

THE MORNING GUARDIAN

MONDAY JAN. 18, 1904.
CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The United States is a country where a notoriously high customs tariff prevails. Britain is spoken of as a free trade country. If a company of persons were asked in which of the two great Anglo-Saxon countries the higher amount of customs duties is paid per head of population nine out of ten would probably say, the United States. And yet the answer would be wrong. Strange as it may appear, the people of the United Kingdom pay more customs duty per head of population than the people of the United States.

In the last year for which we have the figures the customs collections in the United Kingdom, (reckoning \$5 to the pound sterling) were \$185,000,000. In the same year the collection from customs in the United States was \$254,000,000. The population of the R-public being about double that of the Kingdom, it is clear that the customs taxes per head actually paid are considerably less in the Republic. The exact figures as stated by the New York Tribune, are \$3.44 per head in the United States and \$4.15 in Great Britain.

The British customs tariff is framed to produce revenue and for that purpose alone. The American tariff is a protective one. The British tariff covers only a few articles. Almost all the customs revenue in Britain is derived from the import duties on tobacco, sugar, tea, spirits, wine, coffee, chicory, beer and dried fruits, and the export duty on coal. Almost all other articles are admitted free of duty, including breadstuffs, meats, fish and all lines of manufactures. It is because of this very extensive free list that Britain is known as a free trade country. The American customs tariff, and even the Canadian tariff, taxes thousands of articles which are admitted free of duty in Great Britain.

But after all, figures which show Britain paying \$4.15 per head, the United States \$3.44 per head and Canada about \$7 per head in customs duties are deceptive. United States customs duties are so high as to be largely prohibitive. The citizen is forced to buy the manufactured product of his own country and while paying a higher price on account of the duty, his money goes to enrich the manufacturer and not into the revenue of the country. In Canada, because our tariff is much lower, we continue to import foreign goods, paying duties thereon, and hence we are paying in direct customs taxes about twice as much per head as the people of the United States.

What we have said has an important bearing upon Mr. Chamberlain's movement in the Mother Country. We feel assured that Britain will not much longer continue to admit the manufactures of foreign countries free of duty in competition with her own. Free trade would be a model system if all the world would adopt and maintain it, but the nations will not do this. As things are, common sense dictates that foreign manufacturers should pay for admission to the British market. A low tariff of even 10 per cent on foreign goods would yield an enormous revenue and would be so much aid to the British manufacturer while not perceptibly raising prices. It would appear more sensible to adopt such a tariff than to continue raising \$4.15 per head in customs taxes on a dozen articles and leaving the home manufacturers wholly unprotected.

Piles
To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 50c a box, and all dealers of EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
Dr. Chase's Ointment

Guaiacol
Is the active constituent of creosote—but it is very much more pleasant to take. In fact it makes our Emulsion more pleasant to take. In our Emulsion with Guaiacol you have one of the best preparations known to Pharmacy.
For croup, bronchitis, coughs and general debility it has no equal. Lots of people tell us what benefit they have received from it.
Price 40c per bottle.
Better and cheaper than other makes.
Prepared and sold by
A. W. Reddin, Phm. B.
The Square Druggist.
Summerside.

THE ICE BY-LAW.

We have had some days of icy side-walks, and the new by-law requiring the sprinkling of sand or ashes was during that time more honored in the breach than in the observance. A few obeyed, while the many did not. It is even said that some City Councillors had quite forgotten their own by-law for the time. If so be, let them repent in sand and ashes.

The by-law relating to ice is a good one and a necessary one. Something similar is in vogue in nearly all progressive cities in northern latitudes, and the attempt to save our people from broken bones by enforcing precautions must not be lightly abandoned. Some thoughtful and well-disposed horse holders did not wait for the law, but for years past have been making the icy side walks in front of their dwellings safe by sprinkling sand or ashes. All such have their reward in the consciousness of duty done.

