

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

One of Canada's largest retail merchandisers is seeking aggressive representation for the sale of specialty merchandise in the city of Charlottetown. While not essential, it is desirable that the successful applicant have an established retail store for the display of sample models.

This representation offers an unusual opportunity for income and a permanent connection of great value. Apply in the first instance of letters to Box No. F. 118 giving complete details of your qualifications. A personal interview with our representative will be arranged with those whose replies so warrant. Replies will be treated in confidence.

CENTRAL GUARDIAN

CITY'S BEST ORCHESTRA—Hall equipped with the best ventilating system, fresh, cool breezes all the time. Dance under the supervision of Instructor Brother Ottawa, B. I. S. tonight. Modern and old time dances from 9 until 12 p.m. 4202-11

COMPANY OFFICIAL HERE—Mr. J. D. J. Forbes, manager of the Hudson Bay Company Fur Department London, England, arrived in the city last evening. Mr. Forbes, who is visiting Charlottetown among other points in the Dominion is registered at the Canadian National Hotel.

PLANS FOR LEGION CONVENTION—At a meeting of the Executive Council of the Canadian Legion, B. E. S. L. Provincial Command, held last evening at the Legion Home, arrangements were made for the holding of the Provincial convention at Mount Stewart on August 4th, the meeting of delegates to be followed by a general reunion of all returned men. It is expected that the Dominion President, Major J. S. Roper, will be present at the convention.

Y. M. C. A.—M. E. C. ANNUAL CAMP—The advance guard for the Y. M. C. A. Camp at Canoe Cove, got away yesterday afternoon and the main group of some 60 boys and leaders leave from the Y. M. C. A. Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. The camp committee of Y. M. C. A. have been working hard to get the new hut ready and the other huts all newly floored and new bunks installed. The tents all got up today and it is expected that everything will be in readiness by Wednesday noon. This year's cooperative camp gives promise of being the best yet held at Canoe Cove. Some of the Island's best camp leaders are to be in attendance. The camp is also to be favored with the presence of Henry Purslow, of Boston, Mass., who will teach life saving and swimming.

SCHOOL BOARD APPOINTMENT—Mr. C. H. B. Longworth has been appointed a member of the City School Board and Chairman as successor to Mr. L. B. Miller, Principal and proprietor of the Charlottetown Business College. Mr. Miller has been a member of the Board for four years and Chairman for about two years. During that time he discharged his duties very efficiently. For many years he was actively interested in educational work and his practical knowledge as a teacher proved of great service to the Board. Mr. Longworth has also been deeply interested in education. He is President of the Prince of Wales College.

PERSONALS—Mrs. G. Viola Beers, R. N., Montreal, and Mr. H. A. Johnston, Saint John, are visiting at York, the guests of Mrs. Laura West, Bustin. A Retreat for the Priests of the Diocese, conducted by Rev. Daniel Hughes of the Capucian Order, Providence, R. I., opened at St. Dunstan's University last evening at 8 o'clock and will continue until Friday evening.

BIRTHS—ALCOORN—In City, to Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Alcorn, June 30, 1932, a daughter. LANTZ—In the P. E. I. Hospital, on June 28, 1932, to Dr. J. P. and Mrs. Lantz, a daughter, Heather Jean.

DEATHS—ROBINSON—In Arcadia, California, June 24, Eleanor E. Robinson, daughter of the late George F. Robinson and Mrs. Robinson, Charlottetown. Funeral notice later.

MCKENZIE—At the P. E. I. Hospital, July 4, Mrs. Charlotte McKenzie, French River, aged 68 years. Funeral Wednesday, July 6, at 2 p.m. at home of deceased. Interment Geddie Memorial Cemetery, New London.

MACHEE—At Charlottetown, July 1st, Mrs. Lucy Green MacPhee, widow of the late H. A. MacPhee, Tryon. Funeral at Eganville, Ontario, July 7.

LEARD—At Truro, N. S., on July 2, 1932, Mrs. Jane Leard, aged 81 years. Funeral at Crapaud July 8th at 2:00 p.m.

MCKENZIE—At the P. E. I. Hospital, July 4, 1932, Mrs. Jane McKenzie, aged 68. Funeral from her late residence in French River on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30.

CUDMORE—At 59 Edward Street, Monday, July 3, 1932, Carl Ramsey Cudmore, aged 3 months, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Cudmore. Funeral from his parents' residence this Tuesday afternoon, service starting at 2 o'clock. Interment Peoples' Cemetery.

