

Farmers to Call Convention In Queen's County

As Result of Preliminary Meeting at Vernon River Decided to Hold Convention in Charlottetown

At a small meeting of United Farmers, held Wednesday night at Vernon River, it was decided by a vote of eight to one to request the organizers of the party to call a convention in Charlottetown in the near future to consider the advisability of contesting Queen's County in the coming federal election. Mr. Jas. Carmichael moved the motion, seconded by Mr. D. J. Carmichael. It was opposed by Mr. Mr. John O'Keefe who maintained that the political campaign is now too far advanced to warrant the farmers contesting the county with any success. Insufficient organization would mean certain defeat. Mr. William McMillan presided at the meeting, which was attended by some fourteen farmers' representatives of Vernon River, Avondale and Clancy Valley parishes.

Mr. John O'Keefe in the absence of the secretary read the minutes of a United Farmers' organization meeting held at Vernon River in September, 1920, at which an address was delivered by Mr. R. J. McMillan of Seaford, Ontario. At this meeting organization had been decided upon but practically nothing had been done since.

Mr. Walter Jones was called upon to give a brief address. He said that Queen's county was not sufficiently organized to attempt successful political action and he and Mr. W. J. Crosby had inserted a notice in the press to the effect that no such action would be taken in the forthcoming election. The poor meeting that night was what might be expected in a corner of Queen's county, he believed. According to the election Act the United Farmers of P. E. Island are not a political party anyway. To go into politics they should ally themselves with the National Progressive Party. Some people evidently believe Queen's County farmers could contest the election and considerable pressure had been brought to bear upon the organizers to call a meeting for the purpose of deciding whether such a step would be advisable. Mr. Jones spoke optimistically of the United Farmers' chances politically elsewhere throughout Canada. He outlined the history of the New National Policy which originated with the Canadian Council of Agriculture in 1909, and maintained that this policy was framed to benefit all classes and that with it the best government that province ever had. The Liberal and Conservative parties he believed were talking nonsense in regard to the tariff. Premier Meighen wanted higher protection and adequate revenue and Mr. King wants adequate revenue and higher protection. Mr. King was but a puppet, and the real Liberal leader by big interest in turn controlled ever side gets in the country will have higher protection, he maintained. The farmers' policy would be to increase the income taxes and let up on the tariff.

Some discussion followed as to whether it would be advisable to have Mr. P. S. Brown as a running mate for a farmer candidate, if such a candidate was nominated. Doubts were expressed as to whether Mr. Brown was a genuine Labor candidate or not. The belief was expressed that the officers of the Labor Union in Charlottetown knew nothing of the meeting at which he received his nomination. It was said that the announcement of it in the press, Mr. Jones said the labor organizers in New Brunswick refused to endorse a Labor man who did not work, and he had never heard that Mr. Brown ever worked.

Mr. M. J. Kelly: "He's working pretty hard now."

Mr. O'Keefe expressed the opinion that Mr. Brown appeared bound to go into the field in any party. It didn't matter whether he was Mr. John Gill who suggested calling a convention in Charlottetown as quickly as possible. Mr. W. J. Crosby and others joined in the discussion which resulted in the passing of the resolution above referred to. Votes of thanks were extended to Messrs. Jones, Crosby and Mr. O'Keefe for his trouble in getting ready the hall to the Guardian and Examiner for sending where throughout Canada. He

New Trade Com'r Arrives in Canada

(Special to The Guardian) MONTRÉAL, Que., Oct. 27.—G. T. Milne who will replace Captain Evan J. Edwards as His Majesty's Senior Trade Commissioner for Canada, Newfoundland, and the West Indies arrived in Montreal today from England and will assume his duties on Monday next.

Cargo German Goods Arrive in Montreal

(Special to The Guardian) MONTRÉAL, Oct. 27.—What is stated to be the first cargo of German merchandise of any considerable size to reach Canada since the commencement of the war has arrived here on the freighters Westkober. It consists of toys for the Christmas trade together with a quantity of German clocks, watches, and glassware. The cargo was loaded at Antwerp and Rotterdam.

