

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1922

C. P. R. SCHOLARSHIPS

A hopeful sign of the times is the growing interest taken in education by the world's wealth.

Our universities have for some time past been advocating such a move as this with a view to enabling young men of promise and ambition to follow up their education.

The terrible disaster to the airship "Roma" recorded in our dispatches yesterday and of which real pleasure of seeing the fruits of their labors was denied them.

How much more satisfying it would progress. It would appear as if to be to make their appropriation sacrifice were almost inevitably the while living and to see the results.

AMERICAN CAPITAL IN CANADA

Now that the heat of the election is over the "Globe" finds time and convenience to discuss industrial matters of their merits, and in a recent issue gave an illuminating article in answer to the question.

"Who Owns Our Factories?" It bases its question and the answer thereto, on a booklet published by the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Trade and Commerce Department on the advantages of Canada as a field for British branch industries.

The Globe points out that Canada is indebted to the United States for more than a third of the capital invested in our industries; this means that were it not for the tariff, practically half of the industries of Canada would be non-est.

ada to bring American capital in to the country for the purpose of developing our latent industries. The Globe points out there is no industry more adapted to our natural conditions than meat packing, and in 1919 over 41 per cent of the \$35,000,000 invested in that business consisted of capital owned in the United States and in the rubber industry 50 per cent of the capital of \$33,000,000 was invested by the United States.

Curiously enough industries which are purely Canadian, and the stock for which is almost entirely held in Canada, are cotton manufacturing, flour milling, sugar refining and iron founding.

THE PRICE OF PROGRESS

The fact that the airship is dangerous has not deterred scientists from experimenting with it, and improving it. It is yet far from what the scientists hope it will be like the world's other great of the world's surplus wealth, an achievement it will finally triumph opportunity to enable worthy young men or women to procure an education, which otherwise they would have been unable to procure.

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"MADE IN CANADA"

In the same issue of "The Globe" in which are comments upon the investment of American capital in Canadian industry, there appears a report of a convention of Retail Merchants - Tailors, which took place in the King Edward Hotel.

One of the gentlemen who took part was Mr. Edgar Worth, Canadian Manager of Canadian Woolens, Peterboro, who discussed the merits of Canadian Made Woolens and the preference shown by Canadians for British-made woolens.

Mr. Worth, "were given proper support you would get the styles and quality of the British material. The one reason that Canadian Woolen Mills do not produce the big ranges of the British mills is because nine times out of ten the Canadian wearer asks, my demands, the British goods."

Mr. Worth's contention. We have got into the habit of demanding British wool material as we had the guarantee that British production meant highest class of material. Other shoddy materials were sometimes foisted on the consumer and had their origin in Germany and continental countries, and so as a means of self-protection the should not be difficult for the tailors of Canada to convince their customers that Canadian made woolens are equally as good as the imported British article.

Canadians we need not be ashamed of the cloth made in Canada.

The Public Forum

This column is open for the discussion by correspondents of questions of interest. The Charlottetown Guardian does not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by its correspondents.

About Liquor Revenues

Mr. E. L. Island's Liberal government appears to be proud of its management of the rum business so far as to reap over \$50,000 last year for revenue with good prospects of a large amount this year.

It is said that corporations have no conscience and presumably governments are in the same category. The strange thing about the P. E. I. government is that the men in that combination who sit in the front seats in their respective churches, and as cash as voters on the temperance question while they are in the House. Have they no conscience? If they have it in their power to mend matters and they save business they constitute themselves "sleeping partners in unrighteousness."

Mr. Copp might well get ideas and suggestions from rubber, expansive ideas, not merely with regard to taxation as he has told us, but with regard to every feature of Liberal policy and practice. Taxation must be expansive as we have it here in Prince Edward Island, till it embraces everything tangible and intangible. The public debt must be expansive. Borrow on debentures, or on bonds, or direct from the people's savings, with only the blue sky for a limit!

