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OF A  
MERCHANT

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# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper Read by Everybody

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MAXIMS  
OF A  
MERCHANT

To have died in vain is not so  
tragic as to have lived in vain.

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## SOCIAL SERVICE CONFERENCE MEETS

### Addresses Are Given By Members Of The Social Service Council of Canada.

Morning Session

The Social Service Conference held its first session in St. Paul's Parish Hall yesterday morning. Dr. W. P. J. MacMillan presided and opened the meeting with brief but fitting remarks.

Rev. Canon C. W. Vernon, General Secretary of the Council for social service of the Church of England in Canada, was the first speaker, and delivered an interesting address, taking for his subject "Rural Community Life." This he dealt with in its four-fold phases of:

1. Preservation of the Home.
2. Private ownership of Productive Industry.
3. The Rural contribution to the thought of the nation.
4. The contribution to the life of the city.

Food supply, he stated, was of basic importance to city dwellers; but there were matters of great spiritual import wherein rural communities could point the way to the cities.

We must look to rural communities to preserve home life—a precious asset, which must not be lost to our national life. Too often in the cities the home was allowed to degenerate into a mere boarding house.

Then, too, in cities, there was a tendency for the house wife to go to work and become a wage earner. This often results in such things as the artificial limitation of offspring—which is becoming quite a problem today—and, at all events the children are sure to miss some of the best influences of home life.

With the drawbacks of life in the City Canon Vernon contrasted the freedom of life on the farm. Farm children learned the facts of reproduction in a sane, natural and healthy way, from observing these functions as carried out in the breeding of animals—free from the secretive and unhealthy glamour too often thrown over these matters in the environment of the city.

He spoke briefly of how the workmen under our modern industrial system, had been herded into large cities, and, through mass production, robbed of a precious sense of

pride in his work and the joy of creative effort. It would be most desirable to restore, so far as possible, these things which had been taken away.

Canon Vernon, here expressed himself as strongly in favour of private ownership.

Another great contribution of rural life was its contribution to the thought of the nation. Many people were too prone to believe all they saw in the newspapers.

But people who lived in the country took time to think, and would not accept their opinions ready made. Even when a new minister arrived, a rural community would not accept all that he tried to tell them. City people, he thought, did not pay much attention to the sermon. But in rural communities they still talked the sermons over afterwards.

Then the country made great contributions to the life of the city. There was a constant stream of clean minded and healthy bodied people from the country to the cities. It would be well to see a steady stream of people both from the country to the city, and from the city to the country. The speaker felt that an effort should be made to get our own Canadian boys on the land.

It is considered most important that the water supply of a city should be clean wholesome and pure. How much more important then that the incoming stream of men and women should be so, also! There is thus a great opportunity for social workers in the rural communities.

In the country, the people trust their clergy, and their opportunity for social work is great, and the responsibility is also great. If the Church of Christ fails in the country, then you can write "Ichabod" over the gates of her temples. Canon Vernon then went on to deal with some of the difficulties which confronted rural clergy in the carrying on of their ministrations, the work seemed hard, at times, but it had its compensations.

An interesting discussion followed, which was taken up by Rev. R. C. Eaton, Rev. E. H. Thomas, Rev. H. D. Raymond, Rev. Dr. Ramsay, Rev. G. T. Spriggs, Rev. R. W. Lindsay, Rev. C. F. Johnson and Rev. D. Coburn.

The meeting then adjourned.

Afternoon Session

At the afternoon session Dr. E. H. Thomas delivered an excellent address on "Community Spirit."

The community, he said, is essentially spiritual fact.

It is that emotional sense of membership in a community, and participation in the purposes of the community—if indeed, it have any. He cited Charlottetown, as being one of those which most certainly had a purpose. This was evidenced by the excellent way in which the city and its activities were grouped about a central square.

He went on to give the following as the five essentials of happiness—work, strong interests, congenial comradeship, health and idealism, and proceeded to discourse on the part played by each of these in contributing to the happiness of the individual and the community.

If ones work is monotonous, one should have short rests and various interests to take up ones leisure time, he said.