French Cabinet Approves Briand's Appointment

PARIS, Oct. 27.—Premier Briand goes to the Washington Conference with the approval of three fifths of the French parliament. The Chamber gave the Premier his mandate tonight by a majority of 195 thus defeating the eleventh hour attempts of extremists to wreck the pacific conference. The vote was 381 to 188.

After balloting all day in the face of a tremendous opposition led by Andre Tardieu, senator J. Briand gave the flat ultimatum I must have two hundred majority or I will resign.

Faithful Collie Saves Master from Bandit And is Killed

(Special to The Guardian) WINDSOR, Ont., Oct. 27.—Breaking his leash a collie dog owned by Abraham Nolan, Mercier street and Tecumish road, rushed to the assistance of his master when a bandit attacked him in the yard tonight. Biting and worrying the intruder the collie soon forced him to abandon his attack. Informed by his failure to overpower Nolan the would-be robber fired one shot at the faithful dog killing it instantly. He then escaped in an auto.

Mr. King was born in 1874, and so was forty-three years old when the brutal war broke out, and yet he went right over without being conscripted to where they play ball with high explosives. By a curious coincidence, Sir Richard Turner was also born in 1871. Still he was in the mess over there from start to finish. We merely mention these two Quebecers because it is astonishing that they should live so close to that terrible dangerous wharf over at Levis where they were actually unloaded high explosive shells, and yet never know it. It must be because they had become inured to them during the war.

But, of course, the intrepid leader of the Liberal party had never enjoyed this hardening experience. He simply used to high explosives, and to their stinking on them by the carload in the midst of a morning stroll would naturally send him up in the air. Consequently we desire to enter a protest against judging his subsequent action in the matter too severely. He was shell-shocked—that is all. Some men had to go away to France to get shell shock. Some men can only achieve it here. Some men can only achieve it here. Some men can only achieve it here.

Japanese Decide To Evacuate Siberia

TOKIO, Oct. 27.—The intention of the Japanese Government to evacuate Siberia turning over the responsibility for peace to the Merkoloff Government at Vladivostok at an early date is announced by the war office. Japan will not only leave the protection of her subjects in the hands of the Vladivostok government but will turn over the equipment in the possession of the Japanese troops including a large amount of artillery machine guns, military motor cars and bullion.

Bank Bandits Were Arrested

MONTRÉAL, Oct. 27.—Charged with attempted murder in connection with the frustrated hold-up in the Canadian Bank of Commerce branch at the corner of Park and Arthur streets yesterday afternoon two men were arrested tonight after a fusillade of shots and a chase on Drummond street just above St. Catherine street. One was caught opposite the Y. M. C. A. building on Drummond street and the other in the same vicinity.

Biggest Mail Robbery Known

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—A White muslin laundry bag used to muffle the head driver today became the clue upon which the postal authorities hope to track down the perpetrators of Monday night's mail truck robbery, now believed to have been the richest haul in the history of mail thefts. The postal authorities said the fact of the bag used by the robbers has not been explained by Frank Havanrick driver of the truck until today. In the absence of complete figures being compiled by the forces nearly fifty postal clerks expressed the belief that the loss will be \$1,000,000.

A Notable Event in Canadian Life Insurance

Sun Life Passes 500,000,000 Insurance in Force

The Sun Life of Canada has now on its books over five hundred million dollars of insurance in force. This large total means, of course, that the Sun Life is to be reckoned among the great life insurance institutions of the world and its passing of the half-billion-dollar mark is a notable event in Canadian life insurance history. Competing with other great and powerful life companies in various parts of the world, the Sun Life has during recent years been placing very large and increasing yearly amounts of new business on its books. The record of its growth in business in force in ten-year periods shows a phenomenal rate of development which has marked the last twenty years. Founded in 1865, the business in force in 1872 was \$1,064,350. The record thereafter reads as follows:

End of 1880	456,641,235 in force.
End of 1890	143,549,276 in force.
End of 1900	57,980,634 in force.
End of 1910	16,769,365 in force.
End of 1920	\$3,897,139 in force.

