

This Morning we offer Summer Dresses—Reduced

Early Comers will secure some of the most attractive bargains that you can imagine. Lovely summer dresses, mostly sleeveless models, in craysheen, celanese and crepe de chene. The colors shown are white, green, peach, yellow, pink, maize and mauve.

- \$10.50 Dresses for \$7.88
- \$3.95 Dresses for \$2.72
- \$16.00 Dresses for \$12.00
- \$19.50 Dresses for \$14.62
- \$8.95 Dresses for \$6.72.

4 Remarkable Values in Lovely Crepe-de-chene Lace trimmed Undergarments



- Crepe de chene Gown, daintily trimmed with lace, shown in pink, peach and white, a most outstanding value at **\$3.50**
- Crepe de chene slip, lace trimmed, very choice fabric, beautifully made, white, peach, pink, compare with usual \$5.00 lines **\$3.00**
- DANCE SET, of daintiest crepe de chene, trimmed to harmonise with slip mentioned above, wonderful value **\$3.00**
- BLOOMER in bobette and standard style, very daintily made garment of fine crepe de chene, lace trimming **\$2.50**

Clearing Out Dimity Slips and Bloomers 39c

These are broken lines of regular 50c value, if we have your size, you'll get a really notable bargain. Look them over, your chances of getting something to suit you, are very good indeed. Fifty cent value **39c**

Moore & McLeod Limited

NEWSY FARM NOTES

By Agricola

EVOLUTION AND SEED PLANTS his superior intelligence has modified both animals and plants to meet his ideals. It is a slow process, requiring patience and judgment, and holding many disappointments. But no man who has given of his time to the experiment, will doubt the law, nor will he deny the Supreme Being who guides all things to His ideal. Leaving the abstract, to give an account of an experiment carried on for four years, the matter may interest my readers. The design was to improve the productiveness of the Broad or Windsor Bean, a vegetable much used in the Old Country, on account of its highly nutritious qualities. Seed as bought in the stores will usually give plants with a very small number of seeds in the pod; one, two, and sometimes three. In gathering and shelling this is a disadvantage and a waste of time. The first year's crop gave half a dozen pods each containing three seeds. These were saved and next year there was an increase in the number of three, all of which were saved for seed. This, the fourth year, about 50 per cent of the pods contain three seeds, and one has done better still; it has four seeds, and will be kept for a new foundation stock. The ideal is seven in the pod; further than that, I think, Nature cannot go. This is the science behind all the efforts of plant-breeders, and this the service to which their lives are devoted; the increase of the "kindly fruits of the earth."

ANOTHER NUISANCE
We have a plague of Crows and Grackles, and like Mark Twain's weather "nobody is doing anything about it." And now we are threatened with another invader—the starling. These birds were introduced into New York a number of years ago, and lived about the streets and in the parks until their numbers increased so that they had to migrate. They have now called forth a paragraph in the London, Ont., Free Press. "Year by year the starlings . . . are spreading northward and westward. They are unfortunately driving out our own native birds. It is the story of the English sparrow over again."
The starling is about nine inches long, a little smaller than the robin. It has a beautiful metallic green and purple plumage, and a fighter's head. It easily drives out the sparrow, and when it appears in flocks of some thousands (as it does in northern Britain) all other birds leave. Apart from its habit of pilfering fruit it is looked upon as a friend to the agriculturist, being insectivorous. There are stories to the effect that it eats the eggs of other birds, but these seem to lack confirmation. There is no doubt however that its presence in large flocks is objectionable, from the filthy condition of the place they elect to roost in.

MUD BURNED FOR POWER

Burning mud to produce electric power is being tried in Germany with remarkable success. Mud at the bottom of a small tributary of the Rhine was found to be permeated with combustible matter. Up to that time it was worthless and a serious obstacle to navigation in the Rhine, into which it was carried. The wet soil is being dried out and used as fuel in an electric generating plant.

MAN MARRIES GRANDMOTHER

Marriage of a grandson and his grandmother has just been reported from a village near Swole, in the province of Overijssel, Holland. This is how it happened. A man married a girl of 20, whose mother was 45. By his first marriage, the man had had a son, and this son married the mother of his father's second wife. Relations figure out that the youth not only married his step-mother, but became step-father to his own son.

MAN'S LUNGS WERE JET BLACK

That George A. Morgan, 68, died from inhaling coal dust, was the verdict of a coroner's jury at Paddington Ireland, recently. Dr. R. M. Bronte, who made a post mortem examination, said that Morgan's lungs were jet black and very hard. Morgan had worked underground in coal mines for fifty years.

TYPHOON DAMAGES GREAT

Damage done by the typhoon in the Visayan Island group of the Philippines will reach \$60,000,000 according to latest estimates. The value of crops permanently destroyed is placed at \$25,000,000 and the agricultural loss of the next two years at the same amount. Distribution of seeds of quick growing food crops averted a food shortage, and sufferers were provided immediate livelihood by employment in public work constructions.

