

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1914

(25.00 PER YEAR (DELIVERED) IN ADVANCE  
2.50 PER YEAR BY MAIL IN ADVANCE)

## A HEROIC RESCUE AT SUMMERSIDE

Last night, shortly after the arrival of the Empress in Summerside, a lady walking up the wharf accidentally tripped and fell over into 30 feet of water. Partially stunned by the fall and the sudden chill, she was helpless and went to the bottom. There were many spectators and many orders for someone to do something, but one man instantly saw what was to be done, and he did it. Pulling off his boots and plunging in, he caught the lady and accompanied her to the bottom, for, like all drowning people, she would not let her arms around her rescuer. Being a lady of considerable avoidpoups, considerably over 200, it is not known what occurred in the depths, but when they returned to the surface he had her securely in his arms, and with his unconscious burden he made for the wharf. Help now came from the spectators on the wharf, who threw ropes, etc., and pulled the half-drowned lady and her rescuer to safety on the wharf. The lady was immediately taken to the Prince County Hospital, where she soon recovered from her chilly bath.

The man who did this gallant and truly heroic deed was Mr. D. A. Purdy, an employee of the dredge Manoch, owned by the contractors for the Car ferry piers. That he saved the lady's life is unquestioned; that he risked and easily might have lost his own is equally true.

With the modesty that characterises all real heroes, Mr. Purdy declined to discuss the matter, and this report was secured from an eye-witness.

All who saw his heroic, manly act and knew the risk he ran, are loud in their praises and unhesitatingly declare that if ever a man earned a life-saver's reward, he certainly did. The lady recovered quickly, little the worse for her plunge in the ice-cold water, and the man who saved her life came to Charlottetown by the late express—also little the worse, although with a ruined suit of clothes, but no doubt inwardly rejoicing that he had to his credit the satisfaction of having saved a life.

## BRITISH ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION LEAVES

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 26.—The British Antarctic expedition, headed by Lieut. Sir Ernest H. Shackleton, departed southward to-day.

## CARRANZA IS WHOLE STATE OF MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, Oct. 26.—Brigadier General Alvaro Obregon headed a commission which saw General Carranza to-day and invited him to attend the convention at Aguascalientes and to sign an agreement to abide by the decision of that body. General Carranza declined the invitation to go personally or send a delegate and reserved the right to approve or disapprove the final acts of the convention. He said that the sovereign power of the State rests with him alone until his successor as head of the administration is elected.

## DAY LABORER RECEIVES LEGACY OF \$50,000

NEGAUNEE, Mich., Oct. 26.—E. Romayne Simmons was a day labourer in a mine here a few years ago. To-day he is a famous capitalist and the recipient of a \$50,000 legacy from Mine Nordica, the opera singer, who died recently. Some time ago, "Romey," as the musician was then known, was using his hands and a pick to make his living. He came from a family of miners. He toiled twelve hours a day for beneath the surface of the earth.

## CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents. LOST—BETWEEN PROWSE AND PRO-CATHEDRAL, gold bracelet. Finder please leave at this office. 6245. WANTED—A MAID. APPLY 80 UP-per Prince street. 6228-10-27mtf. LOST—SUNDAY, A PEARL CRESS-CENT BROOCH. Finder please leave at this office. 6225-10-27M31. WANTED BY A LADY ONE OR TWO rooms with board in a private family. Apply at this office. 6225-10-27M31. PLASTERERS WANTED TO WORK on St. Dunstan's Cathedral. Wages, \$3 per day. John S. Metcalf & Co. 6243-10-27M31. HORSE CLIPPING DONE BY CAREFUL and experienced hands at reasonable prices. Horses called for and returned free of charge. Park Stables, 93 Euston St. 6216-10-27M61. EMPLOYMENT WANTED BY AN Experienced Clerk with good education, best of references and not afraid of work. Apply to X, 151 Kent Street. FOUND—SMALL SUM OF MONEY between Hammond Kelly's and Hulseborough Bridge. Owner may have by proving same and paying expenses. Apply to Gladys Townshend, Rocky Point. Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

