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THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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CANADA'S FUTURE STANDING IN LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Owing to Defection of United States Canada's Part in the League will be an Important one. Sir Herbert Ames to Explain this in House of Commons.

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, May 18.—Sir Herbert Ames, Financial Director of the League of Nations who, is now in Rome presenting the financial statement to the meeting of the council of the League, will sail for Canada on June 2. It is understood Sir Herbert, who is still a member of Parliament, desires to address the Commons from his seat therein on the objects and progress of the League. On account of the defection of the United States it is felt the part which Canada will play in the League will be an important one and as the only Canadian member of that body, Sir Herbert is in an excellent position to make the Canadian public au fact with its problems and present status.

War Material Shipped to Poland

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, May 18.—A question concerning war materials which are being shipped from England to Poland was raised in the House of Commons today and Mr. Bonar Law, the government spokesman, said they formed part of the supplies purchased by Poland last year and that they were being shipped by the Poles because they were the property of the Polish government. Mr. Bonar Law added that Great Britain had sold Poland some surplus stores last October and that it would have been a breach of faith on the part of Great Britain if the despatch of ammunition had been prevented. He declared that no assistance, financial or otherwise, was being given Poland.

Cadets Wanted For Overseas

The following despatch which speaks for itself, was received yesterday:

"Toronto, Ont., May 18th.

Chief Justice J. A. Mathieson,

President P. E. I. Division Navy League of Canada, Charlottetown.

Three cadets required to train for officers Canadian Pacific Ocean Steamship Pacific Service.

"Have you any boys available? Wire reply

(Sgd.)

GORDON B. JACKSON."

Dominion Secretary of the Navy League of Canada.

(Note—Any boys wishing to train for above service should appiy this morning before eleven o'clock at the Navy League Home.)

Cost of Living Is Going Up

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, May 18.—The cost of food up to May 1 had arisen to 146 per cent above the pre-war level and there is a prospect of it going still higher, says Charles A. McCurdy, Minister of Food, in an official statement issued tonight. Mr. McCurdy however points out that the price of food in England is still lower than in France, Italy and Sweden and says it is not much higher than in the United States. The Labor Gazette estimates that the cost of living, including food, clothing, fuel, light and rents is now 141 per cent over that before the war.

Bolshevik Launch French Attack

(Dom. Press Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—The long silent Soviet wireless in Moscow yesterday announced the launching of the Bolshevik offensive in the region of Kieff. The Red army is now engaged ten miles to north east of Kieff, the wireless stated, while another successful fight is being conducted ten miles north of Vapniakral.

Soviet delegates arrive in London

(Dom. Press Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—Seven delegates of the Russian Soviet government have arrived here with British officials on trade. They were formally received by representatives of the Foreign Office.

Turkey Prepares To Resist Treaty

(Dom. Press Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—Official advices from Turkey indicate that no government representing a Turkish Nation would dare to sign the peace treaty after the terms had been made public. The forces of Mustapha Kemal are increasing rapidly, dispatches say, and armed conflicts are inevitable if the allies attempt to impose forcibly upon Turkey the provisions of the treaty.

Anglo Jap Treaty Now Concluded

(Dom. Press Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—The new Anglo Japanese treaty will prevent any possibility of Great Britain being drawn into a war with the United States in the event of trouble between Japan and America, according to statements from authoritative sources.

Japanese and British Foreign Offices are now preparing amendments for inclusion in the treaty which is being drawn.

POOR ROADS DRIVING THIS MAN FROM PROVINCE

FREDERICTON, May 17—Declaring that he is leaving New Brunswick because of the failure of the Government to provide suitable roads for the farming districts, Sylvester Moore, of Scotch Lake, one of the leading farmers of York county, has purchased a farm 175 acres at Skuhegan, Maine for $10,450 and is going to sell his farm at Scotch Lake consisting of 400 acres.