He dealt with the post war problem of Denmark. We, too, had a post war problem—though the war didn't make our situation; it revealed it. In this connection, he gave it as his opinion that had the war not come in 1914; Canada was due for a terrible economic smash.

Before the war, the economic situation of Denmark became very serious. He quoted statistics proving the truth of this statement. Robbed of her land by Prussia, the people resolved that what they had lost outwardly, they must win inwardly. They went into the production of dairy products and live stock. Instead of desired more freedom, a constitutional crisis came about. Folk high schools were introduced which contributed much to a spiritual awakening. This bore splendid fruit in co-operation, and was a most powerful factor in the economic rehabilitation of the country.

The spirit of the war should be infused into work—so that more and more of interest and romance is imported into our daily tasks.

Canada is a nation. But how are we going to make it go as a nation with five groups of people—the Maritimes, Quebec, Ontario, the Prairies and British Columbia, each with different aspirations. The news papers are faced with a great problem in placing ideas before the people.

Of German invention is a coin in a slot (finger nail polish), fresh polish and a new buffing surface being supplied for each patron.



Dr. C. M. Hincks, medical director of the Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene, was elected president of the Canadian conference on social work held in Montreal. Due to the success of this first conference, a permanent organization was formed with Dr. Hincks at its head.

## To Visit Royal Military College

KINGSTON, Ont., May 10.—His Excellency Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, is to arrive in Kingston at 11 a. m. on May 23, to spend the day visiting the Royal Military College. This will be His Excellency's first visit to Canada's famous military school.

## Bremen Ready To Take Off At Any Time

(Canadian Press)  
QUEBEC, May 10.—The first official announcement that the trans-Atlantic monoplane Bremen would be flown from Greenley Island was made by Robert Cannon, head of the Canadian Trans-Continental Airways, in a statement issued here today. The plane which was damaged in landing following the east to west ocean crossing, by Captain Kooch Baron Von Huenefeldt and Major Fitzmaurice has been repaired and is ready to take off at any time.

The Bremen was made fit to fly by pilot (Dr.) Cuisinier and Mechanic Thibault of the Canadian Airways Company who have been on Greenley Island since Sunday, April 15, two days after the Junkers monoplane landed. They accompanied Duke Schiller in a relief plane and remained on the island while Major Fitzmaurice returned to the mainland.

## Governor Of Hong Kong Has Left For England

(Special to the Guardian)  
HONG KONG, China, May 10.—Sir Cecil Clementi, governor of Hong Kong, has left for England. He is returning home via Canada. Sir Cecil Clementi has been governor of Hong Kong since 1925, and has been in the public service in China for many years. He attended the Hong Kong university where he learned the native language, and was a member of the board of examiners in Chinese. For three years he administered the government of Ceylon.

## Annual Encaenia Of King's University

(Canadian Press)  
HALIFAX, N. S., May 10.—Four Anglican clergymen, former graduates, were honored today at the annual Encaenia day exercises of King's University. Honorary degrees of Doctor of Divinity were bestowed upon Rev. Henry F. Zwicker, M. A., Lockport, N. Y. Very Rev. G. R. MacDonald, Dean of the Cathedral at Fresno, California, Rev. A. H. Wurtelle, rector of St. Thomas Church, Hollywood, California, and the honorary degree of Bachelor of Divinity in course on Rev. George Harrison, M. A., Springfield, Nova Scotia.

President A. H. Moore, referring to the 125 years of service of King's University and to the recent changes under which the University of King's College has been reorganized, said that the very near future the new college buildings would be undertaken, costing about one million dollars.

The Binney exhibition, valued at \$50, was awarded to J. C. Moore of Trenholm, Quebec, and the Khaki exhibition to W. S. McNutt, Charlottetown, P. E. I. Other awards known next week. The alumni oration was by Rev. Dr. Henry F. Zwicker.

