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# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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## SIEGE BATTERY NO. 2 AT ST. JAMES' CHURCH

### Eloquent Sermon by Rev. Dr. Fullerton to Large Congregation.

A crowded congregation yesterday attended St. James Church, where the second sermon in the series of special services to the men of the Siege Battery was preached by the Rev. Dr. Fullerton, taking as his text the 14th and 15th verses of the 50th Psalm: "Offer unto God the thanksgiving and pay thy vows unto the most High. Call upon Me in the day of trouble, I will deliver thee and thou shalt glorify Me."

Introducing his subject Dr. Fullerton told the following episode: A few weeks ago an old fellow-student of mine, going through the trenches to the pickets in a district in France one day, came to a young soldier about twenty. The young soldier said to him: "Where can I find the passage of Scripture that brought comfort to Robinson Crusoe when he was tossed about with fever and was alone. The chaplain directed him to the 50th Psalm, to the words we have chosen for our consideration this morning."

Two weeks later he was called upon to perform the last sad rites for the remains of a soldier, and as he lifted the silk khaki handkerchief he saw a face that was familiar to him, the face of the lad who had asked him where he could find the words, "Call upon Me in the day of trouble and I will deliver thee." He had died in the greatest of causes that humanity has ever known, died with the light of victory in his face, and the sure and certain hope that we associate with the death of every soldier in his heart. After all, when we are face to face with this great transcendent question of war, do we not find the truest incentive to valour, the noblest inspiration to sacrifice in the words of our text. The true sacrifice is thanksgiving, and the fulfillment of the duty that God has laid on our nature. They glorify God when they call upon Him in the hour of trouble and they realise deliverance.

These words have the authentic ring of the spirit in which religion and patriotism are but names for the same thing. They express our own feeling in respect to the efforts of the men for man we are more than a match for any opposing force in Europe or elsewhere. Whether we have realised that by the splendid sacrifices on the part of our men we have the prophesy of the dawn of our day of glorious victory, when humanity shall be delivered from the tyranny of militarism when the races of Europe, small or great, shall be allowed to develop their own national life, and within their own border give expression to their own deep seated religious conviction. It is true we stand aghast at the horrors of war. In this age of culture, of civilisation and religion we are simply paralysed at Kaiserism. We are simply stunned at the conceptions of militarism that are apparent in Europe. Yet we cannot forget that while these things are to be deeply deplored, we must appreciate the good that goes with the evil. We must realise that in the great theatre of war there are opportunities for the manifestation of the noblest, the most beautiful, if not the highest qualities, of which humanity is capable. You cannot read the story of the last great fight without realising that months of preparation have culminated in a splendid victory—without realising that during these silent months, when we were wondering why things were not done, when we were grumbling because our advances were not great. During these silent months we were reading the grandest pages in the history of the British Empire. Are we not proud, and justly proud, that we are in this war because we have spoken of eternal justice and truth? I have no hesitation in saying that with all the glory attaching to our past history our Empire never before reached such a height of nobility and greatness. If the war shows us its waste on the human side, it shows also the best in human kind. Never before has there been such a revelation of generosity from the lowest to the highest. Never has there been such an exhibition of courage—courage in the homes that have been stricken, courage on the part of those who have anxious hearts, and splendid courage on the part of those who for the first time in this mighty conflict have been brought face to face with death. We have spoken of patriotism throughout the years, but never has there been such a revelation of this individual and national quality as we have to-day. In no war of modern or ancient times has such glory shone in our midst. When we think of the iniquities and cruel methods of our foes, we thank God to-day that the record of our men has been superb. They fight clean, and no doubt one of the reasons is this, that they are conscious that they are fighting on the side of the eternal God and in every word and from almost every heart is the appeal made to the Eternal in the day of trouble, that some that may they may receive from Him the deliverance which they know they need. It may be, brethren, that yet it is not for that great need they pray that whatever may happen they somehow realise the presence of the Eternal God, that even if the shell or bullet should strike them, it will mean that death is to them the great de-

## OFFICIAL CHANGES AT OTTAWA

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Oct. 3.—Hon. Pierre Blondin, Minister of Inland Revenue, will become Secretary of State in succession to Hon. Louis Coderre, shortly, it is learned. He will in turn be succeeded, it is understood, by Mr. E. L. Patenaude, of Montreal. Mr. Coderre will get a Montreal job.

