

THE GUARDIAN

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Head Office at Charlottetown
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Alberton, Souris, and Montague.

DIARY OF EVENTS

TO-DAY.

City Magistrate's Court, 9 a. m.

Entries for Tennis Tournament of Charlottetown Tennis Club close.

Horse Sale, by order of Mr. P. S. Brown, at Charlottetown Driving Park.

Moonlight steamer excursion. Harland leaves wharf at 8.15 p. m.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1913

MARITIME BOARD OF TRADE.

The annual meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade takes place this year at Newcastle, N. B., on the 20th and 21st inst.

As usual a number of important subjects for discussion have been handed to the Secretary by a number of the Boards throughout the provinces, all of them important and some of them vital to the commercial and industrial interests of the Maritime Provinces.

The increase in freight rates on the Intercolonial is named as a subject by the Sackville, Truro, Chatham and Summerside Boards of Trade, generally with a protest attached against any increase. This question will, in all probability, be effectively settled by the Management of the Intercolonial before the meeting, and, we believe, in terms which will be very generally satisfactory.

The Amherst Board proposes a discussion of "Provincial Ownership of the Telephone Systems of the Maritime Provinces." This will afford plenty of scope for theorizing over municipal and government ownership of public utilities but it is doubtful if, for some time to come, there shall be any change in the ownership of the systems now controlling these.

The Charlottetown Board proposes to urge upon the government the desirability of operating the winter steamers between Prince Edward Island and the mainland as a ferry in connection with the Intercolonial Railway in the same way as the ferry between Mulgrave and Point Tupper, with through rates for freight and passenger traffic, the rates to be the same as for equal distances on the Intercolonial.

The Charlottetown Board also proposed a discussion of the old grievance—the use of inferior cars between Pains Junction and Point du Chene and between Stellarton and Pictou. Fortunately this matter has been settled by the Intercolonial Management placing up-to-date vestibule cars on these sections.

Taking over of branch lines on the I. C. R.; Discrimination in passenger fares in favor of Western Canada as against Eastern Canada; Agricultural and technical education in the common schools and several other subjects make up the balance of a program that should make a most interesting and helpful meeting.

It is hoped the different Boards throughout the Maritime Provinces will be well represented and that a full and intelligent discussion of the subjects proposed will result in removing any grievances which may exist, in smoothing the way for improvements yet to come and in general good to the Maritime Provinces.

THE DOMINION HOUSE.

We have received from the "Dominion Site, Limited," of which the Right Honorable The Earl Grey, a former Governor-General of Canada, is chairman—a handsomely illustrated brochure showing the site selected for the "Dominion House" in London and on which the promoters of the idea have secured a three years' option.

The site selected is situated right in the heart of London and occupies an area of a little more than two and three-quarter acres. It is proposed to erect on this site a building in which all the agencies of the British Dominions beyond the seas will be housed instead of being scattered practically over the whole city as at present. It is proposed also to make it such a building as will, in style, architectural beauty and magnificence appeal to the imagination and impress upon Londoners as well as upon visitors the extent, the power and the wealth of the Empire as a whole.

The London Spectator says of the proposal, "A structure of such size and splendour, possibly with a tower

which would provide a view over the greater part of London would make a direct appeal to thought and imagination such as the scattered agency buildings could never produce though such an appeal must obviously be one of the main objects of their existence. But the appeal would be to more than the imagination, it would be to plain business instincts. Lord Grey's idea of Dominion House is that it should contain an organized mart and exhibition of the produce of the countries overseas. The showrooms would answer the questions which merchants and manufacturers are asking year after year without obtaining the full reports they need as to the wants and tastes of the communities with whom they wish to deal, the advantages or drawbacks of this and that rate of taxation, of customs, excise and transport."