"I have no fault to find with this country and I would like to stay here" said Mr. Moore, when asked this morning why he was leaving this province, "but the Government will not provide proper facilities for reaching the markets in New Brunswick, so I am going where they do have facilities It is more than 10 miles from my farm at Scotch Settlement to the railway on the eastern side of the St. John River and the roads are not such that I could economically market the produce of my farm; the St. John Valley Railway is only five miles away, but it is on the other side of the river. I am going to take a herd of pure bred Ayrshire cattle to Maine with me and engage in mixed farming."

PROCEEDINGS IN THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

MAY 17.

(Continued)

HON. J. H. BELL continuing his speech made the usual charge that the Conservative delegates had not properly represented the Island's claims at the conference dealing with thisquestion. He mentioned a number of other claims which the province still holds against the Dominion Government amounting to many millions which should have been presented and which some day, he said, would be properly presented.

What had his honorable friend done to press these claims? He was in Ottawa about a year ago for the purpose of pressing these claims and on his return he reported that he had a discussed the subsidy question with Hon. Sir Thomas White who promised "Favorable consideration."

The taxes to be imposed by the present government he justified, declaring it necessitated honesty and courage to impose them; prices had gone up, Falconwood employees were threatening to strike for higher pay and to let the inmates loose on the country; roads and bridges must be kept in repair, the teachers must be paid higher salaries. He gave in detail the purpose of the government with respect to the Federal highway grant, the teachers salaries etc. Our revenues heretofore have been about $500,000. We shall now require about $750,000. He claimed that previous government had spent $740,000 in 1919. He gave in detail the means by which the government purposed raising the extra $250,000. First every male enhabitant of the province would be asked to pay a poll tax of $3; 2nd to tax personal property; third to tax lands according to actual value fourth to tax incomes. The first duty of the government will be to enforce the payment of the income tax. Explaining the proposed tax on foxes he said that formerly foxes and pelts sold were taxed two per cent. Now the tax will be 1-2 of one per cent on the value of foxes. The government was driven to this by the expedients adopted by foxmen to evade taxation. He contended that the scheme of taxation adopted was fair and equitable to all concerned and expressed the opinion that it would be generally approved.

There was, he said considerable obscurity in the public mind as to what was proposed with reference to the teachers. Assuming that all the schools are open, the teachers will receive, from government in a normal year $240,000; we have given them a minimum salary greater than they had asked for.

We have held out the inducement to the school districts that if they paid the teachers $100 the government would pay $50. This is a broken year and the amount will be less than normal. He claimed that the conference held in March last had asked for a full contributions of $340,000; this the government concluded was more than should be expected and they have agreed to pay $240,000.

Before concluding Mr. Bell revered to the federal claims on account of the school and other lands of the west stating that the Liberal party of Canada is pledged to the settlement of these and other claims. In view of this he called upon the Liberal party here not to be downcast or discouraged. He concluded his speech at 11 o'clock

HON. A. E. ARSENAULT rising to reply to the Premier said that at this late hour he proposed to make only a few remarks before moving the adjournment of the debate. His honorable friend, the Premier had evidently not been in a happy mood when giving his budget speech. No doubt he had been thinking of the years he had spent on this side of the House and the promises he made and the opinions he held, if opinions they were. The only hope he expressed was in his concluding sentence when he told his friends not to be down cast or discouraged although he himself had shown no symptoms of hopefulness. The leader of the Government, continued Mr. Arsenault referred to our claims against the Federal Government as if he had discovered them, as if they had never been heard of till he, Mr. Bell, had located them. Well, all that Mr. Bell knew about these claims he had learned from his pre-decessors and like many others who had secured their information second hand he made many mistakes, and possibly also some misrepresentatins. Mr. Bell claimed that through his instrumentality the Western provinces had expressed their willingness to abandon their right to the western lands, on condition that they be allowed to retain their natural resources. This was not so. The trouble had been that the western provinces wanted to retain both the lands and the natural resources and this was the only difficulty in the way. If, as Mr. Bell claims, they have abandoned their opposition to this the matter was settled and all that had to be done now was for the Federal Government to hand over the money to the Maritime Provinces, for the Federal Government is pledged to do this as soon as the western provinces give their consent.

