

While We Live
WE GROW.

THE MORNING GUARDIAN.

ALL the News
ALL the Time.

ESTABLISHED 1891.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1901.

PRICE TWO CENTS

YESTERDAY'S LEGISLATURE

The Cigarette Bill Discussed and Exception Taken To Introduction.

THE DEBATE ON THE DRAFT ADDRESS ENDED

The \$200,000 Taken From The Capital Account at Ottawa Discussed Length. A New Jail, Reformatory and Grant for the Monument Touched Upon—House Meets 10 A. M. Today.

MONDAY, March, 25.
House met at 4 p. m.
Mr. Wear asked the Leader of the Government:
Has any report, recommendation or opinion official or otherwise, been received from or been given by the Minister of Justice as to the power of the Legislature to enact the Prohibition Act, 1900, or as to the constitutionality of the same; and if so, what is the purport of such report, recommendation or opinion?
The Premier said that he in company with Hon. E. Rogers had called upon the Minister of Justice at his hotel and the matter was talked over and they received the assurance of Mr. Mills that the measure would stand law. Since returning home he had learned that the Minister of Justice had stated that the interview was not official; as far as he was concerned the Premier said he thought it was official. No doubt the Minister had good reasons for his statement. At the time of the interview the delegation was given to understand that the bill was all right.
The bill respecting the use of tobacco

by minors was read a second time and referred to a committee of the whole House with Dr. Douglas in the chair.
Mr. Wear stated the object of the bill and said the petition which accompanied it is very largely signed including the professors of the different colleges. There is no difference of opinion as to the detrimental use of tobacco especially upon the mental faculties and the nervous system. The habit of smoking cigarettes and tobacco among the young is certainly on the increase in the city. He thought it necessary to have the law upon the statute book; the matter of enforcement coming up later on.
Premier Farquharson thought that the fine of \$10 to \$50 too large.
Hon. D. Gordon contended the law was very well for the city. He thought the passing of a law of the kind could not be enforced as is the case with the Scott Act. The Act prohibiting will tend to make boys use tobacco more than ever. Train the young people to be well behaved but to endeavor to make them avoid tobacco by act of parliament he deemed was labor lost. In the country he had not noticed many users of cigarettes among the young in King's Co., but if it was of an advantage to the city he would vote for it.
Hon. B. Rogers thought that just now the clause under consideration was before the House. It must be manifest to the Hon. Mr. Gordon that the need of the law is when there are people to be restrained. As far as the number using tobacco in the country is smaller a great deal of inspiration to those resident in the city. It has been conclusively proved that the use of tobacco is injurious to the young and the habit is on the increase.
Mr. A. J. McDonald thought that the whole thing was a farce and an injury to trade. Especially was this true when orders are sent in for groceries by the children of the family.
Attorney-General Peters said that it will be another curfew law. He had smoked when he was 16 or 17. However, the passing of the law would not do any harm.
Mr. G. W. Simpson thought that a large amount of discretion should be given to the magistrates but he should be allowed to make fine as high as \$25. He contended that the act was as much needed in the country as in the City. If Mr. Peters had not smoked at 16 and 17 he might have been in the House of Commons by this time.
Mr. H. J. Palmer considered the principle of the Bill was good. The restraining of the young in the use of cigarettes will certainly be a good thing. If the fine is too heavy a sympathy will be created but with a moderate fine the principles of the bill will be good. He did not consider the law a harsh one and when worked it will have a good effect. Tobacco should

