WOODROW FARM FOR SALE AT ALEXANDRIA

I will sell by public aucion on Saturday, December 20h at 1 p. m., my beautiful farm, known as above, containing 82 acres, 75 of which are cleared and in an excellent state of cultivation. The balance is covered with a growth of firewood and lumber.

This farm, which is 5½ miles from the city, has on it an up-to-date dwelling house, connected by telephone, and outbuildings in excellent repair. The church and school adjoin this property. This is one of the most desirable farm properties on the Island, and is situated in one of the finest farming districts.

On the same day I will also sell the following crop:—10 tons clover hay, 300 stock of mixed grain, 1,000 bushels of turnips.

Sale positive. *No reserve.* Terms at sale.

If weather is unfavourabl sale will be held first fine day.

J. WALLACE WOOD,
Alexandria

J. A. MACDONALD,
Auctioneer

3062-12-16Mfi.

FOR SALE
Great Used Auto Sale

Including 12 Chevrolets, 14 Fords, 6 Model 90 Overlands, 2 Chalmers, late models, 1 McLaughlin Special (good as new), 1 Ford Coupe, 1 new Model 90 Overland. All cars delivered free. Terms, 1-3 Cash, 12 Months for bal. N. B. Used Car Exchange, H. O. Miller, 173 Marsh Road, St. John, N.B.
2941-12-11-M6ipd

City Poll Tax

Executions are now being made out for all unpaid poll taxes.

Please pay at once and save expense.

3048-12-11Mtf.

Garage

Automobiles, Marine and Stationary Engines repaired

Ford repairs and Specialty Gasoline and Cylinder Oil kept in stock

15 years experience

Leslie Campbell
Cabe Traverse

STOPPED HER HEADACHES

Years Of Suffering Ended By "Fruit-a-tives"

112 HAZEN ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

"It is with pleasure that I write to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of your medicine "*Fruit-a-tives*", *made from fruit juices. I was a great sufferer* for many years from *Nervous Headaches and Constipation.* I tried everything, consulted doctors; but nothing seemed to help me until I tried "Fruit-a-tives".

After taking several boxes, I was completely relieved of these troubles and have been unusually well ever since". Miss ANNIE WARD.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa,

FOR SALE

170 acres land under good cultivation, 90 acres clear, 20 acres good hardwood and lumber. Buildings in good repair. All plowing finished.

S. & F. BROWN,
Mount Albion,
Lot 48

Don't be Short of Salt

Malagash, crushed or lump rock salt will do your work and save you money, shipment by water or mail. Write for particulars to

CHAMBERS & McKAY
Box 264, New Glasgow, N.S
2508-11-24MEtf.

JAMES A. McNEILL

Summerside,

OFFERS CHRISTMAS BARGAINS

In sleighs, robes, harness, fur coats, pianos also a few good second hand organs. These goods will be sold on a close margin. Please give me a call and get prices before investing elsewhere. 2930-12-10-m13i.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

INTERNATIONAL LINE

Service between St. John and Eastport, Lubec and Boston has been discontinued until further notice.

NEW PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE EFFECTIVE JAN. 5, 1920
INTERNATIONAL LINE — YARMOUTH LINE.

Steamship Northland will leave St. John, N.B., for Boston on Mondays p.m., via Yarmouth, N.S., due Wednesdays a.m.

No passengers or freight will be carried locally between St. John, N.B. and Yarmouth, N.S.

Direct connections with Metropolitan Freight Steamers for New York via Cape Cod Canal. For freight rates and full information apply to

A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John, N. B.

5521-15-7MEtf.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAY
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND DIVISIONS
Time Table in Effect, October 6th, 1919

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME.