It may be observed that in some cities the work of making the slippery streets safe is performed by the civic street department and this plan, where it has been tried appears to work very well. Where this plan is used the authorities store a quantity of sand before winter and have a furnace to heat it. Then, when the walks become slippery, men are sent forth, each carrying a bag of warm sand strapped in front of him and sows it before him as he walks. The sand, being warm sticks to the ice wherever it falls, and gives sure footing to all. In no other way perhaps can the work be so efficiently or so cheaply performed.

It may be well a year hence to adopt this plan, but for the present winter a strong effort should be made to carry out the bylaw as it is. The matter is a more serious one than many householders imagine, for the neglectful resident is not only liable to the fine imposed by the by-law, but could also be held answerable in damages to any person who might be injured from a fall on the sidewalk in front of his premises. This is worth thinking over. We trust that all will take to heart the importance of obeying the law.

PARLIAMENT CALLED.

The apparent intention to dissolve Parliament at an early date has been abandoned and a session called, to be opened on March 3rd. The official reason assigned is as follows:

"The Government has been engaged for some days considering certain modifications which have been asked by the Grand Trunk Railway Company to the contract entered into last session. The Government is of the opinion that the modifications must be submitted to and discussed by Parliament, and therefore it is the intention of the Prime Minister to advise His Excellency to call a session at an early date."

Note that these are "modifications asked for by the Grand Trunk Railway Company." This may mean much, or little, probably something important. There is the irregularity about the deposit of five millions, in regard to which the Company did not comply with the letter of the law. But it is also well known that the Company had no desire to operate the section between Quebec and Moncton, or to have it built. It is also known that the western country especially and the Dominion in general have been by no means enthusiastic over this portion of the project. It is not improbable that the surveys will yet justify the Government in receiving from this portion of the work. Should growing traffic require it, the Intercolonial could be double-tracked instead.

Be that as it may, the suspense as to an immediate general election is ended. We shall have some by-elections instead, and a fourth session of the present Parliament. The intention seems to be that the session shall be a short one, but there are obvious difficulties in the way of making the last session of a Parliament short. Members on both sides will want to make speeches for their constituents, to be franked and sent out free from Ottawa. The Government may control its supporters, but cannot check the Opposition. The last session ran for some seven months. It will be hard to bring the coming session within the compass of less than three months especially when the Grand Trunk Railway agreement is to be opened up.

E. H. Duchemin who was prosecuting a promising canvass for a Councillorship in Ward Five has been compelled by an attack of toothache to withdraw from the race. This will be regretted by many friends who will hope to see him again in civic affairs at a future date. Fortunately Mr. Duchemin is still young enough to wait.

Short letters on topics of interest and avoiding personalities are always welcomed by The Guardian. They often add greatly to the interest of a newspaper, and serve to keep it in touch with the reading public. The long letter, even if its contents are of value, is often held over for want of space until it loses interest and is no longer timely. We invite correspondence, but we ask our friends to "hail it down" before sending it in.

GEORGETOWN AND VICINITY.

The half-yearly examination of the Georgetown Royal School took place on Monday, Jan. 11th. The pupils were examined by the teacher Miss Annie McLeod, assisted by Mrs. F. G. Boyver and Messrs. Geo. A. Parker and Walter F. Gordon, and acquitted themselves creditably. At the close of the examination, Miss Annie Parker on behalf of the school, presented the teacher with a writing case and two pictures, while Miss Eleanor Gordon read the following address:

To Miss Annie McLeod.—We, the pupils of Georgetown Royal School, take this opportunity of expressing in a tangible manner our sincere appreciation of your splendid efforts on our behalf since you assumed control of this seat of learning. As an instructor you have been diligent, painstaking and impartial; and we have learned from experience that our intellectual welfare has fallen into faithful and competent hands. We would now ask you to accept these tokens as an expression of our unwavering confidence in your abilities as a teacher.

Signed on behalf of school,
ELIZABETH GORDON,
ANNIE PARKER.
Miss McLeod in her reply thanked the scholars for the very kind and appreciative words contained in the address, as well as for the beautiful and useful gifts. She then commended them for their diligence under adverse circumstances, and trusted that the pleasant relations existing between teacher and pupils might continue.