What will bounce like a rubber ball? What will stretch like a rubber band? Hence your true Liberal politician bounces and brags, stretches and inflates himself, makes elastic promises, elastic borrowings. Mr. Copp should have known all this long ago, and had forgotten it for the moment until the rubber meeting reminded him. He should have remembered how Mr. Fielding stretched those thirteen nulls which the Transcontinental Railway was to cost in hundreds of millions in the good old Laurier days.

Possibly he had not heard of how the Bell Government had stretched the members' indemnity to two and a half times its former proportions in the interest of economy, or how our excellent Commissioner of Agriculture has proposed to stretch the farmers' noses to make them take their taxation medicine. "Take them by the nose and make them take it!" We are a little doubtful as to how his brother farmers in the Bedouid district will accept this delicate attention on the part of the Commissioner, and would like to be there to witness the performance when it comes off.

Over in the country districts of the state of Maine when a female domestic is negotiating an engagement with a new employer, it is said to be the usual thing for her to ask, "Do you do your own stretching?" By this the young feminine simply means, "Do I have to serve at the table, pass the plates and food and tea, or do you wait upon yourselves?" Mr. Copp doubtless knows, as does everybody else that no such question need be asked in a Liberal Government or a Liberal legislature. The members of the party family may be trusted to "do their own stretching," all right!

BETTER THAN GOLD

Better than gold is a conscientious clear. Though toiling for bread in a humble sphere; Doubly blest with content and health Untried by the lust and cares of Lowly living and lofty thought Adorned and ennobled the poor man's cot; For minds and morals on Nature's plan Are the genuine test of a gentleman.

Better than grandeur, better than gold. Than rank or titles, a hundredfold, Is a healthy body, a mind at ease, And simple pleasures that always please. A heart that can feel for a neighbor's woe, And share with their joys in a friendly glow, With sympathies large enough to unfold Al men as brothers-- is better than gold.

Notes By The Way

(From The Examiner.)

Hon. A. B. Copp, Secretary of State in the King Government the other day, addressed the annual meeting of the Rubber Association of Canada in Montreal and told the assembled shareholders that three quarters of the voters in the recent federal elections were carried to the polls on pneumatic tires, and to that extent the Government was indebted to the rubber industry. He also facetiously told them that rubber had given him some hints in the matter of taxation.

We learn from this weighty deliverance how large a place rubber and air occupy in the political affairs of the Dominion. Hot air was delivered vocally by thousands of orators to millions of voters and others at thousands of public meetings, and then in thousands of motor cars, supported on rubber tires inclosing compressed but elastic air, the multitude of voters were waited to the polling booths. There seems to be no doubt that to the doubted elasticity of rubber and inclosed air the King Government has been very deeply indebted.

So it comes about that we have at Ottawa a rubber Government that was waited to its present position of hot air with half its membership made up of mere rubber bags that have to be inflated before use, or rubber stamps that anybody can use at any time; rubber ministers with rubber portfolios, and rubber ministers without portfolios, and over them all the Great Stretcher himself!

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A Disastrous Crusade.

All went well until Dowie, with 3,000 of his band, descended upon New York with the avowed purpose of converting that city. The campaign was a failure and cost the Dowies some \$300,000. Bankruptcy proceedings were begun, the city was unable to pay its bills, and a receiver was appointed. He straightened out things to some extent, and then Volva, who had been summoned by Dowie because of illness, was put in charge, and the old prophet went to Mexico to rest. When he came back Volva refused to give way and resolutely held to his authority. Soon after Dowie died, and from that day

take it!" We are a little doubtful as to how his brother farmers in the Bedouid district will accept this delicate attention on the part of the Commissioner, and would like to be there to witness the performance when it comes off.

