

Important Provincial News the week for Saturday Subscribers.

Leading Editorials Notes and Comments for Saturday Subscribers.

FRIDAY

The annual meeting of Lion Lodge, No. 1049, L. O. L., was held on Monday, Dec. 6th. The following officers for the ensuing year were duly installed by Dist. Master Bro. E. P. Rowe, W. M.—Donald Campbell, D. M.—A. J. McLeod, Chap.—Rev. Geo. Orman; R. S.—M. E. McDonald; F. S.—R. C. McLeod; Sec.—M. H. Campbell; C. M.—J. C. McDonald; J. Marti P. Murchison, A. D. McLeod and Alex. McDonald.

At a recent prize competition and sale held in Montreal by The Canadian Handicrafts Guild articles of all kinds were displayed, among them being exhibits from all provinces of Canada from British Columbia to Prince Edward Island. Among other things a rug was sent from this province and a Montreal paper speaks as follows of the production. In rug there is some exceptionally fine work. There is one especially from Prince Edward Island. An exact reproduction of the maker's first sight of Canada's snow-topped mountains and evergreen trees is minutely executed on a rug. Never before has such a piece of work known to have been done by hand in Canada.

Some time ago The Guardian announced that it had devoted three prizes for the best ten varieties of commercial apples to be exhibited at the recent Fruit Show in the Kindergarten Hall in this city. These prizes were awarded as follows: One was a year's subscription to The Morning Guardian—won by A. E. Dewar, City Six Months subscription to The Morning Guardian—won by J. A. Amear, Montague. Three months subscription to The Morning Guardian—won by A. M. McRae, Pownal. In the letter informing the writer of the placing of the awards the writer says "I am sorry that the first prize was won by a man who is already one of your subscribers but he does not seem inclined to swap it for another paper, as he would prefer to have it to any of the others."

From Guardian's Summerside correspondent. SUMMERSIDE, December 14—The will of the late Robert W. Sharp, of Summerside, has been probated. He bequeaths to his son Donald M. Sharp the land with the appurtenances on Water Street, Summerside, and extending back to Alley Street, used by deceased for an office and warehouse in connection with his oyster business. He also bequeathed to his son \$1,000 and to his daughter, Ella, all the remainder of the real and personal estate to which he was entitled at the time of his death. The total value of the estate is \$10,339.46, including real estate, furniture, etc., \$2,447, mortgages, \$4,756.60; rash in Banks, \$2,509.91; bank accounts and bills receivable and collectable, \$367.20. The liabilities \$1,164.83, making the net value of the estate \$9,174.63.

MARRIED

GUNN—McKINNON—At Charlottetown, Dec. 15, 1909, by Rev. Geo. E. Ross, James Robert Gunn of St. Peter's Lake and Effie McKinnon of St. Peter's Bay, P. E. I. MCINTOSH—HUME—At Waterford on the 15th inst., by Rev. D. McLean assisted by Rev. E. McDougall, Miss Sarah Margaret Hume, daughter of John Hume, Wood Islands. MUTCH—McDONALD—At Mt. Herbert, Dec. 1, 1909, by Rev. E. B. Styles, Lois Perle Mutch to William Herman McDonald of Mt. Ryan. BERNARD—MITCHELL—At Lennox Island on Nov. 8, 1909, by Rev. John A. McDonald, Joseph Bernard to Sarah Mitchell. SARK—BERNARD—At Grand River on Tuesday, Nov. 30, by Rev. John A. McDonald, Michael Sark to Cecily Bernard. FARQUHARSON—SMITH—On the 8th inst. at the Methodist Parsonage, Upper Prince Street, by Rev. William Harrison, James S. Farquharson of Burnbury to Miss Martha Annie Smith of Charlottetown.

DIED

BAILEY—In this city in the Charlottetown Hospital, on December 11th, David Bailey, aged 53 years. Funeral will leave his late residence, 61 Spring Park Road this afternoon at two o'clock for the People's LARGES in this city, on December 16th, Mary, relict of the late William Large, aged 65 years. Funeral notice later. WHEATLEY—At "Hilledale," Royalty East on Dec. 15th, Mrs. Samuel Wheatley, in the 80th year of her age. McLEOD—At South Granville, on December 8th, 1909, Donald Calvin, eldest son of Mary Ann and Hugh McLeod, aged 9 years.

