

The People's Theatre Thursday April 2nd

Still another—Winning Feature—Mid-Week Special

Two Reels The Van Warden Rubies Two Reels
Its a marvelous mystery story, full of superb acting.
You will be kept guessing clear to the finish
A Clever Detective Story—All Star Cast
FULL OF THRILLS

Western Story of How a Band of Outlaws were apprehended by Secret Service
The Mystery of Tusa

Winning Cunch Farce Comedy

Friday

A Fallen Hero Comedy A LA plenty

?

Salvation Sal Her reform is genuine, Her love is constant, they stand the test, all things work together for good

Keep Your Eyes Open Orchestra

Coming In The Bishops Carriage 4 Reels
Featuring Mary Pickford

Matinee Saturday Five Cents Admission
Special Subjects Doors Open 7 p. m. Shows at 7.30 & 9.

Big Dividends in Six Months

The Company have now in their ranch
4 Pairs of Silver Black Foxes at \$12,000 per pair \$48,000
3 pairs Cross Foxes " \$ 3,000 " " \$ 9,000
9 Pairs of Patch & Native Foxes " \$ 200 " " \$ 1,800
Total Capitalization of Foxes \$58,800
An up-to-date ranch. Competent caretaker and veterinarian.
Dividends paid in September 1914.
A few shares to dispose of. Apply immediately. Terms 25 p. c. on application, balance within ten days.
New Brunswick Charter. Capital \$99,000. Shares \$100. each

New Brunswick Black and Silver Fox Company, Limited
Renous, N. B.

1743-4-2M6i

THE CENTRAL GUARDIAN

IT PAYS to buy in this Province.

INVITATIONS.—The ladies are cordially invited to Patrona millinery opening to be held this afternoon and evening. 1740.

FIVE O'CLOCK TEA.—You will see the costumes of many nations at the Strange Five O'clock Tea in Zion lecture room. Tuesday evening April 7th. 1754.

ALLIANCE WAITS ON GOVERNMENT

(Continued from page 1.)
Some of the other provinces of the Dominion. They were not there to ask that justice be done to anyone, they were not asking for any favours in any shape or form at all at the hands of the Government. The people of the province had voted for prohibition in this province and at one time or another had since stood for the same opinion. It seemed to him that the law should be enforced; it was a well-known fact that it was enforced only to a certain extent. They believed that it could be better enforced, and that certain defects that had been found in the enforcement and administration of the law should be remedied; and if, as they had gone there that day to do, they pointed out certain difficulties that had arisen, certain obstacles that had been met with in the enforcement of the law, certain defects that had been found in the law itself, it was a proper and right thing to go to the Government and ask that those defects be remedied. They were asking for amendments that were covered by the spirit and purpose of the original itself, which professed to be a prohibitory law, and they were asking simply that the spirit of the law itself should be carried out, and where it was found defective as a prohibitory law those defects should be remedied. He submitted that the persistent lawbreaker, who for mercenary gain traded upon the ignorance of his fellow man and sought to get rich through the degradation and poverty of others and brought suffering and heart-breaking to the women and children of this country, deserved little consideration at the hands of a body of men and they should be no loop-hole left in the law for such a one whereby he could escape punishment; they believed that there were certain loopholes by which he had been escaping which could be closed up, and that was one of the objects of the amendments which they had come to ask the Legislature to enforce. The Alliance had done its very best as far as they could do in enforcing the law; they were helpless now in going further and they had brought these matters before the Legislature for remedy; the responsibility was now upon the Legislature, as to make Prince Edward Island in fact what it was in theory: a prohibition province. They were not antagonistic to the powers that be; they were loyal men and in the past had tried loyally to uphold the hands of the Government and were prepared to do so in the future so far as they could do it conscientiously.

STATEMENT OF AMENDMENTS.