Daily Selections for Guardian Readers

From the collection of the late Mr. W. S. Louson

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The Queer Town That Dowie Built

Zion City, half way between Chicago and Milwaukee, on the shores of Lake Michigan, is one of the most remarkable communities up on the continent. It is from Zion City that Rev. Wilbur Glenn Voliva issues his occasional thunders against modern errors of dress and ancient errors of science. It was from Zion City that Rev. Voliva recently announced that the earth was flat, and that the sun, moon and stars were hung above it in a solid blue sky, just as chandeliers might be hung from a ceiling. He said that any other conception of the universe was at variance with the teaching of the Holy scriptures. This was no news to the children of Zion city, for they have been taught this idea of the earth ever since Zion City was established. As for the adult members of the community, they accept implicitly what their Overseer has to say, for they have acquired the habit, and it is unwholesome to argue with him.

Founded by Dowie.

Zion City is a monument to one of the most curious religious fanatics of modern times, to wit, John Alexander Dowie, who went to the United States from Australia penniless, and inside of ten years was one of the best known men in the country and the possessor of vast wealth. At the time, his headquarters were in Chicago, and his taxes were so heavy that he built a town of his own, where, if any taxes were to be paid, they would be paid to him. So he went out real estate agents and they bought him several thousands acres of farm land, which was to become the city of the elect. He appealed to his followers, who numbered thousands, and they sold their possessions in other cities and moved to Zion City. He established various industries, and in many respects showed exceedingly good judgment.

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CURZON IS ARRANGING FOR NEAR EAST CONFERENCE

The Marquis of Curzon, British Foreign Secretary, has informed Premier Poincare, who also acts as the French Foreign Minister, that he wishes to meet him to discuss the question of Near East peace as soon as the Ministerial situation in Italy permits the Italian Foreign Minister to come to Paris.

Trained by Puccini.

Mme. Jeritza was born in Brno, Austria, but her admirers patriotically call attention to the fact that Brno is now in Czecho-Slovakia, singing of Italian roles, and she received her musical training speaks of him frequently and with reverence. She announces that he

Admires Chaliapin.

Mme. Jeritza is not of the best, but she is studying hard to perfect it, and even now, with the aid of her hands, her shoulders and her eyes she can carry on a brightly and intelligent conversation in that tongue, German, however, is her natural medium of speech, despite the fact that Brno is in Czecho-Slovakia. She is a great admirer of New York. To see women of fifty slim, athletic and keen is incomprehensible to one whose countrymen as a rule consider themselves middle-aged when they are thirty. The winter climate of North America she finds a tonic for her voice. She sleeps with the heat turned off in her room and the windows opened, which, perhaps, explains the cold of the Baron, and suggests that in the Von Popper household the stage is considered of more importance than the bank. So far as the Baron is concerned he is not much interested in opera despite the influence of his mother and his bride. He also finds the publicity which beats upon Mme. Jeritza a nuisance.

there has been nobody in Zion City to dispute the powers of the overseer. He has conducted the affairs of the city successfully, according to the faithful, and if others do not like his methods they can stay away.

Strange Laws.

There are laws in Zion City such as probably exist nowhere else on earth. One cannot urinate in liquor; he cannot smoke; he cannot take medicine; he cannot have a doctor; he cannot eat pork or oysters. There are no moving pictures or other places of amusement. There is no baseball. There are no sinful card games or dances. The feminine styles are severely censored. There are no short skirts, but on the other hand, there is no filmy, peekaboo hosiery. There are low-neck dresses, but still there are no balls to wear them at. There are no loafers or litters. Everybody is hustling so that he can go home and eat his specified meal and go to bed and forget his troubles. There are plenty of churches and religious gatherings and no lack of usages from Voliva, who was formerly an Indiana preacher.

There Are Rebels.

Zion City is run this way because all the land is vested in Voliva. It is never sold. It is leased. On one occasion, through a never to be forgotten error, a man bought a lot outright and opened a drug store. The town was in an uproar until Voliva bought it back with all its humorous drugs. The City Council is composed of Voliva's favorites. The Magistrates are nominated by him, and any laws that he deems necessary for the further uplift of the inhabitants are passed. Most of them have been upheld by superior courts. But in Zion City there are hundreds of people who are not Zionists, but who have been attracted there by business or trade opportunities. They are in constant rebellion against the laws of the place, and hope eventually to become a majority and make over the town into the likeness of other American cities. In the meantime, there is little prospect of their succeeding. Voliva is firmly in the saddle and the earth is flat.