betreated as any other narcotic. There is no doubt that cigarettes and tobacco used by children are very injurious. He felt like supporting the bill.
Captain Joseph Read said that there are certain things that are so deadly, that such laws should pass. There is plenty of room for moral suasion later on. The cigarette is the most deadly thing for the young, simply because the cigarettes are made of the old cigar stubs. He related his experience while investigating the manufacture of cigarettes while in New York. He contended the amount of nicotine in the stub was particularly disastrous to the health because the mouth drew the nicotine to the stub. While the use of cigarettes is not prevalent in this Province there is no doubt the practice is on the increase.
Mr. J. A. Matheson said in looking over the bill he found that it did not have the machinery to put the act in force. As far as the purpose of the bill is concerned it will doubtless interfere with the tobacco trade. He thought that before the procedure of the bill is carried out the merchants should be notified. He was afraid the act will hardly reach the end for which it is designed. Respectable merchants will comply and the trade will be left in the hands of disreputable people where the boys will congregate. In the first place if the teaching of the schools and parents is not sufficient it will be broken.
Mr. Geo. E. Hughes thought that the fine should be left to the discretion of the magistrate. As one in the drug business he realized the importance of the bill for minors among whom the habit is on the increase. The profit in tobacco is very small and a fine of \$10 would almost make him go out of the business altogether. He thought that those making sales contra to the act should receive a notice.
Mr. Wear said that the passing of the bill should be a sufficient notice to the merchants who sell the tobacco.
Mr. Peters contended that the bill could only be introduced by a member of the Government.
After considerable discussion as to the contention of Mr. Peters, progress was reported and leave asked to sit again.
Mr. John McLean then continued the debate on the draft address. He congratulated Mr. Speaker upon his elevation and trusted that he would rule impartially. The first clause in the Speech deals with the general prosperity of the country. In pork raising and cheese business the markets were remarkable but a continuance cannot be expected. He hoped that the prosperity would be general and that then the Premier in accord with the Premier of the other Provinces of Canada will report a substantial surplus. In dealing with the death of the Queen he said that all her subjects felt it as a great shock. He was quite satisfied that when the proper time arrived an expression of loyalty will be forwarded to His Majesty Edward VII. In reviewing the days of recess he was pleased to have seen tributes paid the late Cyrus Shaw. The hon. member said, he had the respect of all and his political foes loved him as much as his political friends. The poorest man that travelled the roads was as welcome at the home of Cyrus Shaw as the rich. He was not as well pleased with the remarks that fell from the lips of the members of the Government in regard to the political deaths of a number who sat on the Opposition side last session. He referred at length to the magnificent part taken by the Island soldiers in South Africa. He regretted the death of two of the bravest, and hoped a monument would shortly be erected to their memory. He considered the practical assistance in agriculture was of paramount importance. He reviewed the history of the cheese market and the prominent part taken by Prof. Robertson. If the provisions of the bill that will be introduced are good in the opinions of the members of the House who are farmers, he would be pleased to assist. He wanted to know why the reference to an arbitration was omitted from the mention of subsidy. According

to the impression made by the Attorney General he thought the Government must be hard up. Had the Government struck a snag and is their credit no longer good? If the Government gets a subsidy he would for one be pleased and would only criticize when omissions are made. He characterized the importations of the road machines as a curse, not because the machines are not adapted, it is because it has made a source of revenue for the man who drives the machine.
EVENING SESSION.
House met at 8 15.
Mr. McLean continuing the debate on the draft address regretted the tardiness of the Government in not issuing the public accounts and as a consequence he contended the debate on the draft address was not being conducted in an intelligent manner. He then reviewed and condemned the action of the Government in relation to Mr. Wise's resignation. He contended that in regard to the \$200,000 drawn from capital account at Ottawa it was consented to by the Upper House which was Liberal. He reviewed the Premier's manifesto and characterized it as ingenious. Instead of a surplus there is a deficit of over \$36. He was surprised that any Conservatives were returned at all if the manifesto of Premier Farquharson was to be believed. He was here, not only to criticize the Government but to support any measure for the benefit of the country.
Dr. Douglas took Mr. A. J. McDonald to task for stating that liquor was used in the election of the 2nd District on the 2nd day of July last. The voice of the district was Liberal and the same voice spoke on the 2nd of December in the same tone. He reviewed at length the prosperous state of the country and the markets. He was pleased to note the advancement made in agriculture and would like to see a manacquired with agriculture installed in the Prince of Wales College. He thought that the conducting of an experimental station in connection with the Stock Farm was an excellent idea. In regard to the improvement of the road act he did not agree with the Opposition in saying that the road machines were a curse. Dr. Douglas's speech was listened to with a great deal of interest.
Hon. B. Rogers thought that in almost everything but Legislation we are advancing. He contended that more of the time wasted should be taken up with practical work. He dealt at length with the advance of civilization during Queen Victoria's reign, paying a tribute to her worth. He repudiated the statements made by the Leader of the Opposition in regard to himself and yet when the Bill was introduced to establish the portfolio the Leader of the Opposition was thoroughly in accord with its provisions. It is not the business of the Commissioner of Agriculture to go around the country but to attend to the business in connection with organization. Years ago when there was not a sufficient supply of flour it was imported. In these days fishing and shipbuilding were going on, but since that time the industries before mentioned have almost ceased to exist, and agriculture is the principal stand-by. He hoped to have the help of all. A little criticism had already been made upon the two bulls recently purchased. Before buying the animals he had received the advice of Mr. Elderkin, the President of the Maritime Stock Breeders' Association and Mr. Hodgson, Live Stock Commissioner. The price paid was subject to some discount. The invoices would be placed before the House later on and he hoped that the result would be satisfactory to all. He was aware that just around the City of Charlottetown there are some very fine cattle, yet there is stock throughout the country whose character is at a very low ebb indeed. He did not agree with Mr. McLean in the statement that the road machines were useless. Of late years all roads have been greatly improved. In regard to the subsidy the Government have not relinquished and we shall yet receive a fair share for our claims. At the time of Confederation a