As already stated the syndicate above named, The Dominion Site, Limited, has secured an option on a most desirable site, for three years, at a rental of £3,000 a year. The option secured to the syndicate the privilege of leasing the property for ninety-nine years at a rental graduated up to the fifth year when it will reach the permanent sum of £50,000 per annum. With this as a beginning the next step will be the securing, if possible, of the approval of the Dominions themselves.

It is hoped the project will meet with the approval of the overseas colonies as, if the scheme should materialize, Dominion House would be at once a symbol, a centre and a creative force, making for the strengthening of the bonds which now unite the scattered colonies of the Empire. The syndicate comprises Lord Grey, chairman; Lord Plymouth, London; Sir Starr Jameson, South Africa; Sir John Henneker, Australia; Mr. George McLaren, Brown, Canada; Mr. George Beetham, New Zealand, and Mr. Harry Brittain, London.

ST. BORGLIA.

The Borgias are a greatly maligned family. Instead of being the arch-poisoners of the world, they are now shown to have been to all intents and purposes saints, and their complicity in the deaths of all who stood in their way the vile slander of political and national opponents. This, at any rate is the view set forth this week at the International Medical Congress in London, by Dr. J. J. Walsh of New York. The doctor, as the result of exhaustive research, has lost all faith in the stories of the Borgia family as pitiless poisoners whose names are a by-word in history.

He recalls that the Borgias were a Spanish family, making their way successfully in Italy, that every Italian's hand was against them and that many Italians did not hesitate to malign them and very few Italians refused to believe any story, however apparently incredible, that might be told about them. "Contemporary documents come largely from their enemies," he says, "and it has been a very difficult problem to determine the truth or falsity of these charges. I once suggested that a most interesting series of lives of the Presidents of the United States might be made from what was said of them by their opponents during political campaigns. It would be an appalling record to posterity from contemporary documents of the absolute lack of character of the men who were afterward Presidents of the United States."

"It is largely from such documents, however, that the history of the Borgias has been written. Every advance in modern scientific historical investigation has cleared their name more and more of these charges against them, 'until, in the Cambridge Modern History,' Richard Garnett, who knew this period very well, did not hesitate to declare with regard to Alexander VI.:—'There remains the charge of secret poisoning for motives of cupidity, which indeed appears established, or nearly so, only in a single instance.'"

We have heard of almost unnumbered poisonings by them, and here they are all boiled down to a single case, and even with regard to that the historian hesitates and does not say that it is absolutely established, but that it is nearly established.

Take the case of Lucretia Borgia. Her name has become a byword for supposed malice and viciousness almost too deep for human nature. Nearly every charge has been disposed of by Gregorovius. We know that during the last two decades of her life, while she lived at Ferrara as the Duchesse d'Este, she was fairly worshipped by her people for her kindness and charity, her thoughtfulness and sanctity. Almost the whole population of the city followed her to her tomb as that of a saint.

We must, therefore, revise our opinion of the much maligned family, but from the depths of degradation to canonization is too great promotion at one flight.

The explanation of Dr. Walsh, though it may seem harder to swallow

low than the Borgia poison, is not only probable but quite feasible.

In the old days, and even now, whenever a white planter dies suddenly, as many of them do, popular opinion ascribes his death to the machination of some black cook or other negro servant. In this way black cooks as a class have a reputation for concocting secret vegetable poisons that would make the ill-reputed Borgias sink into insignificance.

Yet the medical practitioners in these tropic zones will assure you there is not the scintilla of foundation for these reflections on the black cooks—that the majority of sudden deaths among planters is due to excess in eating and drinking, the consequence thereof being violent indigestion and inflammation of the intestines—the irritation which the patient and his friends ascribe to mysterious and malignant poison administered in the food.

P. R. ASSOCIATION SHOOT PRIZES

Continued from page one
31 pts. and Sgt. J. D. DesRoches—30 pts.

THE OTTAWA AGGREGATE.

