

SMITH'S BUCHU LITHIA PILLS.

SICK KIDNEYS.

"I have used one box of Smith's Buchu Lithia Pills, and they have done me a good deal of good, more than I expected. This one box has nearly cured my Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble. Please send me another box of the pills." J. E. SMITH, Norma, Ia.

"Please send me one dollar's worth of your Smith's Buchu Lithia Pills. I have had one box and know they are helping me greatly." C. W. SMITH, East Dixfield, Maine.

To cure Constipation, Sick Headache and Biliousness in one night, use Smith's Pincapple and Bitternut Pills. Only 25 cents at dealers.

ALL GENUINE SIGNED

One Box Effective.

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BEAVER FLOUR

Never Fails.

Beaver Flour never disappoints the cook. The baking always turns out right because Beaver Flour is always the same, whether you buy a small sack or a barrel.

Beaver Flour is a blend of Manitoba Spring Wheat and Ontario Fall Wheat. It contains all the nutriment of the wheat kernel. Makes bread and biscuits—cake and pastry—that are as healthful and strengthening, as they are white, delicious and inviting.

At Your Grocer's.

TOILET GOODS

for the HOLIDAYS

We are going to have a superb line of toilet articles for the holidays and some advance shipments have already arrived. While bought with special reference to the holidays we have put these goods in stock so that if you want something extra fine for your personal use or for other gift occasions you have the privilege of selecting from as good an assortment as you have ever seen.

Our stock is especially strong in the superior grades of ebony toilet goods. Ebony military brushes with or without cases, hair brushes, hat brushes, mirrors, etc.

Whether you want to buy just now or not we would like to have you come in and see what we have.

J. G. JAMIESON, DRUGGIST.

CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1904.

DEMOCRATIC CANADA

Our readers know very well that The Guardian values very highly the Canadian constitution and the political institutions under which we live. We are convinced that there are none better in the world, and that under a system so quickly responsive to the popular will as we possess it is entirely the fault of the people themselves if they have not good government. Our next neighbors sometimes boast of "government of the people, by the people and for the people" in their great Republic, and but few of them are well enough acquainted with the Canadian system to be aware of its several points of superiority over that in vogue across the line.

The Boston Herald of a few days ago in commenting on the then coming Canadian election and predicting another lease of power for the Laurier Administration took occasion to point out some contrasts between the American and Canadian systems of government in a perfectly candid and intelligent way, showing how much more immediate and direct is the control which our people possess over the administration of the day than is possessed by the American people over their own supreme executive. That portion of The Herald's article is well worth reproducing and we give it here:

"The Government of the Dominion of Canada is a much more democratic form of control than that which we have in this country, so far as democracy implies government in accordance with the wishes of the people. It, at the election of next week, Judge Parker obtained a majority of the electoral college as the result of a largely preponderant Democratic vote, it would be four months before he could be inaugurated President, and even under these circumstances the Republicans would certainly retain control of the Senate for the next two years and a half, while they would also control the House of Representatives until the new Congress came in, which would not regularly come together until December of 1905. If, on the other hand, Sir Wilfrid was defeated, within a week after it had been decided that he would no longer have the support of a majority of the House of Commons, he and his associates would resign their offices, and the Governor-General would call upon the leader of the Opposition to take control of the affairs of the Dominion. In this way the party that received the indorsement of a majority vote of the people would immediately come into authority and be given an unrestricted opportunity to lay down and develop its policy of control.

"This latter is a democratic method of government, that is, a government by the people. Our form of control, while republican, is not essentially democratic, in that our constitution provides for so many checks and safeguards with the indirect election of our Senators by Legislatures, that the will of the people receives expression in government action only after it has been repeatedly given. There may be advantages in these constitutional checks and restraints: they were proposed and drawn up by those who entertained grave doubts concerning the advisability of giving too much political power to the people. If the English had in 1776 a form of government similar to that which they now have, our forefathers would

have made of our constitution a document in many respects different from what it is. But then, if England had been ruled a century and a quarter ago in accordance with the political institutions, the American revolution would never have taken place. As it is the outgrowth of a later time, the Dominion of Canada is in this respect more of a democracy than the republic of the United States."

The provincial elections next.

Fielding is likely to be the next Premier of Canada.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier was returned for two constituencies, Quebec East and Wrigh.

SOUND ADVICE

On Care of the Teeth From an Experienced

MEMBER OF THE PROFESSION.

Dr. Robins Tells What Should be Done—How to Keep Them in Good Condition.

Much more care is now bestowed on the teeth than in years past, but still we find many who give them little or no attention and very few give them the attention they require. It is surprising how little value many of us place on our teeth. It is rare to find a man or woman of twenty-five with a full set of teeth, and in many cases, at that age, they are wearing plates. This deplorable state of affairs, at all times, is not due totally to the neglect of the persons themselves, but the work of destruction begun while it was the parents' duty to see that the child's teeth were properly cared for. The child's teeth should be attended to as well as the grown person's and the opinion that the decay of the deciduous or milk teeth is of no matter should be forever erased from our minds. I may here mention a few of the reasons why deciduous or milk teeth should have attention.