## MILLIONS STARVE IN BELGIAN CITIES

Only Two Weeks Supply of Food on Hand. Thousands Being Fed in Soup-kitchens Former Wealthy People Reduced to Actual Want. Factories Closed, Stores Idle, Train service Suspended. Country Districts Equally Impoverished.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 26.—Nearly 7,000,000 in Brussels face famine unless relieved at once. The American minister to Belgium says less than two weeks' supply of food remains in the cities, while conditions in the country districts are even worse. Though Germany has seized food in some cities for her soldiers, she has taken no responsibility for the feeding of Belgians. One hundred soup kitchens are already feeding more than a hundred thousand needy in Brussels. Families formerly rich are discharged

ing their servants through poverty. Noblemen may soon be seen slipping into soup kitchens. Factories are all closed. Many stores remain open but have no business. Railway train service has been suspended. Supplies of coffee, tea and flour particularly are exhausted. Reports from Louvain Liege and Namur say conditions in these cities are even worse than in Brussels. Peasants in many districts are forced to a diet of legumes and crops of beets and cabbages are ruined.

## 296,869 WAR PRISONERS DETAINED IN GERMANY

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says according to Berlin newspapers received there the number of war prisoners in Germany is estimated at 296,869, including 5,401 officers. Of these it is said there are 2,472 French officers and 146,897 men; 2,164 Russian officers and 104,524 men; 547 Belgian officers and 31,378 men, and 218 British officers and 8,669 men.

## STEAMER BRINDILLA ALLOWED TO SAIL

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The British Government has decided to allow the steamer Brindilla, towed into Halifax as a prize, to proceed on her way, being satisfied as to her cargo and destination. She will proceed to Algeria with oil.

## GUERRILLA WAR STRIKES TERROR

NEAR BONCOURT, on the Swiss-Alsatian frontier, Oct. 26.—A German officer's letter published in the Buergerfreund (passage deleted by the censor) of Maulbronn, says: "Fighting in the forest, fighting on the mountain—these words mean for us terror and spectres. First, terror, for the enemy is always invisible. Second, sorcerers are on every side. Third, we are fired on from every point. Fourth, there is lack of all contact. No company knows whether it is in line with the others, or already in the midst of the enemy. Fifth, the worst, is being shot by one's own troops.

"We take the greatest precautions, but groups of the enemy interpose between our troops frequently. The French never show more than groups from ten to fifty men, who are everywhere and nowhere. "In the dark of the evening, four or five of them will rush out as if possessed, yelling and firing rapidly. We think it is a serious attack. Then they disappear. This kind of warfare would be our despair, if the French had grey-green uniforms, it would be difficult to distinguish them in the forest. "In a part of their line they have chassours, an Alpine troop (passage deleted by censor) well trained. They creep noiselessly among the bushes. We do not hear even a whispered command. Suddenly they are on us like wild beasts. After one of these attacks we are always in terror of another."

## VON MOLTKE'S SUCCESSOR

ROME, Oct. 26.—Despatches here from Berlin indicate that General Erich von Falkenhayn, German Minister of War, has been appointed chief of the General Staff, succeeding General Helmuth von Moltke, who is ill.

## THE WEATHER THE TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

(Special to The Guardian)  
TORONTO, Oct. 27.—Maritime: showery at first then becoming colder with north-westerly gales and light snowfalls. THE WEATHER.—The weather yesterday was beautifully mild and clear. The tide will be high this evening at 6.12 and tomorrow at 7.10; it will be high tomorrow morning at 6.27 and Thursday at 6.48. The sun sets this afternoon at 4.53 and tomorrow at 4.52; it rises tomorrow morning at 6.35 and Thursday at 6.37. The moon sets tonight at 12. The first quarter of the moon was on Tuesday, Oct. 25, at 6.44 p.m. There will be a full moon on Monday, Nov. 2nd, at 7.49 p.m. The length of today will be ten hours and twenty minutes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Rheumatism