Computed on the scores in the Corporation, P. R. Hearts, Prowse, Bankers, H. H. Brown and MacKinnon Drug Co's matches. The D. R. A. silver medals will be given to the highest aggregate and the Bronze Medal to the second highest. The Association grants \$125 to the Ottawa team for expenses, the men eligible to participate in this grant being the highest twelve in the Jubilee Aggregate, it being understood that no man receives more than \$10.00. Should any of the first twelve decide not to go, vacancies will be filled up in rotation from those on the Ottawa Aggregate. If possible the team shall be under command of an officer chosen by itself, whose duty it shall be to manage its affairs and report all proceedings to the Association.

Sgt. E. McInnis, 359 1st medal & 45 Lt. G. E. Ritchie 347 2nd medal & 44 \$3 each—Pte. L. R. Allen (347), Sgt. A. McCabe (342), Cadet P. Landrigan (342), R. V. Longworth (340), Corpl. A. Seaman (339), Capt. A. Brennan (339), G. R. Beer (338), Gnr. F. G. Kennedy (338), Corp. W. McInnis (338) and J. B. Poole (338). \$2 each—Gnr. J. D. McCabe (337), W. R. Coles (336), P. Barlow (335), W. H. Poole (335), Lt.-Col. H. M. Davison (334), B. R. Brown (333), S. Bonnell (333), E. G. Lov (332), R. C. McLean (332), Capt. W. E. Smith (331), Ma-or W. A. Weeks (330), G.M. Moore (330) and Lieut. A. Crockett (330). \$1 each—J. A. Rodd (329), Capt. D. A. MacKinnon (329), W. S. Louson (328), Tr. G. Jones (328) and W. J. McEachern (328).

THE HUMAN PROCESSION

1719—Mme. de Maintenon, who became the wife of Louis XIV. of France, died at St. Cyr. Born, Nov. 27, 1635. 1769—Napoleon Bonaparte born on the island of Corsica, died at St. Helena, May 5, 1821. 1771—Sir Walter Scott, the famous Scottish novelist, born, Died Sept. 21, 1832. 1824—Lafayette, arrived at Staten Island on his visit to the United States. 1846—First paper published in California, issued at Monterey. 1893—The Bering Sea arbitration award was delivered.

CHOPPED STUFF

Cut out the middleman and put the profits where they belong—in the pockets of the farmer and his wife.

The best dairy bred bull is none too good. The animal ought to be from a strain noted for high milk production.

A good male animal soon pays for himself if properly managed, whether he be used in public or private service.

A tree can be bridge-grafted, in less than half an hour, and it is better to take this time to do it than to let a valuable tree die.

About the best remedy for scaly legs, which is the result of parasites is an application of melted lard and sulphur once a week.

A horse that is exhausted and reeking with sweat should never be allowed to stand in draught, no matter what the weather may be.

Never pasture too closely. Leaves are essential to plane growth, and enough should always be left to promote a good growth of plants.

There is no danger of having an oversupply of good country butter. In the metropolitan centres it has become an almost unknown quantity.

The sheepy taste often found in mutton does not come from contact of the flesh with the wool, but from the peculiar flavor in the inner secondary skin which is released by cooking.

Many of the midsummer chicks die from heat. The mother hen should be kept in the shade with the little fellows until they are at least a week old. Spray the coops with thin whitewash occasionally.

The fly is a nuisance of the worst kind. It breeds in filth and spreads of the flesh in a great many ways. If the barnyard manure can be removed and the barn kept clean and in a sanitary condition there will be fewer flies and as a result there will be less typhoid fever and other diseases which are carried by this insect.

MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE

Miss Laura Stallo returned to Charlottetown by the express last night from New York, and proceeded by team to her summer home at Dalvay, by the Sea.

Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Jenkins, two of Charlottetown's best known citizens yesterday celebrated the 57th anniversary of their marriage. In honor of the event Dr. and Mrs. Jenkins drove to the summer residence, at Keppoch, of their son Dr. S. R. Jenkins, with whose family they dined and when they received the hearty congratulations of many friends. The Guardian unites with their many friends in wishing them many happy returns of the day.

