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THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING Daily Catches All Early Morning Mails.

MORNING DAILY FOUNDED 1861 WEEKLY (NOW RURAL DAILY) 1887

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, CANADA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1909.

20c A MONTH BY MAIL IN ADVANCE \$2.00 PER YEAR BY MAIL IN ADVANCE

LAVERGNE AGAIN

Reiterates Charges Against Late Minister Turgeon.

Special to The Guardian.
MONTREAL, November 1.—Armand Lavergne has just issued an open letter to Premier Gouin in which he demands why nothing has been done in answer to the charges against Adelaide Turgeon.
He places his seat in stake and reiterates his charges that Turgeon was guilty of malversation while a member of the Gouin ministry.
He asserts that Turgeon appropriated the property of others, sold it as for the crown and thought it back with out paying for it.
He asks Premier Gouin to investigate, or have him arrested for libel.

BURGESS IN TRURO

TRURO, October 31.—Wilburn Laurier Burgess, recently arrested in Vancouver on charges connected with the express robbery at Truro last summer, arrived by the maritime express from Montreal this afternoon, in charge of Officer Walsh of the Canadian detective agency. His brother, Wm L. Burgess, the clerk in charge of the express office at the time of the "hold up," was fully engaged in his duties of removing express parcels from the train as the prisoner passed along the platform, but he never looked up to recognize him in any way. The prisoner was conveyed to the county jail. He will probably be brought up tomorrow before Robert Taylor, J. P., who issued the warrant for his arrest, and then remanded till next week, when the preliminary examination will take place.
Fred Burgess, a brother of the prisoner, was here from South Maitland tonight, but was denied permission to visit his brother. Several secret service men are in Truro and have been for some days in connection with the case. Wm M. Burgess, the express clerk in the Truro office, was tonight informed by Detective Walsh that he was also to be arrested, but was not in the least concerned, regarding it more as a bluff than anything else. Public interest in this somewhat celebrated case is again quite keen, and interesting developments may shortly be expected.

MATRIMONIAL MIX UP

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—"Matrimony is good enough," says John Jacob Tremper. "It's all right when it is taken in moderation."
Tremper, sixty-two years old, intelligent, with some education, is charged with bigamy and under arrest at Yonkers. Police Lieut. McGorman and Detective Neely were questioning him there when he was arrested by saying that he has married so many women that, really, he cannot remember the names of some who he vowed to love, honor and maintain.
He talked to the policemen in a grandfatherly way and as an expert on matrimony, saying, in the course of his confession:
"I think I am qualified to talk a bit about matrimony, for I have married and have lived with wives of all ages and of all dispositions—or, rather, of all tempers. Most of my wives were widows with money, which goes to show that widows are not so sophisticated as most men think. Indeed, I think that a widow who marries again is foolish, freed once she willingly becomes a slave again."
Tremper's memory is pretty good as far back as 1894. In eleven years he married a Mrs. Lyman of Utica, N. Y., at Camden, N. J., 1894; Susie A. Meyers at Westminster, Md., in August, 1900; Louise Culbert, at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., in 1905, and a woman in Camden, N. J., in June, 1908.
It was this woman, middle-aged and well dressed, who had him arrested at Yonkers. She told the police he had disappeared from their home at Norwood, N. J., but a letter told her vaguely that he was in Yonkers, so she hurried there.
"My favorite wife was Susie Meyers," said Tremper, with the air of an art connoisseur, discussing the gem of his collection.
"She had a sweet disposition; she was tractable and obedient, and I could have been happy with her. But my very first wife heard of my marriage and pursued me to Maryland."
"Why does any woman chase after a man who has left her. It must be for spite, for if she had any sense she would know not only that he is tired of her, but that he is unworthy of her. He proved that by leaving her, and she should be glad to be rid of him."
"I left my first wife because she nagged me nearly to death to give her more money than I earned."
"The unfortunate part of it is that I am engaged to marry a really nice woman named Marie E. Maines, who lives at Voluntary, Conn. We exchanged vows very recently. It was a case of love at first sight—with her—and I fear she will be greatly disappointed."
"I used to be a sailor," laughed Tremper, "and a sailor has a wife in every port, you know."
Tremper is being held for extradition papers from New Jersey.

