THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

Weekly (Now Evening Daily) 1887.
Morning Daily Founded 1891

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 191

$3.50 Per Year (Delivered) In Advance for U. S.
$2.50 Per Year (Mailed) In Advance in Canada and $3.00

ANNUAL MEETING POULTRY ASSOCIATION

Proceedings Continued at Evening Session and Concluded Yesterday Morning. Officials Warmly Congratulat d on Year's Work.

The following is a report of the session of the P. E. I. Egg and Poultry Association held on Monday. There was a large attendance and considerable interest and enthusiasm was manifested in the proceedings.

Hon. Murdoch McKinnon, Commissioner of Agriculture, was appointed Chairman of the meeting, and in opening the proceedings he made an important address which was listened to with marked attention. He dealt at some length with the question of increased production in agriculture, more particularly in regard to the raising of hogs, and stated what was intended to be done in the matter of supplying feeds.

At the outset Mr. McKinnon expressed regret at the unavoidable absence of Mr. H. S. Arkell, Live Stock Commissioner, who had been scheduled to address the meeting. This was his third attempt to come here, but unfortunately he had again found it impossible to reach the Island.

Continuing, Mr. McKinnon said that it was a proud day for that audience, and indeed for the province, when a banker and so shrewd a business man as the Manager of the Bank of Montreal, who knew his business thoroughly, should stand on the platform and give the Association the boost which he gave it that afternoon, expressing the preparedness of the Bank to carry the Association's business. He did not think such a thing had ever occurred in the history of the province before, and that gentleman would not have said what he had said, if it were four years ago when there were just half a dozen egg circles who between them did not have enough cash in their treasury to buy a writing pad. Those who had taken part in the business and had followed it keenly from the start up to the present time, and who had interested themselves in it and made it their own business, had, he said, every good reason to be proud of it today.

It was not necessary for anybody to dwell on the work the egg circles were doing, because nearly all its members—there were perhaps a few exceptions, but at least all the members who were present—followed the work of the Association so well that they knew all about it. There was one side, however, which they were not considering too much. They were considering increase of business, increased prices, increased quality. But there was another fact which before very long would mean a great deal to the Association and to the province, and that was, that there was not a man in the egg circles today who was trying to get off stale or dirty eggs. Some people, perhaps, might quite unintentionally let pass eggs that were not up to the standard, but no one was trying, as some people used to do some time ago, to get a basket of stale eggs off if possible. There was no such thing today. And this was one of the good points of co-operation, said Mr. McKinnon, that it tended to influence clean business. Co-operation was considered by the Association on a larger scale than hitherto had been put into practice. Some might have their doubts as to wether it would be wise to branch out too much. The only thing he would say in connection with this was, that there was no reason for anyone to be afraid. If they had been too much afraid of branching out in the past two or three years, too much afraid of taking a chance, they would not have made the success they had made.

"It is easier to carry on this business today than two or three years ago," said Mr. McKinnon, "and the reason is, there is not a man here who is not a good producer. The more the business grows and the larger it gets, the more will be the competent men who will join it; and if the managers of this circle today wanted a business man to take hold of the business end of it, they would have no difficulty in finding a suitable young man in some of the directors of the egg-circle. This is one good feature about an association of this kind: If at any time the association branched out into other business, each branch could finance itself the same as this branch has done, and you know how well and how safely that has so far been done. This is all I would say in regard to co-operation as we have it in this association. I only wish now to detain you long enough to mention a few other things that perhaps you will consider aside from the business in hand." Hon. Mr. McKinnon then went on to speak of the campaigns that are being carried on in regard to increased production.

Hog Production

There is one branch in which the authorities are putting forth great efforts, and that is in connection with **Hog Production.** It is hardly necessary to make any reference to a campaign of this kind, because so much has been said about it of late that you all know the necessity that exists in this direction. Meat must be provided. The Old Country supply is short, and they depend today on Canada and the United States for their wants. This campaign was started some time ago, and I might be allowed to make reference to a meeting which was held, at which this subject was kept more prominently before the delegates than any other, and the policy they were asked to consider was that of providing sows and breeding and selling to farmers at cost. When that was brought forward it did not appeal to me as one that could be of very much service in this province, because I thought that the people of this province were nearly as far into that business as feed would justify them in view of the high prices of feed, and I made the statement that unless some feeds were within reach the campaign would not be very successful. The authorities went to work at that time. I will not go over the work they accomplished or how they accomplished it, that would be a long story; but the end of it was, they put an embargo on mill-feeds going out of this country and bought out the elevator screenings so that there is a large quantity of elevator screenings today to be sold. In this connection Mr. McKinnon read the following statement touching the feed situation:

The Feed Situation.

"As has already been announced, the Minister of Agriculture has contracted with the Terminal Elevator Companies for the total output of 1917-18 recleaned screenings. The contract price was $35.00 per ton and the material will be sold at this price f.o.b., Fort William, plus a charge to cover storage and insurance. In the neighborhood of 2,000 tons are at present available and are now on offer in carload lots in bulk to feeders in Eastern and Western Canada.

"The Live Stock Branch is also negotiating for the importation of a quantity of corn from the United States. It is believed that, notwithstanding serious difficulties in the way, such as embargoes, duties and car shortages, the available feed supply in Canada can be considerably added to through the medium of importations. The Branch, therefore, under the authority of the Minister, the Honorable Mr. Crerar, has taken definite steps to secure feed through this source. The American corn crop offers at present the most likely source for feed and it is probable that a contract for the purchase of considerable quantities will be completed within a few days.

"The Provincial Departments of Agriculture have been asked and have consented to co-operate with the Branch in the distribution of all feed which may be purchased. Under the agreement reached, the Provincial Departments assume full responsibility for distribution within their own territory, receive the orders, which must be for carload lots, from farmers, farmers' organizations or their accredited agents and guarantee the solvency of the purchaser. All orders for feed, therefore, should be made direct to the Provincial Departments only. The Feed Division will then arrange for the transportation of the material, having due regard to location and precedence of demand. Screenings and other material which the Branch has to offer will be distributed in accordance with this plan."

They have also secured to Canada a large quantity of bran, which is sold at $24.50 a ton in bulk and middlings $27.50. These were the prices some time ago, and are liable to vary, inasmuch as these commodities are sold at cost and the cost may be higher at one time than another; but the screenings are bought straight at $35 a ton. These feeds are available, and we were able to get hold of a number of sows going to the slaughter and to secure them. They are now available at cost. Of course, we did not consider it wise even to offer to do this unless there was some feed in sight, and events have shown that we were justified in that, because since the matter was mentioned we have more enquiries about feed than we have had about sows, because people not only have not enough feed to go further into the business, but they have not enough to carry on their business as it is at present. However, we ordered a car of feed to start with, so that anyone who bought one of these sows we could assure enough feed to carry the litter over until his own feed was available.

In the matter of this feed, the Government, as I said, has bought elevator screenings and put an embargo on the other. They are anxious that there should be some system of co-operation by which this will be distributed. If this feed is allowed to accumulate they will have to let it be shipped out of the country. They want the Local Governments to take hold of it and do the best possible to assist them in the distribution. That they can do to a certain extent, but Local Governments cannot go into business, and if they do go into business, as a general rule it is not an easy matter to make a success of it. The people can do more for themselves than any Government can do for them, and we cannot have any more striking instance of that than was afforded in the first year of the war. The people of this province in that year supplied in money, or money's worth, over three hundred thousand dollars. That is more than twice as much as the people of this province are contributing in a year to the revenue of the country apart from Dominion subsidies. There could not be formed a Government in this country that could raise that

(Continued on page three)

DISASTROUS FIRE IN MONCTON

Victoria Block on Main Street Containing Number of Stores Completely Destroyed.

(Special to the Guardian.)

MONCTON, Jan. 15 (Midnight)—In the midst of the liviest storm, fire broke out at 6.40 this evening in the Victoria Block owned and erected by L. H. Higgins.

The fire spread with great rapidity and the fire department had a hard fight on their hands, handicapped as they were by the storm.

Chief Ackman was absent, but arrived on the scene after the arrival of the express from St. John about 9 o'clock.

The Victoria Block is a new building and was occupied by numerous stores on the ground floor and by appartments on the second floor. The Empress theatre adjoins.

At midnight the fire was still burning fiercely.

The roof had fallen in and the interior of the block was completely gutted. It is thought the walls will be saved.

The Cumberland Piano Co., was located in the block; also Harold Coll, tobacco store, Campbell & McMurdo, tailors, the Green Lantern Restaurant, Higgins shoe store, Blackley and Son coal and ice dealers J. M. Dayton Insurance, Blackney and Cormier, barbers, the Greek shoe shining parlor and Horace Ross bookstore.

The majority of these lost considerable on account of smoke and water.

Following are among the losses: Campbell & McMurdo, goods valued $15,000, about half covered bu insurance.

The Cumberland Piano Co. saved considerable of their stock.

Mr. Higgins states that he has $22,500 insurance on the block. His loss will be heavy.

The block was erected in 1916. No other buildings were damaged.

WORSE STORMS THAN IN P.E. ISLAND

MONCTON, Jan. 13.—A big snow storm in Quebec has seriously interfered with traffic on the Canadian Government Railway in that section. The Maritime Express, due here this morning is away behind time. She is expected to reach here some time tomorrow morning. The storm extended east close to the New Brunswick border.

General Manager Hayes and other Canadian Government Railway officials left tonight for Montreal and Ottawa.

Phillipe LeBlance, age 80 years, one of the well known residents of Moncton, died at the home of his daughter last night. He is survived by four sons and five daughters.

NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY TIED UP FOR A WEEK.

HOPEWELL HILL, Jan. 9.— No rain has been down since a week ago last Monday, when it started out for Salisbury. Word yesterday said the track was about clear between Hillsboro and Salisbury. The mail service during the past week has been very unsatisfactory.

The past week will be remembered as one of the worst as to weather conditions in years. Severe cold for many days was followed by a very severe snow storm which put the roads in a bad shape, making, in the absence of train service, some hard travelling on the part of those who had to get about the country. The train which left Albert on Monday was unable to get through the whole week, on account of conditions of the road and engine difficulties. On Thursday the train had reacher Salisbury and came back to Hillsboro on Thursday night, but did not proceed further down. Then came the big storm and further mishaps so that the road is practically out of business.

THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TODAY IS THE 1263rd. DAY OF CANADA'S PARTICIPATION IN THE WAR.

TORONTO, Jan. 16.—Strong westerly winds, colder.

The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 30 degrees above. At 10 a. m. it was 30 above; at 9 p. m. it was 11 above. The lowest the previous night was 8 above.

The tide will be high this afternoon at 1.30 and tomorrow at 2.09; it will be high tomorrow morning at 1.19 and Thursday at 2.16.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

**The MacDonald Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. Fraser Morrow on Thursday, Jan. 17th at 7.30 p. m. 2197.

**The postponed meeting of the Tracadie Cross Silver Black Fox Co. will be held in the hall at Tracadie Cross on Thursday, Jan. 17th at 1 o'clock p. m. 2189pd.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

WINTER SETTLES ON WAR FRONTS

Only Artillery Actions now on Western Front. On Italian Front Terrific Aerial Activity Prevails. German Offensive Delayed Indefinitely. Peace Negotiations no Further Advanced.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Winter has settled down in earnest over all the important war fronts and beyond artillery actions, which are being carried out over very limited sections, there has been little fighting either in the west or in the east.

Only patrol encounters are reported along the British lines and the artillery action at two points on the French front. In Italy the terrific artillery and infantry fighting has given way to aerial warfare, which however, though it is spectacular, has little direct bearing on the progress of the campaign when confined to combats between individuals or squadrons.

For nearly a month now the front in France and Belgium has been almost snowbound. Thus the long awaited German offensive with the heavy reinforcements which Germany transferred from the Russian front to the west, has been delayed for weeks if not possibly for months.

Nothing Definite in Peace Parley.

The peace negotiations between the Bolsheviki and the representatives of the quadruple alliance at Brest-Litovsk continue, but without definite results. Another delay in the assembling of the constituent assembly is likely because of the assurance of a decree at Petrograd providing for new elections to replace members of the constituent assembly who are deemed not to represent the interests of the workmen and peasants.

According to reports from the Russian capital northern Russia is to receive ample food supplies from Ukraine through the reconciliation of the Bolsheviki and the Ukrainians. Every effort has been made in the past few weeks by the Bolsheviki authorites to prevent the threatened famine in Petrograd and other cities of Russia where the Bolsheviki hold the power.

It is also semi-officially reported from Petrograd that the Bolsheviki have taken control at Novo-Tcherkassk, capital of the province of the Don Cossacks and headquarters of General Kaledines, Hetman of the Cossacks.

Allies Keep in Touch With Petrograd.

The London Daily Mail reports the established by the British government of informal relations with Maxim Litvinoff, recently appointed by the Bolsheviki government as Russian ambassador at London. The explanation of this, according to the Mail, is that possibly Lenine and Trotsky, if they retain in the defacto power, might eventually give heed to the counsel of the allied goverments and it is not desirable that communication with Petrograd be cut off.

A meeting of the crown council at Berlin is reported by the Lokal Anzeiger, composed of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, General Von Ludendorff, the Crown Prince and other German leaders. Relations with Russia will probably be the most important subject discussed.

Prince Alexander Von Hohenlohe, who has long held liberal views and was among the German representatives at the pacifist congress in Switzerland, expresses the belief that should the Germans as a people rid themselves of the fixed idea that America entered the war only for selfish and material interests, President Wilson's new message "can become a way toward peace."

French Airmen's Toll.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—"There was nothing to report during the night, except the usual cannonading" says this afternoon's official statement.

"In addition to the fifteen German airplanes and one captive balloon previously reported as having been destroyed between January 1 and January 10, French pilots brought down in the enemy lines twelve machines which probably were destroyed, although it was not possible to confirm this."

British Guns Find Mark.

RONM, Jan. 13—"There were patrol encounters and active artillery fighting at various places," the war office reports. "Italian artillery shelled enemy forces on skiis east of Tonale. British batteries made direct hits on enemy emplacements on the east bank of the Piave. French artillery was active along the middle Piave.

"Italian aeroplanes dropped one and one-half tons of explosives on enemy magazines and encampments and brought down two enemy machines. British airmen brought down one enemy aeroplane."

ANNUAL MEETING OF Y.M.C.A.

The annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held last night and, notwithstanding the storm, was largerly attended. The President, Mr. J. A. Clark presided and read an excellent report which is given below. The Secretary, Mr. Herbert Yeo, read a most interesting report of the year. The report of the chairman of the Board of Finance, Mr. C. H. B. Longworth showed receipts for the year to be $1636 and expenditure of$1544 leaving a surplus of $92.

Mr. J. A. McMillan, Chairman of the Physical Work Committee gave a good report of the work done during the year on his department.

The following Directors were appointed: Messrs. W. A. Stewart, J. O. Hyndman, C. H. B. Longworth, A. C. Ducheman and Dr. Yeo.

Following is the report read by the President, Mr. J. A. Clark.

The Charlottetown Young Men's Christian Association.

President's Report

January 15, 1918.

We are passing tonight another milestone in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association in our city. In looking back we wish to thank those who so nobly stood by the Association and helped to bring credit to the triangular emblem that today stands for Christian service in every corner of the world. We thank our Heavenly Father for His guidance and help, for without them we could not further "His Great Caues," the extension of His Kingdom among men. We would also thank our Ladies Auxiliary who rendered such splendid assistance in time, money and service. They have already received direct acknowledgment from the boys.

Your president wishes to acknowledge the honor you gave him and to thank you for the privilege of representing you at the First P. E. Island Boys' Camp at North Lake, at the Autumn Older Boys' Conference, and at the Second National Young Men's Christian Association Convention recently held in Ottawa. These were all epoch marking events in the lives of those who had the privilege to be present.

The Directors who faithfully attended to the business of the Association are well repaid by the success that has attended their efforts. Those who came not to the regular meetings will have an opportunity of explaining why to the members tonight.

(Continued on page six)

ARMY AND NAVY VETERANS MEET

The adjourned meeting of the Army and Navy Veterans in Canada was held last night in their room, Market Building. There was a large attendance and considerable important business was transacted. The President Major McRae occupied the chair. The House Committee, Lt.-Col. Stewart, Mr. Geo. Moore and Mr. D. O'M. Reddin reported that the City had given the Association the use of the room in which the meeting was held for the use of all returned soldiers, whether members of the Association or not, as a meeting place. The Association through this Committee is responsible to the City for the upkeep and condition of the room a fact which was impressed upon those present by the Committee.

On motion of Col. Stewart, seconded by Sergt.-Major John Heartz and supported by Major Fullerton the following committee was appointed to co-operate with the Patriotic Society in the meeting and receiving of returned men: Col. Stewart, Major H. H. Sterns, Capt. Duck, Capt. Ross, Lieut. Palmer, Lieut. G. M. Moore, Lieut. D. O'M. Reddin, Lieut. T. W. Morris, Private W. Duggan.

The Ladies Auxiliary Committee reported that they had called on a number of ladies who expressed their willingness to organize an Auxiliary and it was decided to call a meeting of all ladies interested in the welfare of returned soldiers, to meet in the A. and N. V. Room Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

It was unanimously decided to ask the following to permit their names to be added to the list of patrons of the P.E.I. Branch: Lieut.-Governor McDonald, Chief Justice Mathieson, ex-Chief Justice, Sir W. W. Sullivan, Premier Arsenault and Col. Morrison, K.C.B., D.S.O., a Prince Edward Islander now on the staff in England.

It was decided that regular weekly meetings shall be held every Tuesday night at 8 o'clock.

A vote of thanks was moved and unanimously carried to the City Council, specially mentioning Coun. P. A. Smith, Chairman Market House Committee, and Coun. Miller, Chairman Property Committee, for their kindness in giving the returned soldiers the use of this room through the Army and Navy Veterans.

The following resolution, moved by Major Fullerton and seconded by Sgt.-Major John Heartz was discussed at considerable length clause by clause and adopted:

(Continued on page six.)

BIG POULTRY SHOW NOW IN FULL SWING

The Ninth Annual Poultry Show, in Frost and Wood Building, Promises to Eclipse its Eight Predecessors.

The ninth annual show of poultry under the management of the P.E.I. Poultry Association is now in full swing.

There is a splendid entry of birds of quality never before shown on the Island and in the different classes possibly the richest yet exhibited in the Lower Provinces.

Mr. L. A. Hazard, well known over Eastern Canada as an expert in handling prize poultry is placing the awards. Mr. Haszard judged the show last winter giving the acme of satisfaction.

Leghorns lead in the number of entries principally shown by Huntington Farm, John Whitlock, Sydney Inman and John Williams. The quality throughout is the very best yet seen on the Island and the exhibitors showing them have every right to be proud of such handsome fowl.

Messrs W. J. Cudmore and A. B. Carr are the main exhibitors of Black Minorcas, the second largest entry. These birds are known throughout the Provinces as the leading winners, and have won the best prizes at such Fairs as Moncton and Amherst.

Buff Orpingtons are a very large class and the quality of the winners is considered by the Judge as good as he has yet handled. Messrs C. P. Thorne, Geo. Cudmore, and John Whitlock are the exhibitors. Wyandottes are also there in splendid style, and some fine birds are on show. Mr. Ward's pair of old birds are probably as good as has been shown in the city recently. Mr. Henry Lapthorn is a large exhibitor of Golden Wyandottes—one of the prettiest and most useful fowl living.

In games, the show has a large exhibit of exceptional quality, some rare varieties of old English and Pit Games are shown by Messrs. Frank Power and A. B. Carr.

Barred Rocks make up an excellent Class and in it are some of "top" class birds not often seen in a local show.

Messrs. W. J. Pickard, P. T. Murphy and John Williams have the bulk of the birds and are deserving of great praise for having such excellent fowls conditioned so well.

Mr. Geo. Williams and nephew John Williams are showing the Columbian Wyandotte and they have some grand entries especially the first old pair which show "extreme" breeding and fitting. There are twenty entries in the old reliable Rhode Island Reds, a breed that won its name by its laying ability. The showing is very creditable in this class also as they have not been extensively bred of late on the Island. There is also a very nice exhibit of Hamburgs, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks and Cornish fowls also a few Bantams.

The judging is expected to be well on by tomorrow. A list of the winners will be published as soon as the full awards are placed.

PETITION TO EXEMPT NEEDED FISHERMEN

The following petition, which explains itself has been forwarded to Sir Robert L. Borden through Mr. James McIsaac and Premier Arsenault:

Georgetown, P. E. I., Can
Jany. 5th, 1918

To the Right Honorable
Sir Robert L. Borden, G. C. M. G.
Premier of Canada

We, the Shareholders of the Eastern Canneries Ltd., of Georgetown, Prince Edward Island, in a general session assembled, feel that we have great cause for alarm in the action that is being taken by many of the exemption tribunals in conscripting fishermen.

The exemption tribunals have not been uniform in their rulings, some have exempted fishermen following the same lines as exemption in agriculture cases, others have only granted exemptionh to fishermen for a limited time or until the next call, while some tribunals have refused exemption to fishermen and have placed them in the same category as citizens employed in non essential occupations, and have not recognized the rights of fishermen, as such, to exemption.

This lack of uniformity on the part of the various exemption tribunals is leading to a degree of uncertainty that retards preparations for next season's work.

A large amount of capital is now invested in the Maritime Provinces in lobster factories and fishing gear. The cost of operaton is heavy. If fishing is to be carried on as usual, preparations must be commenced at once and large amounts spent for supplies. For these reasons, we ask that an official pronouncement be made in this matter, so that we may know at once whether the number of fishermen and factory help available will warrant us in opening our factories for the coming season.

We submit that the fishing industry in all its branches is second in importance only to agriculture.

That the withdrawal of labour from either of these industries seriously reacts on the other.

That higher wages is invariably paid to fishermen and factory help than to agricultural help and that the conscripting of fishermen will naturally lead to a scarcity of farm help as help will go where wages is highest.

That previous enlistments by the voluntary system in the Maritime Provinces have borne heavily on the fishing industry and again from the very nature of the employment where the work does not extend for the whole year round; a larger proposition has been withdrawn from the fisheries than from any other single industry for the munition plants and the steel works at Sydney and New Glasgow. Large numbers of fishermen have gone to these plants during the winter and as wages paid is high many have remained in these plants and have abandoned fishing for the present at least.

That the price of fish to-day is relatively higher than the price of meat, and that a larger production is necessary if the price is to be reduced so as to encourage a larger consumption and thus reduce the consumption of meat.

That owing to the fact that different varities of fish have different seasons, those who fish lobsters in the spring, fish cod or mackerel in the summer and autumn, so that in the matter of exemption, we consider no distinction should be made between the various forms of fishermen.

For these reasons, we humbly pray, that you will see fit to exempt all fishermen and lobster factory help at least for the season of 1918.

(Continued on page One.)

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

*BRIGHT BOY IS WANTED AT Guardian Office. 1841-12-22Mtf

*WANTED A MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 76 Great George Street. 2184-1-15M3i

WANTED A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 175 Grafton St. 2176-1-15M3i.

WANTED.—MAID FOR CHAMBER work. Apply Morell Hotel. 2160-1-14M3i.

HOUSE TO LET OR SELL, 74 Brighton Ave. Apply 147 Sidney St. or phone 546J. 2174-1-15M6PD.

WANTED—A MAID FOR GENERAL housework in a family of three Apply 13 Fitzroy Street. 2176-1-15Mtf.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT 5 cents per bundle. Guardian Office. 1580-12-7Mtf.

WANTED AT ONCE.—GIRL FOR general housework, in family of three. Apply 146 Pownal St. 2198M3i.

*FOR SALE—700 BUS. GOOD TURnips. Will sell any quantity. Apply Fred. G. Kelly, R. R. No. 6 Charlottetown. 2188-1-16M2ipd.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR HEAD of Hillsborough School. Apply to Lawson Douglas, Secy. 2190-1-16M3ipd.

WANTED A STENOGRAPHER, ONE who has experience preferred, to whom good wages will be given. Apply Guardian Office, Charlottetown. 2186-1-16M6i.

*PORTRAIT AGENTS WANTED. Send for Catalogues, Prints, Solar and Bromide. Finished portraits Convex or flat. Frames, Glass and all supplies. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto. 1862-12-22ME6i

*TO LET—ROOM IN PRIVATE family with or without board; (gentleman preferred.) Apply at this office. 188-12-25Mtf

LOST ON FITZROY STREET BEtween Arena Rink and Prince St., corner, a black fur. Finder leave at Guardian Office. 2183-1-15M3i.

LOST ON CHESTNUT STREET OR Elm Avenue on Sunday 13th January a sum of money. Finder please return to 10 Chestnut Street. Reward. 2196-1-16M2ipd.

LOST.—ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 5th, between Canadian Bank of Commerce and Longworth Ave., a ladies gold bracelet watch. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at Guardian Office. 2142-1-12M3i.

*AUCTION FURNITURE AT 49 Richmond Street residence of the late Mrs. Charles Higgins on Thursday, Jan. 17th, commencing at 11 o'clock forenoon. All the household effects, comprising parlor, diningroom, hall, bedroom, and kitchen, furniture, stoves, etc. R. Bearisto, Auctioneer. 2132-1-16M2i.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.