Dr. James A. Bryer of North Attleboro and Boston, and Mr. George F. Urrling of Brookline, Mass., leave Boston the latter part of this week for a visit to the Island. They will be the guests of Mr. Malcolm McLeod, of Dundas. The doctor, who is an ardent fisherman, had such an enjoyable trip some two years ago when he visited the Island for the first time, that he is looking forward to this visit with a great deal of pleasure. Mr. Urrling, who was contemplating a trip abroad this year with Mrs. Urrling, has chosen the Island for a visit instead, and expects to spend some two weeks here.

FIRST THINGS

PACIFIC PRESS.

The first American newspaper in California, and the first real newspaper in the Pacific West, was the Californian, which was issued at Monterey by Robert Semple and Walter Olton sixty-seven years ago today. Two years before the Plungedugeon Gazette, or Bumble Bee Budget, "devoted to scratching and stinging the follies of the age," had been established in Oregon, but its existence was brief, and it was more a humorous publication than a newspaper. The Oregon Spectator, founded in 1846, the same year as the Monterey Californian, was published in Oregon City, and was the first bona fide newspaper in the Pacific Northwest. When gold was discovered in California the New York newspapers began to issue California editions, which were sent by thousands to San Francisco. Among the existing great newspapers of California are the Sacramento Union, founded in 1851, and the San Francisco Bulletin, established in 1855. The Bulletin waged a determined warfare against the crooks and gamblers, and the shooting of its editor, James King, by a politician named Casey resulted in the revival of the vigilance committee. The early Californian papers attracted many brilliant men, including Mark Twain, Joaquin Miller, Bret Harte, Prentice Mulford, Charles Warren Stoddard and many others. It was for the Sacramento Union that Mark Twain made his trip to the Sandwich Islands.

TODAY IN DOMINION HISTORY

Lord Dufferin, Governor-General of Canada, was given a cordial reception by the people of Victoria thirty-seven years ago to-day, and his diplomatic utterance went war towards allaying the discontent then prevalent in the Province because of the Dominion government's failure to carry out its program of railroad constructions. British Columbia had entered confederation five years before, after exacting a pledge from the government to build a transcontinental railway. In 1873 the MacDonald ministry fell, after having tried to initiate the great enterprise. In the following years spiltary lines of railway were built, here and there, but this program did not satisfy British Columbia, and the people refused to be placated by the proposals of J. D. Edgar, who in 1874 visited British Columbia as the envoy of the Mackenzie government. The terms of settlement proposed by Earl of Carnarvon, as arbitrator, were equally unsatisfactory. The parliamentary proposition that the expenditures for railway construction should only be such as "the resources of the country will permit without increasing the existing rates of taxation" did not seem promising, and in the summer of 1876 the agitation reached a point where British Columbia threatened secession. Then came the visit of Lord Dufferin, and the storm was quieted.

The first number of the Nova Scotia Gazette was issued on this date in 1766 by Robert Fletcher. This was the second paper in the Province, the first having been the Halifax Gazette, founded in 1752 by John Purnshell.

All critical smokers should get their supply here. We have without doubt the largest and best supply of cigars that is shown in any drug store in the city and keep them in first-class smoking condition in patent humidors. In the 10c line we have Orlanda, Marguerites, El Presidentes 7-20-4, Van' Horne and all the other famous makes. Then you can buy at 5c Tuckett's Bouquet, Peg Top and many other satisfying small smokes. Get your cigars here. The MacKinnon Drug Co., Corner Great George and Kent Sts., Mt.

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We have a very choice selection of real Havana cigars. You will readily recognize these well known brands.

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Also a fine assortment of Egyptian and Turkish cigarettes.