Spain has only one talkie theatre. South Africa has an auto-sales war.

Western Guardian

—DANCE OLYMPIC CABARET— Summerside, August 14th Dixon's Orchestra. 1253.

—KENSINGTON L.S.S. Club loading hogs, lambs, fat sheep and veal calves Wednesday of each week up till noon. John A. Douglas, Secy. 6795-7-20-21

—FINANCIER OPENS BUSINESS— Mr. E. Maurice Gallant, of Plusville, brother of Mr. S. L. Gallant, has returned home after 26 years in the United States. Mr. Gallant studied law and was admitted to the Mass. Bar. He subsequently entered the financial world and has acquired an extensive knowledge of the business. Mr. Gallant is now associated with, and is managing the Summerside office of Aluminum Park Subdivision, which is adjacent to Arvida, Quebec, and the works of the famous American Aluminum Company. He will be assisted by Miss Bryden from the main office.

Eastern Guardian

..LOST—A sum of money between Montague and race track. Finder please communicate with J. W. Murdock, Montague. Reward. 7213-8-13-31

STANDARD MINING EXCHANGE

Quotations furnished through courtesy of Atwell & Co., Charlottetown Office.

	Noon	Close
Abana	2.04	2.03
Aconda	.13	.15
Amity Copper	.22	.20
Amulet	2.62	2.74
Area	.19	.19
Arno	.49	.48
Associated Oil & Gas	3.95	3.93
Bidgood	.28	.26
Big Missouri	1.60	1.59
Buckingham	.02 1/2	.03
Bunker Hill	.11	.11
Capital Rouyn	.04	.04
Central Manitoba	.42	.42
Clericy	.09	.09
Dome	10.50	10.75
Dalhousie	3.75	3.75
Foothill Oil & Gas	7.50	8.00
Falconbridge	13.50	13.70
Granada	.26	.27
Hollinger	7.00	7.00
Hudson Bay	20.00	19.75
International Nickel	51.90	52.45
Lake Shore	26.00	26.00
Malartic	.23	.23
Mandy	.70	.70
Manitoba Basin	.26	.25
Mining Corporation	4.55	4.50
Newbec	.48	.43
Noranda	62.50	62.75
Old Colony	.30	.30
Pend Oreille	6.40	6.85
Stadacona	.07 1/2	.08
Sheritt Gordon	7.75	7.70
Sisacoe	.69	.70
St. Anthony	.18 1/2	.18
Sudbury Basin	8.90	9.00
Sylvanite	1.08	1.07
Teck Hughes	8.10	8.10
Towagmac	2.10	2.00
Treadwell Yukon	9.50	9.50
Ventures	8.35	8.35
Vipond	.85	.85
Windfall	.02 1/2	.02 1/2
Wright Hargreaves	1.89	1.89
Wainwell Oil	.30 1/2	.31
Home Oil	24.50	24.75
Mayland	9.75	9.95
Baltic	2.15	2.15
United Oil	1.16	1.30
Calmont	.65	.65

Crop Report

GENERAL

Cooler weather throughout the Prairies and rain in some districts have helped to fill heads, and have been beneficial to those crops on summer fallow and breaking which have withstood the drought conditions, but relief came too late for other crops which are very poor. Cutting should generally be by the middle of August. In Quebec crops generally have benefited by recent rains but warmer weather is required to promote ripening. Good weather has prevailed in Ontario during the past week and splendid progress has been made with the harvest. While rain is still needed there have been showers in many districts and conditions generally are considered favorable. In the Maritime Provinces the crop outlook has been greatly improved by generous rains. In British Columbia the weather continues dry and hot and pasturage and grain crops are suffering. Apples promise well. Other fruit somewhat under average. Details follow:

PRAIRIE PROVINCES

Alberta Western Area. In the north conditions remain satisfactory and fair crops are expected. In the centre showers and cooler weather will help green feed and flint wheat on summer fallow and breaking from which a light yield is expected. In the south average crop are expected. Hay on irrigated land and sugar beets are satisfactory. Alberta, northern area. Further damage has been done by heat, and crops generally are a failure except for a small yield of wheat on summer fallow and breaking. A feed shortage is feared in some localities. Alberta, southeastern area. A light yield of wheat is expected from summer fallow and breaking but all other crops are practically failures. Saskatchewan, northern area. Crops are ripening fast and although dry weather continues, wheat on summer fallow and well tilled land is filling fairly satisfactorily. Saskatchewan, southern area. Summer fallow wheat is filling fairly well considering conditions. Rain now would be too late to benefit other than fodder crops. Manitoba. Fairly general rains and low temperature have somewhat improved crop prospects. Early sown grains on summer fallow and breaking, although short, are well filled and ready for cutting whilst later crops have improved from more favorable weather conditions. Barley will be a fair yield but oats are poor.



