

**See the New Shampoo Comb**

Remove dandruff, relieves itching scalp and gives new life and vigor to the hair

Call and see them

Price 35c per

**J. G. Jamieson**  
DRUGGIST

**One-Half The World**

wears glasses but not half of that half wear the right glasses

Wrong glasses are often worse than none, they are a constant strain to the eyes.

Be on the safe side; let us give your eyes a careful examination.

**G. H. Taylor**  
Jeweler & Optician

**Montague Black Fox Exchange**

Correspondence Solicited

**L. M. McKinnon, Manager**  
Montague, P. E. I.

**MARRIAGES**

(From yesterday's evening Guardian)  
LORD-YOUNG—At Iris, King's County, P. E. Island, on Oct. 15th, 1913, by Rev. Ewen MacDougall, William H. Lord of Glen William to Ruth Matilda Young of Iris.

**SECOND PANAMA CANAL UNDER BRITISH CONTROL.**

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.—It may be of interest to know that England does not propose to tamely submit to the American proposal to exempt its shipping from the Panama Canal tolls.

There will be a second canal built. It will be under English control; the route has been determined south of the existing canal; the right of way has been secured.

England will do at Panama what Canada did at Sault Ste Marie, in order to be independent of United States control.

These few particulars will be followed in due course by the details of a perfected plan.

**ABANDONED STEAMER TOWED TO BOSTON.**

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—The steamer Templemore, abandoned afloat off the Virginia capes, on Sept. 30, was towed into port to-day by the revenue cutter Androscoggin, which picked her up still burning, off the Georges Banks, six days ago.

The steamer probably will be turned over to the agents of the companies in which she was insured.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**

CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

DRUGGISTS

23 THE DRUGGISTS

**THE GUARDIAN**

Advertising Phone 152-3  
Subscription Phone 153-2  
News and Edit. Day Phone 153-1  
News and Edit. Night Phone 152 @ 152

Head Office at Charlottetown  
Branch Offices at Summerside, Alberton, Souris, and Montague.

**DIARY OF EVENTS.**  
TODAY.

City Magistrate's Court, 9, a. m.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1913

**BOME INDUSTRIES**

The establishment of industries in Prince Edward Island has long been discussed in the press and on the platform but so far, although the subject has met with unbounded sympathy, little practical progress has resulted. Apart from a few, very few, outstanding instances in which success has been achieved, little of actual industrial promotion has been accomplished.

Of late, eclipsed by the fox industry, even the advocacy of industrial development has ceased. In the face of forty to some hundreds per cent. in dividends nothing else appears to be worth while in comparison. This is one of the dangers arising from fox business or any other business that meets with phenomenal success. While fox farming is undoubtedly the biggest thing at present in sight, here or elsewhere, while it will probably result in creating millionaires, possibly multimillionaires, it must not be forgotten that its benefits will extend only to the comparatively few, that its possibilities—unlimited though they may be—are not within reach of the rank and file of our people. To properly round off the Island's prospect of continued prosperity the fox business must be supplemented by other industries which will more generally affect our people, whose benefits will reach out more generally to the rank and file.

There are, within a mile or two of Charlottetown perhaps a dozen fox ranches whose aggregate capital totals nearly a million dollars. A factory employing seventy-five to a hundred hands would mean more to the city as a whole than all these fox ranches combined. The employees make up our citizenship, help to keep up our stores, support our schools and churches, contribute to the maintenance of our civic institutions. In comparison with the capital involved the fox ranches cannot, in the nature of things, employ as many hands as the factory. We need factories to ensure continued and permanent prosperity.

There has, in the advocacy of industrial enterprises, been a little too much vagueness. Many industries have in turn been proposed and boosted in a general way and each in turn abandoned. But we have several industries among us which have been remarkably successful and a study of the establishment and development of these should indicate the way of success in the promotion of others. We have in Charlottetown, Summerside and Souris wood working factories which have grown from small beginnings and have extended their business beyond the bounds of the province. We have also in Charlottetown a machine shop and engine factory which draws its trade from all over the continent and even beyond it. These industries were founded on merit and practicability. They have each been extended from time to time by the addition of capital, and they are still growing, yielding profitable returns to those who have invested in them, giving employment to many hands and adding very materially to the wealth of the province and especially of the places in which they are located. They could be still further extended and their usefulness to the province and to the respective communities still further enlarged. There are many other industries, doubtless, in a struggling beginning, as those mentioned were only a few years ago. The addition of capital in such would lead to safe and profitable development. The tried and proven industries whose worth has been established and whose products sell on their merits are always a safe investment. These are among the things to be looked into as we discuss the establishment of industries. We have the capital to invest; the sympathy of the investor is more easily enlisted in tried and proven enterprises. Capital is shy and not easily enlisted where there is an element of uncertainty. If, for the present, more attention were paid to the enlarging of such industries as have proved themselves, more progress would undoubtedly be made in fostering the industrial life of the province than by the exploitation of "others that we know not of."