He had said at the outset that the Premier was not happy in his budget speech. There was a rumor during the early days of the session that there was a Jonah on board the ship of state and that the crew were anxious to throw him overboard. So, it was planned that they hang a millstone around his neck to prevent any whale from picking him up and bringing him back, and they invented the taxation Act and let him father it. Something must have happened however, probably the discovery of another Jonah and now we have the Attorney General fathering the taxation bill. It is now currently reported that the Attorney General is going to be thrown overboard.

Another reason why the Premier was not happy was because he was trying to look honest while the ghosts of what he had said and promised when in opposition were leering into his face. When he remembered the years he had spent on this side of the House and the promises he made he could not be expected to be happy. The Premier said there was a manifesto issued previous to the last election. No Liberal candidate had ever referred to this manifesto during the campaign and the Premier himself never mentioned it. He, Mr. Arsenault had attended many meetings but never once had he heard any reference to the Liberal Manifesto.

Mr. Arsenault here gave some extracts from speeches and opinions of Mr. Bell before the election and compared them with speeches and opinions of his since assuming power. At former sessions of the legislature, when in opposition, there was much denunciation of the then Government on account of Orders in Council. "Government by Order in Council" was an expression heard in season and out of season; it was rolled as a "sweet morsel under the tongue" by the then Leader of the Opposition, Mr. Bell and by his followers. The samel to this, said Mr. Arsenault, we find in the three principal Acts passed by these men since they assumed power. In each of these acts; the Education Act, the Taxation Act and the Road Act provision is made for innumerable powers by Order in Council. Officials are to be appointed by order in Council, salaries are to be arranged by Order in Council.

When in Opposition the Liberals objected to a small tax of $75,000 to $100,000 which we had proposed for educational purposes; now they are putting on a tax of $300,000 which will no doubt mean $400,000 before they are through with it.

When in Opposition they opposed the Federal Highway Grant as a ruinous thing; now when in power they have adopted it and propose to borrow $250,000 to carry it out.

They opposed the running of cars and had the country divided into two warring factions. Autoists and Anti-Autoists, they themselves in dividaully and collectively leading the anti-Autoists. Now their love for the auto and the autoist is so great that they hold forth the Federal highway proposition as having been entered into specially for the benefit of the autoists.

In Opposition they accused the then government of having too many officals. Now they have an equal number of officials and are preparing for the appointment of many more, all the principal acts they have passed necessitating a great many officials.

In Opposition they wanted to cut down salaries; now trey are proposing to increase them.

In opposition they moved a resolution demanding assistance for fishermen and they all remembered how his colleague, the Honorable Member for Lot. 16 kept the House almost in tears with the woes of the fishermen, many of whom were his constituents, and accusing the Government of not doing enough for them. Well they are now in power and they are assisting the fishermen by taxing him upon his fishing gear and also upon his fish:

His Hon. friend the Hon. George E. Hughes, whom in opposition moved a resolution to give a bonus for shipbuilding. A gentleman in this province built two fine ships and they have given him a "bonus" in the shape of a tax on his shipbuilding plant, on any income he may derive from his enterprise, and on the ships he has built.

In opposition they made all kinds of promises to returned soldiers. They now refuse them all offices except the most worthless ones; they are subjecting them to taxes, dismissing them from positions and filling offices opened for them with civilian political heelers.

These were some of the promises and the manner in which they were kept. There were many more which he would not take up time in discussing at present.

In his long apology for what he had or had not done the Premier made a loud complaint about the increased cost of labor and material. He tried to make it appear that all these increases had occurred since they came into office. As a matter of fact these increases had occurred long before the Liberals came into power. The former government had met these increases and they had proposed a small sur tax to offset trem. This small surtax the Liberals oposed tooth and nail declaring the revenue was sufficiently large to meet all expenditues. Now instead of the paltry surtax which we proposed and which they then opposed they are going to tax the province $300,000 to $400,000.