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Dainty Souvenir Jewellery

In enamelled belt pins, brooches, cuff links, spoons, stick pins and fobs

Special Stock

G. H. Taylor
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Montague Black Fox Exchange
Correspondence Solicited
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Montague, P. E. I.

DEATHS

MARKS—At Providence, R. I., on July 25th, 1913, Nora, wife of Mr. Gay Lowell Marks, in the 24th year of her age.

WHITE.—In Winnipeg Man, on Aug. 9th, 1913, Della Beatrice White, wife of Mr. J. Milton Crosby, formerly of Marshfield, P. E. I.

PURCELL.—In Charlottetown, Aug. 10th, 1913, Theo. Lyons Purcell, aged 18 months. Funeral tomorrow evening at 3 o'clock.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen,—In June, 98, I had my hand and wrist bitten and badly mangled by a vicious horse. I suffered greatly for several days and the tooth cuts refused to heal until your agent gave me a bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I began using. The effect was magical; in five hours the pain had ceased and in two weeks the wounds had completely healed and my hand and arm were as well as ever.

Yours truly,
A. E. ROY
Carriage Maker.

St. Antoine, P. Q.

ASUNCION, Paraguay, via Galveston, Texas, Aug. 12 (Special)—For the last few days the sensational topic in diplomatic and society circles has been the murder of Signor A. Pittaluga, Italian Minister to Paraguay, who was killed by a well known Italian physician, whose wife immediately left for Italy. The physician has been arrested, but it is believed that he will be acquitted, having committed the murder in defence of his honor.

KHARTOUM, Aug. 12 (Special)—Father Ohrwalder, the famous Austrian missionary priest who passed ten years in captivity with the Mahdi, died at Omdurman yesterday at the age of fifty-eight.

While with the Mahdi's hordes in the far regions of the Soudan, Father Ohrwalder and his companions refused to become Moslems at the bidding of the Arab chieftain and were condemned to be executed, but during the night preceding the carrying out of the sentence a comet appeared and so frightened the Soudanese that they refused to kill the missionary.

After Father Ohrwalder's escape he wrote a thrilling story of his adventures. He remained in the Soudan, where he was seen by Mr. Roosevelt at Omdurman on the former president's trip down the Nile in March, 1910.

FIRE SALE
Big Success
This Morning
At 10 A. M.

Entrance On Sydney Street
DEPARTMENTS on sale are Furniture, Carpets, and all Ladies' ready-to-wear, Outer and under garments. Also men's ready-to-wear clothing. No. YARDAGE dry goods on sale this A. M. All original prices are cancelled by RED MARK. NEW SALE PRICE IS IN RED

No. approvals, No. exchanges, No. phone orders, out of Town letter orders will be filled in rotation. SALE FOR CASH ONLY.

Parcels will be delivered as soon as possible. Customers will help Delivery Department, by taking all small parcels.

James Paton & Co.



All lovers of the beautiful in nature should attend the Flower Festival. The first show of the kind ever held in this Province. The best blooms grown by the leading horticultural experts in the Province will be shown—the event will be a treat to your eye.

August 28th & 29th inst.
Prince of Wales College
50c pays for all charges, membership, exhibiting and admission. Apply to C. M. Williams, B x 289.



Plumbing In Ware That Will Stand Every Test. We can show you one of the finest lines of aluminum ware in the Province today. Extra strong and splendidly finished utensils of the very highest quality and marked at prices we consider unusually reasonable. We have everything in the list from small drinking cups to large double boilers. Call in and look over the line.

Fennell & Chandler
Victoria Row.

BEWARE! OF BARGAIN SALES IN LIFE ASSURANCE

THE CANADA LIFE can quote you rates on any form of policy and will yield you better results than you can obtain in the world. We are ready to prove it. Canada's Oldest Company W. K. Rogers, K. S. ROGERS, Ch' town R. B. ROGERS, S' side Special Agents. Pro. Manager