And the end of 1921 will show a total business well in excess of \$500,000,000. It must be a matter of interest to all Canadians that the Dominion, with its meagre population of roughly nine millions, has developed a life insurance company

Twelve Miles Grain Cars Enroute to Montreal

Nearly 3,000,000 Bushels Grain Shipped from Winnipeg in Twenty-four Hours.

(Special to The Guardian) MONTRÉAL, Oct. 27.—Freight cars stretching approximately over twelve miles and all containing grain are heading for Montreal over the Canadian Pacific Railway according to advices to brokers from Winnipeg this morning. This amount of grain comprises between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 bushels and is contained in forty-one trains and 1,579 freight cars and was moved east out of Winnipeg in twenty-four hours which is a record.

Canadian Imports Fall \$442,000,000 in Year

Imports from U. S. Were \$643,625,678 and Exports to U. S. \$428,593,374.

(Special to The Guardian) TORONTO, Oct. 27.—Imports to Canada for the year ending September 30 fell off by approximately \$442,000,000 compared with the previous twelve months, according to trade department statistics. Today, imports from the United States for the past year totalled \$643,625,678 and exports \$428,593,374.

KING IS SHELL-SHOCKED

This is How the Montreal Star Treats Mr. MacKenzie King's Latest Blazing Indiscretion:

The Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King is very nervous in the presence of high explosives. He is not accustomed to them. He was not his privilege to go to the war where they were on the daily bill-of-fare. For the larger part of this period, Mr. King herculean endeavours in investigating industrial relations under the auspices of the American Rockefeller Institute. That is, he was so engaged from 1914 to 1917. The war ran a year longer, but Mr. King came back to contest North York in 1917 on a platform which proposed to send no more young Canadians into the neighbourhood of high explosives unless they themselves insisted upon going. Even then he thought it unfeeling to compel men to venture into close contact with high explosives.

Mr. King was born in 1874, and so was forty years old in 1914. Sir David Watson was born in 1871, and so was forty-three years old when the brutal war broke out, and yet he went right over without being conscripted to where they play ball with high explosives. By a curious coincidence, Sir Richard Turner was also born in 1871. Still he was in the mess over there from start to finish. We merely mention these two Quebecers because it is astonishing that they should live so close to that terrible dangerous wharf over at Levis where they were actually unloaded high explosive shells, and yet never know it. It must be because they had become inured to them during the war.

But, of course, the intrepid leader of the Liberal party had never enjoyed this hardening experience. He simply used to high explosives, and to their stinking on them by the carload in the midst of a morning stroll would naturally send him up in the air. Consequently we desire to enter a protest against judging his subsequent action in the matter too severely. He was shell-shocked—that is all. Some men had to go away to France to get shell shock. Some men can only achieve it here. Some men can only achieve it here.

It probably did not require this incident to show that Mr. King is not of the calibre which a nation like Canada requires in her Prime Minister's seat. A public man must have some sense of responsibility. If Mr. King were Prime Minister now, and there were no election pending, he would probably be our representative at the coming Washington Conference. He would then hold the fate of Canada in his hands at the most critical international Conference—so far as we are concerned—ever convened. Dealing with adroit Japanese and astute American diplomats over questions involving the future of the Pacific and the possibility of peace or war in that arena.

And yet Mr. King, who thus might have our very lives in his keeping, is so little the international statesman and so wholly the shallow, sensation-hungry, cheap finding something to bludge with, recent and hurried purchases. If he is not even a cheaper liar—he never thinks to join in keeping it secret for the sake of the nation he never thinks even to enquire in Ottawa where he wrote his poisonous letter if there were any questions about it he should keep secret, he thinks only of the shoddy political advantage to be gained by an "exposure"—an exposure.