## THE WAR SUMMARY FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The battle for the Straits of Dover, one of the most sanguinary of the war, is continuing with unabated fury so far, without either side gaining a decided advantage. The Germans who at a terrible cost in life succeeded last Saturday in crossing the Yser canal between Nieupoort and Dixmude have not been able to make any further progress. It is the same further south, around Armentiers, Lille, Labassee and Arras. The opposing armies are delivering fierce attacks, gaining or losing a few miles or less of ground with an appalling sacrifice in life. The whole countryside is fairly reeking with the blood of thousands killed or wounded. The towns and villages with which the country abounds are, most of them, laid in ruins by artillery. The most desperate fighting occurred when cavalry and infantry came into contact. Both sides speak of the heavy losses they have imposed on their adversaries but say nothing of their own dead or wounded to fill the places of whom reinforcements are being brought forward.

The British fleet, which did such execution in the bombardment of the German flank as they advanced along the coast seems to have withdrawn yesterday afternoon. The Germans say this was because their artillery beginning to reach them. The belief is expressed here however, that the fleet will be able to render untenable the German occupation of any part of the Belgian or French coasts. The opinion is also expressed that operations of the allied vessels in the North Sea off the Belgian coast and in the vicinity of the Straits of Dover may cause the German fleet to come out and give battle. In naval circles here it is considered that German submarines, although they proved deadly to ships steaming slowly, will not be so effective against ships steaming, and monitors at high speed and in shallow water as the British monitors and auxiliaries have been doing. There is some talk of German bringing big 42-centimeter guns to the coast to use against the Allies' warships, but British sailors are credited with saying their vessels can prevent these guns being put in position. They claim even if they should be mounted they will not be so terrible to fast-moving target as against stationary forts.

While the life and death struggle is going on the French become more active along the Alsatian border and are said to be making preparations and securing advance position in view of possible attacks by Germans with big howitzers on the Belfort fortress.

A German official report to-night again speaks of the German offensive on Augustowo, Russian Poland, which it declares is progressing. It reiterates that the battle near Ivangorod, although favourable to the Germans, remains undecided. North of this section the Russians claim to be still pursuing the Germans, who attempted an advance on Warsaw, and south-west to have crossed the Vistula and driven the Austrians backward. In Galicia and in the Carpathians the Russians also claim they have broken down the Austrian offensive. As the days come and go the promised visits of Zepplin airships to England do not materialise, the public seemingly beginning to believe these monster aircraft are being held in reserve for the day that the German navy comes out, and that they then will be used in force to assist the warships in an endeavour to cripple the British fleet.

SITUATION SATISFACTORY. LONDON, Oct. 26.—The Official Press Bureau to-night issued the following:—The situation continues satisfactory. Fighting has been severe and continues, but ground is being gained and many prisoners have been taken. One of our divisions has captured two guns.

RUSSIANS WINNING PARIS, Oct. 26.—The Havas Agency has received the following from Petrograd as an official communication:—Combats on the routes leading to Petrokoff and Dadom have assumed the character of a real battle, over which the front extends over 100 versts, from Rawa to Nowemiasto and Bialobrzegi and as far south as the mouth of River Iljanka. On the evening of Oct. 24, at North Rawa, we attacked the Germans at the point of the bayonet, inflicting upon them considerable losses. In the village of Morchido alone we buried 700 Germans.

PRESIDENT WILSON THINKS  
CANNON WON'T BE  
NECESSARY IN THE FUTURE. PITTSBURG, Oct. 26.—Peace commission treaties of the kind negotiated between the United States and many foreign countries were spoken of by President Wilson here to-day, as the means for "shedding light" on disputes which will make the use of force unnecessary. The president predicted that after international disputes have been discussed for a year, as provided in these treaties, cannon will not be found necessary to settle them.