## BRITISH GAIN MORE TRENCHES

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, Oct. 3.—The British delivered a counter-attack on Friday night on the Teutonic forces south-west of Pozze, France, and achieved their objective, which was two German trenches, according to a report from Sir John French.

## LOSS OF LIFE IN SOUTHERN HURRICANE OVER 500

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 2.—The number of known dead, reported dead and persons missing in Louisiana and Mississippi, as the result of Wednesday night's tropical hurricane, was put at 549 in a total compiled here today, from reports that came in from many points on the Gulf coast, and in the interior. Property damage was estimated at \$12,000,000.

Deliverance that God has meant it to be to every faithful soul. We have in our trenches to-day men who have caught the spirit of the advice of Kitchener, and men who fear God. We have to-day, fighting our battles, men who have courage, and these are seeking the Most High. During the past few days our men have added glory to the annals of the British Empire. Individuals have been raised to a height of self-forgetful heroism without the record of which humanity would be poorer. To blot out the annals of glorious warfare would be to blot out the inspiration of a splendid unity of purpose. Never did the British Empire stand so closely bound together. What are the ties that unite? Not the ties that have been welded in the times of peace, but in the times of battle, in the days of effort and suffering. To-day these ties are stronger than ever because the splendid volunteer soldiers of the Empire have outwitted the cruel, traitorous foe. They have covered themselves with an imperishable glory in the annals of war that will go down the corridors of time. Although there have been dark days and weeks and months, there "now gleams upon our sight, through present wrong the eternal light." As citizens of the Empire it is highly appropriate at the present moment that we should remember those who have, by their splendid sacrifice, enabled us still with greater faith to believe that we are on the side of God, and that this thing alone evolves for the good of humanity. These men, brethren, have found their incentive to obedience in the gratitude of Almighty God for the splendid heritage into which they entered. They have found it also in that continual prayer for deliverance in the hour of trouble. Beaten, if need be, even unto death, alert to duty, obedient to command, these qualities are the very backbone upon which the Empire has been founded, established and consolidated. It is on that account that we honour the memory of those who at duty's call, obedient even unto death, fought and fell every day in Flanders and in France. Self-sacrificingly they gave their lives in defence of the weak and the oppressed, in defence of liberty and righteousness and justice, in defence of lasting and enduring peace—nay, more—in the furtherance of God's plan for the development of humanity as a whole. To-day, as we think with joy on the victory of our arms we would seek to honour those who have laid down their lives. We remember with solemn pride that the Empire is poorer in men but richer in heroes and we feel the kindred spirit that makes us as one man in the face of danger, disaster and even death. Our nation lives to-day, because our sons, like those who have gone before us, are ready to die for it. That is what patriotism means—that is the last and the best proof of loyalty. Are we to regret the massive sacrifice of human life?

Concluding, Dr. Fullerton said: "We are told that we cannot hold what we have won unless we have many more men to strengthen the wavering line. Are we going to prove the deathless legacy of the men who have fought and bled and died for the British Empire, for the Christian ideal, for the protection of our hearth and home. That young man I spoke of called on God in the day of his trouble, and God heard him and delivered him. And I say to you, young men, who know not how soon you may be called to the very forefront of the battle line, remember this when you are facing death and pray that great God may be near to you, at all times, but especially in the hour of your danger, and rest assured on this, He will not fail to answer your call. Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria

# RUSSIA'S ULTIMATUM TO BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT

## Twenty-four Hours Given in Which to Openly Break with Enemies of the Entente Powers and Send Their Officers Out of the Country--or Russian Minister will be Called Home.