MONDAY

The sooner the Canadian Government and the Provincial Governments of the Dominion place themselves on the British and American basis of accounting the better it will be all round. Both Great Britain and the United States count it a deficit or a surplus if the national expenditure for the year falls short of or exceeds the national revenue for the year. There is no greater hump than the capital account of the Dominion and Provincial Governments, as given out from year to year. Both parties have used it to deceive the people.

TUESDAY

EVILS OF LANDLORDISM IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Speaking before the Canadian Club in Ottawa, Editor Macdonald of the Toronto Globe drew some "Lessons from Britain with the system of land tenure and the ownership of vast areas of land by single individuals. Eighty per cent of all the land in the United Kingdom is owned by three per cent of the people. One quarter of all the land in Scotland, lowlands and highlands, is owned by twelve men. One man in Scotland owns over a million and a quarter acres. The late Governor Howland was wont to speak of Prince Edward Island as a Million Acre Farm. It is owned by some twenty thousand different individuals. Note the contrast where one man owns an almost equal area in Scotland. A past generation in our own Province knew something of the evils of absentee land-lordism and how hard it was and how costly and tedious the task of breaking the yoke. The memory of these things may serve to give some idea of the conditions now existing in the Old Country.

Mr. Macdonald found in landlordism the fruitful cause of the slums in British cities and for the rising tide of Socialism in the British Isles. Nor are Canadian cities free from the same blight. Like causes will produce like effects in the New World as in the Old. The alienation of vast tracts of public lands to railway corporations, syndicates and private individuals has been going on for years, and although the evil effects are still latent, they will come by and by. All Canadian Governments and public men should lay to heart the lesson taught by the experience of the British Isles and Continental Europe, where the lands are the property of the few while the millions are impoverished and land-hungry and where a vast population is submerged in a squalor and misery which is a disgrace to the people, and the people should have and enjoy it. The amazing thing about the British Isles has been that with the incubus of landlordism and poverty the nation has accomplished so much for the benefit of the world. Those Islands were peopled by a great breed of men.

THE LORDS AND THE SENATE—A CONTRAST.

While much feeling has been aroused against the House of Lords, it is claimed for them that they have not finally rejected the budget proposals. They have only reserved them for the people to decide upon, and because the House of Commons had no mandate from the people to impose any of the new forms of taxation which the budget contains. This sounds reasonable and will have weight with many electors. Again, the House of Lords admittedly contains a larger proportion of the great statesmen of the Empire than is found in the House of Commons. To the titled heads of the noble houses of Britain there has been added from time to time the greater names of the men who have won titles, who have achieved distinction in arms, literature, science, jurisprudence, diplomacy or statesmanship. Lord Roberts, Lord Kitchener, the late Lord Tennyson, and a host of others might be named in this category. The contrast between the House of Lords and the Canadian Senate in these respects is very great. No one has yet been appointed to the Canadian Senate on any higher ground than that of service to the party which appointed him. Our Senate is beggared by contrast with the Lords.

What are the people of the United Kingdom to vote upon in the election? Some will vote against the action of the Lords, others against home rule for Ireland, still others against protection, while other elections are before the people. So many questions are before the electors that it will not be surprising if their verdict is confused, indecisive or unsatisfactory. The serious illness of King Leopold II, of Belgium, recalls the fact that he was a cousin of the late Queen Victoria. He was born in April, 1835, ascended the throne in 1865 and has no male children but has three daughters. The heir apparent is Prince Albert, born in 1875, and eldest son of King Leopold's younger brother, Prince Philippe, Count of Flanders.

A pathetic interest attaches to the bequest of the late George Crocker of \$1,500,000 to Columbia College as a research fund for the study of cancer. Despite all that great wealth and the best medical skill could do, both he and his wife died of that dread malady which spares neither the high nor the humble. So far medical science has failed to find either the cause or the means of prevention or the cure for cancer. It is to be hoped that something useful and beneficent may come of the research now so generously endowed.

