

You can make more and better JAM and JELLY



Why continue the old-fashioned, wasteful, long-boiling, tedious, expensive process of making your jams and jellies? You simply boil away your fruit.

Use the Certo one-minute boiling process. You will save all the delicious flavor of your fruit—and get 50% MORE jam and jelly which will keep perfectly and cost less.

Certo is pectin—the natural jelling element of fruit. Complete booklet of recipes with every bottle.



How to Make Delicious Plum Jam

Slice, pit and crush well about 2 1/2 lbs. plums. Measure 4 level cups (2 cups) crushed fruit into large kettle. Add 1/2 cup water, stir until boiling, cover kettle, and simmer 15 minutes. Add 7 1/2 level cups (3 3/4 lbs.) sugar, and mix well. Use hottest fire and stir constantly before and while boiling. Boil hard for 1 minute. Re-add 1/2 cup water, stir until boiling, move from fire and stir in 1/2 bottle (scant 1/2 cup) Certo. Skim and pour quickly.

Save the surface and you save all!



The famous

'Sherwin Williams' Paint is sold by

Beer & Weeks

Charlottetown

Let us quote you on S. W. P. ready mixed house paint, shingle stains, interior finishes, enamels, varnishes and varnish stains.

WE CAN SUPPLY EVERYTHING MADE BY SHERWIN WILLIAMS CO.

The old reliable—best for 50 years—best today. Write for color cards or better still call and see us.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES



Beer & Weeks

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

W. Chester S. McClure, President J. H. Burnett, Editor and Publisher D. K. Currie, Associate Editor

Morning Daily (founded 1857) \$5.00 per year (delivered) in advance \$4.50 per year (mailed) in advance in Canada and United States

THURSDAY, AUG. 16, 1923

THEY SEE IT NOW.

We have before us a copy of a resolution by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, adopted at their last annual meeting and now being circulated throughout Canada. The resolution, after a number of "whereases," declaring the need of a sound and stable fiscal policy and the impossibility of developing Canadian industry without it, "resolves" that the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, in annual meeting assembled at Toronto on June 14, 1923, records its opinion that the Canadian Customs tariff should be immediately and substantially increased on finished products, and that when higher rates of duty have been put into effect, Canada should endeavor to increase her export trade by making preferential tariff arrangements, based on the principle of bargaining, with other countries, particularly countries of the British Empire.

It will be remembered that, during the federal campaign of 1921 when Liberal candidates were taking their cue from the 1919 platform with its "revision downward" policy they were assuring the manufacturers that their "interests would be safeguarded." Protectionists and Progressives were chloroformed with these promises. The "revision downward" was openly preached; the "no fear" was privately preached to manufacturers. The tariff was pared by a "step in the right direction," which went nowhere. No one knew what was coming in the way of tariff revision, industry wanted to see what would happen; investment waited; labor, however, could not afford to wait and it went to the United States. This was all that the promises of tariff "revision downward" and tariff revision upward brought to Canada and the country today is infinitely poorer in men, in investment, in industry than it was in 1921 when the Mackenzie King Government came into power. A stable tariff! There has been no tariff stability since the King Government came into power. There can be no stability while it remains in power, while one doctrine is publicly and another is privately announced as that of the party and another is practised. There are two essentials to good government; one is truth, the other stability. Both are sadly wanting in the federal Liberal government.

FREE TRADE POLITICS.

"I would have the government put up a protective tariff on United States coal so as to make competition of Alberta coal with American coal at present freight rates impossible. This is the first opportunity to make the people of the East suffer for what they have been giving the West for the last forty years, and I think we should give them a dose of their own medicine now that they want our coal."

Premier Greenfield, of Alberta, head of the Farmers' Government, is credited with having made the above statement before the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission, which is now taking evidence on the question of imposing a protective duty on American anthracite.

Premier Greenfield is a grain grower, the head of a grain growers' government. He and his party have been preaching free trade; their one distinctive policy is free trade; at their instance and for the sake of their support the Mackenzie King Government promised to abolish the duty on all foodstuffs and farm machinery—although they did not keep their promise. They preached free trade in their provincial legislature and their colleagues, the federal Progressives, French will not only risk their own position, but may very soon bring down, more than once threatening our trade to a complete standstill."

to wreck the Mackenzie King Government on the subject.

Now they want a protective duty on coal! What has happened? Nothing, except that now they want to sell Alberta coal! Free trade in food products, and farm machinery, would have suited them fine as then there would be a chance to buy these things without any competition with Canadian products, except wheat, and of course there is no market in Canada for American wheat. Now they want a protective duty on American anthracite because they want to sell their own coal in Ontario!

The insincerity of this attitude shows the utter selfishness of the Western free trade cry; the insincerity also of the Liberal free trade attitude when they placed foodstuffs and agricultural implements on the free list in their great 1919 platform.

The reference to the "medicine" for the east shows a still uglier attitude, so much uglier that it is not worth a comment. It will, no doubt, open the eyes of our Maritime Progressives, if there are any left, and will give them an idea of the company they have got into.