**ADVICE ABOUT FOXES.**

The declaration and payment of fox dividends have attracted attention far and wide to what may be termed our secondary industry, agriculture being our staple. We have been inundated with enquiries from all quarters regarding the fox business, and in many instances have been asked to select companies in which to invest. While always willing and ready to give all information in our power regarding the industry, we are not prepared, for obvious reasons, to recommend any one company to investors. We have been careful invariably to submit a list of companies and advise enquirers to write direct for prospectuses and such other information as may be deemed necessary. In this connection it would be well for companies to have ready copies of certificates of the pedigree of the foxes, the location of their ranches, the experience of their managers and ranchmen, and the names and standing of their directors. Information of this sort is invariably sought by prospective investors, and companies should be in a position to supply it with the least possible delay.

Other questions asked us have reference to the general standing of the industry, and the information may be summarised as follows:—

The silver fox industry is not new nor of mushroom growth. It has been carried on successfully on a pelt basis for thirty years, although only within the last three years has it attracted public attention outside of those directly interested for breeding purposes. Now almost everybody who is anybody, financially, politically, officially or commercially, is engaged in, or has investments in, fox breeding. The Lieut.-Governor is president of a fox company and an investor in a number of others. Every member of the Government is connected with the industry as president, director or ordinary shareholder in corporate companies. The Leader of the Opposition is president of a fox company; our Senators and members of Parliament are large investors or directors in one or other of them. Nearly all the professional men are interested in, and almost without exception the principal commercial houses are directly connected with, the industry. It is estimated that at least 85 per cent. of the total investment in the silver fox business is Island money, and that without depleting the savings locked up in the banks. Enquiries at the joint-stock banks in the Island bring us the satisfactory information that at present there is more money on deposit than there was a year ago, while the Dominion Savings Bank, in which something over two million dollars was on deposit a year ago, has since had withdrawals of but \$300,000 in excess of deposits. Money is coming back into the banks as dividends of fox companies are being paid. In no other community in Canada with a population mainly of farmers is there so large a volume of deposits in proportion to population as in Prince Edward Island today. The silver fox industry has in no way "tied us up" financially. While all over Canada trade and commerce has suffered a certain amount of depression as a result of the tight money market, the Island has been happily free from such experience. The reason is obvious. The fox industry is practically a cash industry. The share capital has been subscribed in cash and the dividends paid on the cash paid up. The fact that neither the banks nor the financiers have been called upon to underwrite the stock and that the only liability is to the shareholders for the amount of capital subscribed, is the best proof that the industry is on a sound financial basis. Under our laws there can be no "watered" stock, and to this extent the investor is protected from undue exploitation. There need be no question of over-capitalisation when the most highly capitalised company, the Charles Dalton Company, has just distributed a quarter of a million dollars in dividend on \$650,000 invested.

We are asked, if the industry is so profitable why it has not received the official stamp of approval of the Board of Trade or the Provincial Government? Perhaps the Board of Trade could have done more in endorsing the bona-fides of the industry, but certainly the Provincial Government could hardly stamp it more officially and effectively than by taxing the profits, which it has done to the tune of \$3,700,000 for the present year.

This constitutes the substance of the replies we have had to make to private enquiries, and we may as well make it public. We have always added, and desire to do so now, that there is an element of risk in the industry, as young stock may die; but what industry is without its risk? There is little chance of an epidemic, as has been suggested to us more than once; but to make assurance doubly sure it might be as well for the Government to extend its veterinary inspection system to include periodic inspection of all registered ranches.

**NOTES**

The late harvest has suffered dreadfully from the stormy weather.

The Inter-provincial Conference at Ottawa will be attended by over thirty representatives.

The bonds of the new electric Company are being greatly sought after. Both Halifax and St. John investors consider them "a good thing."

The following excerpt from a private letter on the fox industry may be interesting:—"The future of the fox industry rests upon the production of a valuable commercial product. The rate and cost of production have been demonstrated. The element of risk cannot be eliminated from the future of any industry whether it be producing live stock or manufacturing merchandise. But the great majority of people here, people who have the largest interest and the greatest knowledge in regard to the fox business, believe it to be on a stable basis for years to come. The capital stock in all our older companies and ranches is paid up in full and thousands of shareholders who have already received all their investments back in dividends are not at all apprehensive. The fox companies are not cumbered with bonded indebtedness and the fact that the banks have been inclined to discontinue investment in foxes has placed the entire business on a cash basis."