TURKEY'S FLEET

Five Obsolete Battleships to be Sent to the Scrap Heap.

Special to The Guardian.
WASHINGTON, November 1.—The iron manufacturers have received requests to submit offers on one of the most notable piles of scrap iron ever put up for sale—namely one half of the Ottoman navy—which will be received by the Porte for five old battleships.
The construction made Turkey, then the third naval power in the world.
Their destruction at a time when that country ranks near the bottom of the list of naval powers, is a step to regain the Empire's lost prestige. New ships will take the place of the discarded ones.
Sir Richard Gamble, of the British navy with a number of English officers are now engaged in reorganizing the Turkish navy.
They decreed that the policy of pretense must end.

BURGESS ON TRIAL

Special to The Guardian.
TRURO, November 1.—Wilburn Burgess was deprived of a public airing. His counsel agreed to a remand to enable the defense to consult with the prisoner and his friends.
Magistrate Taylor convened his court in the county jail to avoid the transportation of Burgess to the uptown court room.
Young Burgess, who is the principal local witness, has given no sign that he recognizes the prisoner as his brother.
The elder man has not admitted his identity as Burgess.

C. P. R. BREAKS RECORD

WINNIPEG, Oct. 31.—At an average speed of sixty miles an hour for 1482 miles the C. P. R. express went through and reached the coast in time for the mails to catch the ship for the East. At times the speed was over seventy miles an hour. The rush was caused by a derailment at White River which threw the mails late and as they had to be at Vancouver Wednesday, a special train was made up and sent from White River to Winnipeg. The train made close to the minute mark and kept up the pace right through to the coast.
The fastest time was made over the 180 miles from Medicine Hat to Calgary, which took 160 minutes including stops for water. At several places on the line the speed was 70 miles.

PROTESTANT CHURCH UNION IS ADVOCATED.

HARTFORD, Conn Oct 31.—At the closing exercises here today of the Episcopal Missionary Conference of New England, which has been in session several days in Trinity Church parish house, Bishop Hall of Vermont, electrified his auditors by proposing a union of the Congregational and Episcopal churches in one catholic and apostolic faith.
Following Dr Hall many earnest speakers attested their hearty enthusiasm over the proposed amalgamation, and it was decided to arrange conferences at many points throughout New England to consider the proposition, and by getting local opinions in various places ascertain if the idea is feasible and likely to succeed.
The Episcopalians who are departing for their homes tonight are almost unanimous in the belief that the question will be near adjustment before the next meeting. Bishop Hall's address will be published in all the journals of the Episcopalian denomination.
Bishop Hall said that religion must have a definite meaning for people who are fast falling away from the churches, and to obviate this it would be necessary to unite under one creed and do everything possible to bring in other denominations rather than be a valuable contribution by permitting separate sects to exist. The other speakers agreed that the matter was one of contribution—of how much a given church might contribute toward a new Catholic faith, and not how much it might keep of its old belief.

Condensed Advertisements

(Too late for classification.)
SAUNTSOME SAUSAGES fresh every day at Saunders & Newman's.
LOST, on Friday between Charlottetown and Portage, a carriage wrap. Finder please leave at Wallace Hotel, Charlottetown, or Thomas Smith, Portage. 11-23219
WANTED, by Nov 12th fifteen up-headed driving horses weighing from ten to ten and one half hundred pounds and from 4 to 7 years old. Must be all sound and square rafter. Apply to Hiram Fournier, at the stables of G. Arthur Essery, Grafton Street. 11-2331.
WANTED, a first class coat maker. Highest wages paid. Steady employment. Apply at McLellan Bros. 11-2331.
WANTED, at once a maid for general housework must be able to do plain cooking. Apply to Mrs. R. G. Wallace, 247 Prince St. 11-2319.
WANTED, a traveller to sell candlers, advertising and printing matter, etc. Apply to "N" Box 137, Truro, N. S. 11-23229.
WANTED, a smart boy, can have steady employment by applying to W. N. Tanton, Jeweler. 11-2319.

AUTO ACCIDENT

Mother Leaped to Her Death, Her Child Escaped.