Read down P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		Read up P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
2.45	12.40	6.25	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr. 6.35	12.40	10.40
3.59	2.14	7.21	Hunter River	5.37	11.24	9.03
4.45	3.05	7.55	Emerald Junction	5.00	10.38	7.50
6.10		8.45	Arr. Borden	Dep. 4.10	A.M.	6.40
P.M.		A.M.			P.M.	A.M.
4.10		6.40	Dep. Borden		A.M.	8.45
5.00	3.05	8.05	Emerald Junction	Arr. 6.10		
5.34	3.53	8.42	Kensington		4.40	10.38
6.05	4.35	9.20	Arr. Summerside		3.53	10.03
		NOON		Dep. 3.20	9.30	6.45
6.20		12.00	Dep. Summerside		P.M.	A.M.
7.23		1.36	Port Hill	Arr. 1.35		9.00
8.18		3.10	O'Leary		11.59	7.58
9.08		4.18	Alberton		10.34	7.03
9.45		5.20	Arr. Tignish		9.18	6.13
	A.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.
	6.50	3.05	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr.	10.00	5.50
	8.45	4.15	Mount Stewart		8.45	4.15
	9.22	4.42	Morrell		8.17	3.17
	9.52	5.02	St. Peters		7.55	2.40
	11.25	6.05	Arr. Souris	Dep.	6.55	1.15
		P.M.			A.M.	
		7.20	Arr. Elmira	Dep.	5.35	
A.M.		P.M.			A.M.	P.M.
9.00		4.15	Dep. Mt. Stewart	Arr.	8.45	3.55
10.10		5.04	Cardigan		7.47	2.39
10.50		5.25	Montague		7.23	2.10
11.30		6.00	Arr. Georgetown	Dep.	6.45	1.00
Sat. only	Daily ex Sat. & Sun				Daily ex. Sat. & Sun.	Sat. only
P.M.	P.M.				A.M.	A.M.
4.00	3.30	Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr.	10.40	10.05
5.15	5.15		Vernon River		8.45	8.51
6.45	7.25	Arr.	Murray Harbor	Dep.	6.45	7.20

Except as noted, all the above trains run daily, Sunday excepted.

H. H. MELANSON,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
Toronto, Ont.

W. T. HUGGAN,
District Passenger Agent,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

"Kaiser Wilhelm Land" Worthless

THE Kaiser, it must be confessed, has earned immortality in history. His "rep" can no more pass away than that of Nero or Attila the Hun. But his name will soon vanish forever from the map of the world.

The largest territorial area with which it is associated is Kaiser Wilhelm Land, which may be roughly described as the northeast one-fourth of the island of New Guinea. It was German property before the war, but was promptly seized by New Zealand troops.

When the question of the disposal of German colonies comes up before the Peace Conference, Australia and New Zealand will declare in the most emphatic way that Kaiser Wilhelm Land must under no circumstances be given back. New Guinea is just across the way from the north coast of Australia, being separated from the latter by a mere channel called Torres Strait, and possession of the territory in question by Germany would constitute a chronic menace. Australia being reckoned as a small continent, New Guinea is the largest island in the world, being equal in area to France and the British Isles combined. The western half is owned by Holland; the southeast one-fourth was already British before the war.

Kaiser Wilhelm Land (which will no longer bear that malodorous name) is very interesting, if only for the reason that it is the least-known region on the habitable globe. It has never been explored, and only a narrow strip along the coast has been mapped. Its inhabitants are sooty-black negroes of formidable physique, who are ferocious cannibals, their favorite outdoor sport being head-hunting—the acquisition, that is to say, of skulls for trophies and of human meat for feasts.

Their hair is worn in a kinky fuzz the size of half a bushel basket. Dwelling nearly on the line of the equator, they are able to dispense almost entirely with clothes. The teeth of the men are laboriously chipped to points, and often they wear crowns of bird-of-paradise feathers attached to bands of plaited grass encircling the head. Sometimes they are adorned with halos, the rays of which are many pieces of cane plaited into the hair and standing out at right angles.

For further ornament, the warrior who affects dandyism may split the beak of a hornbill into two pieces and pass them through a hole in the septum of his nose, so that the thin white blades, five or six inches long, curve upward like the former Kaiser's moustache.

The reason why Kaiser Wilhelm Land is to-day almost a terra incognita is that its climate is next door to impossible for white folks. It is a country of vast swamps beset by deadly fevers. Nearly everywhere save the lofty mountain chain that, running from west to east, forms the backbone of the island, there is wet and torrid heat and noxious insects and deadly reptiles.