Jeritza Is New Queen Of Opera

We may expect a Jeritza perfume on the market shortly, and, if it follows precedent, it is likely to eclipse the Mary Garden fragrance. Just as Geraldine Farrar's faithless public from her. For years Geraldine has reigned as a grand opera favorite second only to Caruso, and now comes a hitherto unknown songstress from Austria and creates a furor such as that which attended the New York debut of Galli-Curci. Roles that Farrar sang for years at the Metropolitan have been handed over to the new-comer, and each evening she appears at a premium and are to be had only through the theatrical bootleggers who are called speculators. New York never will forget Caruso, who vied with Christy Mathewson in popular esteem, but undoubtedly the Russian Chaliapin, and the Austrian Jeritza both arriving in the season following the death of the great tenor have done much to soften the grief of the music lovers of New York when they think of the golden voice that is stilled.

She Looks Young.

Singers do not, as a rule, announce their age, and Mme. Jeritza can only be judged by her appearance. She looks almost girlish, this impression being heightened by her heavy golden hair and her slim ankles and arms. One gathers that she will make an admirable Marguerite, so many of her heroines of that role having been resplendent dames recommended only by their voices. Jeritza came to New York practically unknown, though before the war her reputation won in Austria and other European capitals had drawn her an invitation from the Metropolitan, but in the eight years that have elapsed she was forgotten and when it was announced that she would appear at the Metropolitan the news created no interest. Her first appearance, however, was a triumph. Her voice is described as being beautiful, compelling and of original quality and has won for her a four-year contract and fame. Her acting is also said to be thrilling, and after she had appeared in La Tosca some critics said the performance was the finest New York had ever heard.

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If you would only try "SALADA" TEA

we are sure you would no longer be satisfied with ordinary tea. The flavour is unique and its richness unexcelled. Your grocer sells it.

The Bank of Nova Scotia begs to announce to its customers and the public that it will be open for business in its new premises, corner of Grafton and Great George St., at 10 o'clock Monday morning, February 27th.

Goff's Discounts Twenty per cent. discount off our already lowest priced new seasonable goods is equal to fifty or sixty off old or out of season or high priced stuff. Goff's Gaiters Ladies all new, best colors, 20 per cent. discount. A job lot of assorted colors and sizes at \$1.25 A job lot of odds and ends at 90c

Goff's Felt and Cloth Goods 700 pairs men's women's and children's slippers (boudoir or leather or felt soles) in various styles and colors. 20 per cent. discount. Men's women's and children's cloth or felt boots per cent. discount. Lumbermen's felts 20 per cent. discount. Sheep Skin Sox, 20 per cent. discount.

Goff Bros., Ltd.

composer. She soon won more than local fame and filled engagements in various European capitals with unusual success. It is taken for granted that she had little opportunity for either operatic engagements or serious study while the war lasted, but it appears that her voice must have greatly developed and her art ripened in those years. Otherwise New York would not have been so astonished when she sang La Tosca. At some time or other in her career she met the Baron von Popper, whose wife she became. The Baron is a banker, and the son of the famous teacher Marchesi. We regret to report that when Mme. Jeritza was interviewed the other day the Baron had a cold. That is all we know about him except that he bears a name that is not exactly a recommendation.

RECOVERED MUCH CLOTH

TORONTO, Feb. 21--The Toronto police this afternoon recovered \$4,000 worth of cloth which was stolen from the front of a Toronto tailor's shop Monday afternoon. Half the cloth, eight bolts, had been shipped by express to Chesley, where it was seized at the request of the police, the remainder being found in a house here. In the past fifteen hours the police have recovered over \$10,000 worth of cloth stolen in three robberies in the city. Abe Steinberg, of Chesley, and Samuel Goldberg, were arrested at the latter's home here.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS RHEUMATISM BRIGAT'S DISEASE DIABETES BACKACHE