Special to The Guardian.
CHICAGO, Nov 1.—Believing that the auto in which she was riding with her husband and baby was about to collide with a taxicab, Mrs. Mary Blakeley jumped out and was run over and killed by the taxicab. Before she made the plunge Mrs. Blakeley threw out her child, but the little one escaped unhurt.
Mr. Blakeley avoided a collision by a quick turn.

THE PLAGUE

Special to The Guardian.
AMOY, China, Nov 1.—It is officially reported that there were fifty-two deaths from cholera and seventy-eight deaths from bubonic plague in the city during the fortnight ending Saturday last.

NEW COURSE FOR MCGILL

MONTREAL, Oct. 31.—McGill University has decided to create a course in harbor engineering. This is an immediate effect of the decision of the Government to create a Canadian navy and of the general harbor improvement tendency of the times.
The course is to be twenty-five lectures open to all students of the fourth year in the science faculty. It will include construction of docks and wharves, building of forts and port defences, dry docks, channel approaches, dredging and all that appertains to channel and wharf facilities together with the best means of handling freight and grain by carriers and elevators. Later it may include the question of fort building defence may be taken up, but it will not be done this year. F. W. Cowie, the engineer of the port, will give the lectures.

W. C. T. U. OF DOMINION

ST JOHN, Oct. 30.—The Dominion W. C. T. U. met in annual session here in Centenary Methodist church Thursday with delegates from many parts of Canada. Mrs. S. A. Wright, of Ontario, presided. Exercises and reports from department superintendents were then taken up.
Mrs. Stevens, of Ontario reported on the effects made to save from the gallows Mrs. Annie Robertson, of North Bay, Ont., sentenced for killing her own daughter and a committee was appointed to draw up an appeal to the minister of justice for the woman's life because of the awful circumstances which led to the killing of the children. As the president (Mrs. Wright) felt the effects of travel, she asked to be excused from making her annual address until tomorrow afternoon.
In the evening greetings from Ontario were presented by Mrs. Stephen of Toronto, who reviewed the work done in that city. Mayor Bull Hook welcomed the delegates to the city. Mrs. F. H. Waycott, of Montreal, secretary of the Y's, was presented with a magnificent bouquet. Mrs. O. C. Whitman extended greetings from Nova Scotia.

TO FIGHT HOOKWORM

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—John D. Rockefeller has given a million dollars to fight the hook worm disease. A dozen well-known educators and scientists, selected in large part from institutions of learning in the South, where the parasite is prevalent, were called in conference with Mr. Rockefeller's representatives last Tuesday, and as a result of the discussion the situation of the Rockefeller Commission for the Eradication of the Hookworm Disease was organized.
The hook-worm, which it is believed, was imported from Africa with the negroes, lives in the human intestinal tract. The parasite often lowers the vitality of those who are affected as to retard their physical and mental development, render them more susceptible to other diseases, make labor less efficient, and in the sections where the malady is most prevalent greatly increases the death rate from consumption, pneumonia, typhoid fever and malaria.
It has been shown that the lowered vitality of multitudes long attributed to malaria and climate and seriously affecting economic development is, in fact, largely due in some districts to this parasite.
Some two millions of the people of the United States are infected with the parasite, and these are by no means confined to any one class. The toll of suffering and death taken from the intelligent well-to-do as well as from the less fortunate.
DO NOT MULTIPLE.
The worm is half an inch long and no thicker than a small hairpin, which makes its way into the human body and attaches itself to the wall of the small intestine, biting with its small jaws and sucking the blood of the victim. The hook-worms do not multiply in the human body. Every one that is found there has made its way separately into the body from outside, but the entire soil of the South is polluted with them, and they may be swallowed with drinking water, or vegetables, but usually enter the body through the skin. The hook-worm is not found in the North, because it cannot endure cold. Many white people affected by it are helpless, unable to do much work, and seemingly without ambition.

The temperature at three o'clock this morning was thirty-nine degrees.
FINE AND WARMER.
Special to The Guardian.
TORONTO, November 2.—Moderate easterly and southeasterly winds, fine and a little higher temperature.
The length of today will be ten hours and thirteen minutes.

ITO'S BODY HOME

Unrest in Korea and a Serious Uprising is Threatened.