Hence it is that Kaiser Wilhelm Land does not invite settlement and discourages exploration. Strangers are not welcomed, except for meals, and then only to furnish the piece de resistance. The natives are constantly fighting, and much of the time drunk on a fermented liquor derived from the sugar palm.

They live in long communal houses without partitions, each family having its own fireplace, and its own doorway, outside of which are stacked the owner's spears and stone clubs, for use against enemies or in settling domestic differences. Skulls and bones of defunct relatives hang from the rafters blackened with smoke. Wives are cheap, the price of a fairly good-looking one being a yard of calico.

Drifting Mines.

It is stated that twenty-five mines were sighted by a steamer recently off the Atlantic coast. There will probably be many floating mines for months to come and doubtless some marine accidents will result. Of course, measures will be taken to pick up and destroy these menaces to navigation, but it is almost impossible that all should be found, and ship captains must run a certain degree of risk. After the Russo-Japanese war ships were sunk for a long time after the cessation of hostilities, as mines were carried out into the Pacific, some of them torn from their moorings and others being drifting mines. It is not known how many free mines the Germans set afloat, but it is believed a great number were thus started forth on missions of destruction. Fortunately the trend of the currents in the North Sea is into the gulf stream, flowing toward Spitzbergen. There is a return current west of Iceland which might bring mines back by the Labrador current into the navigation zone between the gulf stream and the coasts of Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, and northeastern United States, which is the principal steamer lane. Mines that chance to work their way through the English Channel might get down into the Canaries current, and so flow into the gulf stream from the south. Were the current conditions otherwise than they are the danger from this source would be extremely grave. Mine sweeping must be continued with unremitting diligence until the seas are made safe again.

A Good Excuse.

Mrs. Blank—I could have married Mr. Brown or Mr. Jones if I'd wanted to, and both of these men I refused got rich; while you are still as poor as a church mouse.

Blank—Of course, I've been supporting you all these years —they haven't.

::Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

The Romance of Silver Islet

I FIRST heard of Silver Islet when I was a child at school. It was one of the names in the list of "islands of the Great Lakes" with which our teacher dutifully plied us. Oddly enough that one remained in my memory. I recall wondering why we should have to learn about such a tiny speck on the map and why it was called "Silver Islet." Some time later I heard its story.

Back in the sixties before the Canadian Pacific Railway traversed Canada, Northern Ontario was little more than a name, a synonym for a wooded, rocky wilderness peopled by Indians. Yet even in those early days some of nature's hardiest sons were doing pioneer work at Prince Arthur's Landing—now Port Arthur—and at the Hudson Bay trading post, on the banks of the Kaministiquia river, which was the embryo Fort William. But it was reserved for a geologist named MacFarlane to do the work of discovery which made that corner of the world renowned.

Mr. McFarlane was employed by the Montreal Mining Co. to prospect on that company's locations around Thunder Bay in the summer of 1868. Deciding to make a geological map of the district, he sent his men to explore the coastline. One day in July, while engaged in setting up pickets for this work, they came to a rock, less than a mile from shore, on which they noticed a vein worthy of reporting. Mr. MacFarlane visited the rock and found the vein in a dike of chlorite diorite which cut through the native flagstones and shales. The situation was interesting geologically, but imagine the prospector's delight when he found the vein rich in silver. Nuggets of pure silver were picked up near the water's edge and the rich ore-bearing rock could be seen stretching far out under the water. Crude excavations were quickly made, and in the fall the first shipments of ore were sent to Montreal. The samples were tested and the island became known as "Silver Islet."

Rarely does a mine have such an ideal situation scenically as Silver Islet mine—a little rocky dot in Superior's blue expanse, with the palisades of the north shore and the Sleeping Giant for a background. Yet that which was charming in landscape proved disadvantageous in industry. The island measures only ninety feet each way and rises a scant eight feet above the lake's surface. Lying outside Thunder Bay as it does, it has little shelter and hence is exposed to the heavy winter storms. These conditions necessitated exceptionally strong breakwaters about the island. The Montreal Mining Co. had not sufficient confidence in the mine to risk the expenditure of preparing for operation. So in 1870 the whole location was sold to American capitalists, who began at once to work the mine.