ACCIDENTS—were reported from Texas, where a flood raged over a wide area. Sectionally, the middle west led the rest of the country in the number of deaths—two from fireworks, 43 from automobile accidents, and 43 from drownings. The Pacific coast with 11 automobile fatalities, 14 drownings, and one other death was reported from Texas, where a flood raged over a wide area.

JURY RETURNS VERDICT IN ROBBERY CASE

At the Supreme Court yesterday, Christopher Keefe was found guilty of the charge of breaking, entering and stealing from McLean's store, North Wilshire. On the second charge, that of having stolen goods in their possession, both Christopher and Richard Keefe were found guilty, the latter only as to the stolen barrels.

When the court opened yesterday morning, Mr. J. J. Johnston, K. C., addressed the jury on behalf of the prisoners. He was followed by Messrs. N. W. Lowther and M. Alban Farmer for the Crown. Mr. Justice Saunders, in his address briefly summed up the evidence. The jury retired about 4 o'clock and brought down the verdict shortly after 6.

Following were the Jurymen: David White, (foreman), James Taylor, Joseph Power, Seymour Murphy, Leigh Gamble, Robert McLeod, George P. Matheson, Peter Goodwin, Stephen Currie, Alfred Chappell, James P. McCloskey, Thomas Hughes.

Alumni Association and a former member of the School Board.

FOR PETAWAWA—A detachment from the 1st P. E. I. Medium Brigade left Saturday morning for Petawawa where they will be under camp for the next ten days. Twenty-four men are making the camp this year, with a detachment from 2nd Medium Battery, under Capt. Geo. Craig with Lieuts. Fullerton, Peake, Woolner, and Spillet and the 8th Medium, under Major Fielding, and Lieuts. Kelly, Raymond, Matheson, and MacFarlane. There are also seven N. C. O.'s from each battery. This period of training is more especially for the N. C. O.'s, and is a general reviewing and brushing up on army schedules, manoeuvres, and all round military duties.

PERSONALS

Miss G. Viola Beers, R. N., Montreal, and Mr. H. A. Johnston, Saint John, are visiting at York, the guests of Mrs. Laura West, Bustin. A Retreat for the Priests of the Diocese, conducted by Rev. Daniel Hughes of the Capucian Order, Providence, R. I., opened at St. Dunstan's University last evening at 8 o'clock and will continue until Friday evening.

LOST FLYERS

The airman's joy was pitiful to behold when they were found today by rescuers aboard a motor launch under Police Constable Marshall. At first they appeared deranged but will likely have recovered by the time they reach Wyndham.

Snails formed the chief portion of the airman's diet while they scoured the bush in a small radius around their wrecked aeroplane, which was 12 miles from the spot where they were found. They became so weakened, they told the rescuers, that they were only able to search half an hour daily for their bearings.

One of the tragic parts of their tale was that a steamer passed within a mile of them on May 25, and failed to see their distress signal on shore, while on June 14 an aeroplane searching for them passed overhead without making the discovery.

The airman also told of making efforts to reach what they thought was a signal fire inland, only to discover it was a bush fire.

On June 22 a native encountered them and provided them with a large fish and then more parties of natives found them and supplied them with food from the nearest mission station. The natives carried the word outside and finally on June 28 the stranded pair were overjoyed to receive a note from Constable Marshall saying he was on the way to them.

RELIEF BILL (Continued from Page 1)

strong suggestions of a veto from President Hoover. Final adjournment plans hinged largely on the President's action. Other legislative hazards including demands from some quarters for a new vote on the legislation of beer, confronted Congress as it turned into what the weary legislators hoped was the last week of the session. Senate leaders determined to avert

SALARIES

(Continued from Page 1)

regard, the Minister said, and in doing so were carrying out the recommendation of the Commons committee which studied the Canadian National affairs last session. He was not prepared to state the extent of the reductions coming or the exact date they were to take effect.

"I might say the government has been anxious that the recommendation made by the committee of the House of Commons be given effect to," Dr. Manion stated, when asked if the reductions were due to pressure from the government. "However the directors have been studying it for some time."

The report presented to the House of Commons by the special committee on railways and shipping last session drew attention to a report of a sub-committee of the Board of Directors of the C. N. R. submitted to Dr. Manion and laid before the House, is added:

"This report announced that on July 31st, 1931, a horizontal cut of 10 per cent, affecting all officials and officers in receipt of salaries of \$4,000 and over, became effective, and has resulted in an annual saving of \$545,632, affecting in all 828 officials and officers. This means that the annual cost of the said 828 officials theretofore amounted to approximately \$5,456,200. The sub-committee of the Board of Directors were of opinion that specific rather than further horizontal reductions in salaries should be made, and stated that an examination of the salaries exceeding \$5,000 was under way, having in view additional economies. No subsequent report has been received, but your committee concur that specific rather than a further horizontal reduction in salaries should be made, and in this connection desire to point out that in a statement submitted and produced to the committee, it would appear that as of July 31st, 1931, there were 96 officials receiving \$15,000 or over. Your committee are of opinion that the salaries paid to the high officials are excessive and should immediately be substantially reduced."