Special to The Guardian.
TOKIO, Nov 1.—The body of Prince Ito was received in this city this afternoon with honors consistent with the distinguished career of the great Japanese statesman.
The scene at the railroad station as the train arrived was remarkable.
The station platform was filled with the most distinguished representatives of Japan's public and political life.
The route was lined with hundreds of thousands of mourners and from every house was displayed flags and crepe, the latter being of bright colors as is the custom in Japan.
The body will lie in state at the late residence of the Prince until Thursday.
Special to The Guardian.
LONDON, Nov. 1.—A correspondent at Kobe, Japan, telegraphs that an outbreak in Korea is expected, following the widespread unrest caused by the assassination of Yoo Gen Okubo, commander in chief of the Japanese forces has abandoned his projected visit to Tokio and is directing plans to deal with the threatened uprising.

YORK LOAN COMPANY MURDER RECALLED

Special to The Guardian.
TORONTO, November 1.—The Liquidator of the defunct York Loan Company today issued 98,000 cheques, about \$650,000, to claimants residing in all parts of the Dominion, United States, British Isles, France, South Africa, Australia, Sweden, China, and Japan.
The amount represents 25 per cent of the shareholder's investment.

OLD DAN IS 106 YEARS

HAMILTON, Oct. 31.—Probably the oldest resident of this city at the present time is Daniel Sullivan, who, according to his own reckoning and that of his friends, is 106 years of age. At the House of Refuge, where he resides, he is marked on the register as being beyond the century mark. Mr. Sullivan being a true Irishman, and like the majority of his race, is of a jovial disposition and even at his advanced age is extremely fond of and appreciates wit. "Old Dan," as he is called, is not what one might expect of a man of such an age to be, and from appearance he does not look to be near the century mark. His hair has not yet turned gray, although a few stray streaks may be noticed. He is able to walk without assistance, and without the use of a cane and can do so remarkably well.
He was born in County Kerry, Ireland, and was brought up there. During his younger days he was employed minding sheep on the hillsides, and can tell of many occurrences of the early years of the last century. He came to this country during the year of the plague, and when the emigrants were refused admittance he climbed over the side of the boat and swam ashore. Being of a strong build he was able to work his way. The cholera did not affect him, and after a short stay at Montreal he came on to this city. He comes of a long living race, for as far back as can be traced, there were many centenarians among them. A point of which he is particularly proud is that he smoked ten since he was a boy.

AWARDED \$50,000 FOR FIVE TEETH

ST PETERSBURG, Oct 31.—Mile Edouardova, the famous operatic artist, is receiving the congratulations of her friends over a most satisfactory victory in her fight for damages from a railroad company.
Some time ago Mile. Edouardova was travelling on the Russian Government Railroad from St Petersburg to Moscow. Because of an improperly set switch the train ran into a siding, and the coach in which the prima donna was sitting was so violently shaken that she was thrown forward from her seat.
Her face was slightly cut and five of her teeth were knocked out.
A dentist repaired the loss, but Mile. Edouardova declared that the purity of her singing was impaired, and through her attorneys she claimed \$100,000 from the railroad company.
The directors offered her \$100. This added injured feeling to Mile. Edouardova's physical injuries, and she brought suit against the company. The case was tried before the Superior Tribunal and after various experts had passed upon the extent of her impaired singing, she was awarded \$50,000 for the loss of her teeth—a verdict which is easily figured out at \$10,000 a tooth.

DOLLARS PROTRUDED FROM LADY'S LETTER.

MINDEN, Oct 31.—A lady of Central, Ill. desired recently to send a gift to her parents at Minden, Ont. the occasion being their golden wedding anniversary. She sent the money by messenger to her home postoffice, with instructions to the postmaster to issue the order. In some way these orders were overlooked, and movement in Serbia and Montenegro were against their respective rulers King Peter and Prince Nicholas and in favor of a union of the countries under a single sovereign.
A combination of Bulgaria, Serbia, and Montenegro would be stronger than the Austrian government wishes to contemplate so near its borders, especially as, if such a combination is planned, Russia must be behind it.

RUSSIA SUSPECTED OF CONSPIRACY.