## CLOSURE RESORTED TO IN HOUSE

### Rare Procedure in Connection With Private Bills Necessitated by Obstructionist Tactics.

(From Our Own Correspondent)  
OTTAWA, May 10.—Last night's session was notable for a rather rare procedure in connection with private bills, namely the exercise of the closure. All through the session a small group on the opposition side of the House, headed by the Hon. Mr. Chaplin, have been fighting a bill sponsored by Mr. Pettit, another Conservative, seeking incorporation to construct an international bridge at Niagara Falls.

For a number of times it has been talked out on the hour limit provided for private bills. Last evening the opposing group were prepared with several amendments having the same object in view. Unexpectedly Mr. Spotton, Conservative member for North Huron, moved the previous question after which there could be no further debate. The bill carried by a most decisive vote of 103 to 23.

Other bills have been held up in the same way as the one for the Niagara bridge, and it is anticipated that the same method of procedure will be applied to them, on the principle that the will of a majority of the members should not be thwarted by obstructionist tactics after the principle of a bill has been fully and reasonably discussed.

The House gave third reading to the bill respecting the St. John River Storage Company. Final reading came after defeat by a vote of 113 to 21 of an amendment moved by J. P. Pouliot, Liberal, Temiscouata, that the legal questions involved should be referred to the supreme court of Canada.

Moving his amendment, Mr. Pouliot explained that the last government of New Brunswick had undertaken the power and storage development by public ownership. The present government of New Brunswick, however, had decided, Mr. Pouliot said, to sell out all the rights to a private company a branch of the International Paper Company. Mr. Pouliot questioned their right to do this.

Mr. Woodworth and T. L. Church the latter of whom is doing an inordinate lot of talking this session, spoke strongly in favor of the amendment. Chi-ch in the light of government ownership of water resources as exemplified in Ontario.

The Hon. R. B. Bennett was not in the House last evening, having gone to Guelph, Ontario, as one of the speakers at the banquet to the Hon. Hugh Guthrie, for twenty-five years, continuously member for South Wellington being held this evening.

This afternoon developed another subject of serious contention. After preliminaries of questions and answers, Prime Minister King called for "No. 5, of Government Orders" which read as follows:

"May 8.—Resuming the adjourned debate on the motion of the Minister of Finance, that Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair for the House to go again into committee of supply, and on the proposed amendment thereto of Mr. Tolmie."

Immediately the Speaker began to descend from the chair, and the Deputy-Speaker to assume his position as Chairman. Sir George Perley rose to a point of order to the effect that the debate on Dr. Tolmie's non-confidence motion as an amendment to going into supply, had first to be disposed of, then the rules of the House was sprung on the members, by which on Thursday and Friday when supply is called the Speaker automatically leaves the chair and the question (and in this instance the "question" was Tolmie's amendment in re dumping clause) lapses, of course to exist.

Then discussion became general and animated. Two members of the Opposition, Messrs. Boys of Simcoe and Cahon, Montreal, two learned lawyers, agreed as to the effect of the rule so far as the chairman automatically leaving the chair was concerned and the House going into committee of supply, but could not conceive that the want of confidence motion could thus be disposed of. Mr. Boys, in fact, intimated that in other circumstances it might be looked upon as a "trick." Others simply looked upon it as a sharp means of avoiding the vote of want of confidence being discussed at all.

The Prime Minister regarded it as a pious duty to have the rules of the House observed, and the Minister of Justice and the Minister of Education supported the position taken by the speaker, quoting May in confirmation.

Sir George Perley was insistent that as a matter of preserving good faith, the government had power to go on with the want of confidence amendment, being in command of the House. It was pointed out by others that the orders might be so square instead of circular in form.



Among those arriving in New York city aboard S. S. Leviathan recently was Tom Heene, heavy-weight champion of Great Britain, who will go into training for his coming bout for the heavy-weight championship of the world, with Gene Tunney. Photo shows Tom Heene on arrival.

## Important Date In Canada's History

(Special to the Guardian)  
OTTAWA, May 10.—John S. Ewart, K. C., one of Canada's outstanding authorities on constitutional law in an address here today, declared the 28th of June, 1919, was the most important date in the history of Canadian political development. On that day Canada's representatives affixed their signatures to the Versailles treaty, thus marking the transition from subordination to equality, he said.