MARKING THE ROADS

The Automobile Association has done good work this summer in marking the roads, all of the trunk roads and many of the branch roads now being plainly marked by signs which cannot be mistaken. This has been a great help to visitors and to those of our own people whose knowledge of the geography of the province is limited.

There are many ways in which this live organization can help the tourist business of the province and we have no doubt they will take these up as time permits, and as necessity dictates. Our tourist business can never be developed until it is taken full charge of by an organization and we know of no better organization for the job than the Prince Edward Island Automobile Association which has branches and connections all over the province. It could do effective work in this line either by a tourist committee of its own membership or in conjunction with some one or more of the existing live organizations. What is needed is a good start in the tourist development direction.

THE BRITISH PROBLEM

The problem confronting Premier Baldwin and the British government in connection with German reparations and the Ruhr occupation is being made all the more difficult by divided counsel at home. There is a strong sentiment still against Germany, our recent enemy; a strong feeling of friendliness also towards our recent ally, France and between the two the government must do what it considers necessary to restore Europe, a process which cannot be successfully accomplished without giving Germany an opportunity to get on her feet.

The London-Daily Mail comment on the problem, says:

"German suits of clothes and German boots and shoes are being sold in our shops. German wool textiles are replacing the products of Yorkshire in many lands. German pottery is ousting British pottery in South America and elsewhere. Germany is buying South African wool and exporting much merchandise to the Cape. German shipping lines are successfully trying to capture the East African trade. We are told that in the Argentine, German trade is "most astonishingly brisk and varied in its character."

It is for these people, our late enemies, who will not pay and who are queuing us out of the world's markets, that we are invited to part company with France. Any British government who breaks with the leagues, the federal Progressives, French will not only risk their own position, but may very soon bring down, more than once threatening our trade to a complete standstill."

Notes By The Way

Since this Province joined the Dominion on July 1st, 1873, twelve successive Premiers have led as many provincial governments, as follows:

- 1. Hon. L. C. Owen, July, 1873, to August, 1876.
2. Hon. L. H. Davies, August, 1876 to April, 1879.
3. Hon. W. W. Sullivan, April, 1879 to Nov., 1899.
4. Hon. Neil McLeod, Nov. 1899, to April, 1891.
5. Hon. F. Peters, April, 1891, to Oct., 1897.
6. Hon. A. B. Warburton, Oct., 1897, to Aug. 1, 1898.
7. Hon. D. Farquharson, Aug., 1898, to Dec. 27, 1901.
8. Hon. A. Peters, Dec. 29, 1901, to Jan. 29, 1908.
9. Hon. F. L. Hazard, Feb. 1, 1908, to Dec. 2, 1911.
10. Hon. J. A. Mathieson, Dec. 7, 1911, to June 21, 1917.
11. Hon. A. E. Arsenault, June 21, 1917, to Sept. 9, 1919.
12. Hon. J. H. Bell, Sept. 9, 1919, to the present time.

Collectively these gentlemen, six of whom are still in active public life, have filled a large place in the political and judicial history of the Province and the Dominion. Sir Louis Davies is now Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, after a long and successful political career in the Parliament and Government of the Dominion. The late Sir Wilfrid Sullivan, whose official term as Premier was the longest on the above list, received his title while he was Chief Justice of Prince Edward Island. Hon. J. Mathieson is now Chief Justice, and Hon. F. L. Hazard and Hon. A. E. Arsenault, are now Justices of the Supreme Court of this Province.

The late Hon. Neil McLeod was for some year Judge of the County Court of Prince County. Hon. A. B. Warburton, now Judge of Probates, was for a time Judge of the County Court of Queen's County, which position he resigned to enter federal political life and was elected to the House of Commons. In 1908, Hon. J. H. Bell was elected to represent Prince County in the House of Commons at a bye-election in 1898. It will thus be seen that of the twelve honorable gentlemen who have held the office of Premier in this Province since 1873, two became County Court Judges, four became at various times Judges of our Supreme Court and that the list includes three Chief Justices of the higher courts and three who have been members of the House of Commons.

The list of our Provincial Premiers thus far includes five Conservatives and seven Liberals. The five Conservatives were Hon. Messrs. Owen, Sullivan, McLeod, Mathieson and Arsenault.

The seven Liberal Premiers were Hon. Messrs. Davies, F. Peters, Warburton, Farquharson, A. Peters, Hazard and Bell. During the fifty years past the Liberal party has held power a few years longer in the aggregate than its opponents, but the balance may be reversed within a few years to come. We are at present in the stage of transition, which brings the Conservative party into power for the sixth time within the half century.

What is above written refers to those who held the leadership of Governments in this Province since the union with Canada. There were a number of others among our public men of note who had held the provincial premiership before the union, and who at and after that date received advancement to high positions in the federal Government, or by election to the House of Commons, or by appointment to the Senate, or to judgeship within the Province. All of which goes to show the importance of the position of First Minister in any province of Canada, however small that province may appear to be on the big map of the Dominion.