VIENNA, Oct 31.—Despatches from Sofia today declare that a military conspiracy against Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria has been discovered. The authorities are preserving the utmost secrecy regarding the affair, and few of the details have leaked out.
It is certain that numerous secret arrests have been made, and that the war Minister has issued a decree ordering commanding officers to warn their subordinates against joining secret organizations concerning the loyalty of which there is the slightest suspicion.
In political circles here it is suspected that the Bulgarian conspiracy is part of the recently discovered movement in Serbia and Montenegro against their respective rulers King Peter and Prince Nicholas and in favor of a union of the countries under a single sovereign.
A combination of Bulgaria, Serbia, and Montenegro would be stronger than the Austrian government wishes to contemplate so near its borders, especially as, if such a combination is planned, Russia must be behind it.

CANNIBALISM

Reported Attacks On Shipwrecked Sailors.

Special to The Guardian.
MANILA, Nov 1.—When the United States fleet touched at Admiralty Islands it was learned that recently cannibals had captured a boat containing three Englishmen and three Chinese.
One of the Englishmen who escaped through the connivance of a friendly tribe, said his companions had been killed and eaten.
There have been repeated reports of attacks by savages upon shipwrecked sailors in Polynesia during the past few weeks and possibly the story told by the fleet is another version of the massacre at New Britain in September.
In that instance Capt Lindsay and his crew of ten of the Ketch Ralul, on trading expedition, were killed and their bodies burned with the boat.

LORD'S DAY ALLIANCE

The annual meeting of the P. E. I. Lord's Day Alliance was held yesterday afternoon in St Paul's Parish Hall. The meeting reviewed the work of the past year, congratulating the province on the measure of respect which attaches to the Lord's Day, and yet drawing attention to the dangers that threaten its restful observance. These matters were dealt with in detail in the Secretary's report. The Treasurer, A. W. Sterns, reported a larger response by the Branches than in any other year. Total receipts are \$287.04. The new officers elected are as follows:
President—Rev R. G. Strathie, Summerside.
Vice-presidents—Rev D. McLean, Rev T. F. Fullerton, Rev Hammond Johnson, Rev G. R. White, Rev Archdeacon Reagh, Rev Dr McLellan, Hon Senator Robertson, William Calbeck, Dr. Irving, M. L. A., John Agnew, M. L. A., W. A. O. Morson, M. L. A. Secretary—Rev H. E. Thomas, Charlottetown.
Treasurer—A. W. Sterns, Charlottetown.
Auditor—W. T. Huggan, Charlottetown.
Legal and Legislative Committee—Rev T. F. Fullerton, Rev H. E. Thomas, A. W. Sterns, D. MacKinnon, City, Benj Rogers, Alberton.
Finance Committee—A. W. Sterns, J. A. Lawson, Col F. S. Moore.

GERMANY IS EFFECTED

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—So far as those who are called international financiers are concerned the news which are in touch with the influential personalities and the movements in progress in Great Britain and upon the continent, it is observed that they do not appear to have the slightest apprehension of any serious disturbance in the money market. This morning it was said by one who should know: "So far as the recent action of the Bank of England in increasing its discount rate is political, the aim is toward Germany and not most exclusively. Germany wants gold, and Germany focuses just now the attention of British statesmen, as well as British financiers. If it should be made apparent that Germany is to seek a larger navy, and is to make aggressive effort to provide in other parts of the world openings for her surplus population, then Great Britain is sure to match and overmatch whatever Germany does with respect to naval armaments. That may involve the expenditure of vast amounts of money."
At all events, it is regarded here by the best authorities as absurd to surmise that the Bank of England has raised its discount rate in order to check American speculation. For in the first place action of that kind at this time would not be sufficiently seriously to interfere with operations in the American securities market. And in the second place, it is regarded as beyond question that so far this fall there has been really no undue speculation nor any evidence that the American people are approaching another reckless boom market. The values will increase as the productive prosperity of the country justifies such appreciation is unquestioned, and it is the common understanding here that had there been no speculative stimulation concentrated upon the United States Steel Securities, nevertheless in view of the earnings and the contracts for future delivery of the Steel Company's products, there would have been in any event considerable appreciation in the market quotations for this stock. Then, too, it is admitted that into the common stock has passed real value and that it no longer maintains exclusively the attitude which at first was characteristic of it as serving as a bonus or temptation whereby the preferred stock could be marketed.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Minard's Liniment Cures Cold, &c.

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargat in cory