WEDNESDAY THE CANADIAN REVOLUTION IS BOOMING.

The revenue of the Dominion is rolling up in unexpected volume and now promises to be very nearly one hundred millions of dollars for the year ending with March next, or ten millions more than Mr. Fielding ventured to estimate when he made his budget speech last spring. The expenditure has been pretty large, both on ordinary account and on capital account but falls far short of the record-breaking output of last year. From these reasons a betterment of thirty millions is counted upon as compared with last year, leaving a surplus on ordinary, or consolidated, and account of twenty millions. These expectations, if realised will give the largest surplus in Canadian history, a prospect upon which the country is to be congratulated in several respects, but hardly in all.

A booming revenue raised principally from import duties and excise gives indication of expanding trade, and of increased purchasing power on the part of the people. Canada has had a year of good crops and active industries. Her people were never before so many in number, and seldom, if ever, more prosperous. Again, an overflowing revenue lessens the amount to be borrowed for the great public works now under construction, and should enhance the national credit.

But after all is said the great bulk of the money pouring into the treasury represents taxation, and a heavier amount of taxation per head than Canadians have yet paid, though not a higher rate. And the money that comes so easy to the Finance Minister's hands is not likely to be so carefully husbanded or so frugally expended as if it were less plentiful. For Mr. Fielding, despite the fine ability which all will credit him with, has never held the federal purse-strings with a loose and easy hand. Twenty millions of surplus in prospect seems desirable when vast public works are under way and vast building about to begin. One half that sum would probably be sufficient to build the Tunnel from this Island to the mainland, and even if there are large other demands, we hope the Tunnel project may be booked for early commencement after the coming survey has been made. Two or three millions a year for three or four years expended and the work would be done, an old pledge made good, a Province pacified, two Government railway systems united, a well-paying public work, most creditable to Canada, erected, and nobody hurt.

GROSS ABUSE OF THE PARDONING POWER.

From time to time for years past The Guardian has recorded its protest against what we conceived to be the abuse of executive clemency in the liberation from jail of persons who had been duly tried, convicted, sentenced and imprisoned for violation of the Prohibition law. A few days ago the Quarterly Meeting of the Baptists of Prince Edward Island adopted a strong resolution of protest against this action which was declared to be "practically defeating the purposes of the Prohibition Act and prejudicial to the morals of the community." Now this has been followed within a few days by the release of another "idiot" within a few minutes of the time when the jail doors were locked upon him. The case is that of Ernest White, who after his conviction and sentence here about a year ago, found it convenient to go to Sydney. On his recent return to this city he was arrested and placed in jail, with the result just stated. He was released, it is said, within thirty-five minutes. There seems to be a note of defiance in the Governor's latest answer to the repeated protests of the temperance community.

The matter cannot rest here. The abuse has grown too grave for further tolerance. Both parties in the Legislature joined by unanimous vote to enact the Prohibitory Law and behind it are the great majority of the people of Prince Edward Island. But it is altogether in vain for the Legislature to enact laws and prescribe penalties, or for the courts to hear evidence and pronounce sentence if one in authority opens the prison doors as fast as they are closed, in defiance alike of the will of the people, the act of the Legislature and the letter and spirit of the law. For no other offence than illegal liquor selling has the Lieutenant Governor thus interposed his authority. It is humiliating to think that a high prerogative should be thus degraded and abused. An indignant people should make their voice heard in the higher place and before the higher authority in Ottawa to which the Lieutenant Governor is answerable for his acts. There has been much talk in months past of such a memorial being prepared. The time is now ripe for action, unless the entire temperance community is content to be flouted, insulted and defied.

THURSDAY AN OFFER OF A SENATORSHIP THAT WAS NOT ACCEPTED.

The Guardian learns upon undoubted authority that the vacant Senatorship was two weeks ago offered to John McLean, M. L. A., of Souris, and the position declined by him. The story in brief is that Mr. McLean was invited to Charlottetown and the offer formally made in writing over the signatures of such and so many prominent Liberals as would leave no doubt that the appointment would follow if Mr. McLean would accept.