Now, continued Mr. Arsenault, we know the promises they made, we know their attitude before the election and their attitude since. Is it any wonder the Premier was unhappy when going over the ground; is it any wonder the Government members sat in dazed silence as he recalled what they once claimed to believe and what they wanted to believe now-?.

As the hour was late, he moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at 11.30 till 10 a. m. tomorrow.

40,000 BRITISH TROOPS NOW IN IRELAND

General McCready's Iron Hand Beginning to be Felt. Troops Scattered Over the Island and Strongest Measures Adopted.

(Dom. Press Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—General Sir Nevil MacCready's iron hand as military commander of Ireland is beginning to be felt. More than 10,000 troops have been added recently to the forces of occupation, it was learned yesterday, making a total of 40,000 British troops on the island. Unlimited reinforcements are available, only awaiting General MacCready's request. After months of observation in Ireland General MacCready returned to London to make a report of his recommendations for settlement of the Irish tangle. He returned with only one instruction to restore order in Ireland.

Crisis Developing.

LONDON, May 18.—Crisis in northwest and south of Ireland apparently was developing rapidly today with all indications that General MacCready had begun his long expected campaign to restore order in the island. Thousands of fresh troops were being distributed in the west and south, dispatches said. Simultaneously the government was reported ready to adopt drastic measures in Londonderry which the newspapers described as a city of dreadful night. A large body of troops arrived in Londonderry last night, following three nights of rioting between Unionists and Sinn Feinners. Cordons of soldiers were thrown about the city areas; salons were closed at 4 p. m.; citizens were urged to remain off the streets at night.

Bolsheviki Must Give Guarantees

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, May 18.—Before the Allies will resume trade relations with the Russians the Bolsheviki must agree to the strictest terms which will be insisted upon by the British representatives on the supreme economic council to deal with the Russian co-operative societies. It is declared that in the Baku region the Bolsheviki are detaining British subjects and forcing them to work. The British representatives, it is said, will insist on definite information as to two British officers last heard of in South Russia. Anxiety about Near East affairs is not disguised by the British and they will demand cessation of Bolsheviki activities of all kinds in these regions.

Tokio Government Is Sustained

(Special to The Guardian.)

TOKIO, May 18.—Returns from the elections for Parliament show that the government party won 265 seats; the opposition 119 seats; the Nationalists 29 and the independents 39. Twelve seats have not yet been decided. The government will have a substantial majority in the house.

220 Settlers Arrive in Canada

(Special to The Guardian.)

HALIFAX, N. S., May 18.—A party of settlers arrived on the Caronia Saturday bound for Toronto.

Favorite Bull Fighter Killed in Madrid

(Special to The Guardian.)

MADRID, May 18.—King Alfonzo is mourning because his favorite Toreador, Gallito was killed by a bull last night at the Place de Talavera while attempting to save a fellow toreador. The newspapers issued a special edition to tell of the event and the bull fight that was scheduled for today in connection with King Alfonso's birthday fete was abandoned, Gallito was 23 years old and had amassed a fortune af about eight million dollars in the ring. He had killed 1430 bulls in the arena and taken part in 674 vorribas.

Britain Demands Trial of Germans

(Dom. Press Special.)

LONDON, May 18.—The Allies have sent a new list of war criminals to Germany with a request that they be called to trial at Leipzig as soon as possible. Bonar Law stated in the Commons yesterday as it will be necessary to send witnesses from Allied countries to appear against the accused, Germany has been asked to guarantee their safety and also guarantee that they will be permitted to be in the courtroom during trial.

Summerside Fox Men Interview Government

A delegation of Summerside foxmen consisting of Messrs. Hillard Muttart, W. K. McGougan. E. H. Raynor, J. Carruthers, P. G. Clark, and Melville Bradshaw, came to the city yesterday, to again interview the government on the fox taxation proposition.