German Smashing Tactics Repulsed at Every Point But the Battle Still Continues With Unabated Violence Night and Day. Defensive Work Still Separate Germans From Dunkirk. Allies Captured Two German Guns. PARIS, Oct. 26.—The smashing tactics of the German along the North Sea coast line continue incessantly to-day, when big guns were turned on Nieupoort and the Allies had to withstand constant attacks on masses of troops. Very little progress, however, was made by Germans, who were faced with the strongest resistance. Yesterday's crossing of the Yser apparently only a moral effect, as the Germans were confronted with solid lines of Allied troops and unable to move forward without overwhelming efforts. The character of the country prevents rapid movement, as the land is cut by canals, and two strong defensive works separate them from Dunkirk. The German infantry executed a number of night attacks, not only on the extreme wing, but also in the vicinity of Lille, where they encountered most obstinate resistance.

## TERRIFIC BATTLE IS STILL RAGING

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## GERMANS BRING MORE LARGE GUNS

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 26.—The Telegraph learns that two 42-centimeter howitzers and ten 28-centimeter guns arrived at Bruges. The Germans have also posted guns at Serbrugge and Heyst, a Belgian seaside resort, nine miles north of Bruges. Near Nieupoort the position of the Allies has improved somewhat.

## 100,000 ALIENS NOW IN CANADA

OTTAWA, Oct. 26.—One of the big problems which is pressing for solution by the Government at the present time is the handling of the Austrian and the German aliens in Canada. In addition to the danger from reservists in the country, over whom it is felt there should be stricter surveillance, there is the question of feeding Austrians and Germans who are out of work. Big employers of labor have been dismissing their unskilled laborers of this nationality, and they find difficulty in securing work. The Government refuses to allow them to leave the country, so that the problem of feeding and keeping them must be faced. Officials of the Labor Department are investigating at the present time to find out how many alien enemies are unemployed in the larger cities. They may be rounded up and placed in concentration camps. It is estimated that there are from fifty to a hundred thousand Austrian and German aliens in Canada. At the present time a thorough search for alien enemies is being made, and it is likely that they will all be compelled to register.

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER PARIS, Oct. 26.—The German masses at Labassee appear, from the desperate efforts they are making, to be trying to shake themselves loose from the close grip of the Allies, who menace their communications from there and from Armentiers. The intense ardor of the battle was undiminished to-day. Both armies received reinforcements, but the Allied lines withstood formidable shocks and delivered severe counter attacks. The furious nature of the conflict can be gathered from the fact that in front of one British infantry division, in a very small space, over 1,500 German bodies were found after an engagement, while six hundred German prisoners were taken by the British in the course of one attack. Labassee, which forms a promontory near Lille, is a very important point, covering railroads which the Germans seem determined to capture at whatever cost, but the Allies' resistance has been too stubborn.

JAPANESE WARSHIPS  
CAPTURE GERMAN SHIPS. HONOLULU, Oct. 26.—In sight of the harbor, the Japanese battleships Hizen captured Saturday the German steam-schooner Aeolus, supposedly from the Marshall Islands. An account of the sinking of the Aeolus by the Japanese battleship Hizen was brought here by custom officials on the United States revenue cutter Thetis.

After the schooner was cut loose from the Hizen, after being towed to a point about ten miles off shore, it was permitted to drift half a mile away. Then the war vessel, with a searchlight playing on the doomed craft, fired fourteen shells from small guns, and the Aeolus disappeared beneath the water.

ALMOST DESERTED. "A telegram from Breda, Netherlands, states that only a few hundred men of the German Landsturm remain in Antwerp. The staff left the Hotel St Antoine and during the night of Wednesday and the early hours of Thursday the last of the garrison troops marched out of the town, the passage of the columns occupying ninety minutes. The troops went southward by the railway.