BEARINE. The Guardian in its issue a few days ago passed severe censure upon His Honor the Lieutenant Governor in connection with the release of Ernest White from jail after conviction for violation of the Prohibitory Law. It has since been brought to our knowledge that the sentence against White had been suspended by an Order in Council of the Provincial Executive Council, who must bear the responsibility for that action. Our apologies are therefore due to Governor McKinnon for any censure passed upon him so far as that case is concerned, and we wish to give expression thereto in the same public manner as the censure was first expressed. We wish also to express our sense of His Honor's kindness of heart and many excellent qualities as a public official holding the highest station in the Province, and as a private citizen, in regard to which there is but one opinion. We regret that the facts will not permit us to recede from the position

for formally made in writing over the signatures of such and so many prominent Liberals as would leave no doubt that the appointment would follow if Mr. McLean would accept. Mr. McLean declined the proffered position, much to the surprise of those interested in making it. They asked him to reconsider his refusal and desired to send a special messenger to Souris to receive his final answer. This was done. Kept has it that Mr. McLean again and finally declined the offer coupled with a significant remark.

Mr. McLean would make an excellent Senator. His ability, influence, knowledge of public affairs and thorough loyalty to the Province are very high qualifications. And it might seem a generous act on the part of the Liberal Government at Ottawa to appoint a political opponent to the senate once in a while, as the Conservative membership is dwindling in that House. But there are other things to be considered. In local politics there was a pretty nearly equal division of party strength. One prominent Conservative member has lately taken office. Mr. McLean's acceptance of a Senatorship would further weaken the Opposition, in which he is one of the strongest men. He may have concluded that the offer was not made to him out of mere personal regard or from purely patriotic motives. There are a number of prominent Liberals in the Province who have served their party long and think themselves entitled to consideration when good things are going. What will they think of the offer to Mr. McLean?

BLOTTED OFF THE MAP AND RESTORED.

There is an illustrated weekly publication of considerable artistic and literary merit, with a headquarters in London, and being the name Canada. This journal has the laudable object of making the people of British and Canada better acquainted with each other, and of promoting peace and good feeling between them. Different provinces of Canada, Australia and South Africa advertise in this journal and when some months ago an agent of Canada visited this Province a half-page advertisement of Prince Edward Island was inserted on behalf of the Provincial Government setting forth the attractions which the Island offers to British agricultural immigrants possessed of a little capital.

The journal referred to has at the head of its editorial page a map of the Dominion, surrounded by pictorial representations and scenes showing various views of scenery and of industrial and sporting life in the different Provinces. But there was a strange omission from the map, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, and the Territories of Yukon, Mackenzie, Keewatin and Northwestland, and Labrador were plainly shown and indicated by name on the map, but Prince Edward Island was not there. It was as if the Garden of the Gull had sunk out of sight beneath the waters!

The Island was officially advertised, but the intending immigrant seeking for its location would look in vain for Canada's map for it. The Province was dropped wholly out of sight so far as that was concerned. This strange fact attracted the notice of Ernest Paton, who after his conviction and sentence here about a year ago, found it convenient to go to Sydney. On his recent return to this city he was arrested and placed in jail, with the result just stated. He was released, it is said, within thirty-five minutes. There seems to be a note of defiance in the Governor's latest answer to the repeated protests of the temperance community.

By appointment from Ottawa Capt. J. Lord of the Gullaire succeeds Mr. Lord as Agent of the Marine Department in this city. Mr. Lord has been appointed Inspector of Light Houses and Superintendent of Life Saving Stations, it is understood, with the same salary he heretofore received. Mr. Lord has given creditable and faithful service since his appointment in Ottawa to which the Lieutenant Governor is answerable for his acts. There has been much talk in months past of such a memorial being prepared. The time is now ripe for action, unless the entire temperance community is content to be flouted, insulted and defied.