It is just as necessary, and even more so as the digestive apparatus is not then fully developed, that the child be able to masticate its food properly as the grown person. This the child cannot do if its teeth are decayed away, aching or sore, the food being improperly masticated, indigestion and other stomach troubles will follow and the child either dies or grows up a weakling instead of a robust man or woman.

The mouth, more especially of a child should be in a hygienic condition which is not possible when decaying teeth are present. The decayed matter, thrown off from the teeth, which is constantly being swallowed is nothing more or less than so much poison and the wonder is that the children survive as well as they do. Often the condition of the breath is enough to indicate the state of the mouth.

The decay of a milk tooth often causes the loss of it before the proper time. The tooth behind then moves forward and takes up the room which was intended by nature for the permanent tooth which is to succeed the one already lost. When this tooth makes its appearance it is either inside or outside the arch, its place having been taken. It is thus that we see so many sets of irregular teeth which would have been even and beautiful had the parents looked to the preservation of the first teeth. While the removal of the first teeth must not be too soon neither must it be delayed too long as that also will result in irregularity as all have seen and needs no explanation. Each first tooth should be removed just as the permanent one is making its appearance to replace it.

As soon as possible the child should be taught the use of the tooth brush, and before that time the mother should see that the teeth are kept clean. Any cavities that may make their appearance should be filled at once, which work will not explain here but leave to the dentist.

The first teeth having been properly cared for the permanent set may be expected to come in regular and sound not being displaced by others, nor decayed by the lodgement of food and debris in a broken down first tooth.

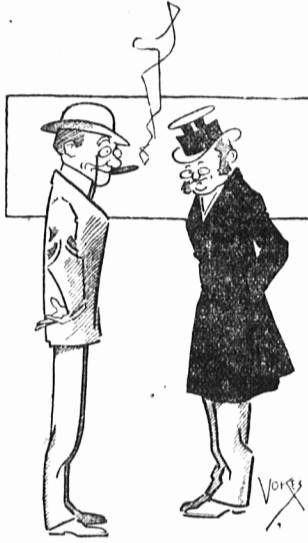
The permanent set being now in position and in good condition we must now direct our attention to keeping them so. The teeth should be kept as clean as possible by the use of the tooth brush, powder and antiseptic mouth wash. The tooth brush should not be drawn directly across the teeth as that cleanses only the outer surfaces, but should be used with a rotary motion from above downwards on the upper row and from below upwards on the lower using it on the inner surfaces as well as the outer. This will force the bristles so that they will remove all particles of food from between the teeth which if allowed to remain will sooner or later cause decay at that point. Any particle which cannot be dislodged by the tooth brush may be removed by passing a piece of silk floss between the teeth. The

teeth should be cleaned at least after each meal and before retiring. The powder should not be of a gritty nature or contain any acids. The bristles of your brush should not be too stiff as they will lacerate the gums and cause them to recede. A new brush should always be soaked in water before using. Antiseptic washes should always be used as the decay of the teeth is as much due to a germ as any disease.

If this care is taken the probability of decay or other dental trouble will be greatly lessened. If, however, after all care has been taken decay appears, tartar forms on the teeth, the gums recede, the teeth become loose or any other trouble arises, it will be well to consult your dentist at once. As often the teeth decay, where it is not noticed by the patient till the destruction has proceeded some way, it is well to consult your dentist at stated periods say once every six months and if there is nothing to see much the better. Plates, crowns, pivot teeth, bridges, etc., are very much better than no teeth but they are not like the natural ones.

The loss of all or part of the teeth not only impairs mastication giving rise to all the ills that attend it; but the expression is lost, the cheeks sink and you appear older than your years. Your teeth are valuable, give them a little attention.

E. F. ROBINS, D. D. S.



PROOF POSITIVE.

"Don't you think golf is hard on the legs?"
"You bet. My wife pulled my leg for new golfing outfit yesterday."

The Trying Time

In a young girl's life is reached when Nature leads her uncertain steps across the line which divides girlhood from womanhood. Ignorance and neglect at this critical period are largely responsible for much of the after-misery of womanhood. Not only does Nature often need help in the regular establishment of the woman's only function, but there is almost always need of some safe, strengthening tonic to overcome the languor, nervousness and weakness, commonly experienced at this time.



If there is an invalid woman, suffering from female weakness, profluvius, or falling of womb, or from leucorrhoea who has used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription without complete success, Dr. Pierce would like to hear from such person—and it will be to her advantage to write as he offers in perfect good faith, a reward of \$500 for any case of the above maladies which he cannot cure.