Mr. W. E. Bentley, in giving a full and thorough explanation of the amendments proposed to the Prohibition Act, said that with Mr. McKinnon he had been asked by the members of the Temperance Alliance to prepare some amendments for them to the present Act of the province; they had first set themselves to see what were the laws in force here and in the other provinces; and they had been at some pains in the matter and found some legislation that had opened their eyes. They thought that the legislation in this province was very advanced but they found that in nearly all of the other provinces there was legislation in many particulars far in advance of any we had in this province and which they considered would be of very great benefit in being put into effect here for the enforcement of the Prohibition Act. Mr. Bentley then went into a detailed explanation of the many amendments proposed, which suggest some drastic reforms, and to which fuller reference will be made in a subsequent issue. Mr. Rash said that, as was well known to them, at this time there was a great awakening in every department of life in this province and there was much progress in what they, ministers, called material things; while there was this advance in their material prosperity it seemed to the members of the Alliance, that efforts should be made to get their advance along moral lines also and that the time had come for an advance in their temperance legislation. They felt that they should not take a backward step in respect of temperance legislation, but that the advance of the province should be uniform. Mr. Marshall, on behalf of the delegation, then thanked the Premier, and the members of the Government for the courteous manner in which the deputation had been received and the attention with which they had been listened to. He only hoped that the same courtesy would be given to the amendments they were asking for.

THE PREMIER'S REPLY.

The Premier said that that proposition was a large one which would involve a great deal of consideration. He knew that the gentlemen of the deputation were very strongly impressed not only with the importance of the proposals that they had made but with their urgency. The chairman of the delegation had said that he considered the putting through of that bill was far more important than any other matters that they had been considering at this session of the Legislature. We

ALL SHOULD attend the Strange Five o'clock Tea on April 7th, at 8 o'clock, in Zion lecture room. Lots of fun for all. 1754.

For a spring tonic you will find nothing better than Rexall Hypophosphites. This is a preparation favored by all who desire a tonic in liquid form. It is a perfect blend of the seven essential hypophosphites, and one of the best blood, bone and tissue builders that has ever been offered you. Large bottles \$1.00. Money back if dissatisfied. MacKinnon Drug Co. Cor. Great George and Kent Sts.—Mel.

we were all very apt to feel that the thing we had in hand was the most important thing in the world. He thought that any man that was very enthusiastic was almost sure to persuade himself that the thing he wanted done at any particular time was the most important. He would like to remind the chairman of the deputation, however, that they had a very great burden of work to carry through at the present time, and they might not be so strongly impressed with the urgency of making such sweeping changes in the law as the delegates thought should be made. The Prohibition Act had been the work of many years; it had engaged the attention of many careful and sincere men and last year it was carried to a point far beyond where it had reached before in the matter of efficiency. Referring to their proposed act he would show one or two things that had struck him as highly undesirable. For instance, where they would make it possible for any police officer, constable or other peace officer to make a search without a warrant. They were assured that it was the case and he knew it to be correct that such a law was in force in the western provinces. He would tell them the reason why there was such a law in operation in the west. It was because they had there a force known as the North-West Mounted Police, a select and reliable body of men; everyone of them selected for his fitness, and they knew how well those men bore the responsibility of their position. Why were they given such large powers? Because they had to deal with the Indians, who if they had any liquor in any quantity were liable to commit any kind of crime. These were emergency laws, dealing with savages on the one hand and with a highly organized and reliable force on the other hand. Applied to our civilization it would be simply intolerable for a constable or policeman or any member of that class to be able to go into any one of our houses and make a search without any authority except his own volition; to do that wherever he believed liquors were kept for sale contrary to the provisions of that act, who could measure the forces that brought about the belief of a constable?