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PETROGRAD, Oct. 3.—A semi-official News Agency report says the Russian Minister at Sofia has been ordered to leave Sofia unless within twenty-four hours the Bulgarian government openly breaks with Austria and Germany and sends away the Austrian and German military officers now in Bulgaria. (Special to the Guardian.)  
PETROGRAD, Oct. 3.—Sergius Sazonoff, Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, declared to the Associated Press correspondent that if the Bulgarians persist in their present traitorous course they must answer to Russia. An ultimatum has not been presented yet," added the Minister, "but I presume one will be within a short time." (Special to the Guardian.)  
PETROGRAD, Oct. 3.—The News Agency gives the following note

which the Minister at Sofia has been ordered to hand to M. Radoslavoff, Bulgarian Premier: "Events which are taking place in Bulgaria at this moment give evidence of the definite decision of King Ferdinand's Government to place the fate of its country in the hands of Germany. The presence of German and Austrian officers at the ministry of war and on the staff of the army, the concentration of troops on the zone bordering Serbia and the extensive financial support accepted from our enemies by the Sofia cabinet no longer leave any doubt as to the object of the military preparations of Bulgaria. The powers of the entente who have at heart the realization of the aspirations of the Bulgarian people have on many occasions warned M. Radoslavoff that a hostile act against

Serbia would be considered as directed against themselves. Assurances given by the head of the Bulgarian cabinet in reply to these warnings are contradicted by the facts. The Emperor of Russia, which is bound to Bulgaria by the imperishable memory of her liberation from the Turkish yoke, cannot sanction by his presence preparations for fratricidal aggression against Slav and allied people. The Russian Minister, therefore, has received orders to leave Bulgaria with all the staffs of his legation and consulates if the Bulgarian Government does not within 24 hours openly break with the enemies of the Slav cause and of Russia and does not at once proceed to send away officers belonging to the armies of the states which are at war with the powers of the entente.

## SUMMARY OF WAR SITUATION EAST AND WEST

(Special to The Guardian.)  
LONDON, Oct. 3.—The Russian Minister at Sofia has been ordered by his Government to leave the Bulgarian capital if, within 24 hours, Bulgaria does not openly break with the Central Powers and dismiss the Austro-German officials who recently arrived in that country to direct operations of King Ferdinand's army. Other powers of the quadruple entente are backing up Russia in this demand and so Bulgaria must within a few hours decide on continued neutrality or be considered definitely committed to the central powers. From news received during the past few days from the Balkans it is considered certain that King Ferdinand and Premier Radoslavoff have made a choice and are only awaiting the completion of mobilization to strike at Serbia and assist the Austro-Germans to open the road to Constantinople which has been anxiously waiting for many weeks for promised aid from the central powers. Greece, it is believed, will live up to her treaty with Serbia and come to her as-

sistance if she is attacked by her neighbor, but the attitude of Roumania which remains as only a partially mobilized sector is a matter of uncertainty. While fully confident on their ability to handle the new situation the Allies do not believe it, which accounts in some respects for their activities. Rain and consequent mud have prevented the Allies from continuing their full offensive in Artois. Fighting of a stubborn nature, however, is still going on in that region, both sides endeavoring to secure vantage points. Success here as in Champagne is apparently varying, although the Allies are holding virtually all the ground they gained in last week's blow. That other similar blows will take place before long is the settled conviction of military writers who see in the repeated bombardments of the German positions on the Belgian coast by British ships and big French guns, and air raids over German lines, evidence of another storm brewing. Naturally it will take some days to prepare as guns which now play such a

large part in the campaign have to be brought up and this is no easy matter after heavy rains, particularly in the low countries of Flanders and Artois. Air raids in Champagne and Artois by 65 French aeroplanes yesterday was the biggest enterprise of the kind ever undertaken. The French, according to German report, have lost an airship in Alsace which was mentioned a few days ago in an official communication as doing valuable work. Although fighting continues there is little or no change in the situation along the Eastern front. The Russians while being forced back at one or two points are themselves pressing the Germans at other points particularly East of Vilna, where Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's drive toward Minsk has been checked. There is no further word of the reported Austro-German attack on the Gallipoli Peninsula. The Russians in the Caucasus, following the lead of the British in Mesopotamia are taking a more active offensive against the Turks.