MR. MEIGHEN'S CREED

"More than any other country, Canada needs a protective system. She is a young country mostly undeveloped. She lies alongside a great big country tremendously developed. The United States has every advantage that Canada has and tremendous advantages besides. It surely follows, to the mind of every reasonable man, that to abandon the protective system in Canada would be simply to invite the absorption of Canadian industry in the far vaster industries of the United States. The principles of the protection of Canadian industry have been proclaimed by practically every statesman who has shouldered the responsibility of government in Canada. They are sound and they are right and the vast mass of the people of Canada know that they are sound and right."

—From Premier Meighen's Portage Speech.

Roosevelt's Photo On Gov't Securities

(Special to The Guardian) WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The portrait of former President Theodore Roosevelt, Secretary of the Treasury Mellon announced today will appear for the first time on a Government security on the \$25 denomination of a new issue of Treasury Savings Certificates to be issued within a few weeks.

Unwritten Agreement On Irish Question

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, Oct. 27.—It was disclosed in an official paper presented in Parliament by the Government tonight giving the terms of the Irish truce as already published by both sides that the terms were the subject of an honorable understanding and were not embodied in any formal signed agreement. This understanding says the paper was interpreted in different terms in the communications issued by the two sides but the respective communications are identical in spirit.

Col. J. S. Jenkin's Interviewed by Guardian

Last evening a representative of the Guardian interviewed Col. J. S. Jenkin with reference to the statement alleged by the Patriot to have been made by Mr. J. J. Hughes at a meeting in Cardigan. Col. Jenkin replied that he was dumfounded at what appeared to be a personal attack and being a friend of Mr. Hughes, he did not understand how the latter could possibly put such an interpretation on a conversation which took place in the office of a mutual friend some three years ago. Col. Jenkin states that he did not make the statement attributed to him by the Patriot's report. He states that he had discussed the overseas voting with Mr. Hughes, but never made the fabulous statement attributed to him. The fact that the official figures show that neither Mr. Melesco nor Mr. Hughes received any military votes other than those of Prince Edward Island soldiers, Col. Jenkin declared, showed the ridiculousness of the statement.

Agreement Between Britain and Egypt

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, Oct. 27.—The Cairo correspondent of the London Times learns from trustworthy sources that the negotiations between the Egyptian Premier, Adly, Yeg Hen Pasha and the British Government have been conducted on the following basis:—First in the future British troops to be confined to the Suez Canal. Second—a British controller of the public debt to be appointed. Third—Egypt to have the right of diplomatic representation abroad but in all theatres have commercial agreements, the British Government to have the right to be consulted. Fourth—Alexandria to be a British naval base with an international police force. Fifth—the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan to remain as at present with the enjoyment of equal rights by both countries and the safety of the Egyptian water supply to be guaranteed. The agreement if reached the correspondent adds will be submitted to the National Assembly about the middle of November when Adly Pasha is expected to return to Egypt.

Swedes in Canada For Food Products

(Special to The Guardian) HALIFAX, Oct. 27.—John Bruce and Emmanuel Ohlen both of Stockholm, Sweden, who arrived on the Saxonia are here to establish trade relations between Canada and Sweden particularly to buy food products for Scandinavian homes.

Mr. Bruce had really been anything to expect, might have alarmed and exasperated a foreign Power in a most dangerous fashion.

IMPORTANT MEETING

A most important meeting of all the Committees and all the workers from each poll in the City and Royalty will be held in the Liberal Conservative Committee Rooms on Queen Street Friday night at 8 o'clock sharp. Important business.

J. A. MacDONALD,
Secretary Liberal-Conservative Association.

Registration

Voters, be sure and register every Liberal-Conservative voter, man and woman should register his or her name with the Registrar for the Polling Division in which the voter lives.

Each voter must appear personally before the registrar and get his or her name on the list. In case of sickness or absence from the city a relative or employee of the voter can register the vote of the person sick or absent.

Registration will begin on Monday, Oct. 31 and continue until Saturday, November 5. The registrars will be in their respective places every day from 9 a. m. until 9 p. m. except between 1 and 2 and between 6 and 7. There are 4 registrars for the whole city.