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BRITISH

(Continued from Page 1)

hire industrialists to task for having "presumed to rewrite the Canadian cotton tariff, schedule from their own viewpoint and to their own advantage.

An analysis of the Canadian tariffs is included in the statement and it is contended the tariff protection enjoyed by the Canadian industry is now less than it was in 1929.

The British proposals would seriously threaten the whole Canadian cotton textile industry, it is claimed. The Canadian suggestions would increase the British imports of cloth from 87,000,000 to 70,000,000 yards, today's statement says, and imports of yarn would increase from one-half per cent of total imports to 100 per cent.

The Canadian cotton industry representatives expect a frank and open discussion of cotton market conditions in Canada and elsewhere with a view to working out some advantageous and mutually agreeable arrangement for dividing the Canadian market better Canadian and British mills," the statement reads.

"Instead they were met the the outset with three prepared briefs and a cold matter-of-fact statement of the British 'demands' which they were asked to digest and accept.

The British delegates were chiefly interested in the Lancashire cotton situation and they stand without apology, if Canada is not prepared to meet their demands in large measures they must look to the Argentine and the Scandinavian countries for closer trade agreements."

Some emphasis is laid in the statement on the matter of wages. It is claimed the Canadian wages are at least 87 per cent higher on the average than those in Lancashire. "Their (the British delegates) contention of a spread of only 25 per cent, based on fictitious and unacceptable reasoning, is utterly at variance with the facts, British wage earnings are known to the world from the printed union lists," says the statement.

LAUSANNE, July 4.—(Canadian Press Cable)—Italy, which has been fairly quiet at the reparations conference and has generally supported British efforts at a settlement, indicated tonight she might block the accomplishment of general agreement on the present draft plan by demanding cancellation of intra-European war debts along with German reparations.

"What are the nations having debts to meet going to do without receipts from Germany," asked Foreign Minister Dino Grandi, in a statement to the press. Nevertheless Italy has agreed to the draft plan which substitutes a German bond for the reparations annuities, although it was indicated she would press for simultaneous cancellation of war debts.

BRITISH OFFER

(Continued from Page 1)

ure, introduced in the House today, by J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, which does not itself impose tariffs, but empowers the government to impose duties up to 100 per cent ad valorem, as it deems advisable.

The Free State Government, while defaulting the semi-annual payment of £1,600,000 in land annuities to the national debt commissioners of Great Britain last week, is however paying the annuities into a separate fund pending arbitration.

Mr. Thomas gave the contents of the new note from President Eamon De Valera's government to the House of Commons this afternoon. Although reports from Dublin for some days past had said the Free State President was largely to agree to an Empire arbitration tribunal, Mr. Thomas declared the note left no doubt that Mr. De Valera definitely refused to submit annuities to arbitration by an Empire body.

Furthermore, Mr. Thomas said, the Irish note sought to repudiate generally the financial settlement between the two countries signed following the Anglo-Irish treaty, and the promise to observe which, the British Minister commented, was a solemn agreement between the governments of Britain and the Free State.

He quoted a passage from the Irish note which declared, "Freedom of choice by the parties in the selection of their nominees on the tribunal is the very essence of arbitration, and the Free State Government do not abandon hope that the British Government will reconsider its attitude in this regard."

In view of this note, Mr. Thomas told the House, the British Government had no alternative but to proceed with its measures for collecting the defaulted land annuities—which amount to 23,000,000 in the calendar year—by means of new duties on goods from the Irish Free State.

While the Government supporters cheered, Mr. Thomas declared that under the measure, which empowers duties up to 100 per cent ad valorem, the British Government would be free to impose duties "in its own way and in its own time," but he added, "it will be immediately."

SETTLEMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

have been pinned down to specific points. Tonight Germany's objection to the war guilt clause of the peace treaty of Versailles loomed larger than any other issue, at least in the German viewpoint. In German circles it was said the suppression of the war guilt clause inserted by the allied statesmen at Paris was considered by Chancellor Franz Von Papen more important than the amount of the bond Germany is to put up in lieu of reparations annuities, and that such suppression would have a "tremendous effect" in Germany.

Elimination of the war guilt clause of Versailles may be flatly demanded by Germany before she signs the reparations settlement. Prime Minister MacDonald will interview Premier Herriot of France on this point tomorrow.