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REBEL MARITZ HAS  
BEEN DEFEATED. CAPETOWN, Oct. 26.—It is officially announced that the rebel, Lieut. Col. Maritz and his forces have been completely defeated by the Union of South Africa troops at Kakamas in the Gordonia district. Lieut. Col. Maritz was wounded in an engagement and fled the territory, according to the statement.

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

## FARMERS MEETING IN SUMMERSIDE

The agricultural meeting held in Summerside Monday afternoon was slimly attended, but leading farmers were present from Bedouque, Fernwood, St. Eleanor's, Long River and North Bedouque, as well as Hon. A. B. Arsenault, John Richards, Esq., M. P., Rev. C. McLean, Joseph Read and others of Summerside, and Joseph Moreshead, of West Devon. Senator Murphy came to Summerside to attend the meeting but was called back by telephone and left on the noon train.

Mr. Adams told of the difference between the powdery scab and common scab and the best methods of getting rid of the disease. Mr. Holmden told of the inspection work that had been carried on in 1912 and the present inspection work. He also exhibited specimens of the pure disease as well as some of potatoes in Summerside that day. The following questions were then asked: Will boiling kill the disease? Yes, it is safe to feed infected potatoes that have been boiled to stock. There is no danger of the manure spreading the disease as long as the potatoes were boiled. What should be used to disinfect the cellar? Formalin, 1 to 200, sprinkled.

(Continued on page three)

## INTERESTING LECTURE BY MAJOR BARTLETT

Before a large audience at the Baptist Church last evening in aid of the Canadian Patriotic League, Major A. A. Bartlett delivered a splendid lecture of peculiar interest and sent time in view of the close and fruitful association of his subject with the European struggle. Major Bartlett's address was a classic sketch of "The Chateau District" of France, from the standpoint of the historical and the legendary, and he treated his subject in masterly style, with the facile language. The lecture was illustrated by numerous splendid lantern slides which bore out the various points in the subject to better advantage, and which were highly appreciated.

There were two standpoints from which the Chateau District might be treated, said the lecturer; it might be presented from the point of view of him who passes through so much delightful scenery and records his impression, who sees what Nature has spread out for his education, but who sees nothing of the life and looks on the Chateau as a mere architectural calculating eye, finding in them only so much stone and brick, moulded into beautiful buildings, surrounded and overtopped by artistic gables and turrets. That was one view, but it did not satisfy him. He would prefer that they would prefer to look on the Chateau as a subject from the most interesting standpoint of the historical and legendary, re-peopleing Chateau after Chateau with those who, from the dim past, spoke so loudly to them of what occurred there when those palaces were inhabited with life and when deeds were done in them that made page after page of the fascinating history of France and its people. This Chateau District, which is bounded by Orleans on the east and Poitiers on the west, is a land "Of castles storm'd, of cities freed, of deep design and daring deed." Continuing Major Bartlett said: "Whatever opinion we may have of the undesirability of delving too deeply into the pit of History, of forgetting our modern ideas, and getting rusty in the contemplation of what has occurred in the far-away past, of thinking too deeply and too often of those incidents that have gone glimmering through the dreams of things that were," it seems to me that, intelligently read and rightly digested, the amount of good we imbibe from the study of history is absolutely incalculable. After all is said and done, history is everything; it is what has been accomplished by the nation of the individual in the past, that has moulded this world into what it now is, and that has made our being here tonight possible. History is, after all, the one study of all studies, that will make better men and women of us, so far as things mundane are concerned, showing us the paths to follow and the paths to shun; for truly, "the proper study of mankind is man," and man is history. One of the most difficult things for us to reconcile, in our study of the past, is the vastly divergent views of the historians; they colour their works so largely with their own ideas that in many instances the errors are glaring. It may be a Froide, making an immaculate hero of Henry the Eighth and writing his splendid life of Bluff King Hal to fit his idea, or it may be a Motley, in the Rise of the Dutch Republic, a book that to me seems without any exception the most delightfully interesting and entertaining of all histories ever written, yet permeated from cover to cover with the one thought that no possible atom of good could emanate from the Roman Catholic rulers of Germany or of Spain. Allowance must be made for biased opinions and charity exercised in the case of individuals, for the facts of history stand on a base that no historian can alter, however much he may accomplish in falsely influencing our opinion of the individual. While our time is to be spent in the delightful district of Touraine and the Loire, it will not be amiss to commence with Paris. You start from Paris to go anywhere, and of a truth, in this country, "all roads lead to Paris"; so that, snugly ensconced in a more than comfortable De Dion-Bouton motor, with everything carefully stowed away, we glide gracefully

