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July 15 43m

ESTERHAZY ARRESTED

In Connection With The Reopening.

OF THE DREYFUS CASE

On the Cabinet's Initiative. Esterhazy is a Thorough Going Bandit but a Brave One — Has Undeniable Courage and Will Defend Himself Like a Lion.

PARIS, July 15.—Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, the alleged author of the bordereau in the Dreyfus case, and Mme. Pays, his mistress, have been arrested.

The arrests are apparently in connection with the reopening of the Dreyfus case.

The cabinet has decided to prosecute Col. Picquart, who was disciplined for giving testimony favorable to M. Zola, at the recent trial of the author on the charge of an illegal communication of documents concerning the course of the State toward Maitre Leblois, who was Col. Picquart's legal adviser at the Zola trials. Maitre Leblois will also be prosecuted as an accomplice.

Col. Picquart and Maitre Leblois have not yet been arrested, but they are liable to from two to five years' imprisonment.

The Government is determined to suppress the agitation on behalf of Dreyfus.

The papers to-day publish several documents bearing on the whole case.

Esterhazy is a most interesting human document. He is a thorough-going bandit, but a brave one. He has undeniable courage and knows how to defend himself like a lion.

This was the estimate put upon Count Esterhazy by Emile Zola the man who, for reflecting on the court-martial which acquitted Esterhazy, was sentenced to a year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs, which sentence, however, was subsequently set aside.

Count Esterhazy is connected with the celebrated Hungarian family of that name, one member of which, Prince Esterhazy, was reported some time ago, to be about to marry Mrs Langtry. But in 1870 the Count entered the French army and registered him-

self as a Frenchman. He was a major in the infantry, but early last year was retired on half pay, on the grounds that he was temporarily infirm.

Esterhazy's troubles began after the conviction, in 1894, of Capt. Albert Dreyfus, of the French army, of betraying military secrets to the German government. His conviction was based on a document (bordereau) said to be in his handwriting, but which did not bear his signature. He denied guilt, but he is now serving a life sentence, in close confinement, on Devil's Island.

But Dreyfus had many faithful friends. They had noticed Esterhazy's absorbing interest in the prosecution and it set them to thinking. Then, after Dreyfus was in confinement, it was declared that a rich and titled army officer had been requested to resign as a result of the continued leaking of military secrets. It was said also that the officers was the author of the "bordereau."

Every one in France took the description as that of Esterhazy. Specimens of his handwriting were found to be very similar to that in the document. Then many letters said to have been written by Esterhazy came to light, many of them showing the greatest bitterness against the French, and especially French Hebrews.

The Figaro printed these letters, in one of which the writer said he would serve the Turkish service, and added: I shall not leave without having played the trick of my own on those amiable Frenchmen.

Esterhazy acknowledged the authorship of most of the letters, and at his own request he was court-martialed on a charge of having "dealings with a foreign power or its agents to incite them to commit hostilities or undertake war against France, or procure it the means of doing so.

The evidence was taken behind closed doors; the verdict was "Not guilty." It was then, in an open letter to President Faure, at Zola pointed out illegalities in the court-martial, charged the Minister of War and the investigating officers with perjury, and challenged the Government to prosecute him.

But although the sentence of the Zola court was set aside, he and M. Perreux, the proprietor of the newspaper *Aurore*, which printed his charges, were afterwards found guilty of libelling the members of the Esterhazy court-martial and were assessed damages. Besides being fined, Zola, in addition being sentenced to imprisonment.

Of Mme Pays no mention was made during the trouble. Esterhazy mentioned "a veiled lady," who had warned him of a plot against him. He received an anonymous letter, he said, telling him he had been chosen to serve as a scapegoat for Dreyfus. He received a second communication in the same writing proposing a meeting at the Alexander Bridge works. He went there at midnight and a "veiled lady," who came in a carriage, gave him a paper, saying:

"This proves Dreyfus' guilt I sent it to London, but I have been there to fetch it to you."

A woman who claimed to be the "veiled lady," and who was known as Mme. Joffroy d'Abbas, was arrested soon after this, charged with blackmailing a captain in the army. Many letters supporting the charge were seized at the time.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 16.—[Special] The following are the closing rates: July wheat, 73½; corn 33½; oats, 23½; pork, 9.85. Sept wheat, 67½; corn, 33½; oats, 19½; pork, 10.00. Dec wheat, 67½; corn, 34½; oats, —; pork, —. Atcheson, 34½; New York Central 117½; Burlington, 105; Cotton, 5 98.

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TERMS OF SURRENDER

Were Definitely Settled Saturday Between U. S. and Spain.

