which hit deeply into their coffers. In the first campaign, October, 1912, to May, 1913, the total cost to Bulgaria, Servia, Greece, Montenegro and Turkey was $940,000,000. The loss of life totalled 228,000.

In the second campaign, in July, last year, four States were involved, Bulgaria, Servia, Greece and Roumania. The cost was $450,000,000, and 120,000 lives were lost. In these two campaigns, the cost to Servia totalled $260,000,000, and the little kingdom lost 70,000 men.

The Boer War took more than $1,000,000,000 of England's treasury, and that country's loss in men was 22,000. The Boer's loss was light, amounting to only 3,700 dead.

The Franco-Prussian War, bringing together in deadly conflict two nations which soon may clash in the present European upheaval, France and Germany, took a tremendous toll of life and money. The loss of men on both sides totalled 290,000. France spent $387,800,000 on the struggle, and Germany spent $382,500,000 above the usual army estimate. And this was brief in duration. It began July 17, 1870, and was ended May 18, 1871. The cost to the Germans was about $1.25 a day for each man.

Russia and Turkey fought in 1828, and this war cost $100,000,000 and 120,000 lives.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

"To regulate the system properly throughout the hot weather season you need to use MacKinnon's Effervescent Saline. Besides the medicinal properties of this preparation, it makes a most satisfactory summer beverage cooling, thirst quenching, refreshing, besides being a good system regulator. A bottle 25c. MacKinnon Drug Co., Cor. Great George and Kent Streets. Mtf.

The Matchless

Do you know the men behind THE MATCHLESS SILVER BLACK FOX COMPANY?

Do you know what kind of foxes THE MATCHLESS are selling stock in?

Do you know the cost of upkeep of THE MATCHLESS FOXES for one year?

Do you know the capitalization of THE MATCHLESS FOXES?

Do you know that THE MATCHLESS capitalization covers all promotion and flotation expenses?

Do you know that capitalization in many companies does not do this?

Do you know what this means to you?

Do you know that one cent will bring all this information to you from the office of THE MATCHLESS SILVER BLACK FOX COMPANY, Cameron Block, Charlottetown, P. E. Island?

REFERENCES: Bank of Nova Scotia. Dominion Government Publicity Agent, J. E. B. McCready.

At Reddin's

Some Rare Bargains as follows:

Ladies' Rain Coats

39 only Waterproof Coats from the best English makers. These are samples to be cleared out at 20 p.c. discount. Every coat in perfect condition.

Children's Cotton Suits

24 Cotton Suits marked greatly below regular prices. Sailor blouse effect assorted patterns.

Men's Pants

A window full of Men's Tweed Pants, regular 1.85, 2.00, 2.50, new $1.49. Men's Leather Label overalls 1.50 for 1.25.

Men's Vests

In tweed, Linen, Fcy Cloths, etc., selling at Half Price.

Wall Paper

For 10 days we will sell all Wall Paper in Stock about 3000 rolls at 1-3 off regular prices.

L. J. REDDIN

3791-8-1Mstuth.

This is Your Chance

Don't let This Offer Slip

The Following Facts will Convince You

Are the Foxes for the North Milton Co. from the highest grade stock in the Province, yes this is a settled fact. Are they from a strain of very heavy breeders, yes they are;—did the parents of this stock sell last year for $30.000 per pair, yes they did;—are the young Foxes for this Co. capitalized at $15.700 per pair, yes they are. It is also a fact that the 5 old females of this stock reared 22 pups last year and 21 pups this year or 43 pups in 2 seasons, one of the greatest records in the world.

Investor this is the Co. for you, write the Secy. at once before the deal closes, for prospectus &c.

North Milton Pedigreed Black Foxes, Ltd.

36 Elm Ave.—Phone 274-L—Charlottetown

3536-7-17M1mo.

Get Good Plumbing in that New House

That new house of yours shouldn't be supplied with any but the best kind of plumbing—you should install the most reliable, sanitary and satisfactory system that you can secure for that is the only kind that will give you the right returns for your money.

The health and happiness of the home depend in a great measure on the kind of plumbing installed and you will find the best is the only kind of plumbing we know how to do. We know we can satisfy you with our prompt, effecient service good work and reasonable price. Call in and see us to-day.

Fred H. Trainor

80 Grafton Street

"YE OLDE FIRME"

"There is no genius like the genius of labor. There is no reward like that which comes through energy, system and perseverance. The

Heintzman & Co Piano

is the product of genius in piano building and a perseverance that has won the highest degree of success.

In a word the Heintzman & Co. Piano is the best piano because its makers desire that it should be the best, and the firm's genius, energy system and perseverance are all engaged in the task of realizing those ideals by which they are inspired.

MILLER BROS

Ch'town

Fox Ranchers

We have for sale a few pairs of choice Newfoundland Silver Black Foxes,

Ranch Bred

As you know, next to our Island bred stock this is the best to be had. Also we have a few pairs Ranch Bred Newfoundland choice crosses. Write or wire us we will give your inquiries our prompt attention.

Home Industry Promotion Co.

Charlottetown, P. E. I.
66 Queen Street
Phone 501

669-7-24Mfmwtf

SAINT JOHN EXHIBITION

SEPT. 5 TO 12
1914

SPECIAL AGRICULTURAL FEATURES
SPLENDID DISPLAY OF INDUSTRIES
INCREASED SCOPE IN WOMEN'S WORK
CHILD'S WELFARE EXHIBIT

GREAT PROGRAM OF FREE ATTRACTIONS

CHEAP EXCURSIONS ON ALL LINES

H.A. PORTER MANAGER.

6-11) ---Mtusat19i

Valuable Property for Rent or Sale

at Montague, Prince Edward Island, consisting of

——store
——two warehouses
——coal shed
——wharf

There is a good coal and limestone business now in operation.

This is an excellent opportunity for a man with small capital to take over a safe business.

Apply to

Martin Mackinnon

Montague, P. E. I.

63-7-7Mtues&friEsat1mo.