THE EXERCISE OF EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY

The Guardian in its issue a few days ago passed severe censure upon His Honor the Lieutenant Governor in connection with the release of Ernest White from jail after conviction for violation of the Prohibitory Law. It has since been brought to our knowledge that the sentence against White had been suspended by an Order in Council of the Provincial Executive Council, who must bear the responsibility for that action. Our apologies are therefore due to Governor McKinnon for any censure passed upon him so far as that case is concerned, and we wish to give expression thereto in the same public manner as the censure was first expressed. We wish also to express our sense of His Honor's kindness of heart and many excellent qualities as a public official holding the highest station in the Province, and as a private citizen, in regard to which there is but one opinion. We regret that the facts will not permit us to recede from the position

before taken with regard to His Honor's exercise of the pardoning power in the past, and in support of the protests from time to time recorded we append a list of the violators of the Prohibitory Act who have been released within the short period of two months. The Guardian's sole desire in directing attention to this matter is to prevent the continuance of a practice which if continued must go far to render a good law inoperative. Here is the two months list:

Prisoners released on order of Lieutenant Governor McKinnon: Frank McAree, arrested and lodged in jail July 1, 1909 for three months commitment. Released Sept. 22, 1909, six days before expiration of sentence, in good health. Louis Essory, lodged in jail July 30, 1909, for 1st offence, three months commitment. Released Sept 8 in good health. John McKinnon, lodged in jail Aug. 2, 1909. First offence. Three months. Released Sept 18, 1909. Mary Jane McMillan, lodged in jail for six months, July 19, 1909. Removed to hospital on order of Lieutenant Governor Sept 28, 1909. Remained there one day. Edward Egan, for first offence, lodged in jail Oct. 29, 1909. Released November 25, in good health.

Premier Hazzard, is reported by The Patriot to deny all knowledge of the reported offer of a Senatorship to Mr. John McLean, M.L.A. of Souris. Mr. Hazzard is absolutely nothing in the report. These gentlemen as to facts within their knowledge, but that does not dispose of the matter, nor does it shake our implicit faith in the truth of what The Guardian has stated in regard thereto.

WARFARE NOT UNCHRISTIAN.

Dear Sir,—In your issue of the 6th instant, "Parent" writes against military training in the schools, and asserts that it is in itself absolutely wrong, and opposed to the spirit and teaching of the Founder of the Christian religion. May one suggest that Havelock and Gordon were universally admitted to be good Christians, as well as first-class fighting men, proving incidentally that "Parent's" views are not the inevitable conclusions of a Christian. They are fortunately rare. It is on record that Christ said, "He that hath no sword, let him sell his garment and buy one." Again, when the centurion came to him, He did not tell him to give up his profession. On the contrary, He praised his faith and cured him of his servant.

Christ did not promulgate a social system. He only preached an ideal of conduct and faith. He accepted without a murmur the subject condition of the Jews, paid tribute money, and said "Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's," thereby doing His share towards maintaining the Roman domination of the legions. Consequently Christendom has always considered militarism an essential element of a Christian State. Even so, Europe has been several times nearly swamped by the infidels, Huns, Moors, and Turks. Was it not well to drive back those bloody invaders? Eastern Christians were simply blotted out. Was that desirable? It was fought or die. Would Parent under such conditions choose death? If so, his wife and children would probably think he was a poltroon. Was it wrong of the English to resist the Armada? If they had not done so, Parent would not now be enjoying the luxury of believing in non-resistance. Let him realize that his security is due to the supremacy of the Royal Navy; should that supremacy be lost Parent's dreamland would be quickly shattered. If he would test his theory seriously, let him go inland in Morocco, and explain his views to the natives. They will find it more amusing than he will. Does weakness secure immunity from evil men? Witness the dismemberment of Poland, the triumphs of Napoleon, the robbery of Schleswig-Holstein, of Alsace Lorraine, in the face of history, how can non-resistance be maintained by an unarmed man really believing that an unarmed non-resistance have saved Japan from becoming a Russian province? Canada was invaded by Fenians in 1867, they were resisted, and driven out. But on Parent's principles there should have been no resistance, there should be no trained men, and any band of ruffians should be met with kind words instead of force. The idea is farcical, it is impossible.

C. F. DEACON.

Special to The Guardian.

ST JOHN, December 16—Wm Montgomery, of Grand Bay, was killed by a freight train while trying to cross the track near his home. Geo Spears, who was taken to the hospital on Wednesday, unconscious from asphyxiation, is rapidly improving and will be discharged from the hospital on Saturday.

BORN.