## JAMES ARTHUR CLARKE MADE LIEUTENANT

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Oct. 3.—On the personal recommendation of Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, Private James Arthur Clarke, son of Michael Clarke, M.P. for Red Deer, the well known Liberal member, has been given a commission and is now attached to the 12th Reserve Battalion. On his recent visit to France, Sir Sam Hughes sent for Private Clarke of the Princess Patricia's, who had been through every fight with that famous regiment, and informed him of his decision to promote him to a Lieutenant.

## THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

(Special to the Guardian.)  
TORONTO, Oct. 4.—Maritime: North-easterly winds, becoming variable; a few local showers in the Eastern portions at first, but generally fair and rather cool.  
THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was dull all day, with slight showers the latter part of the afternoon.  
The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 52 degrees above zero. At nine o'clock yesterday morning it registered 49 degrees above zero; at nine last night 45 degrees above. The coldest the previous night was 44 deg. above zero.  
The tide will be high this evening at 7.46 and tomorrow at 8.31; it will be low tomorrow morning at 6.56 and Wednesday at 8.08.  
The sun sets this afternoon at 5.32 and tomorrow at 5.30; it rises tomorrow morning at 6.03 and Wednesday at 6.04.  
The moon sets this afternoon at 4.02.  
The last quarter of the moon was on Friday, Oct. 1st at 5.44 p. m.  
There will be a new moon on Friday, Oct. 8th at 5.42 p. m.  
The length of today will be eleven hours and thirty-two minutes.

## GREEKS SUMMONED FROM CANADA.

MONTREAL, Oct. 2.—Orders of mobilization received by the Greek Charge d'Affaires at New York, and transmitted for information to Mr. J. C. Walsh, Greek Consul here, call for all classes from 1892 to 1915, to return to their country to bear arms if the present delicate situation should evenuate in conflict. This means that all able-bodied men up to 40 years of age are called upon. Greece evidently being determined to get all her resources in hand as quickly as possible. This does not mean that there is a call on Montreal Greeks yet, as Mr. Walsh takes his instructions from London, but such a call may come at any time. There are about 15,000 Greeks in Canada, and 4,000 of them are in Montreal. Of these it is estimated that one thousand men will fall under the classes referred to as liable to a call. Many of these men have already gone through the Balkan campaign and returned to Montreal. They all express themselves as ready to proceed at once to the front. The transportation facilities will probably govern the date when Canadian Greeks will be called to the colours.

## VON PAPAN MUST LEAVE UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1.—Unless Captain Von Papan, the German military attaché is voluntarily withdrawn by his government, indications today were that within a short time the United States would request his recall. All the papers carried by James E. J. Archibald, the American correspondent involved in the case of Dr. Dumba, have now been placed before state department officials, and while final decision awaits the return of Secretary Lansing, it became known today that the documents disclose a transgression of diplomatic proprieties on Von Papan's part, such as had caused the recall of the Austrian Ambassador.

## ONTARIO WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

ST. THOMAS, Oct. 2.—Mrs. Walter Ellis of Malahide was burned to death as she was in the act of mixing some yeastish on the stove.

## HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN A PRIVY COUNCILLOR

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Oct. 3.—Hon. Arthur Meighen, Solicitor-General, was on Saturday sworn in as a member of the Privy Council by H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught. It is understood Mr. Meighen remains at present as a Minister without portfolio, but next session the position of Solicitor-General will be made a Cabinet post.

## HUNGARY CALLS ALL TO COLOURS

(Special to the Guardian.)  
SEURICH, Switzerland, Oct. 3.—The Hungarian Minister of national defence has ordered all classes between the ages of 19 and 42 who were previously declared unfit for military service to present themselves again for supplementary enrollment. A similar order has been issued for those between the same ages who heretofore, for various reasons, were excused.

## BERLIN WHISTLING

(Special to the Guardian.)  
BERLIN, Oct. 3.—Reports are received that large numbers of Macedonian soldiers are deserting the Serbian army and joining the Bulgarians, one group alone reached 800 men. They were enthusiastically received by the Bulgarians, who are incensed over the cruel treatment accorded the Bulgarian element by the Serbian army.