Mr. Marshall said that the constable would be acting upon the same belief as that upon which he would go before a magistrate and swear to a warrant, and asked what assistance would the constable get by following that form. The Premier: Why, he has a judgment passed upon it. We had the same question brought up in the House to-day. When a constable goes before a magistrate—who is a judge—he lays before him such facts and circumstances as would convince the constable but such as would satisfy the magistrate. Don't you see what a difference there is? We are dealing here with the Stipendiary Magistrate of Charlottetown, a gentleman skilled in law, a man in whom we have full confidence. When a police constable goes before him we are not dealing with a constable's unauthorized belief; we know that we are safeguarded because there is a higher authority there to consider the extent and sufficiency of the evidence and pass judgment on it. I am simply picking this out, not for the sake of controversy at all, but to show you gentlemen that after all, we may very well take widely different views as to the quality of many parts of the proposed legislation and as to the desirability of enacting it. I don't know that we are greatly in need of revolutions in the law. Perhaps we are. But it will take a great deal of consideration before we would enter upon such a course. To allow bailiffs, constables, or peace officers without a warrant to invade our homes would be a very serious interference with the liberty which we enjoy. I think we should feel that our liberty was pretty well destroyed if any constable or officer could invade our houses with the plea that there was in his mind reasonable cause for belief that liquor was being kept there against the provisions of the law. However, I will tell you that we will give your proposals every consideration we can and we will treat your proposed Act as we treat all the rest of the work we have to do; we will do our best with regard to it, and in making up the programme of the work we can do. You will have to leave to us the responsibility of measuring the relative value of the things we have to take up and the order in which we take them up. I think we all appreciate fully the courtesy shown by the delegation. I think their case has been as well presented as it could be

and you gentlemen can rely upon this: we will do our best, and we are glad to accept such assistance as your remarks have given us and the elaborate work you have put into our hands for consideration. Mr. Bentley pointed out that the clause to which the Premier had made specific reference was incorporated in the Nova Scotia prohibition laws as well as those of the Western States. Mr. Mathieson replied that he thought that such a provision was justified in the conditions that existed in the West, but it was not justified in a civilized community, and the probability was that Nova Scotia had just copied it from the Western provinces, because he could not imagine how a provision of that kind could ever have been introduced in Nova Scotia. Again thanking the Premier and the members of the Government for the courteous and kind reception given to the deputation, Mr. Marshall and his colleagues withdrew.

How Teddy Lost His Bear
They say a sore corn interfered with his speed. Always apply Putnam's Corn Extractor. For fifty years it has been curing corns and warts. "Putnam's" never fails. Use no other. 25c. at all dealers.

PRINCE EDWARD THEATRE

Program Wednesday & Thursday

The "Gold Seal" Company present their first production in three acts.

"Under the Black Flag"

A story of the Spanish Main
A wonderful picture illustrating the lives & methods of the old time PIRATES and Buccaneers. Every care has been taken by the producers to secure accurate representations of scenes and incidents of the career of the notorious pirate Henry Morgan. See the destruction of an entire city by these ruffians who stuck at nothing to secure booty. Also many other stirring scenes of buccaneering life.

Nan of the Woods Criminology and Reform
A pretty sylvan story A comedy Drama teaching a goon lesson

SONG BY Mr. De Witt Cairns—"That Old Girl Of Mine"
Performances at 7 & 9 p.m. Admission 10c

See "Under the Black Flag" In 3 Acts
A buccaneering story dealing with the notorious Henry Morgan one time the Governor of Jamaica. Full of thrills and fights on both land and sea A truly sensational picture
AT The Prince Edward Wednesday & Thursday