DOHERTY—At 192 Waverly St., Providence, R. I., on Nov 26th, to Edgar M. and Mrs Doherty (nee Margaret J. MacLellan) two sons.

MOTHER

Seigel's Syrup. Purifies Your Blood. Cures all stomach troubles and makes you strong and fit, because it strengthens stomach, liver and bowels, cleanses your system and...

THIS DATE December 18, 1846 63 Years Ago.

Passengers in the "Caladonia" from Pictou: R. Finlayson, W. N. Nelson, W. R. Watson, Kenneth McKenzie and others. Hon James H. Peters left for South Carolina and Mr James Peake for England.

The carcass of an immense large year drifted ashore a few days ago at Andersons farm, Bedoue.

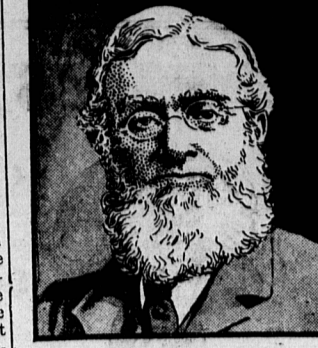
The trustees of the Lunatic Asylum and House of industry met on the 12th inst and called for funds to carry on the work of caring for the poor and those of unsound mind. The following trustees subscribed different sums: E. J. Jarvis, Charles Hensley, T. H. Haviland, R. Hodgson, E. Palmer, William Swabey, Thomas Bethick, Mr Humphreys of the High School lectured and among other things predicted a revolution in France and the overthrow of Louis Philippe.

The Kingston British Whig says the Home Government have it in serious contemplation to unite the whole of the North American British provinces under one government, having at its head a Viceroy instead of a Governor General. Quebec is said to be the seat of government, and Governors are to be appointed at Toronto, Fredericton, Halifax, St John's, N. B., and Charlottetown to administer the laws of each province separately until the whole are consolidated into one statute book, when other arrangements will be made.

The marriage is chronicle of Mr Peter Clark, Merchant, and Miss Caroline Louisa Duchene, a second daughter of Mr Watson Duchene.

Kidney Disease For Years

This Well Known Gentleman Strongly Recommends "Fruit-a-tives" to all Sufferers.



JAMES DINGWALL, Esq.

"I have much pleasure in testifying to the almost marvellous benefit I have derived from taking 'Fruit-a-tives.' I was a lifelong sufferer from Chronic Constipation, and the only medicine I ever secured to do me any real good was 'Fruit-a-tives.' This medicine cured me when everything else failed. Also, last spring I had a severe ATTACK OF BLADDER TROUBLE, WITH KIDNEY TROUBLE, and 'Fruit-a-tives' cured these complaints for me, when the physician attending me had practically given me up. I am now over eighty years of age and I can strongly recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' for chronic constipation and bladder and kidney trouble. This medicine is very mild like fruit, is easy to take, but very effective in action." (Signed) JAMES DINGWALL, Williamstown, Ont., July 27th, 1908. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50—or trial box, 25c—at dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

What to Give at Christmas

For men and boys. Nothing better than A Double Barrel Shot Gun \$8.50 to \$20.00. A Single Barrel Gun \$6.50 to \$9.00. A 22 Cal Rifle \$2.60 to \$5.50. Or Tool Set. Hockey Outfit.

W. Crabbe Hardware, Paints, and Oils.

GUARDIAN CLASSIFIED ADS. Consecutive Insertions Only Headings Arranged Alphabetically. MORNING DAILY OR RURAL DAILY PER WORD (six words to each line)—Half cent for one insertion, one cent for three insertions, two cents week, three cents for two weeks four cents for three weeks, five cents a month, eight cents for two months, ten cents for three months eighteen cents for six months thirty cents a year. Double Rates for Black Typet - Minimum Charge 10 cents with order. Ten (10) per cent discount on above Rates for Cash With Order.

ADVERTISING FOR ADVERTISING

We will devote this space regularly to a series of advertisements to attract your interest in our Classified Want Ads. We are publicity advocates and practice our own precepts because we appreciate their value. This series will be pregnant with pertinent points of general interest, whether you wish to buy or sell, to employ or be employed, to borrow or to lend, to find a finder or an owner. It will pay us to run these advertisements. That is the best proof we have to offer that it will be profitable to you to use our Classified Want Ads. Columns.