\$500 REWARD FOR WOMEN WHO CANNOT BE CURED.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay \$500 in legal money of the United States, for any case of Leucorrhoea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

The Vice-President Independent Order of Good Templars.
An experience which many women have related by Miss Agnes Stebbings, of 231 East 30th Street, New York City, as follows: "I had very poor health for a year until life looked dark and dreary to me. Had headaches, backache, sleep pain, my sleep was broken and fitful. I longed for health. Tried several medicines but none were of any lasting benefit until I took Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I soon realized that I had found the right remedy. It helped nature to throw off the poisons that saturated the system, removed all pains and strengthened the digestive organs, and brought the roses of health back to my cheeks. This medicine if taken occasionally keeps the system in perfect condition, helping it to throw off the disease and consequences of exposure to dampness. I am pleased to give it my endorsement."
"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.
Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 50 stamps for the cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



"Take my Advice, Old Man!"

"If you want to look dressed 'up to the handle'—not overdressed, mind you—see that John McLeod & Co., does your tailoring." Sage advice to the man of business or society whose appearance is of any moment to him. We can but repeat: For good garments, fashionably cut and made, see

JOHN McLEOD & Co.

SYDNEY'S ASSESSMENT.

SYDNEY, January 13.—The assessors of the city of Sydney completed their work today. The amount of assessment for 1904 is \$5,516,600, over one million dollars less than last year. The realty is assessed at \$4,653,076, and the personal, \$718,340.

THE SOLAR PLEXUS

Is the largest nerve centre in the sympathetic nervous system, is situated just back of the stomach, and supplies nervous energy, the vital force of the human body, to the stomach, heart, lungs, kidneys, liver etc. By creating nerve force Dr. Chase's Nerve Food directly aids the solar plexus in supplying the power which runs the machinery of digestion and so cures nervous dyspepsia, headache, dizzy spells and bodily weakness.

MARRIED.

In St. George's rectory Moncton, by Rev. E. B. Hooper, Jan. 13th, Wellington Carter of Moncton and Minnie Rooney of Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

ONE IN FOUR PERSONS

One person in every four suffers more or less from itching piles. Some do not know the nature of their ailment, and others have not heard of Dr. Chase's Ointment as the only absolute and permanent cure for this distressing disease. If you are a sufferer ask your neighbors about this great preparation. It has become popular as a result of the news of its merits being passed from friend to friend.

GEORGETOWN MARKETS

Cod, per quintal	\$3 50-4 00
Herring per bbl.	4 50-6 00
Smoked Herring (Bloaters), per box	1 00-1 00
Mackerel, each	0 10-0 00
Turnips, per bus.	0 15-0 16
Potatoes per bus.	0 23-0 25
Cabbage, per doz.	0 35-0 50
Eggs, per doz.	0 20-0 22
Chickens, per pair	0 35-0 40
Apples, per pk.	0 15-0 16
Butter per lb.	0 22-0 25
Beets per bus.	0 35-0 40
Onions, per bus.	0 35-0 40
Oatmeal, per cwt.	2 50-3 00
Cranberries	0 06-0 08
Rices per lb.	0 05-0 00
Parsnips per bus.	0 35-0 40
Barley, per bus.	0 35-0 40
Wild ducks per pair	0 50-0 60
Geese per lb.	0 00-0 10
Turkeys per lb.	0 00-0 12

—Hand Painted Buttons:—A new supply of shirt waist buttons and pins now ready, all shapes, all sizes, all designs. B. G. Fennell, Huston St. East.

Bicycles and all athletics depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

430 pairs all wool stockings ribbed and plain good for overalls and stockings, all sizes, value up to 49 cents. All go at the remnant sale for 21 cents. Jaa. Patton & Co. 18 d ft

THE ICE-BREAKER ERMACK.

An interesting lecture on the ice-breaker Ermack was delivered at the London Institution by Arthur Gulston. The Ermack, which was built on the Tyne, made her maiden trip on the Gulf of Finland in 1880. She was constructed with a double skin of steel and was capable of getting 1,300 tons weight into the ice. Her speed through the ice in the Gulf of Finland was nine knots or more. The lecture, which was profusely illustrated with photographs, described the passage of the vessel to Kronstadt.