Juggled that supply would be discussed only on Thursdays and Fridays, and the Tolmie amendment permanently eliminated. The speaker in giving his final ruling upheld the Prime Minister, but the want of confidence amendment he declared could be discussed on any other day or days when the House was in supply.

The House in committee then debated public works estimates until six o'clock, nothing specially contentious developing.

Two motions by the Prime Minister to observe the 17th, ascension day, and the 24th of May, as holidays were agreed to, but he added a third substituting each of the Saturdays following. The programme of sittings until the end of the session was left over until Monday, June 1st has been set down tentatively for the closing but it all very much depends.

OTTAWA, May 10.—In the parliamentary immigration committee, the reverse side of the picture was displayed, when W. J. Egan, Deputy Minister of Immigration and Dr. Clark, assistant deputy of the health department gave evidence, that of the latter being somewhat sensational.

In ten years in B. C. of the 4868 insane and feeble-minded, 29 per cent were foreign born, and only 29 per cent Canadian born. In Ontario in reformatories, asylums, etc., from 1924 to 1926, 3170 were foreign born and 1914 of Alberta said in a report that there were 1076 insane persons, 70 per cent of which were born outside of Canada, at an annual cost of \$250,000 to maintain them. Dr. Seymour of Saskatchewan made a similar report, only a little worse. Premier Taschereau had declared that there were 600 foreigners in Quebec asylums.

Dr. Clark did not think that the plan to have British physicians to examine proposed emigrants in Great Britain would work out successfully, because the roster doctors did not understand Canadian conditions. Last year there had been 590 deportations for physical defects. In other words, the British doctors had been missing a tremendous lot, some of whom were ex-imperial soldiers.

OTTAWA, May 10.—In the Senate today the amendment to the immigration act was referred to a special committee which will investigate the operation of the present measure and report back as to the apparent need for the change.

Discussing the measure, which abolishes the deportation clause in the immigration act, and which passed the House last week, Senator Belmont expressed the view that the criminal code and the immigration act contain other clauses which provide sufficient safeguards against that type.

His objection to the deportation clause was that under its provisions a man may be deported without trial or opportunity for defence and thereby become separated from his family and property. In no part of the British Empire were people treated that way and the clause was, he believed, contrary to British principles. He urged a better education of not only new settlers but Canadians generally, in respect to national aims and ideals.

Several new features of safety, are claimed to be embodied in a new airplane in level flight, even when moving at less than flying speed.

## MIGHT LEAD TO ACCEPTANCE OF CANADA MONEY

### Move on Foot to Have Canadian Currency Accepted in the United States.

OTTAWA, May 10.—The Journal in an editorial today says:

"Due to a letter addressed by A. H. Jarvis of Ottawa, to the United States Consul-General here, steps have been taken by the State Department at Washington which may result in the future acceptance of Canadian currency at all centres across the line. Hesitation on this score on the part of Americans in many districts has long been a source of inconvenience and annoyance to Canadian visitors to the United States although we are Uncle Sam's best customers, buying his goods at the rate of more than two millions a day. Despite that the American dollar is accepted without question over here, there are many places and business houses and hotels across the border where the Canadian dollar is no more regarded than if it were the paper of Soviet Russia."

On March 28th last Mr. Jarvis brought this fact to the attention of the United States Consul here, suggesting that in the cause of good will between the two countries some effort might be made toward betterment. The United States Consul referred the matter to the State Department at Washington, asking that it be referred to the United States Chamber of Commerce, and he is now in receipt of instructions that this has been done.

## Northern Ontario In Flooded Condition

(Special to the Guardian)  
TORONTO, May 10.—Practically all of Northern Ontario on the southern watershed of the height of land is in a flooded condition, according to Col. C. H. L. Jones, General Manager of the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company who is in Toronto. The condition is unprecedented in his experience. All the rivers are higher than in their usual state of flood.

"They are all on the rampage" he said. "You can see floods everywhere upon rivers flowing from the north." His company's plants at Espanola and Sturgeon are closed down because of water on the floors, and there has been no real damage. It is expected both plants will be reopened by next week.