Meanwhile on the mainland a busy settlement sprang up. The governor and officials occupied dwellings quite pretentious for the little mining camp. Large stampmills were erected and the addition of two churches and a prison gave a semblance of civilization to the little colony.

For seventeen years the mine was operated with varying success. Yet in spite of all drawbacks, Silver Islet mine produced three million dollars' worth of silver in the first seven years.

The autumn of 1884 saw Lake Superior again swept by violent storms, which caught in their thrall the coal barge supplying the mine. The captain was forced to put into a southern port for shelter. When the storms had passed his crew had deserted and he was unable to obtain another.

At Silver Islet the failure of the coal supply caused the greatest consternation. Frantic efforts were made to keep the pumps working, for the amount of seepage was large, but finally the last embers died out in the firebox and the machinery stopped. Sadly the workers withdrew to await the return of spring, and in the meantime the water and ice did their work. When summer at last arrived, the mine was completely filled and all its passages and galleries submerged. The location was abandoned and water still renders its wealth inaccessible.

To-day, as the boats pass up and down past Thunder Cape, the attention of travelers is directed to a spot where a cluster of buildings, grey as the rock itself, mark the site of the mine. If one ventures upon the islet, desolation and decaying ruins face him. The shaft buildings are falling into ruins, broken planks and loosened rafters make a treacherous footing. The furnaces are rusted heaps, the gigantic pumps are still, the ironbound ore buckets lie rotting on the ground. Water stands high in the shaft; it is dark, silent, covered with algae.

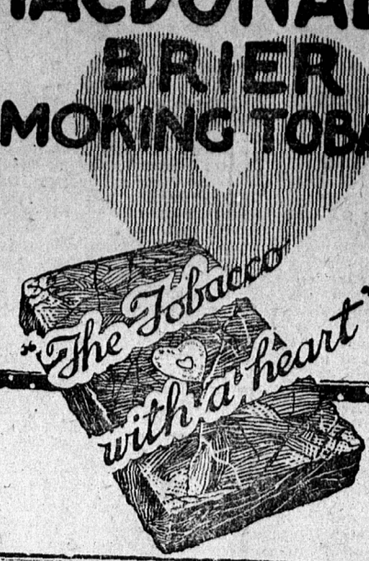
On the mainland summer residents disturb the calm disintegration of the mining camp. The post office is a campers' supply store; the miners' cabins, which yet remain, are summer homes for the holiday idlers. Iron bars yet guard the windows of the prison, but they are rusty and the door has no latch. The stampmill stood, til a few years ago, with caving roof and lichen-covered rafters, but now only the reddened boilers mark its location. The little wooden churches remain and also the cemetery, but the quaint fenced-in graves are overgrown and the inscriptions on the wooden tablets half effaced.—Winnifred M. Grindell.

Officers Promoted.

Brig.-Gen. Alex. McDougall, Director-General of Timber Operations in England and France, has been promoted to the rank of major-general. Col. Hepburn, M.P., of Prince Edward County, Ont., who was second in command of the Forestry Corps, and Col. G. B. White, ex-M.P., of North Renfrew, have both been given the rank of brigadier-general.

::Countless have been the cures worked by Holloway's Corn Cure. It has a power of its own not found in other preparations.

MACDONALD'S BRIER SMOKING TOBACCO



ALFRED FRASER

212 Fifth Avenue,

NEW YORK,

Representing C. M Lampson Co.

Public Auction Sale of Raw Furs

64 Queen Street,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

FRED'k HUTH & CO.

12 Tokenhouse Yard,

LONDON ENGLAND

Established 1809

Next Auction Will Commence!

February 2, 1920

Shipments to be included in this Auction must be in New York city, at the largest January 9th, 1920

Warehouses 64 Park Street, Southwark, LONDON.

HENERY BENNETT, AGENT,
1123 Broadway, New York City

For particulars apply to
E. H. RAYNER,
Summerside, P. E. I.