Meanwhile Germany, still balking at a couple of points in the draft agreement which Prime Minister MacDonald finally got the chief creditor nations—France, Belgium, Italy and Japan—to agree to, says nothing can be done until Mr. Herriot returns from Paris, but he is expected here early tomorrow.

The plan now is to have Germany put up a bond of 4,000,000,000 gold marks with the World Bank—roughly a billion dollars—part of it in lieu of reparations annuities, and the remainder, about one-third, as Germany's contribution to the proposed fund for the economic restoration of Europe. So far as France's much-desired safeguard in the event of failure to secure a new war debts settlement with America is concerned, German objections seem to have been overcome by substitution of a "gentleman's agreement" that the plan shall not become effective until the United States has indicated its attitude towards debt revision.

When he talks with Premier Herriot about the war guilt clause, Mr. MacDonald will also discuss the German contention that the final liability figure of four billion marks is too high for the Reich. Germany suggests instead putting up two billion marks in cash, in 10 installments beginning in 1937, to take the place of the proposed four billion mark bond. This objection is not regarded seriously by the creditor powers.

After he has seen the French Premier, Mr. MacDonald will meet Chancellor Franz Von Papen of Germany for a conference which will likely be the big effort to have a new treaty signed by Thursday.

ITALY'S VIEWPOINT

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The debate was hardly under way when Arthur Greenwood, Labor opposition spokesman, aroused the Government benches with the declaration that the Free State intended to pay the disputed amount into a separate fund pending arbitration. The Government challenged this but Mr. Greenwood stuck to his guns.

It was not until some hours afterward that Mr. Thomas arose in the house and declared he had just received official information that Mr. Greenwood was right.

While the House, whose benches were now crowded with the public galleries filled, listened in surprise, Mr. Thomas declared the fact the Free State Government was paying the annuities into a separate account pending arbitration, narrowed down the issues and made the task much simpler. He wished he had known of it before, he said.

"The only issue now," Mr. Thomas continued, "is the form to the arbitration tribunal. Even at this stage the British Government would agree to arbitration. But it must be by an Empire court. The Government will not allow foreigners to determine an imperial domestic matter."

The only conclusion the House could draw from this was that the Government would take the powers to impose the duties and then probably delay their imposition pending further efforts to reach a settlement with President Eamon De Valera on the tribunal.

The chances of such an agreement are problematical.

ANXIETY

(Continued from Page 1)

over the payments—and while there was a slight glimmering of hope in the Free State's note relating to the constitution of an arbitration tribunal it was evident that the Free State, not Britain, would have to give way.

Business interests were perturbed at the prospects of new levies on

Advertisement for Buckingham cigarette tobacco. Text: "I have used a lot of cigarette tobacco, but Buckingham cigarette tobacco is the best of all I have used yet." Image of a pack of Buckingham Fine Cut cigarettes. Text: "NEW CROP BUCKINGHAM FINE CUT PACKAGES 10c-15c-20c-Also 1/2 lb. Wapak Tins"

STATISTICS

(Continued from Page 1)

Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The 1930 production of \$2,102,068 fine ounces had a value of \$43,453,601. Six provinces and the Yukon territory produced gold in 1931 as follows:—Nova Scotia, 460 fine ounces; Quebec, 300,075 fine ounces; Ontario, 2,085,814 fine ounces; Manitoba, 102,969 fine ounces; Alberta, 195 fine ounces; British Columbia, 160,069 fine ounces; and the Yukon, 44,810 fine ounces.

Canadian auriferous quartz mines producing and shipping bullion to Canada received \$1,894,949 in premium payments during 1931.

British Empire countries supplied about five-sevenths of the world's gold in 1931, or in round figures 15,000,000 fine ounces out of 21,000,000. Of that amount British South Africa alone produced 10,877,777 fine ounces.

British Africa, including Rhodesia and West Africa, produced more than one-half of the world's total supply. The world ranking countries were: British South Africa, United States, Russia and Siberia, Mexico, Australia, Rhodesia, Japan, India, British West Africa, Belgian Congo, Philippine Islands, New Zealand, Brazil.

NEW YORK, July 5.—(Tuesday)—Promising weather information completed the plans of James Mable, 27-year-old Texan, and Bennett Griffin, 36, Oklahoma flyer, to take-off about 3 a.m. (E.S.T.) today on a projected six day around the world flight.

Their monoplane was poised at Floyd Bennett Field after Dr. James H. Kimball, veteran meteorologist, informed them that unfavorable winds had abated and despite rain over Nova Scotia they might expect satisfactory conditions on the first leg to Harbor Grace, Nfld.