"Poker Hands" for Cigar Smokers

THE pocket pack of five Stonewall Jackson enables cigar smokers to share in the valuable presents which are exchanged free for complete sets of "Poker Hands".

STONEWALL JACKSON CIGARS

Pocket Pack of Five for 25c

Preparing Pullets For The Laying Contest

(J. H. McConnell, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Ont.)

Much depends upon every step in the process of brooding and rearing whether the chick will eventually develop into a profitable layer.

Sanitary surroundings, simplicity in feeding, constant care, and regular attention especially during the mid-summer months are essential factors to be considered if satisfactory maturity is to be realized. Under-developed or under-nourished pullets cannot be expected to do well when they enter the contest on November 1.

Selection. During early September begin selecting, keeping in mind that a bird's pedigree is very important. Provide a clean bright, comfortable house, equipped with trap-nests. A small, grassy yard should adjoin the building. This will reduce range conditions gradually.

If 12 pullets are required for the Contest pen it is good policy to select four times that number, mostly of the medium early maturing pullets, typical of the breed and free from standard disqualifications. The late maturing pullets from any hatch should not be considered as they are generally low in vitality, while the extra early maturing pullets from late hatches are generally extra good.

layers, but are usually under developed and consequently will produce small eggs. The purpose of the Laying Contest is to stimulate interest in the breeding of birds for egg production and large eggs, and to provide a medium of qualification for registration. As a result of a survey principally of the Single Comb White Leghorns in the Canadian Contest, it was found that birds well up to standard weight produced the most as well as the largest eggs. However, a few of the early maturing pullets can be selected which will help to keep the flock contented, and promote a gradual acquaintance with the traps and the owner.

Elimination. Every available moment should be spent with the selected flock, talking to the birds, studying their habits and eliminating the undesirable. When an alert, friendly bird, interested in its surroundings always eating or looking for something to consume, is noticed catch and leg band her, for such a bird will generally give a good account of herself. Be gentle and handle the birds with care as many a good bird's chances of heavy production are handicapped through rough handling.

Feeding. Give the pullets plenty of dry mash, grit and oyster shell in self feeding hoppers; clean water; scratch grain; feed sparingly in deep clean litter morning and late afternoon, this encourages exercise; and a regular supply of green feed such as kale, lettuce, cabbage, mangels, or finely cut clover or alfalfa.

Keep a sharp lookout for lice and mites, particularly the latter. Final Selection. It is advisable to gradually work in the rations as used at the Canadian National Egg Laying Contests which are as follows:—Scratch grain; equal parts by weight of the very best quality of each of wheat, cracked corn and oats. Dry mash—equal parts by weight of bran, corn-meal and ground oats, 12 per cent beef meal, 5 per cent ground charcoal, 1 per cent cod liver oil, and 1 per cent fine table salt.

About October 10th, confine the remaining pullets which showed not more than half of the original selection. Do not give up selection at this stage, especially for head-points, body conformation, style, ambition, and friendliness, until the 12 desirable birds are cooped in a comfortable crate ready for shipment.

Conclusion. Ever keep in mind that good breeding and good management go hand in hand, and the essential of good management of that which is a much desired by the Laying Contest Management, Healthy Stock.

Write to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, for a copy of Bulletin No. 104, "Report of the 7th, and 8th, Annual Canadian National Egg Laying Contest." It is free.

STAMPEDE

AT SUMMERSIDE Driving Park

AUGUST—13—17

180—HEAD WILD BRONCHOS STEERS—180
CHAMPION COWBOYS FROM ALL PARTS OF CANADA AND U.S.A.

TRICK RIDING WAGON RACES ROPE SPINNING RELAY RACES

WILD HORSE RACES EACH DAY COWBOYS RIDING ON UNTAMED BRONCHOS.

STEER DECORATING—CALF LASSING WILD COW MILKING CONTEST.

CHANGE OF PROGRAM EACH SHOW. ROMAN STANDING RACING.

TWO SHOWS DAILY—1-3 7:30-9:30

GENERAL ADMISSION 75c SEASON TICKETS \$4.00

SPONSORED BY THE SUMMERSIDE GOLF CLUB.

Announcement

The management of Aluminum Park Subdivision wishes to announce the opening of their branch office in Summerside.

Aluminum Park Subdivision is a restricted development adjacent to the \$375,000,000 industrial city, Arvida, and offers an exceptional opportunity for investment.

Mr. E. M. Gallant, Mgr. assisted by Miss Bryden from the home office, will be in charge.

Your inquiry is solicited; come in and get acquainted. Telephone or write for literature.

... Aluminum Park Subdivision ...
Water Street, Summerside Opposite C.N.R. Depot,
Telephone 202-1

DR. J. P. MILLAR
DENTAL SURGEON
HOURS—9 to 12:30
5 to 7:30
Corner Queen and Richmond