**THIS DATE IN HISTORY**

1811—Franz Liszt, famous musician, born. Died Feb. 15, 1886.

1812—Charles Scott, fourth governor of Kentucky, died. Born in Virginia in 1783.

1872—Steamship Missouri burned at sea, with loss of 87 lives.

1883—Opening of the Metropolitan Opera House, New York City.

1884—Marquis of Lansdowne sworn in as Governor General of Canada.

1900—John Sherman, famous statesman, died in Washington, D. C. Born in Lancaster, O., May 10, 1823.

1912—Robert Barr, noted novelist, died. Born Sept. 16, 1850.

**THE HUMAN PROCESSION**

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, the celebrated French actress, was born in Paris, Oct. 22, 1845. She is a Jewess by birth, but was brought up in a convent, and when a child became a Catholic. In 1868 she entered the Paris Conservatoire and on her graduation four years later she received a second prize. After a brief sojourn at the Gymnase and at the Porte Saint-Martin, she made her debut at the Odeon, where she acted in "Phedre" and other plays in which she subsequently became famous. In 1869 she won her first notable success in Coppée's "Le Passant." Mme. Bernhardt's first appearance in London was in 1879 and on Nov. 8 of the following year made her American debut at Booth's Theatre in New York. Since that first appearance she has made eight tours of the United States and Canada.

**BRITAIN'S POLICY IN MEXICO.**

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The view of the British Government is that the policy of Sir Lionel Carden, the British Minister to Mexico is not antagonistic to the point of view of the United States, and it is pointed out as merely a coincidence that Sir Lionel presented his credentials simultaneously with Provisional President Huerta's declaration of a dictatorship. The fact that Great Britain had recognized Provisional President Huerta rendered it necessary, it is argued here, that the British Minister should present his letters without delay and to obtain an official standing.

There is only one best and we can conscientiously claim that the soaps made by Harmony of Boston are absolutely the best toilet soaps at the price that you can buy. They are the original and only genuine transparent glycerine soaps, can be had in Violet or Rose at 15c a cake, 2 for 25c. These cakes are extra large almost twice the size of ordinary soap. The MacKinnon Drug Co., Corner Great George and Kent Sts., MONT.

**GOFF BROS FOR RUBBERS**

This is the season for Rubbers. We have the very best in ladies, men's and boys, all kinds of Rubber Boots and Knee, Storm King and Hip.

ALL KINDS OF RUBBER GOODS REPAIRED HERE

**GOFF BROS**

**MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE**

The Hon. Murdoch McKinnon, Commissioner of Agriculture, leaves this morning for Ottawa, and will be away for a week or so. His visit is on business in connection with the Agricultural department.

Mr. W. W. Clark, the city Clerk, and Mrs. Clark, who has been away for a few weeks which they spent between Providence and Rhode Island, U. S. A., returned to Charlottetown on Monday night. Yesterday Mr. Clark resumed his duties.

Mr. H. D. Buchanan, Associate Editor of the Busy East a magazine devoted to the interest of the Maritime Provinces, which has recently been making a special feature of the black fox industry of the Island, is again in Charlottetown, and will be here for a fortnight. He is located, while here, at the Maritime Fox Exchange, Queen Street.

Mr. George McKenzie, Mrs. McKenzie and two children, of Hillsborough, Lot 48 leave this morning for Victoria, B. C., where they purpose residing. Three of their children, one daughter and two sons, already live in Victoria and the natural desire to renew the family circle was a primary cause of the present removal. Mr. McKenzie has been a lifelong resident of Hillsborough and the departure of himself and his worthy family is a distinct loss, not only to that locality but to the whole province. Their many friends while deeply regretting their departure will wish them abundant success in the West.

**SERVIAN GOVT. TO WITHDRAW TROOPS.**

BELGRADE, Oct. 20.—The Servian Government today notified the European Powers that it had ordered its troops to withdraw immediately behind the Albanian frontier fixed by the Peace Conference held in London at the conclusion of the first Balkan war. This step complies with Austria's ultimatum.

BELGRADE, Oct. 19.—The Austrian note gives Servia eight days in which to evacuate Albanian territory. The note which Austria sent to Servia yesterday is looked upon in the light of an ultimatum, and demands the complete evacuation of the points in since the recent engagements between Albania occupied by Servian troops them and the Albanians.