This time the delegates were treated with ostentatious courtesy intended to wipe out any ill feeling that may have remained over from the last encounter.

The delegates were listened to most respectfully, and without any cross examination and were invited to formulate a definite proposition which, they were promised, would be given the most earnest consideration. It was arranged that the government would receive their proposition immediately after the adjournment of the House last night.

Details of the proposition and the government's reply were received too late for publication in this issue.

Nitti Cabinet Is Reorganized

(Special to The Guardian.)

ROME, May 18.—Signor Nitti, whose cabinet resigned last week has accepted an invitation by King Victor Emmanuel to form a new ministry. The invitation was extended today after the King had conferred with former Premiers Titoni and Orlando.

Noozie The Sunshine Kid.

THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON ETC.

TORONTO, May 18th.—Fair and moderately warm today.

The tide will be high this morning at 10.49 and tomorrow at 11.38; it will be high tonight at 12 and tomorrow at 12.17.

The sun sets this evening at 7.30 and tomorrow at 7.31; it rises tomorrow morning at 4.22 and Friday at 4.20.

UNITED STATES CAPITALIST TAXED OUT OF ENGLAND

Because obliged to pay Tax on Average Income for Three Years Instead of one Year, President of Singer Sewing Machine Co., Leaves England.

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, May 18.—Mortimer Singer, the United States capitalist, is abandoning residence in Ireland as a result of the decision of the Lord's of Appeal today, confirming the judgment of the lower court which ordered him to pay tax on the average of his income for three years previous to his assessment, instead of only the actual income during the assessment year. Singer is thus forced to pay on an income of $383,435 instead of $235,400, all derived from dividends of the Singer Mfg., Co., of New Jersey. The decision is a hard blow to all Americans residing in London and who draw incomes from the United States, because the assessment schedule aims particularly at exceptionally high war dividends. Other Americans are expected to follow Singer's example and transfer their domicile to France where the direct taxation is comparatively insignificant.

UNITED STATES WATCHING BRITAIN'S OIL POLICY

(Special to The Guardian.)

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Exclusion of all aliens from control of oil resources within the Empire, government aid in developing new supplies in other countries, and restrictions against disposal of oil stock now held by British Nationals, are the outstanding features of Great Britain's petroleum policy, the Senate was informed today by President Wilson.

The information, given in the form of a special report from the State Department, was in answer to a Senate resolution asking what disabilities attached to American participation in the petroleum resources of the world. The government policy of Great Britain, the report added, also contemplated financial and technical aid to pioneer companies citing a large number of general and special arrangements which appeared to be developing by a process of deterring foreigners from owning or operating oil property in the British Isles, Colonies or Protectorates; by direct participation of the government in financing the larger exploiting companies of which the Anglo Persian having a monopoly of the industry in Persia was named; also by governmental orders in council preventing British oil companies or individuals from selling their property to foreigners.

Free Tolls in Panama For U. S. Ships

(Special to The Guardian.)

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The fight for free tolls for United States ships through the Panama Canal will be renewed in Congress. Back of the Borrah amendment which specifically provides for the free tolls for United States ships, has been mobilized practically all the Senate leaders.

France Rapidly Restoring Order

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, May 18.—Of four hundred thousand acres of land devastated by warfare, the French have reclaimed and are growing crops on nearly 200,000 acres. By the end of the year it is thought that less than 70,000 acres will remain uncultivated. Trench excavations, dugouts and shell holes have been filled in and 11,000,000 square yards of barbed wire entanglements have been removed. About a quarter of the work needed to restore smashed towns and villages to habitable shape has been done.

Argentine Does Some Gambling

(Special to The Guardian.)