Their route, designed to better Post-Gatty record of eight days, 16 hours, 51 minutes, will be about the same as that traversed by the "Winnie Mae," but they hope to gain time due to dual controls. Each will have a full set of instruments.

They can communicate with each other by telephone or hand written notes. A small tube, in which notes can be placed will slide on a cable to and from the control points.

Six of the seven gasoline tanks were obtained from the Post-Gatty ship. A 550 horsepower, supercharged motor powers the monoplane.

He whose yesterday was full of industry and ambition, full of books, conversation and culture, will find his tomorrow full of worth, happiness and friendship.

Prefer labor to idleness unless you prefer rust to brightness.

Advertising Rates—Payable in Advance

Central Guardian local, 5c per word; Western and Eastern local, 2c per word; Announcements and Coming Events, 2c per word; Classified, 5c per word; Ex Memoriam Notices, 5c per inch; Lists of Floral and Spiritual Offerings, Cards, etc., 5c per name; Letters of Condolence 5c per inch; Notices of Thanks and Appreciation, 5c per inch or 5c per word. Other rates on applications.

For Sale Wanted

FOR SALE—SUITABLE FOR lining outhouses, etc., 10. per sheet. Guardian office.
FOR SALE—OLD PAPERS, 8 cents bundle. Guardian Office.
FOR SALE—TO LET, BOARD AND room signs on hand at Guardian Office.
FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE in real good condition. Apply 20 Elm Ave. 4142-7-21.
FOR SALE—TWO FRESHENED cows, Ayrshire, Jersey. Fred W. Haslam, Bradabane. 4187-7-4-31.
FOR SALE—MEDIUM SIZED Cash Register. Good condition. Apply Clark & McDonald. 4187-7-5-41.
FOR SALE—THREE BURNER Oil Stove and open, also ladies Cleveland Bicycle. Apply Guardian. 4195-7-5-21.

Miscellaneous

MRS. R. E. DAVIDSON, 170 PRINCE Street. Furs Remodeled, repaired and relined. Telephone 1227. 3312-6-4-ant-121.

Male Help Wanted

JOHN ALFRED McDONALD, Provincial Land Surveyor, Heronville, (R. 3, Souris).

WANTED—MAN FOR FARM AND ranch. Good milkier. Arthur Wood, Mt. Herbert. 4170-7-5-11.

RECOME EXPERT BARBER through our special low cost course. Hundreds of successful graduates. Write Moler Barber College, 573 Barrington, Halifax. M. H. W. Nov. 14-31st.

WESTERN GUARDIAN

—SENIOR AND JUNIOR Contest in Fancy Dancing Hope River Saturday, July 9th. 4184-7-5-31.

—VISITING HALIFAX—Mr. and Mrs. Crilly Lea to Summerside are spending a pleasant vacation in Halifax, S.

—SLIGHT ACCIDENT—Pilot J. E. Birchell, bringing a passenger from Halifax arrived in Summerside by plane on Friday evening. On account of a flat tyre the axle and propeller of the under carriage were damaged as the plane landed. Fortunately no one was hurt. The plane is remaining here until new parts arrive from Montreal. S.

—OMITTED—The names of the following sisters and brother of the late J. M. Noonan were unintentionally omitted from the obituary notice. Mrs. James McAleer, Borden; Mrs. Wilbert Delaney, Malpeque; Mrs. George Fairchild, New York City; Sr. St. Florida, Providence, R. I.; Mr. Stanislaus Noonan, Beaver, Colorado, S.

—IMPRESSED WITH MARI-TIMES—Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Barr, of Portland, Oregon, passed through the city on Saturday en route to Summerside, P. E. I., to spend a vacation. Mr. Barr, who is a native of Ontario, is making his first visit to this part of the Dominion, and said his first initial impressions were most favorable. Speaking of conditions in the western United States he said they were still unfavorable, the unemployment problem being critical. Business recently was looking up a little and the westerners had hopes that next year, after the presidential election was over, the economic situation would be returned to normal.—Moncton Times.

—LARGELY ATTENDED FUNERAL—The funeral of Mr. J. M. Noonan of Summerside was held on Monday morning from his late residence to St. Paul's Church and cemetery. The Summerside Council of the Knights of Columbus attended in the church. The house to be fore the funeral was filled to capacity.

—MONTREAL, July 4—Gross revenues of the Canadian National Railways for the nine day period ended June 30, were \$4,100,812, as compared with \$4,919,050 for the corresponding period in 1931, a decrease of \$818,238.

—C. N. R. REVENUES (Canadian Press)

—ACCIDENTS (Continued from Page 1)

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