## BRITISH CASUALTY LIST OCT. 23-24

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The casualty list issued to-night, dated Oct. 23, 24, reported 15 officers killed, 42 wounded, 17 missing. Among the wounded is Lieut. Phillip Lee Brackelhurst, who accompanied the British Antarctic expedition in 1907.

## ALLEGED CONSPIRATORS FOUND GUILTY OF TREASON

SARAJEVO, Oct. 26.—To an accompaniment of thunder and the booming of guns the combined Serbian and Montenegrin army were desperately trying to take this city in time to save the 24 persons accused of conspiracy in connection with the murder of Archduke Ferdinand and the Archduchess, who were found guilty of high treason to-day. Sentence will be passed Wednesday when it is expected all will be ordered put to death.

## COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

ONE CENT per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany all orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents. \*HOME MADE CANDY at the Halloween tea in St. James Hall, Friday. 6223-10-27M11. \*LANTERN LECTURE.—A lantern lecture will be held at Hazelbrook Baptist Church, Wednesday evening, at 7.30. 6236-10-27-m11. \*Mrs. E. Bruce Huggan will be at Home at the Davies Thursday afternoon and evening from 3.30 to 5.30 and from 8 to 9. 6245122wM31. \*HARTNEY HALL.—The usual service on Friday evening will take the form of a lantern lecture on "Life on the Congo." Proceeds to go to the Canadian Patriotic Fund. 6236-10-27-m11. \*CINEMA SHOW.—Do you want to enter the Cinema Show business? You can have complete equipment to travel the country for \$150. Marvellous offer. For particulars apply The Guardian Office. 6155-10-12M11. \*EVERYONE SHOULD TAKE their tea in Market Hall building tomorrow. Proceeds in aid of the Charlottetown Hospital. 6231-10-27-m31. WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 154 Pownall St. 6241-10-27mtf. Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

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SARAJEVO, Oct. 26.—To an accompaniment of thunder and the booming of guns the combined Serbian and Montenegrin army were desperately trying to take this city in time to save the 24 persons accused of conspiracy in connection with the murder of Archduke Ferdinand and the Archduchess, who were found guilty of high treason to-day. Sentence will be passed Wednesday when it is expected all will be ordered put to death.

## COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

ONE CENT per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany all orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents. \*HOME MADE CANDY at the Halloween tea in St. James Hall, Friday. 6223-10-27M11. \*LANTERN LECTURE.—A lantern lecture will be held at Hazelbrook Baptist Church, Wednesday evening, at 7.30. 6236-10-27-m11. \*Mrs. E. Bruce Huggan will be at Home at the Davies Thursday afternoon and evening from 3.30 to 5.30 and from 8 to 9. 6245122wM31. \*HARTNEY HALL.—The usual service on Friday evening will take the form of a lantern lecture on "Life on the Congo." Proceeds to go to the Canadian Patriotic Fund. 6236-10-27-m11. \*CINEMA SHOW.—Do you want to enter the Cinema Show business? You can have complete equipment to travel the country for \$150. Marvellous offer. For particulars apply The Guardian Office. 6155-10-12M11. \*EVERYONE SHOULD TAKE their tea in Market Hall building tomorrow. Proceeds in aid of the Charlottetown Hospital. 6231-10-27-m31. WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 154 Pownall St. 6241-10-27mtf. Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

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