## HON. CHAS. DALTON WILL FIGHT DOMINION TRUST

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 1.—That the Dominion Trust Co. was on the verge of bankruptcy in the middle of May, 1914, and only saved itself temporarily from financial doom by using investment funds sent in by a wealthy prince Edward Island client to pay interest with, is being alleged by the Hon. Chas. Dalton in his suit for the recovery of \$85,000 from the Dominion Trust Company. The suit is of particular legal interest because in it the Hon. Mr. Dalton is asking for a tracing judgment to trace his moneys—or a portion of them—into investments, and is asking the court to order a transfer of title in these investments from the Dominion Trust Company to himself. This is the first effort of the kind made as yet in the whole course of the Dominion Trust liquidation, and is said to be the only instance where there seems to be any likelihood of a client being able to follow his trust funds through the bank account and the books of the Dominion Trust into some tangible investment. The rest of the millions received were thrown into the common jackpot. The Hon. Mr. Dalton has of recent years achieved distinction as a successful pioneer of the fox farming industry on Prince Edward Island, in which he is credited with having made considerable money. In May, 1914, he sent a sum of \$85,000 to be invested by the Dominion Trust. At that time Arnold had bought a couple lots on James Bay, Victoria Harbor, opposite the Empress Hotel in the vicinity of the Victoria Post Office. A fabulous sum was spent in blasting out a deep excavation in the solid rock to prepare for a building. Arnold had planned out for himself eighty thousand dollars had been borrowed on the lot, a first mortgage for \$40,000 being held by Robert Kelly, of Vancouver, with principal and interest guaranteed by F. Buscombe, and a second mortgage of \$40,000 being held by the Caledonian and Dominion Investment Company. It had been agreed with Mr. Dalton that his \$85,000 was to be used to pick up the two mortgages on the Victoria lot. The money, after being received at the head office, was deposited in the bank, but was never used to pay off the two mortgages. At this time there was very little indeed, in the bank account, not nearly enough to pay the \$85,000 interest which had fallen due on the mortgage coupons of the company. Arnold is said to have promptly taken \$35,000 of the money received from Mr. Dalton to pay the interest on the mortgage coupons. This much is not in dispute. Of the remaining \$50,000, Mr. Dalton's solicitors claim that \$43,000 was next used by the Dominion Trust manager to obtain title from the C. P. R. to the building on Richards street, known as the Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage Co. This building is now owned by the Dominion Trust Company subject to a mortgage of \$17,000 to English clients of the Dominion Trust. The fight when the case comes into court will be on the part of the plaintiff to prove that it was his money which was used by the Dominion Trust to obtain title from the C. P. R. If this is done the court will be asked to transfer the equity thus obtained to Mr. Dalton.

## CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

WANTED—GENTLEMAN TO BOARD at 240 Queen St. 3257-10-2M6p/d.

WANTED—A BRIGHT BOY FOR errands in Office. Apply GUARDIAN. 3263-10-2M6f.

WANTED—A BRIGHT BOY TO RUN errands in Office. Apply GUARDIAN. 3263-10-2M6f.

WANTED, A BRIGHT SUNNY ROOM centrally located, suitable for dress-making. Apply at this office. 3164

FOR SALE—BRED TO LAY, S. C. White Leghorn Ckls. W. J. Pickett, West Royalty. 3283-10-4M6p/d.

LOST—BEGINNING OF SEPTEMBER a pair Eye Glasses with chain Reward paid if left at this office. 3260-10-2M3p/d.

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN, Hard wood shop counter and shelves. Apply 242 Dorchester Street, East. 3255-10-3M3p/d.

LOST ON MAIL SPECIAL, OCT. 1st ladies hand bag, containing money jewelry, etc. Finder please notify Mrs. Geo. Hill R. No. 2 Port Hill. 3281-10-4M1p/d.

WANTED FOXES TO RANCH—CAN ranch several pairs of foxes and take percentage of increase for payment. Apply C. M. Box 231, City. 3284-10-3M6p/d.