BUSINESS

ADVANCE

Messrs. A. Duchemin & Co., Add to Plant

2 VALUABLE MACHINES

A Look Through Their Factory—Increase all Along the Line.

It is by no means an exaggeration to say that throughout the Province there is no business house or individual name more widely known than that of A. Duchemin & Co., the proprietors of the well known door and sash factory on the corner of Great George and Water Streets. It is not our intention to do the establishment full justice, in an article of necessarily restricted scope such as this has to be, and the writer must confine himself to a bare outline. In the first place a brief description of the industry will be of interest to the reader. In conversation with the proprietors, Messrs. A. and E. Duchemin the writer learned that all kinds of wood-work used in house building is prepared for the contractor, which includes doors, and sashes, plain and V jointed sheathing, spouting, sashes, doors, with a specialty of stair work and newel posts. Besides the construction of mantels to order the firm continue the manufacture of ships blocks, steering wheels, pumps, and are the sole manufacturers of lignum vitae dory rollers. Fishermen who have used the latter are loud in their praise of them and the wonderful saving of rope from their use.
In passing through the different flats everything indicates a thriving business. Upon enquiry the writer was told that last year's output was the largest in the history of the factory. As an evidence of the placing of two new machines within the past week prove beyond the shadow of a doubt that 1901 will eclipse all in the history of the firm. The way work is turned out by the different machines is simply wonderful. The first machine shown, and one of the new ones recently placed, was one specially constructed for the manufacture of hard wood flooring as, owing to the enormously increased demand last year, it was useless to continue the manufacture of flooring as in days gone by. A glance at the finished work in another part of the factory evidences the fact that the work of the new machine will be a great improvement over the old. The other, a dove-tail machine was tested while the writer visited the factory. A machine-made dove tail on a window sash is something new and improved. There is no doubt in the world that the sash constructed under the new conditions will be a great improvement over the old-style sash and must in time be universally adopted.
The engine room was afterwards visited and the 25 horse power engine with automatic cut-off was working running, the different machines throughout the factory with perfect ease. Great care has been taken to have the engine and boiler room safe in case of fire. The waste steam from the engine is used for the kiln and the heating of the different departments. The third flat is the fitting or construction room. The polishing machinery is also operated in conjunction with this department, special machinery being used for the purpose. The fourth floor is used for the storing of stock and in it is to be found everything from the Island spruce to the rarest of imported woods.

WILDLY

CHEERING

Thousands Greet the Duke and Duchess

OF CORNW'L IN MALTA

Met by a Torpedo Flotilla—Lord Salisbury is Slightly Ill.

MALTA WELCOMES THE DUCAL PARTY.
MALTA, March 25.—(Special).—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall arrived here this morning and were given a most enthusiastic reception.
WILDLY CHEERED BY THOUSANDS.
The Ophir was met eighteen miles out by a flotilla of ten torpedo boat destroyers and entered the harbour amid salutes of artillery.
The procession to the Palace was through a wildly cheering multitude.
SALISBURY'S COULD BE BETTER.
LONDON, March 25.—(Special).—Lord Salisbury has a slight cold but was somewhat better to-day.

CITY AND COUNTRY

THE GUARDIAN is indebted to Mr. W. A. Huestis of Messrs. P. Perkins & Co., State London papers.

Mr. Wm. Thurrott, of St. John, came to the City by the western train yesterday afternoon and goes west again this afternoon.

Mr. J. Gordon Baker, of Summerside left by the mail special on a business trip to the American and Canadian cities last evening.

At the police court yesterday the case of the lad McCarthy charged with stealing a sum of money from the office of M. P. Hogan was further postponed until next Monday.

Great Victory.