At the main plant, he said, "nothing has been knocked down and nothing swept away, but we are having a hard time. We had to stop production on account of the water, and filling of contracts has been interfered with."

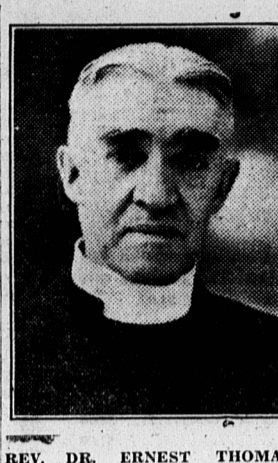
Col. Jones was at Queen's Park in conference with surveyor-general L. V. Morke concerning flood control measures on northern rivers and other matters concerning his company.

I HATE  
TO THINK OF  
A FLAPPER  
PULLING UP HER  
SKIRTS FOR  
A MOUSE



TORONTO, May 10.—Maritime, moderate winds, mostly cloudy with scattered showers and probably some fog.

Toronto cloudy ..... 66-44  
Montreal clear ..... 72-48  
Quebec clear ..... 72-44  
Charlottetown clear ..... 52-40  
Halifax cloudy ..... 52-40  
Saint John fair ..... 60-42  
Boston cloudy ..... 52-44  
High tide this afternoon at 1.54 and tomorrow morning at 4.16.  
Sun sets this evening at 7.21 and rises tomorrow morning at 4.30.  
New moon Saturday, May 19th, 8.50 a. m.



REV. DR. ERNEST THOMAS, Field Secretary of the Board of Evangelism and Social Service, United Church of Canada, who is expected in the city to address the Conference on Social Welfare to be held here tomorrow.

Dr. Thomas is an outstanding student of national and international problems and has done much to foster a scientific and disinterested approach to problems of national and community welfare among study groups which he has conducted in recent years from coast to coast in Canada.

## Companies Fail To Agree On Terms

(Special to the Guardian)  
NEW YORK, May 10.—Inability to agree on terms today brought an end to negotiations for the purchase of a majority of the capital stock of the Coca Cola International Corporation by Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc., it was announced by P. D. Saylor, President of Canada Dry Ginger Ale Inc.

Informal discussions of the proposed transaction had been going on for several days, he admitted, and stated that the transaction was definitely off because of the failure to come to terms.

## Annual Meeting Of The P. R. A.

The annual meeting of the Provincial Rifle Association was held in the Y. M. C. A. Parlors last evening. The attendance was the largest for years. The financial report showed a small balance on hand after the year's operations.

The report of the chairman of council contained references to the fact that P. E. Island had won the Inter-Maritime match with a score of 763, a new record which displaces the former Maritime record of 762 made in 1911 by another Island team.

Mention was also made of the good shooting of Sgt. A. McCabe on the Bisley team of 1927, and the fact that Sgt. G. McLennan of Pownal had made the Bisley team for 1928.

The thanks of the association were given to the following:

W. C. McDonald, Inc., for their British Consul match, also the E. B. Eddy Co., Major A. S. Robertson, Donald Nicholson, Esq., Moore & McLeod, Ltd., Prowse Bros Ltd., McKinnon Drug Co., City of Charlottetown; J. H. Judson, and Strathcona Trust.

A report of the inter-Maritime team was read by Major J. C. McDonald and was most interesting. Col. Leigh reported that the Ottawa meeting would be held the week commencing Aug. 14th.

A discussion took place regarding the rifle range and various speakers eulogised the work of caretaker William Smith and a vote of thanks was passed for his excellent services.

Col. Leigh reported that an engineer officer would arrive from Halifax very shortly and that the range would be put in order for practice.

The date for the annual provincial matches was set for July 31st to Aug. 2nd, so as to allow two clear weeks before Ottawa.

Col. H. M. Davison, president of the Association, announced that he would donate a silver trophy for competition at the annual match this year. The kind action was highly applauded.