FEMALE HELP

WANTED, girl for general house work. Apply at this office. 12-151wppd.

WANTED, a girl for general house work. Country girl preferred. Apply tills office. 12-151wppd.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, soon coat, worn 2 seasons. Apply at 138 Great Geo Street. 12-173d.

FOR SALE, a beautiful driving horse 5 years old, brown color, good and speedy. Also harness and driving wagon, party leaving the Island. Apply at this office. 12-16431

FARM FOR SALE, 100 acres on Lot 53, within a mile of Cardigan Bridge, new buildings, good land, will sell for \$1800. William Wilson, Cardigan Bridge, P.O. 12-132dm.

FOR SALE, at Victoria, Crapaud, Hotel Orient, centre for commercial trade, good stabling in connection. For further particulars apply to Chas Rogers, Prop. 12-81mpd.

FOUND

FOUND, a large sum of money. Apply to John McKenna, grocer, Queen Street. 12-1483pd.

LOST

LOST, a gentleman's small pig-skin purse, between Beer & Week's, down Queen St to A. Horne & Co's office. Finder please leave at A. Horne's office. 12-17421.

LOST, Sunday evening, gents' bow with Glace Bay Hockey charm attached. Finder please leave at this office. 12-1531pd.

HORSE SHOEING

HORSE SHOEING, all kinds while you wait at J. A. Henderson's, 4-24d.

MALE HELP

BOY WANTED, to work in printing office and make himself useful. Apply at 72 Queen Street. 12-16431pd.

A CAPABLE young man is wanted to learn the trade. Apply to G. F. Hutcheson, Jeweller, Optician, 12-74d.

WANTED, a smart boy, can have steady employment by applying to W. N. Tanton, Jeweller, 11-24d.

MISCELLANEOUS

BOAR, for services, pure bred York-shire, registered, H. Wood, Vernon River. 12-1741pd.

ANY person afflicted with piles will obtain a cure at 60 Dorchester Street, Charlottetown. 12-152mpd

PLASTER, landing today, a car-load of calcined plaster and select quick drying wall plaster. A Duchene & Co. 12-15531.

WILL give 5c to 50c each for old postage stamps. Worth most if on the old envelopes. No present day stamps wanted. Will buy old Mahogany Furniture. W. A. Kain, Box 186, St John. 12-1343mpd.

STRAYED

STRAYED, from the premises of S. Enoch Ackland, Bedoue Road little white and tan dog. Name not recalled. Finder please bring to T. E. Peardon's, 26 Queen St, and receive reward. 12-1733pd.

STRAYED, a red and white dog, S. from the premises of B. Wheatley, City. 12-74d.

WANTED, a teacher for 5th department of Georgetown School. Apply to T. E. Morrissey, Secy. of Trustees. 12-11461.

TO LET

TO LET, blacksmith shop in rear of L. A. Hassard's, grocery store, lately occupied by Artemas Fraser, good chance for the right man. Apply L. A. Hassard, 473 Grafton Street. 12-82wppd.

TO LET the western compartment of the Terrace on Water Street west, now occupied by Geo. E. Ross. Apply at Connolly's Estate office, Queen Street. 10-64d.

TO RENT, single and double office with lavatory equipment, suitable for society hall, at moderate rent, in McEachern's building, Queen Street. 9-14d.

TEACHERS WANTED

WANTED, teacher for Lower Federal School, No 77. Duties commence April 1. Supplement \$30 a year. Apply to Chas H. Lord, 96 year. 12-14d3wppd.

WANTED

SOUTH AFRICAN Veteran's Scrip wanted. Highest cash prices paid. Write or wire H. V. Mackinnon, Star office, St John. 12-1542w.

THE CARBO-MAGNETIC RAZOR. NO HONING—NO GRINDING. WHY DO MOST RAZORS PULL? Because they are tempered unevenly by fire and will not hold an edge. CARBO-MAGNETIC RAZORS are tempered as hard as flint by our exclusive process of electricity. S. W. CRABBE