

A Man is Judged

by the company he keeps—a store by the quality of its goods. We carry only the best.

Got a bad cold? Feels like a heavy load on your chest? Coughing too?

Get a bottle of our Comp. Syrup of White Pine and Tar. It's surprising how quickly it gives relief. Those who have used it once come back for it again and again—25c a bottle.

E. A. Foster
Central Drugstore
Sunnyside



Thanking you for your patronage for the past year, and assuring you that you will always be certain of securing the highest quality and of paying the lowest possible prices if you stop here during 1914.

F. S. Mitchell

RAYNER INTERNATIONAL FUR COMPANY, LTD.

In this issue will be found a full page advertisement of the Rayner International Fur Company Limited. As explained in the advertisement this company is a consolidation of the home ranch interests of Mr. B. I. Rayner, one of the pioneers of the fox breeding business, and also one of the fox kings of the province. The name Rayner is alone a sufficient guarantee of the bona fides of any fox breeding proposition with which it is associated. In this case his strength is multiplied by having associated with him a number of gentlemen whose names are known throughout the province and who may be depended upon to push the business to a successful issue. The capitalization of the company is \$250,000 with a par value of \$100 per share. A perusal of this advertisement will repay prospective investors.

CLERGYMEN KILLED

(Canadian Press.)
FIVE clergymen were killed by a bomb explosion today in the office of Bishop Miklesy, Prelate of the Greek Catholic Church. The Bishop, who is supposed to be the object of the outrage, had a narrow escape. The victims include the Bishop's Vicar whose daughter, on hearing of her father's death, became insane. The creation of a Greek Catholic Bishopric a year ago provoked much hostility.

The Double Work of the Blood

The circulation of the blood is one of the most perfect pieces of mechanism in the universe. Besides carrying nourishment to every part of the body, the blood collects the waste products and passes through the kidneys in order that these poisons may be eliminated. Hence you see the tremendous importance of keeping the kidneys in healthful working order so that they free the blood of these impurities before they find lodgment in some weak spot and set up serious disease. Aching back and aching head, troubles with the digestion, deposits in the urine, constipation and biliousness—such are the symptoms which indicate the need of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The liver is awakened to action, the bowels regulated, and the kidneys made vigorous in their work of purifying the blood. In the great majority of homes Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are kept at hand for use in just such cases. They save many doctor bills, and by keeping the digestive and excretory systems in health do much to prolong life and bring comfort in old

PROHIBITION CASE

(Continued from page 1)

sequences. The Doctor replied to him: "Mr. Marshall, I am as strongly opposed to it as you are, but in this case it is absolutely necessary." Witness answered that his daughter was old enough to decide for herself and if she desired it she could use her own judgment in the matter. It was in those circumstances that the liquor was procured. Mr. Marshall added that his daughter died three months later.

Witness was not further examined. The next witness called was Mr. R. C. Goff.

"Did you ever," asked Mr. Johnston, "by yourself or any other person, directly or indirectly, purchase intoxicating liquor in the premises known as Two Macs without a certificate?"

"No; as far as I remember I have never bought any for myself. I will say no to that on my oath."

"Did you buy any liquor within the last twelve months?"

"No, I will go further and say that I have not bought any within the last eighteen months, but I won't go further. (Laughter.) I have never bought any liquor for myself as a drug or medicine during that time, I am certain that I did not buy any as a beverage."

Mr. J. K. Ross was next called. Counsel addressed to him the same question which had been asked the previous witness. Mr. Ross frigidly declined to answer the question, "I will not answer any question," he said, "that does not bear on the case."

His Honour upheld his declaration and Mr. Johnston sat down. Mr. Johnston said that he had another witness, Ms. Schurman.

His Honour (interrupting) Have you no idea that Mr. Schurman, by newspaper report, is in Bermuda? There is no use adjourning the case for his evidence.

Counsel for the defence did not address the Court. The defendant was convicted and fined the sum attached to a first offence, namely \$100.

Mr. Bentley rose to address the Magistrate on "the methods" which had been adopted by his friend when cross-examining the witnesses for the defence. He said that he complimented Mr. Johnston on the class of witnesses he had summoned to give evidence for him at the eleventh hour. But he would submit to His Honour that the evidence which these gentlemen, the Rev. Mr. Marshall and Messrs Goff and Ross, had given, was absolutely nothing to do with the case and they should never have been put on the stand. He might have objected to the questions which Mr. Johnston had asked, but he did not see fit to do so because his friend would simply have tried to make capital out of it; he might have said they were afraid to answer his questions. But the witnesses referred to had given their testimony unhesitatingly and in a perfectly straightforward manner.

His Honour interrupted Mr. Bentley: "I have already found the defendant guilty, Mr. Bentley," he said.