**MAY AMEND THE CURRENCY BILL.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—With President Wilson willing to accept substantial amendments to the Administration's Currency Bill in the hope of securing speedy action with the measure in the Senate Committee, supporters of the Administration today grew optimistic over the chances for the passage of the measure before the end of the extra session of Congress. The President himself in a letter to majority leader Underwood announced his willingness to consider a proposal for a recess of the House, because he said the conference with members of the Currency Bill led him to believe the Bill would be reported to the Senate the first week in November, and passed during the present session.

Republican members of the committee, and Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, were inclined to look upon this plan as too optimistic.

**TWENTY AMERICAN SOLDIERS KILLED IN WRECK.**

MERIDIAN, Miss., Oct. 21.—Twenty soldiers were killed and about 100 injured when a special troop train on the Mobile & Ohio Railroad plunged through a trestle near State Line, Miss., Sunday afternoon. The casualty list is given in a report of the disaster by Division Superintendent Pigford, of the Mobile & Ohio, sent to headquarters of the road in Mobile. All the killed were privates and members of Company 39 Coast Artillery, U. S. A.

Reports from the scene of the wreck are meagre because of interrupted wire communication. Most of the dead and injured, it is reported, were aboard a special train headed by the 39th and 107th companies of artillery stationed at Fort Morgan, were taken to Mobile Sunday morning and at noon boarded the special Mobile & Ohio train bound to Meridian, where the soldiers were to participate in a fair. On the train were 179 officers and men.

Relief trains carrying physicians and nurses were sent from Mobile, Meridian and Whistler, Ala.

**EMPEROR SUMMONS THE CROWN PRINCE.**

BERLIN, Oct., 18.—The Crown Prince's absence from Leipzig festivities is attracting attention, as indicating strained relations with the Emperor. The Prince went to a hunting lodge in the Bavarian mountains, deer-stalking. According to the Lokal Anzeiger, the Emperor sent his Adjutant, General Von Gentard, to proceed to the mountains and return with the Crown Prince and Princess to Munich tonight. All immediately took a train to Berlin. It is surmised that this is connected with the disturbed relations between father and son.

**PATONS**

The Greatest and Best Display of New Goods in the City

Ladies when visiting Patons will find a most elaborate showing of NEW FALL MILLINERY. Something to suit every taste and purse.

THE LATEST FURS INCLUDING fox, lynx, persian lamb, mink and white lamb, OUR STOCK of COATS and COATINGS is superb. They have both style and quality at reasonable prices. Special lot of childrens coats new and natty.

Dress goods and silks in all the leading shades.

**PATONS**  
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY

**THE STORE THAT PLEASES.**

**GORDON & KEITH**  
HOME FURNISHERS.

The great chance is offered you to buy your House furnishings by mail. Our big Illustrated Catalogue is sent to your nearest Post Office address for the asking.

In it you will find illustrated almost everything to make your Homes beautiful and cozy. Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Draperies, Stoves and Ranges for Coal, Wood or Gas.

Our prices cannot be beaten in Canada. Quality being our first Consideration for our Customers, Our goods are packed by experienced men, freight paid to any place in Nova Scotia and P. E. Island for orders of \$10 or over.

A card will bring you our Illustrated Catalogue.

**41 Barrington Street,**  
Halifax, N. S.

**Cash and Credit House.**

2225-10-22 M3mos. Est. 1820.

**ONLY THEN REMEMBER**

There will be some excuse for not insuring, only. When the wife no longer becomes a widow, When the orphan ceases to cry for bread, When poverty and want are unheard of conditions, When the mortgage on the home is never foreclosed, When old age and a competence are lifelong companions, When debt shall cease to be a burden and sheriffs are unknown.

Until these conditions get control of human affairs there will be no excuse especially while the CANADA LIFE stands ready to take care of these conditions.

**W. K. Rogers,** R. B. ROGERS, S'aid  
Manager P. E. I. K. S. ROGERS, Ch'town Agent.

**Get Ready For A Day With The Game**

Now is the time to get out after the game—

And you sportsmen can get everything you want HERE.

- Single and double barreled guns
- Loaded shells
- Sho
- Smokeless Powder
- Ammunition belts
- Shooting jackets and vests
- everything you could possibly want.

**Fennell & Chandler**  
Victoria Row

**GOFF BROS FOR RUBBERS**

This is the season for Rubbers. We have the very best in ladies, men's and boys, all kinds of Rubber Boots and Knee, Storm King and Hip.

ALL KINDS OF RUBBER GOODS REPAIRED HERE

**GOFF BROS**