One of the most interesting slides was that showing the pilot—in a horse-drawn sledge—coming to take the ship down. Mr. Gulston showed a capital picture of the Ermack's arrival at Kronstadt—where she was surrounded by cheering multitudes of people and told how difficult it was to handle a ship in a crowd. In April 1880, the Ermack went through Reval Gulf, rescuing boats that had been caught in the ice; the saved altogether eighty-two vessels. The progress of the vessel through the more difficult polar ice was also described. At times the Ermack had to back and charge the ice repeatedly before she could make a way through. The polar bears were considerably surprised at the arrival of the ice-breaker and usually made tracks for a distant spot. One of the photographs showed a bear retreating across the ice. In pointing to a photograph of pack ice, Mr. Gulston remarked that was the kind of ice over which Nansen travelled four miles a day with his sledges and dogs. Some people wondered why Nansen travelled so slowly; the marvel to him was that Nansen was able to get over it at all.

INFLAMED NOSE AND THROAT.

And such diseases of the respiratory organs as Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Cold in the Head and Nasal Catarrh, are treated with marvellous success on strictly scientific principles by Catarrhoxone. The medicated vapor of Catarrhoxone quickly traverses every air passage possible to be reached by any treatment. All soreness, pain, congestion and inflammation are at once dispelled, and by means of the healing powers of Catarrhoxone the violated tissues are quickly restored. Where Catarrhoxone is used colds last only ten minutes, coughs half an hour, and Croup, Consumption, Asthma and Bronchitis flee as from fire. A trial will convince anyone of the sterling merit of Catarrhoxone. Costs \$1.00, small size 50c. At Druggists, or Poison & Co., Kingston, O. T.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILL'S CURE CONSTIPATION.

A lot of Men's Boots in sizes 6 and 7 at half price. A lot of Ladies' Boots in small sizes at less than half price at J. B. McDonald's. 12 d w 61

AN INVESTMENT THAT PAID
CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Policy No. 15,605 Life of Lewis Campbell
Date, 10th August, 1874. Plan, Life—10 Payments.
Yearly Premium \$ 36.90
Total Premiums 383.00
Date of Death, 13th October, 1903.
C.I. in Paid 30th October, 1903.
Sum Assured \$1,000.00
Additions 551.95
Total \$1,551.95
Amount of Claim, over 40 per cent of total premiums.
Dividends alone over 145 per cent of total premiums.
Return over cost, \$1,168.25, besides 29 years' in a net.
It Pays to Insure in the Canada Life
Rates and particulars cheerfully furnished.
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"Humphreys" Celebrated
MONCTON TWEED
Is in our ready-to-wear and made-to-order clothing. For quality, style and finish, there's none better.
Suits \$7.50, 8.00, 8.50, up to \$12.75.
Pants \$1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50 and up.
The Humphrey Clothing Store,
OPERA HOUSE BUILDING,
A. WINFIELD SCOTT, Manager.

CHEAP TEAS ARE OUSTED.

—and quickly too—whenever **HASZARD'S BRAHMIN TEA** is introduced. This is a statement of fact, and furthermore, the hundreds upon hundreds of grocers who have found this to be so are daily increasing their sales. Brahmin Tea is of that unusually splendid quality that attracts customers and always satisfies them if they know how good tea should be brewed.

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Choicest growth of India and Ceylon.

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Special prices in dozen lots.
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A Pointer
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Having purchased from Mark Wright & Co. Ltd., their undertaking business, and also securing their undertaking departments on King Square I am prepared to attend to all orders personally and in an up-to-date manner, paying special attention to caring for the dead with a view to the health of the living.

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All clothing in Overcoats, Ulsters, Suits, Odd Pants, Vests, Hats and Caps, Ladies' Furs, Ladies' Gloves and Mitts, children's and misses' Tams. All the above at half price. Dress Goods, Flannels, Cottons, and all piece goods 1/2 off. Shirts, Collars, Ties and men's Gloves, 1-3 off. Genuine Counts. **J. B. MacDONALD & Co.**
12 d w 101