BUENOS AYERS, May 18.—The people of Argentina like to take a chance on a betting proposition. This is shown by the fact that last year they bet altogether $176,000,000 on horse races, lottery tickets, roulette resorts or other means of gambling, says La Razon. Argentina's population is about $80,000,000 so that the average gambling by each person was $22 a year. L'Arazon gives these figures in urging that all gambling should be under government supervision and that the proceeds should be used for public benefit.

Canadian Delegates To Genoa Convention

(Special to The Guardian.)

OTTAWA, May 18.—The three Canadian delegates to the International Labor Conference which opens at Genoa on June 15 will sail from New York on the steamer Cretic on May 27th. As has already been announced G. J. Desbarats, Deputy Minister of naval Affairs, will represent the government; Thomas Robb, manager of the shipping interests and J. G. Gauthier, chief representative of the International Seamens Union and President of the masters, mates and Pilots of Montreal will represent the employees. Sir Geo. Perley will also represent the Dominion Government at the conference.

Price of Sugar Gets Another Boost

NEW YORK, May 18.—The American Sugar Refining Co., advanced the price of sugar today one cent a pound to a 20½ cent basis for bulk granulated. The boost was the first development following the announcement by Attorney General Palmer that the Department of Justice would allow wholesalers not more than one or retailers more than two cents profit on a pound of sugar.

Our Representative At Washington

OTTAWA, May 18.—Protesting that there was no occasion for the hasty apopintment of a pernament representative at Washington, public opinion has not been sounded on the question. There is no emergency, no crisis that parliament should have been consulted before definite action taken, Hon. W. S. Fielding tonight took the Government to task for its arrangements to appoint a Canadian minister-plenipotentiary at Washington.

Sir Robert Borden said there was nothing alarming in the prospect before the House. There was no reason why Canada should not have a representative at Washington. When Finance Minister in 1911, Mr. Fielding had gone to Washington and concluded what was practically a treaty. There had been no outcry by Liberal members. They now appeared apprehensive of what might happen should the Canadian representative be called upon to act in the absence of the British Ambassador. He could tell the House that the Canadian representative would be responsible just to the extent the ambassador would have been.

Bolsheviki Rise Against Poland

COBLENZ, May 18.—Authentic information received by the American command from Warsaw, shows the Poles Concentrating on the front south of Kiev in Podolia and pointing in the direction of Odessa. Leon Trotzky, Russian Bolshevik War Minister, called upon all Russia to rise against Poland.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

*FOR SALE — SOW WITH NINE young pigs, one week old; also one cow. Apply 44 Edward St. s940.

*LOST BLACK SILK SCARF BEtween P. W. College and Queen Street. Finder kindly leave at Guardian Office. 1i

*JNO. ALFRED MCDONALD, Land suveryer, Hermanville, (Souris).

8824-5-12-71

*GIRL WANTED —FOR HOUSEwork. Apply 174 Kent St. May 11 tf

*WANTED A MAID FOR GENERal housework. Must be able to do plain cooking. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. Bruce Stewart, 14 Water Street. mtf

*WANTED ROOM AND BOARD by gentleman, near Longworth Avenue. 3i

TO RENT—HOUSE, OUTBUILDings and five acres of land. Apply to Mrs. Grimes, 55 Dorchester St. 8763-5-19-2.

*WANTED.—A MAID FOR GENeral housework. No washing. Apply Mrs. J. J. Johnston 140 Rochford St.

8956-5-19-2i

*TO RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms in suburban part of city. Apply Guardian. May1921.

*AUCTION— PROPERTY FOR Miss Currie. Desirable residence corner Pownal and Grafton Streets, will be sold by public auction, Thursday, May 20th, at 12 o'clock noon. R. Beairsto, Auctioneer. May1911

WANTED IMMEDIATELY PLASTerer. Please write or phone John Carr, Kensington.

ANNOUNCEMENT

**CAPE TRAVERSE HALL.— —Dialogue,—Anne of Avonlea,— Choruses, drills, pie social, Friday, May 21, 8.30 p. m. Admission 25 and 15, ladies with baskets free.

8958-5-19-2i