In our democratic country and age promotion to high positions in the state come mainly from the will and favor of the people, and the above brief glance at our provincial leaders during half a century past will show that the people have in the main chosen their leaders with a fair measure of wisdom. Doubtless mistakes may have been sometimes made, but these have been usually corrected after a brief trial of the new incumbent in this advanced official position. It may be said of political leaders as has been said of poets, that they are born, not made. Only a few are produced in a generation, for but few are needed. There is but one queen bee in a hive among many thousands of her subjects.

It may be noted that the recent general election in this Province



That Body of Yours

BY JAMES W. BARTON, M. D.

SUMMER DIARRHOES AND DYSENTRY

It is sometimes difficult to find out just what has started the trouble. The bowels have been so active that you feel reasonably sure that whatever caused the irritation is now safely out of the body.

It may have passed out and many physicians feel that once the severe cramps stop, that simple flushing of the bowel with an enema is sufficient. However most physicians take no chances and proceed to give a good dose to our very old friend Castor Oil immediately.

Castor Oil has been used for many years for this particular ailment and nothing has ever superseded it. Taken in peppermint water it is not difficult to take.

If the vomiting is severe, castor oil often cannot be taken unless in capsule form.

The next step is then to rest the bowels. This is obtained by abstaining from food entirely for twenty four to forty eight hours.

In severe cases with intense pain physicians find it necessary to use paregoric—a teaspoonful in hot water.

The next step is in the matter of taking food again because you must eat. This is one time when the concentrated or constipating foods must be used. Therefore you start off with soft boiled eggs, scraped beef, beef juice, roast chicken, rice and macaroni are useful. Vegetables are apt to irritate on account of the "roughage" and must be avoided a few days. Likewise fruits must be avoided on account of their laxative effect.

So the idea then, is to rid the intestine of the offending material, then rest the bowels, and come back to your regular food gradually.

Daily Selections FOR Guardian Readers

PEACE

A garden bowered close With plaited alleys falling down to twilight grots, Or opening upon level plots Of cro-wined lilies, standing near Purple-spiked lavender; Whether in after life retired From brawling storms, From weary wind, With youthful fancy reinspired, We may hold converse with all forms Of many silled mind, And those who passion hath not blonDED, Subtle-thoughted, myriad minded. —Tennyson

was the fifteenth since the beginning of 1873. In that year a general election was held in the spring, some two months before Prince Edward Island became formally united with Canada. The dates of general provincial elections then and since have been as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Year and Date. 1873 April 24, 1876 August 2, 1879 April 2, 1883 May 1, 1886 June 30, 1890 January 30, 1893 December 13, 1897 July 28, 1900 December 12, 1904 December 7, 1908 November 18, 1912 January 3, 1915 September 16, 1919 July 24, 1923 July 26.

Help Us Burn the Mortgage of the G. W. V. A. Home

To assist the boys in this, we are having a week of special sales at our store, beginning Thursday morning, August 16th. A percentage of the cash received will be used for this purpose. Votes for the Popularity Contest will be given with each sale of 50 cents and over. So, come along and help your favorite candidate. All summer goods at greatly reduced prices.

Hundreds of special values will be offered at every section of our new store.

S. A. McDONALD

Private Sale

I hereby offer for private sale the property at Montague known as the Montague Restaurant, the best business stand in the town. This is a rare opportunity, any one purchasing this splendid property will make no mistake, as business is always flourishing. If not sold by private sale will be offered at public auction on Saturday, August 18th at one p. m. Apply to Mrs. Hilda McKinnon, Montague. 3394-8-16-23

A TAX WITHOUT AN INCOME.

Judge: But, Mandy, I can't make your husband pay an income tax. He has no income. Mandy: I thought maybe if you made him pay an income tax Judge, 25th at one p. m. Apply to Mrs. Hilda McKinnon, Montague. 3394-8-16-23

In 1922

the Fire Waste in Canada amounted to Forty Four Million Dollars. This is strong evidence of the need of Fire Insurance Protection. Is your Home and Business property adequately protected? If not consult with

Hyndman & Co., Ltd.

The Oldest Insurance Agency in P. E. I. Phones 67 and 333 SECURITY SERVICE

FEED YOUR FOXES IMPERIAL COD LIVER OIL FOX BISCUITS

A PERFECT FOOD FOR FOXES The Only Pure Cod Liver Oil Fox Biscuit Manufactured in Canada Fed in over 75 per cent. of the P. E. I. Fox Ranches as well as in leading ranches in Eastern Canada IMPERIAL BISCUIT CO., LTD. FACTORY—LONGWORTH AVENUE Charlottetown

USE GOOD HARDWARE IN YOUR BUILDING

Good hardware will add many years of life to any building and will save expensive repairs which are sure to follow if cheap hardware is used. Good hardware also adds to the beauty and appearance of the finished building or home. Come to us for your builder's hardware and you'll be sure of getting dependable quality—the lasting kind, that gives complete satisfaction. Our builder's hardware department is complete and we will be glad to help you with your building problems—estimates cheerfully given.

The Rogers Hardware Co Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail