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# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA THURSDAY, NOV. 1, 1923

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## GREAT PROMISE HELD OUT FOR SUCCESS OF CONFERENCE

### Meetings are Featured by Frank Discussion and Plain Speaking Among N Delegates.

(Canadian Press.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Imperial Conference as a Conference promises to be a considerable success. As a Cabinet for the Empire it is derived from the operations of the Imperial War Cabinet during the war that the Imperial Conference was a sort of Empire Government laying down policies for the whole Empire involving all nations of the Commonwealth in commitments and obligations it is unlikely to survive this Conference.

There has been frank discussion and plain speaking. As the result the older and sounder view of the gathering as a conference between Governments for mutual information without a vestige of controlling power or executive authority is re-established.

Resolutions which have been kept in the background awaiting an opportunity to be brought forward declaring Empire policies on various issues are not likely now to be submitted in view of the certainty of the opposition of the representatives of at least half of the nations represented at the Conference.

Details of discussions at the Conference on these issues are unlikely ever to be published, but it may be so that the Canadian delegation was active and influential in pulling the conference back to the road from which it wandered two years ago.

Another important result of the (continued on page 3)

## Reduction in Rates On Hay and Oats

The following telegram was received yesterday:— P. W. Truner, President, Board of Trade, Charlottetown, P. E. I. In response to request of Charlottetown Board of Trade at meeting in Charlottetown regarding the rates on hay and oats between Charlottetown and St. John's, Nfld., I have issued instructions that these be established on the Halifax basis. I am very glad to have been able to do this for you, and hope that it will be instrumental in increasing shipments.

H. W. Thornton. In accordance with the above telegram from Sir Henry Thornton the rates on hay are to be reduced from \$13 to \$10 per ton, and on oats from 18 cents to 15 cents a bushel.

## Woman Electrocuted By Live Wire

(Canadian Press.) AMHERST, Oct. 31.—Mrs. Robert Finlay, of River Street, was electrocuted about half past six this morning when she took hold of a live wire that had fallen across the fence at her home.

## Condensed Specials

RATE—25 per word, net each insertion in this column. DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE rummage sale Market Building Friday morning. SPECIAL SALE THIS WEEK—choice roses suitable for house culture. Jas. Tait, 37 Villa St. JOHN A. McDONALD, Land Surveyor, Harmony Jct. 470-9-10-mo. LARGE NUMBER OF MEN wanted for Deerpark and Plaster Rock. Good wages and board fares paid from Moncton, N. B. For information apply at A. N. Poirier, Acadia House, 533 Main St. Employment Bureau, Moncton, N. B. Train leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11-1-11. TO LET—COTTAGE ON HILLS—boro street, modern conveniences good location, apply at this office or at 108 Upper Prince St. between 6 and 7 p.m. tf.

## Premier Baldwin Pays Tribute To Bonar Law

(Canadian Press.) SWANSEA, Wales, Oct. 31.—The proceedings of the political meeting which Premier Baldwin addressed here today were overshadowed by the death of Andrew Bonar Law, to whom the Premier paid eloquent tribute.

His speech dealt almost entirely with trade and unemployment questions, but he gave no details of his contemplated protectionist policy beyond saying it was under examination and that he still thought the changes he had proposed for fighting unemployment were essential.

"We must not be exposed to the merciless attacks of foreign competition," said the Prime Minister, "while our competitors can shield themselves behind the walls of their high tariffs."

## BAVARIA WOULD HAVE PRINCE RUPPRECHT EMPEROR OF WHOLE GERMAN EMPIRE

### Munich Clique Headed By General Ludendorff and Others are Fast Gaining in Power and Influence—Great Lack of Action Exhibited By Authorities in Berlin

(United Press.) NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The authority of the Berlin Government throughout Germany no longer exists in full sovereign form. Berlin is gradually becoming subservient to Bavarian influences, and there is increasing evidence that if Germany does not fly apart, two capitals will direct the destinies of the Reich.

For purposes of negotiation with the allies, Berlin will be the capital. For purposes of directing the internal forces of the republic (the capital will be Munich.) Bavaria's challenge to Prussia has not been accepted by the latter. The monarchists, who have made Munich their centre, are becoming increasingly arrogant in their attitude toward the middle-class government at Berlin. The trend of events in Germany is to make the balance of power tend increasingly in Bavaria's favor.

## TERMS OF ANGLO AMERICAN TREATY BEFORE CONFERENCE

(Canadian Press.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—The final terms which will form the basis for an Anglo-American treaty to cope with rum running along the American coast were presented to the Imperial Conference today by Lord Curzon. They are as follows:—

1. United States authorities will have the right to search any British ship within twelve miles of shore suspected of carrying liquor for smuggling.

2. United States will formally affirm by treaty the principles of the three mile limit for territorial waters.

3. British ships will have the right to carry liquor under seal into territorial waters of the United States.

## Britain Accepts Appointment of U. S. Ambassador

(Canadian Press.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—Appointment of Frank B. Kellogg as United States Ambassador to Great Britain has been formally accepted by the British Government, it was announced here this afternoon.

## Baldwin Government Retains Two Seats

(United Press.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Baldwin government easily retained two seats in Yeovil division of Somerset and in he Rutland division of Lincolnshire in the bye-elections it is shown by results announced today.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. James A. Murphy, Emerald, R. R. 2, P. E. Island. 1182-10-19-4

## PROTECTION FOREMOST PLANK IN CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM

### British Party Politics Split on the Question of Tariff for Protection of Home Industries—Coalition Liberals Side With Conservatives.

(British United Press.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—The government's new policy of protection brings to an end the last remnants of the coalition which brought together the Liberals and Conservatives for the common cause.

Austen Chamberlain so long outside the fold of the coalition announces he will definitely support the Premier which makes his inclusion into the cabinet a possibility in the near future.

Winston Churchill's adhesion to the policy is inevitable and in his speech at Manchester will probably intimate the actuality of his re-union. Burying of the hatchet by Lloyd George and Asquith seems further off than ever. Premier Baldwin's speech at Swansea last night is hailed with delight by fact of the tariff pledge given by Bonar Law with regard to fiscal policy of the country. The statement that neither British employers or workmen should be exposed to the attacks of foreign competitors who shield themselves behind a high tariff wall defines the position of the Premier quite clearly.

An earlier general election than was considered likely after the speech at Plymouth is one of the expectations that have arisen from the speech last night. "The only thing I care for," said Baldwin, "is to fight against unemployment and that I am prepared to do when the time comes. I will take my political life in my hands and I will stand or fall for the cause."

## J. B. M' LAGHLAN STEWACKE HAS GETS PEN FOR TWO YEARS DISASTROUS FIRE

(Canadian Press.) HALIFAX, Oct. 31.—In the Supreme Court this morning sentence of two years in Dorchester penitentiary was passed upon James B. McLachlan, former secretary of the U. M. W. District twenty-six, convicted of sedition. His conviction was based on a circular published during the July-August strike of the coal and steel workers in Cape Breton.

Twelve years in Dorchester was sentence imposed upon Roy Green self-confessed murderer of his wife whom he was accused of having shot to death in the doorway of her home last March.

Two years in the penitentiary was the penalty of Harry Gardner, local garage mechanic who was convicted of killing Gertrude Bonar on a Halifax street when she was struck by a car driven by Gardner who did not stop to see what harm he had done.

Robert Theakston former city collector was to have been sentenced this morning but physicians testified that the convicted man was unable to appear in court and sentence was deferred until four-thirty this afternoon when it was hoped the ex-city collector would be in court.

He was convicted with the theft of thirty-four thousand dollars of the civic funds.

## Dublin Laborers Decide to Strike

(Canadian Press.) DUBLIN, Oct. 31.—A big labor meeting held here yesterday resolved to put a strike into operation Monday night to force the release of the hunger strikers, James Larkin, former Labor leader, was one of the speakers.

Following the Government's pronouncement that none of the numerous hunger strikers would be released from prison, it was announced officially yesterday that 1,490 persons who were refusing food abandoned their strike during the week-end. Richard Mulcahy, minister of defence, replying to the Cork corporation's demand for the release of the prisoners, said in a note:—

"Surely your corporation may consider it its duty to offer to those charged with the grave responsibility of securing peace and good will more serious minded and effective assistance toward that end than that of unreasonable telegrams."

RATES—2 cents per word each insertion. \*Rosenath Hall, Bazaar and entertainment, Nov. 8th. If stormy first fine evening following. 1443-10-31-4

## Canadian and U. S. Flour Compete in Germany

(Canadian Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Canadian flour is giving United States flour sharp competition in the German market, partly because of its quality, but also in consequence of the fact that Canadian mills are satisfied to accept payments in cash documents in Hamburg, whereas United States mills will only sell against sight draft New York, says a report received by the U. S. Department of Agriculture from its commissioner in Berlin.

Flour importers in Germany, the report points out, are already handicapped by the depreciation of the mark, and find payment of sight drafts in New York an additional burden in view of the fact that it means a percentage for the exchange brokers.

## POLITICAL SITUATION IN SAXONY NOW REGARDED WITH MORE CONFIDENCE

### Attitude of the Radicals is Explained on the Ground That They Are Not Prepared to Fight Central Party—Situation With Respect to Bavaria Less Clarified.

(Canadian Press.) BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The general political situation with respect to the Saxon conflict is viewed to night in official quarters as having showed marked improvement. The United Socialists who yesterday threatened to secede from Chancellor Stresemann's coalition government today, having deferred a decisive vote on the party's attitude toward the central government's procedure in Saxony until tomorrow. The attitude of the radicals is explained on the ground that the party as such, is in neither a strategic nor financial position to offer strong opposition and also because coalition under the present circumstances would constitute a pronounced concession to the Communists in Saxony and elsewhere.

Any censorial measures of the Socialists may adopt for the purpose of administering a rebuke to the central government, it is asserted will be dictated by tactical considerations and solely for the purpose of conserving the party's prestige with its followers. Reports from Dresden indicate that Dr. Heitze the Reich commissioner in Saxony is having success in re-establishing a parliamentary regime there to succeed the deposed Zeisler ministry and that the Saxons are definitely jettisoned further intentions of calling them with Communists. Berlin officials also view the collapse of the general strike throughout Saxony as an auspicious omen and believe that the withdrawal of Dr. Heitze as Reich commissioner and curtailment of the federal military occupancy there, will make it possible for conditions to assume a normal aspect at an early date.

The situation with respect to Bavaria is less clarified as Premier Von Knilling has not yet replied officially to Chancellor Stresemann's request that the Federal military authority be restored completely. (Continued on Page 3.)

## ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO SOLVE THE REPARATION PROBLEM

(Canadian Press.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—Europe is to make another effort to unravel the everlasting reparation tangle. The British Government today decided to accept the French Premier's observations and the British Charge D'Affaires at Washington was instructed by cable tonight to inform the powers to enter a conference of experts such as Mr. Hughes suggested in his reply to Foreign Secretary Curzon's invitation for United States participation.

If all goes well this commission of inquiry will be started before the overseas premiers leave London, and it is hoped that in spite of France's severe restrictions it may lead to a larger plenary conference on the whole European situation at Washington or elsewhere, in which the powerful neutral nations like the United States may make their voices heard.

Sir John Bradbury, the British reparation delegate, whose opinions on France's terms for the exports conference were sought, informed today that while some of the conditions would sharply limit the scope of the conference, he felt that Great Britain could not take the responsibility of uttering a peremptory "no" to France.

Visitors artistically inclined found painting, music the drama, and the ballet in Moscow better than anywhere in the world and they have to tell their friends. Many others found the Soviet government firmly planted on strong feet with no evidences in sight of an overthrow, while not a few were impressed by the great size of the country and its future possibilities. The finding of the needle in the haystack would be simplicity itself compared to reaching unanimity of opinion about the desirable and undesirable traits of Russian Bolshevism.

## SIGNS OF LIFE AT DOORN, THE EXILE HOME OF KAISER

### Princess Hermine Returns With Important News for Wilhelm from Reichstag.

(Associated Press.) DOORN, Holland, Oct. 31.—The visit which former Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm of Prussia is now making at Doorn Castle is regarded as having considerable significance. According to information from several reliable sources and from persons close to the former Kaiser the presence of the Princes in Doorn is connected with the return of Princess Hermine from the Reichstag, whence she brought very important news concerning the activities of the Nationalist Military Party and the chances of the eventual return of William Hohenzollern to the throne.

It is stated that Hermine herself is displaying great activity and that all her keen intelligence is directed toward the object and hope of becoming Empress. Moreover, quite recently an officer of high rank from Dresden and a political personage from Munich have been guests of the former Empress, who since this visit has shown great nervousness. A detail regarded as curious is the fact that a Doorn furniture dealer has been commissioned to sell a large quantity of the rich specialties and ornaments belonging to the exile, and also a large part of his wardrobe.

## Marriage in China Of Mr. K. P. Fletcher

Announcement appears in today's Guardian of the marriage in Shanghai, China, of a former Charlottetown man, Mr. Karl P. Fletcher, to a Russian lady, Miss Nadia Koltsoff. Details of the wedding, which took place on July 17, have not yet been received. Mr. Fletcher served during the war with the Canadian Expeditionary Force, and was afterwards in the rank of Sergeant. He was wounded and was afterwards injured in the Halifax explosion, returning to Charlottetown in connection with the British Canadian Recruiting Mission, where he remained for about fifteen months. After discharge from the army Mr. Fletcher was appointed to the position of branch manager at Trinidad, Bolivar, Venezuela, of the National Bank of New York, and after remaining in South America for a year and a half returned on a visit to his home in this city. In the fall of 1920 he went to China with the Chinese American Bank of Commerce, and later received his present position of manager of the branch of Anderson Meyer & Company at Moukden, Manchuria.

## The Weather, Etc.

TALK ABOUT MILEAGE - THIS OLD TIRE HAS 'EM ALL BEAT! AS FAR AS I GO IT BRINGS ME BACK AGAIN WITHOUT A BLOWOUT

TORONTO, Nov. 1.—Fresh northerly winds, becoming cooler, light snow some localities. Temperature yesterday—Maximum 46, minimum 39. High tide this afternoon at 3:56 and tomorrow morning at 2:52. Sun sets this afternoon at 4:44 and rises tomorrow morning at 6:42. Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.