"Weeks" Canada Silver Fox Furs Limited
Incorporated by Letters Patent Act of Province of Prince Edward Island
Issued Capital---\$150,000.00
Par Value of Shares \$25.00
Directors
PRESIDENT AND MANAGER—HEDLEY B. WEEKS, Rancher North Tryon.
VICE-PRESIDENT—GORDON T. ALLEY, M. D., Charlottetown.
SECRETARY-TREASURER—THOMAS W. MORRIS, Merchant, Charlottetown.
Bankers and References
Royal Bank of Canada
SOLICITOR
KENNETH J. MARTIN, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. Stipendiary Magistrate for City of Charlottetown
The Authorized Capital is---\$25,000.00
The above company is offering for sale \$10,000 worth of stock at \$25.00 per share. The rest has already been subscribed chiefly by prominent business men in England.
The assets of the company are five pairs of the highest grade Silver Black Foxes and the ranch.
All the foxes in the company's ranch are eligible for registration under the most select Class A, of the Fox Breeders Association, and have been pronounced by experts to be perfect specimens. One pair produced a litter of five last year and another a litter of four, all of which were successfully raised by Mr. Weeks and sold for the highest market figure. The five pairs have already mated and the company expects with average success to pay a dividend of 60 per cent this year. When you consider that the foxes are under the personal supervision of Mr. Weeks, a large shareholder in the company, who during the six years experience HAS NEVER LOST A FOX OR NEVER AND A PAIR THAT DID NOT BREED, and also take into consideration the short time before the dividend will be declared you cannot fail to realize what a good opportunity this is for a fox investment.
The ranch consists of a tract of land at North Tryon, covered with a beautiful thick growth of hardwood. It was purchased expressly for the purpose of Mr. Weeks and is an ideal location, being a mile away from the nearest road to which a right of way belongs to the company, thus guarding the foxes against any noise or disturbances. The ranch is the outcome of Mr. Week's years of experience in fox raising. In the centre of the grove of hardwood is most substantially built the wire enclosure; the individual pens being large and roomy, so as to make it as natural as possible as well as a clean healthy home for the foxes. There is also a commodious keepers lodge in the grove in close proximity to the ranch. An agreement has been entered into with Mr. Weeks that for three years he will act as manager of the ranch, provide all food necessary for the animals all help (including a night and day watchman) medical attendance for the proper upkeep of the property, for 30 p. c. of the yearly increase.
The above proposition is undoubtedly the most attractive one offering stock carrying a 1914 dividend and a small amount offered should be rapidly taken up, as many inquiries have already been received regarding same. The names in the Directorate ensure a capable business management and a proper safeguarding of the interests of the shareholders. Applications for prospectus and stock should be made to the Secretary-Treasurer.
1723-4-2M6i

Do Not Stir Up The Dust, Absorb It
Tate's Dust Absorbing Dust Cloths, Mops, Floor and Wall Brushes, utility Brushes, etc, absorb dust and Germs. They are treated by a secret process which destroys the germ-laden dust, and are guaranteed to give extra satisfaction. Dust should never be stirred up by the persons who have to deal with it, but should always be attacked with specially treated cloths. This renders innocuous the many kinds of germs that may be found in it. The Original "Tate" goods eat dirt and germs alive. Pick your style from the list below.
Tate's Wall and Floor Mops
Can be used on floors, under low furniture in narrow places and Walls and Ceilings. These mops are treated by a secret process which renders them dust absorbing.
Price complete with 4 feet handle 1.25 ea.
Get A Matchless Dust Absorbing Mop
These Mops are treated with matchless liquid gloss for cleaning, dusting and Polishing floors, woodwork and furniture. Can be adjusted to any position and will go under low furniture, radiators, etc. Price complete with Handle (as illustrated) 1.25 ea.
Dust Absorbing Floor Brushes
Made of cotton yarn, and will not scratch or mar the most delicate surface. Treated by secret process which renders the brush dust absorbing. This is just what you want. Price each, complete 1.00 ea.
Dust Absorbing Dust Cloth
These dust cloths are antiseptic and odorless, scientifically treated so as to absorb all the dust. Contains neither acids or chemicals. Sizes 30 & 36 inches, (as illustrated). Price Each 25c
Utility Brushes, Dust absorbing, Yacht Mops, Dry Mops, Matchless Liquid Gloss. Call in and see the assortment.
See our window on Queen Street.
Rogers Hardware Co., Ltd.
Wholesale & Retail