Wards 1, 2 and 3 register with Willford Coyle at 145 Dorchester St. (corner of Dorchester and Prince.)

Ward 4, with Ernest Manning Bagnall at the G.W.V.A. home, Grafton Street.

Ward 5 East and Ward 5 East Central with William E. Dougan at the Arena Ring, Fitzroy Street.

Ward 5 West Central and Ward 5 West with Wendall Worth at the Bourke-Windsor Garage, 256 Queen Street.

Any person in the city whose name is not on the list can not

Sir George and Lady Foster Arrive in Summerside

Crowded Meeting Last Night Addressed by Government Candidate Mr. James A. McNeill and Sir George. Both Being Enthusiastically Received

Sir George E. Foster and Lady Foster arrived at Borden at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and were met by Senator Murphy, Mr. J. E. Wyatt and Mr. W. J. Lidstone representing Prince County Liberal Conservative Association. The party proceeded by train to Summerside accommodations being provided in Supr. Grady's car.

The meeting in Summerside was held in St. Paul's Hall, the Market Hall being engaged by the Young Adams Co. The Hall was packed, many being unable to gain admittance. Dr. E. T. Tanton presided, immediately on Sir George and Lady Foster making their appearance upon the platform, Mr. Wyatt read an address of welcome and a little Miss Jardine daughter of Mr. J. C. Jardine, presented Lady Foster with a beautiful bouquet which she smilingly acknowledged.

Mr. J. A. McNeill, the Government candidate then briefly addressed the meeting upon the questions at issue. He was very cordially received and sat down amid applause. Sir George E. Foster then delivered his address. He was in magnificent voice and aroused great enthusiasm and spoke for about an hour. A report of his speech will appear in tomorrow's issue. The proceedings closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Mount Herbert Meeting Was Big Success

Messrs Donald McKinnon and J. H. Myers Again Show the Menace to Canadian Farmers of Free Importation of Agricultural Products. Spoke Du fy Idt erupts.

A meeting of the electors of Mount Herbert district was held Wednesday night in Consolidated School and was well attended. The speakers were: D. A. McKinnon, P. S. Brown, J. H. Myers, J. E. Sinclair and Donald McKinnon who addressed the electors in the order named.

Mr. Hammond Kelly occupied the chair, and after a short discussion it was decided to allow each speaker thirty minutes.

The meeting was orderly until nearing the close; when it became evident that Messrs. J. H. Myers and Donald McKinnon met all arguments successfully and during the remarks of the latter speaker he was interrupted from time to time by Speaker Duffy, of the local Legislature, who occupied a seat near the stove in the darkened corner of the Hall. Mr. McKinnon did not allow the remarks to pass unnoticed but gave his replies convincingly and without hesitation.

Mr. D. A. McKinnon was the first speaker. He criticized Premier Meighen for postponing the election. He spoke of the Government debt, and thought it should shake our confidence when a party rolled up such a deficit. He explained the enormous sums they spent. He went so far as to say Mr. Hanna had \$6,000 charged for cigars alone, possibly later there would be charges for the "drinks", and he told the people how his Government would conduct affairs, if elected. The Merchant Marine came in for a share of criticism. Then came the big question, the Tariff, and Mr. D. A. McKinnon told of the big things Sir Wilfred did when he was in power. Of course he did not forget to tell the people about the Hillsboro Bridge and he concluded his remarks by promising if he and Mr. Sinclair were elected "we will do the best we can."

Mr. P. S. Brown the next speaker, said Mr. McKinnon explained the Liberal side but he was there to explain the Labor side. He read the planks in the labor platform, and stated it would take a long time to achieve, but he believed the next parliament would

be operated by laborers and farmers. He then touched on the Conservative Home construction management. The Dalton Sanitarium came in for a share of criticism. He said there was a wrong impression regarding the eight ho day, one of the planks in the Labor platform, which he explained. The Hillsboro Bridge, he said, was what D. A. McKinnon claimed for it—a standard gauge, capable of sustaining the weight of the large wide gauge engines—it was a second hand bridge. On concluding he asked to be excused, as he wished to leave the Hall for home as he was suffering from a cold.