BARNABY RIVER, N. B. MAR.—Few cases of illness and recovery have excited the interest in this community, as has the kidney trouble of Mr. Cornelius Croftie. Mr. Croftie's treatment by the doctors at home and in the hospital, and the fact that they absolutely gave him up as a case beyond all hope, is well known. His subsequent restoration by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills reads like a miracle. "For five years I have suffered off and on with kidney trouble. Last fall I had an attack, for which the doctors had little hope of my recovery. I was obliged to go to the hospital for treatment, but I did me no good, so I came home given up by the doctors. A friend suggested Dodd's Kidney Pills. From the first box I improved. Now I am at my work every day."

WALL PAPER



Our NEW DESIGNS are now ready.

Our line this year represents the largest and handsomest assortment of WALL PAPERS ever shown in P. E. I.
If you have only one room to decorate see our NEW PATTERNS before you select the paper.
We are SOLE AGENTS for the LARGEST WALL PAPER FACTORY IN CANADA and the UNITED STATES. Sample Books are now ready. Send or telephone for one.

Geo Garler & Co.

Wall Paper Importers.

ONE NEVER TIRES Using Delicious MALT BREAKFAST FOOD.

From experiment we know that many people become nauseated with a continuance of ordinary oatmeal, cracked wheat, hominy and other grain foods, and have a desire to switch on something new occasionally.
Among the ten millions of members comprising the Ralston Health Club who (upon the advice of their President) use Malt Breakfast Food, or amongst the millions outside the ranks of the Ralston Health Club who use Malt Breakfast Food every morning we have not yet heard of a single individual who has tired of the Food or who would willingly give up its use.
The delicious flavor, the appetizing qualities, the sustaining nutriment, the energizing effects of Malt Breakfast Food have made it so popular to those who use it, that it must always be reckoned as an indispensable friend of the breakfast table. Perfectly toned stomachs, correct digestion and daily progress in good health are assured when Malt Breakfast Food is used. Grocers everywhere.

THE INVICTUS SHOE

Manufactured by

Geo. A. Slater is the Ideal Shoe for men.

Our McGill last, broad toe, leather lined, and with heavy sole is made especially for comfort.

The English last, medium toe, is the most stylish shoe in the city.

All lasts are made in different widths D. E. F in Donorols, Box Calf, Valow Calf, Russia Calf in Tan or Black.

Price \$3 50, 4.00, 5.00 stamped on every pair.

Sold by

GOFF BROS.

Sole agents

PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN AND WART EXTRACTOR.

Is the only remedy that positively cures corns and warts without pain in twenty-four hours. Ask your druggist or if he has sold it for a long time. Club any druggist who offers you a substitute for Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. He knows it is the best; you will too if you try it.

NEW SPRING ARRIVAL

of Rubber Balls.
All sizes.
All prices.
Grey, Red and Fancy, all good bouncers.

HASZARD & MOORE

Sunnyside.



A Lady of Quality

knows real value and genuine merit and will use SURPRISE Soap for this reason.
QUALITY is the essential element in the make up of SURPRISE Soap.
QUALITY is the secret of the great success of SURPRISE Soap.
QUALITY means pure hand soap with remarkable and peculiar qualities for washing clothes.

Canadian Stock Quotations

(Furnished by McCuaig, Rykert & Co. Montreal.)

Closing prices	March 25th.
Canada Pacific	94 1/2
Montreal St. Ry.	73
Toronto St. Ry.	107 1/2
St. John St. Ry.	117 1/2
Halifax St. Ry.	Ex Div 89
Twin City St. Ry.	74 1/2
Montreal Gas	35 1/2
Royal Electric	293
minion Coal Co.	39
Republie Mining	30
Pague do	40
North Star do	86
Dom'ion Iron and	3 1/2
" Pref.	90 1/2

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Closing prices	March 25
American Sugar	18 1/2
American Steel and Wire	42 1/2
American Tobacco	127 1/2
Brooklyn Transit	81 1/2
Burlington	163 1/2
Federal Steel	49 1/2
Federal Steel Pr'd	100 1/2
Louis and Nashville	93 1/2
New York Central	143 1/2
Rock Island	127 1/2
St. Paul	143 1/2
Tennessee Coal and Iron	33 1/2
Union Pac Fr'd	14 1/2

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 25.—(Special).—The following are the closing rates:
May, Wheat, 75 1/2; Corn, 42; Pork, \$15.70.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.
Safeguards the food against alum.
A good baking powder is the greatest access to health of the present day.