"I wish to tell you the benefit we have received from using your remedies," writes Mrs. Dan Hall, of Brodhead, Green Co., Wis. "Two years ago my daughter's health began to fail. Everything that could be thought of was done to help her but it was of no use. When she began to lose weight she was quite stout, weighed 170, the picture of good health, until about the age of fourteen, then in six months she was so run down her weight was but 120. She kept failing and I gave up, thinking there was no use, she must die. Friends all said, 'You will lose your daughter.' I said I fear I shall. I must say, doctor, that only for your 'Favorite Prescription' my daughter would have been in her grave to-day. When she had taken one-half bottle the natural function was established and we bought another one making only two bottles in all, and she completely recovered. Since then she is as well as can be."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TEACHER WANTED.

For the Vernon River Bridge School No. 170, a male teacher of the First Class. Supplement at the rate of thirty dollars per annum will be given. Apply immediately in person or by letter to the undersigned.

J. G. MCKENZIE, Sec'y Trustee.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Commencing July 4th, Passengers by S. S. NORTHUMBERLAND, leaving Summerside after arrival of morning train from Tignish, Souris Georgetown and Charlottetown will make connection at Montserrat with Canada's New Train, the "OCEAN LIMITED" for Montreal.

Through the famed, Metapedia, Valley by daylight.

Only one night on the road for Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, London and Western Ontario, saving hours in time.

Direct connection at Montreal with Grand Trunk Fast Express, the "International Limited" for Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis.

IRON BEDS!

Another large shipment of Iron Beds just put into stock—all the newest and latest patterns; one of these BEDS fitted with a COPPER KING WIRE mattress—makes up a combination of VALUE and COMFORT you'll not find elsewhere. We can fit you out with Blankets, Quilts, Comforts &c., at very close prices.

Mark Wright Furnishing Co.

Ask your Grocer for Windsor Salt Its Pure—That's Sure.

DRESS GOODS

29c. OFFER

A 29c OFFER
Plain strong melton suitings, 42 inch, in black, navy, brown, grey and green..... 29c yd
Plain, strong hopsackings 40 inch, in fawn, brown green, navy..... 29c yd

A 45c OFFER
Plain zebiline 44 inch suitings in brown, red blue and black..... 45c yd
Fancy zebelines 42 inch suitings in grey, navy, reseda, brown and heather..... 45c yd
Saxony chevots 48 inch suitings in light grey, dark grey, green and brown, fawn and green and other fancy mixtures..... 45c yd
Herringbone tweed 48 inch suitings in brown, oxford and light grey... 45c yd

45c. OFFER

50c. OFFER

A 50c OFFER
Stripe zebiline 42 inch suitings in green, navy, black, grey and reseda, with colored stripes... 50c yd
Mixed Amazon 50 inch suitings in dark grey, light fawn, brown and black..... 50c yd

A 60c OFFER

60c. OFFER

The following Staple DRESS GOODS all A 1 Values

See us for Saturday Snaps

Snowflake hopsack, 54 inch suitings in brown, navy, royal, myrtle and black..... 85c yd
Hopsack 46 inch suitings good weight, in navy, brown and black..... 95c yd
Frieze suitings 54 to 58 in in navy, black and oxford. 78c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and..... \$1.38
Fancy suitings in broken checks, colored flake, stripes, etc..... \$1.38
Ladies' broadcloth in navy, green, light grey, brown and black, per yd \$1.60 \$1.95 and..... \$2.15

See us for Saturday Snaps

JAMES PATON & Co.

Store closes 9 p. m. Shop early.

OUR GENERAL PRICES ARE NOT SO HIGH

that we have to use a bait to induce customers to enter our store. It does not take much of a reasoner to see that it would not pay them to deal at that sort of store. Our prices all round are so low that we could not, unless we had stolen the goods, cut say 25 per cent off an already cut price. It is against sound business principles, and if we did it we would have to take it out of our customers in some other way, should we get the opportunity. It is up to you to avoid us, if you think we are quacks in the furniture business, as you would a quack doctor. Trade where you are sure of honorable and honest treatment—where you are sure of a low price on everything all the time—that is at

JOHN NEWSON'S
The Reliable Furniture Man.

TENDERS FOR RINK.

Sealed Tenders will be received from parties wishing to lease the Hillsborough Skating Rink from Nov. 21st, 1904, to May 1st, 1905. Tenders to be marked "Tender for Skating Rink to be addressed to S. W. Crabbe, Esq., President and to be in his hands by 12:00 o'clock noon on Monday, Nov. 21, 1904. Tenders to provide their own heat. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. A. BARTLETT, Sec.-Treasurer.

TENDERS

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, Charlottetown, Nov. 1st, 1904. Sealed tenders will be received at this office until noon on

Wednesday, Nov. 30th, '04

From any person or persons willing to contract for the rebuilding of Haldimand Bridge, Egmont Bay, Lot 15, according to plan and specification to be seen at the store of James Sharp, Wellington and at this office. Specifications can also be seen at the residences of J. F. H. Arsenault, Higgins Road, and H. A. Darby, Abram's Village.

The names of two responsible persons willing to become bound for the faithful performance of the contract must accompany each tender. The department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender for Haldimand Bridge."

L. B. McMILLAN, Sec'y of Public Works.