BUSINESS ENVELOPES.—NO. 3 printed with name and address either on flap or front, \$3 per 1,000; 5,000 for 2,000; \$12.00 for 5,000; \$20 for 10,000. GUARDIAN OFFICE. 8808-11-2M1p/d.

LOST FRIDAY MORNING ON UNION or Brackley Point Road to Charlottetown. Ladies gold watch with chain, initials G. W. Finder please leave at this office. 3282-10-4M1p/d.

FOUND, LADIES RAIN COAT, between Peter Cairns, and Robert Coady's. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for add. Peter Cairns, Albany Plains. 3280-10-3M11.

## PRAYER SERVICE AT CATHOLIC CEMETERY

### Catholic Societies Parade' Sermon by Rev. John J. MacDonald.

Yesterday afternoon the weather was more favourable for the annual procession to the Catholic Cemetery and the performance of the devotions and Prayers for the Dead. A short service was held in the church, at which the Miserere was sung by the choir. The League of the Cross band led the procession, playing sacred airs, and the different societies followed, including the League of the Cross, Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent Irish Society, the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the C. M. B. A. Society and a large concourse of spectators. The service at the Cemetery consisted of the recitation of the Litany for the Dead. St. Dunstan's choir led the devotions. The "Benedictus" was sung, followed by "De Profundis". The prayers for the dead were given by Bishop O'Leary, Bishop McNally, of Calgary, officiating.

A short and impressive sermon was delivered by Father John J. McDonald, of Kinkora, in which he appealed to the brethren from the words of the text in Job, 19th and 1st verse: Have pity on me, at least, ye, my friends, for the finger of God hath touched me.

This appeal contained in the words of the text came out continually from the holy souls who were down in purgatory to all those brethren who had the power of helping them. It was a doctrine of their holy faith that souls quitting their bodies might be detained in the next life for a certain time before they could be fitted for union with their Creator. The teaching of the cross showed the immense value of the prayers for their brethren who had passed into the unseen. The teachings and exhortations of the great saints all taught the great need of this time of intercession. Out of hell there was no redemption. These sins would not be forgiven in heaven because they could not enter there. If sins were forgiven in the other life it must be in some second or middle state. They knew the stress that Our Lord, Jesus Christ placed upon perfection in man. This perfection was necessary before man would be ready to enter the union with God in heaven.

They go back to the times of persecution and they would find evidences of this belief in the catacombs of Rome were to be found inscriptions indicating the belief that existed in the early Church regarding prayers for the dead. It was sufficient for them to say, so far as the doctrines of the Church were concerned, that it was emphatically declared as an article of faith. On every penitent sinner godly punishment. It was a death of eternal punishment. It was for us then our duty to know that the Church had ordained that the doctrine of prayers for the dead, in doing this, the Church rested her case on holy scripture—on the revealed word of God. It was the expression of a belief that had existed down through the ages regarding the existence of a middle state.

Was it proper that Almighty God should allow them to possess the joys and the privileges without having given some satisfaction for these blessings. Would they join hands with the Arch Devil himself in saying "I will not serve?" For these myriads of souls who were suffering for their many sins, sins of the body and of the soul, who cried out for some mitigation of their misery, for such as these they claimed the necessity of purgation in the middle state of purgatory.

A most impressive service concluded with the singing of the "Libera." The weather though very threatening all through the afternoon remained fair and the homeward journey, enlivened by the music of the Band, was accomplished under favourable conditions.

## THREE MEN WERE BURNED TO DEATH

ELIZABETH N. J., Oct. 2.—Three men were burned to death and seven firemen injured, three of them seriously, in a fire which destroyed the livery stable of Christ Rhein here today. The three men killed were employees of the stable, who were asleep in the loft.

COMING EVENTS,  
ANNOUNCEMENTS,  
MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

\*Canvas stretchers, 75c each. Agricultural Hall. 2272-7-27M11.

\*Change in Business. The undersigned intends making a change in business in the near future and will appreciate a settlement of all outstanding accounts on or before Dec. 1, 1915. McDonald & Son, Murray River. 3120-9-23M14p/d.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia  
Minard's Liniment cures Rheumatism