A SNAP FOR THE AMERICANS

Spanish Sick and Wounded Will Be Cared For in the American Hospital—No Signs of a Revolution in Spain—Clara Barton Describes scenes of Awful Misery—Women and Children Starving.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—(Special)—Santiago surrender terms were definitely settled today. It is understood that refugees will be permitted to return to the city. An American infantry patrol will be posted in surrounding roads.

The American hospital will care for the Spanish sick and wounded. All the Spanish troops but General Lague's 10,000 at Holquin will come to Santiago and surrender. Guns and defences will be turned over to the Americans in good condition. The Americans have cut one of Saragosa railway. All the Spanish will be returned to Spain as soon as possible, being permitted to take portable church property. They surrendered all arms.

The terms have to be sanctioned by Madrid but General Toral gave assurance they would be. In the meantime the two armies will remain in trenches.

The Spaniards hope to have their arms returned. President and Secretary Alger warmly complimented Shafter on the success of his campaign. The war board today decided to send doctors, nurses and medical supplies to Santiago immediately.

MADRID, July 16.—(Special)—Several newspapers say the government today opened peace negotiations at Washington through the French ministers.

Senor Sagasta in an interview said the government had news of peace proposals much more acceptable than President McKinley is publicly reported to have offered. He would continue in office to conclude peace.

EL CANEZ, July 16.—(Special)—Many sick and starving are here. Clara Barton says the women and children cling to her skirts pleading for food. There are 1400 tons of stores on transports at Seboney but no way to get them here and she condemns the government not to provide transportation over the terrible roads. There are medicines and food, twelve miles away to prolong life while people are starving.

NEW YORK, July 16.—(Special)—Admiral Watson's squadron was to leave Guantanamo to-day, and is due at the Canaries about August 1st.

LONDON, July 16.—(Special)—All danger of a revolution in Spain at news of the defeat and the surrender is considered past.

The people are prepared to accept the terms. Strong measures have been taken to keep the Carlists in check. It is said that Spain is willing to cede Cuba and pay an indemnity but wants to keep Porto Rico and hopes to be able to retain the Philippines by the help of the powers.

TO SETTLE DISPUTES

President McKinley Makes Five Appointments.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—(Special)—The President has appointed Senators Fairbanks and Grey, representatives Dingley and Kasson and John W. Foster to meet the English and Canadian delegates to adjust relations between Canada and the States.

FOR THE YUKON

A Halifax Man Will Act as Controller.

OTTAWA, July 16.—(Special)—J. I. Lithgow, Halifax, arrived today and will leave next week to fill an appointment as controller in the Yukon.

TRADE AND SHIPPING

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.
July 14—Ar—Life Boat, Anderson, Pictou, N.S. July 15—Daniel, Roberts, Wallace, N.S.; Laura C. Anderson, do; Minnow, Dupesey, Buetoche, N.S.; Athlete, Roberts, Sydney, C.B.; Etolie du Martin, Davis, do; S.S. City of Ghent, McNevin, Halifax, N.S. July 16—A S Townshend, Whittle, Pictou; Dielytris, Cook, Lock Leven, C.B.; Mary D. Lawson, Wallace; General Middleton, Godin, Belledune, N.B.
July 14—Old—Dianthus, Daley, Murray Harbor; Life Boat, Anderson, Pictou; Morning Light, Richards, Grand River. July 15—Daniel, Roberts, Wallace; S.S. City of Ghent, McNevin, Summerside; Laura C. Henderson, Wallace; Minnow, Dupesey, Buetoche; Athlete, Roberts, Wallace; Etolie du Martin, Davis, Pictou. July 16—A S Townshend, Whittle, do; Dielytris, Cook, Lock Leven, C.B.; Mary D. Lawson, Wallace.

A FEW LEFT

Hammocks

THE BALANCE WILL BE CLEARED OUT.

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KLONDIKE BAR

Important Announcement
GREAT INTEREST TO FARMERS.

THE management of the Charlottetown Soap Works, announce to the farmers of Prince Edward Island, that they have purchased at a very low figure for a term of years all the grease by-product of the Charlottetown Pork Sacking Factory, accumulating from time to time, and are in a position to supply farmers quality to the home-made article, and at a price so low as to make it scarcely worth while to worry about soap supplies hereafter.

KLONDIKE BAR will be for sale in a few days by all dealers at the low price of ten cents a bar of three pounds.
THINK OF IT.—A first-class laundry and a working soap only 10 cents for 3 lbs. It will be a waste of time and money for farmers to bother about soap making now. The grease he has sold to the Pork Factory for 5 cents per lb. will be returned to him, manufactured into a first class article of soap at a cost of a fraction over 3c per lb.
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Ask your dealer or Klondike Bar, and take their word.
Hallett own Feb 18

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