2711-12-2M3mths

Before The Vice-Chancellor

In the matter of the application of Joseph Victor Bears, an infant, for sale of lands.

Pursuant to a Decretal Order made in the above matter on the first day of December, A. D. 1919, by His Honour the Vice-Chancellor. I will set up and sell by Public Auction on the premises on Thursday the 23rd day of December instant (1919) at one o'clock in the afternoon all the estate and interest of the said Joseph Victor Bears (being a devisee of one-third, under the will of his grandfather, the late Alexander Jackson) in all that tract, piece and parcel of land situate, lying and being on township Number Sixty-three, bounded and described as follows: Commencing on the North Side of Murray River at the Eastern boundary of a farm of land belonging to Lee Osborne, thence Northwardly in said last named boundary to Greek River, thence Eastwardly and following Greek River to the Western boundary of land owned and occupied by Grace Moffat, thence Southwardly along Grace Moffat's Western boundary aforesaid to the South side of the Settlement Road leading to Point Pleasant, thence Eastwardly along the said Road to the Western boundary of Rosella Jackson's land and thence Southwardly along the same to a plot of land owned by James Clow, thence Westwardly and Southwardly along James Clow's land to Murray River aforesaid and thence along the River Westwardly to the place of comencement, containing Two hundred acres of land a little more or less, free clear and discharged of and from the dower interest of Clara Eliza Jackson, widow of said Alexander Jackson therein, and also all the estate and interest (being two thirds of same) of the said Clara Eliza Jackson as devisee under said Alexander Jackson's will, she agreeing to convey such interest to the purchasers.

The sale will be confirmed by the Court of Chancery without expense to the purchaser.

CONDITIONS AT SALE.

And I hereby notify and call upon all creditors of the estate of the said late Alexander Jackson or claiming any interest in his estate to come in and prove their claim before me on the premises immediately after the said sale, otherwise to be excluded from the benefit of the said Order and be barred from and against any claim against said estate.

Notice is hereby further given that immediately after the above mentioned sale, the Executors of the said Estate will sell on the premises by Public Auction all the personal and moveable property of the said Alexander Jackson.

Dated this 2nd December, A. D., 1919.

A. B. Warburton,
Master in Chancery.

K. J. Martin, Esq., K. C.
Solicitor.

2753-12-3-mwfm9i

FARMERS' NOTICE

We are prepared to buy any quantity of hogs on hoof, commencing Monday 15th Sept paying highest market prices.

We are buying Hogs every Wednesday at

Hunter River
Kensington
Albany Station
Summerside
Tuesdays at Murray River.

For information call

CANADIAN PACKING CO. LTD.
J. M. ROOP, Manager
Plant, Kensington Road
Phone 553 and 532.
947-9-15-Mtf.

Canada's March Fur Auction Sales

Place Your Furs on Consignment for CANADA'S FUR AUCTION SALES, MONTREAL

All Fox Breeders and Fur Farmers may now send or leave their Raw Furs at the office of A. & E. Pierce & Co., Summerside, to be forwarded to CANADA'S GREAT FUR AUCTION SALES which takes place in Montreal in March, 1920.

At the recent public meeting it was unanimously resolved that Canada's Fur Auction Sales should have the support and Co-operation of all fur farmers who have the interest of the industry at heart, which is necessary to insure the permanent success of the Silver Fox Farming business.

Messrs A. & E. Pierce & Co., will issue receipts for all pelts received. A reserved bid may be placed on each pelt. Liberal cash advances can be obtained on request.

This sale will be of gigantic proportions, and as Canada's annual output of Raw Furs is over fifteen million dollars, and in addition to Canada's production arrangements have been made for shipments of all classes of Furs produced by every fur producing country in the world. These sales will be extensively advertised all over the globe, there will be buyers from all parts of the world and consequently the highest prices will be realized for your collection.

Silver Fox Farmers are especially invited to co-operate with this organization in the marketing of Silver Fox Pelts, as it is only with your co-operation that the highest prices can be secured.

For further particulars call, write or phone A. & E. Pierce & Co's., office, Summerside, representing "MONTREAL FUR AUCTION SALES CORPORATION."

2928-12-10-mtf.