Mr. J. H. Myers was the next speaker. He was pleased to see so many present and particularly a number of ladies. He asked Mr. Brown to remain just a little while and then quoted from the criminal code to prove Mr. Brown wrong in asserting that American companies came in and bought up everything loose in the Dominion during the war, forming combines which kept up prices. There were questions from the hall regarding the Tariff. Mr. Myers stated he welcomed those questions—here was the place to thresh them out and explained to the entire satisfaction of the audience, amid great applause. He referred at length to the Railways and said he was ways opposed to state owned railways. He referred to the Board of management of Railways, a board drawn from the brainiest business men of the country. Regarding Mr. Hanna's salary, as given by D. A. McKinnon, he asked the farmers present if they would prefer paying a good farm hand \$40,000 per month than pay a policeman \$20.00. He then touched on the statement that \$6,000 was spent for cigars by Mr. Hanna. Well I could not see how he smoked those cigars—he must have been smoking day and night. But as the Board supplied cigars, etc., I newboys, to be sold on the train no doubt this was an item in the account.

(Continued on Page Nine)

THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE WIND, MOON, ETC

TORONTO, Oct. 28.—Light moderate winds. Fine and a little higher or stationary temperature. High tide this morning at 8.46 and tonight at 8.46.

Sun sets this afternoon at 4.37 and rises tomorrow morning 7.39 p. m.

New moon, Sunday, Oct. 31, 7.39 p. m.

Noozie the Sunshine Kid

GOSH! I'VE GOT EVERY DISEASE IN THE BOOK



FRIENDS FEAR COSTLY GIFTS IN SIR ERNEST CASEL'S WILL

Executors Can't Afford to be Stingy, But Tax on 10,000 lbs. Painting Would be 4,000 lbs., so Legatees Hope for Cane or Photograph.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The friends of Sir Ernest Cassel who were remembered in his will find themselves in an embarrassing position because of his neglect to provide for the payment of the succession duty. Consequently, they must pay it, and some of them are hoping they will get a walking stick as a memento instead of some gift of great value.

The will directed his wife, since dead, to select "objects of value" for about twenty friends. His fortune is so large that the duty in every case amounts to 40 per cent. Now the executors cannot afford to be stingy and the legatees cannot afford to allow them to be too generous.

of which was worth £100,000 from the famous collection of Sir Ernest would mean a tax of £40,000 for the person who received it. So some legatees would prefer a simple photograph to a priceless Van Dyck, for the succession duty on a Van Dyck would ruin them. The executors, therefore, are in a quandary, as they must select things within the means of the recipients, because obviously the latter would want to sell a gift from their departed friend.

Among the legatees are Winston Churchill, Lord Reading and Lord Birkhead.

Only Satisfactory Settlement Will Do

(Special to The Guardian) CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Executives of the Big Four Brotherhoods Switchmen's Union of North America after a day of verbal jockeying with the United States railroad Labor Board declared late today that no power on earth save "a satisfactory settlement" can prevent their men walking out, beginning next Sunday morning at six o'clock. Their declaration came at the close of a day of fruitless questioning, when Judge R. M. Barton, chairman of Labor, called each union president in turn and asked him prepared questions. The third

CONDENSED SPECIALS

BOARDERS—TWO YOUNG LADIES can be comfortably accommodated at 25 Upper Prince.

WANTED.—BOARD AND LODGING for Agricultural High School students. Apply at the school or phone 869.

WANTED.—Experienced fox man to go to northern New York State. New ranch and new house with good salary. Apply stating experience to W. K. Rogers, Charlottetown.

WANTED.—Experienced bookkeeper and general salesman in a general store, middle age (male) person preferred. Must give references. Apply to K. and H. Sharbell, P.E.I.

WANTED A GENTLEMAN OR representative in Charlottetown to handle Watkins' Products, All or spare time. Fine opportunity. Write for full particulars. The J. R. Watkins Company, Dept. H, 7 Hamilton, Ontario.