Col. Leigh pointed out that the inter-Maritime rifle matches would be shot at Bedford, N.S., this year on the 14th of June, and after some discussion it was decided to appoint the same committee to handle the Inter-Maritime team as last year, namely Lt. Col. Leigh and MacKinnon, Major J. C. McDonald, Lt. F. G. Kennedy, G. M. Moore.

A vote of thanks was given to W. K. Rogers for use of office for meetings and to the Y. M. C. A. for use of parlors for the same purpose.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Hon. Pres.—Lt. Gov. F. R. Hertz.  
Hon. Vice Pres.—Col. F. S. Moore, V. D.  
Pres.—Col. H. M. Davison, V. D.  
Vice Pres. for Queens Lt. Col. D. A. McKinnon, D. S. O., V. D.  
For Prince Dr. A. W. Leard, Summerside.

For Kings, Major W. A. Poole, Montague.

Council for 1928: Lt. Col. J. P. Hooper, M. C. V. D. Major J. C. Mc-

## SITUATION GRAVE IN SHANTUNG

### Japan at Present Has 5,000 Men in the Fighting Zone With 18,000 Reinforcements Enroute.

(Special to the Guardian)  
PEKING, China, May 10.—The Japanese-Chinese situation in Shantung province continued grave today, with fresh engagements reported from the Tsinan-Tsingtao railroad area and advices from Tientsin say that part of the Chinese Nationalist army was in retreat southward.

New engagements resulted in the Japanese disarming 3,000 Nationalist troops. There was no indication of what the casualties of recent engagements totalled, and only the meagrest details reached this Northern China capital of the battles.

Reports said Japanese reinforcements were being spread over the territory around the Shantung province. Nine aeroplanes, an artillery brigade and five infantry companies were reported enroute to the Tientsin garrison.

Thus far there has been no indication of the Japanese attitude towards the announcement of General Chang Tso Lin, commander of the northern armies, that he would cease his warfare against the approaching armies of the south. Although the Manchurian war-lord long has been considered friendly towards the Japanese, he has recently declared against outside interference.

The threat of a union of Chinese various warring factions means the possibility of a great Chinese force.

General Chiang Kai Shek, commander of one part of the southern army, has approximately 100,000 men through Shantung province. General Feng Yu Hsiang, another southern leader, is believed to have an army of about the same size. General Chang has between 100,000 and 150,000 men, while the commander of the Shantung area has probably another 100,000 men.

Japan at present has about 5,000 men in the Chinese fighting zone with 18,000 reinforcements enroute.

TOKYO, May 10.—A despatch to the Japanese news agency, Renzo, reports that the southerners who clashed with a Japanese brigade yesterday at Kotien City, to the east of Tsinan, Shantung, suffered casualties of from 200 to 300 killed. Japanese troops are now guarding the railway.

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## W. M. S. Elect Officers At Annual Meeting

(Canadian Press)  
ST. JOHN, May 10, 1928.—Mrs. C. F. Sanford of St. John, was unanimously re-elected President of the Maritime conference branch of the W. M. S. of the United Church of Canada at the closing session of its second annual meeting here this afternoon when practically all of the former officers were re-appointed for the ensuing year and Miss Margaret Grant of Halifax was elected the Secretary for C. G. I. T., a new office. An invitation to hold the next annual meeting in Halifax was accepted.

The newly elected officers included:—Third Vice-President, Mrs. W. A. Thompson, Charlottetown; Secretary of Literature, Mrs. H. Newson, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Donald, V. D.; Lt. Col. C. Leigh, V. D.; Lt. Col. G. E. Full, A. D. C., V. D.; Lt. F. G. Kennedy; Major C. Thompson, M. C.; Major W. E. Smith, V. D.

The meeting then adjourned. A meeting of council was held immediately after the annual meeting and Col. D. A. McKinnon was elected chairman of council, and Col. C. Leigh Secy. of the Association.

## Condensed Specials

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"HORSES TO ARRIVE—ONE CAR-load of choice horses to arrive Saturday, May 12. Parties wanting horses will do well to look this lot over. I invite inspection. Parker A. Horne, 114 Kent St. Charlottetown. 4422

(Continued on page 3)