Mr. Johnston said he could not pass uncommented on Mr. Bentley's remarks. He said, talked about methods adopted by Mr. Bentley, he thought, was the legal adviser to these gentlemen, and the evidence disclosed the fact that two men had been imported into this country with instructions to go to one or two stores in the town, but with instructions to interfere with no other persons. Sixteen cases, he said, had been allowed, under Mr. Bentley's directions, to be abandoned; and for the purpose of getting at Mr. MacDonald, against whom apparently all their venom was directed, the defendant had been sought out and prosecuted. He thought that this would recall on Mr. Bentley. "They wanted fair play in the matter, and he thought that persons should be prosecuted indiscriminately."

His Honour asked Mr. Bentley to give him an estimate of the costs. Counsel applied for costs for the two detectives from the time they left Montreal; but His Honour declined to entertain this application. He stated that he would have granted costs to the extent claimed if the detectives had procured any of their evidence in Montreal. But they had come to the island to get that evidence and he certainly thought that costs should be confined to their movements in the island.

Mr. Bentley argued that two witnesses had come from Vancouver or Triuro or any other place outside of their home it would then have been unreasonable to claim costs from those places. But they had come from their own homes, and he submitted that they were entitled to costs from that point.

His Honour, however, did not grant the application; he held that no evidence had been got in Montreal and that place could not be taken into account in the consideration of costs. He allowed mileage to the detectives from Georgetown to Charlottetown, a distance of forty-six miles.

George MacDonald was then charged on a second offence, the commission of which was alleged to have taken place on the 2nd, January, Defendant was unrepresented in this case.

Mr. Bentley intimated to His Honour that there was a mistake, which was purely clerical, in the charge, which read "January 2, 1913" instead of "January 3, 1914," and he asked that it be allowed to be amended. He quoted His Honour certain authorities in support of his claim. The Magistrate said the error was entirely inadvertent but that he did not know whether he had the power to grant the amendment then. He would take the evidence for the prosecution first.

Valde then went on the stand. He said he went into the defendant's

store on the 2nd of January, 1914, at 11.30 a. m. Elrod was with him. He bought a bottle of rum for which he paid \$1. It was sold to him by the clerk. The liquor was taken to the hotel and he and his friend had a drink from it.

Elrod corroborated, adding that he put his initials on the bottom of the bottle.

This was all the evidence for the prosecution.

In the matter of the amendment of the charge Mr. Bentley referred to His Honour to the cases in which an amendment had been granted. His Honour allowed the amendment and postponed the case to Friday.

THE CANADIAN DEFENCE LEAGUE

(Continued from page 1)

Your commanding officers were to expose you, in your ignorance, to the arms of trained enemies. I come to you to-night with a message of Defence, because the Canadian Defence League, which I have the honour to represent, and which includes in its membership many of the most prominent citizens of this Dominion, are agreed that it is one of the fundamental duties of citizenship. There is, however, a division of opinion on the question in this country, as to the opinion, so that the violators may be represented as the neutrals. The question ever rising in the minds of the two latter parties, that they inherently recognize the truth of my opening statement, for they are constantly asking, "who threatens?" I tell you candidly that I do not know; that I do not even suspect anyone. But I draw attention to the fact that if you would go to the defence of your country, in the face of a threatening and visible foe, you would not, I am sure, do so for any mere desire to wound or kill a fellow man. Now, I ask you, if it be a duty in the face of danger, does it cease to be a duty because the danger is not immediately in view? I pity the man who is opposed to, and opposes military training, but who says that an invading foe crossed the boundary he would be the first volunteer and shoulder his musket. These always say, "shoulder his musket," probably because loading is slow, and the recoil would quickly lay the user low. I am convinced that the impelling motive in this case would be to kill in anger, because he is refused to ward off danger, because his business, his comfort, and his pleasure were being interfered with, and because the event was a reflection on his prudence, his foresight, and his patriotism.

After all the absence of known danger has very little to do with the duty of preparedness. Take the matter of Police protection; would any of you go to the police commissioner and ask "who threatens?" If you did they would probably tell you that the general good of the whole community demands that, because of the teachings of experience, preparations for police protection should be made and continuously maintained.

Suppose a community, a commercial community, should say that because there were no thieves or murders in sight; they would make it a law that whenever such appeared, the whole people should turn out and repeat the invader. Wouldn't that be primitive? Worse, it would fail of its object. Whilst the defence force was being mobilized the marauders would get away safely. Law-breakers do not serve not to be in advance. They do not march in bodily. A thief comes in the night. Arries at it precisely the same way, and just in the same connection, wouldn't that be a silly proposition, seriously made; and as a matter of fact it has been on our statute books, the law of the land, these more than forty years.

At the conclusion of the lecture the Chairman called on any members of the audience to say something. Dr. Fullerton said that as it was rather late he would simply move a vote of thanks to Mr. Elliott for having given what was undoubtedly one of the best pieces of oratory ever heard in Charlottetown. Mr. A. B. Warburton warmly seconded the Doctor's motion, which was also supported by the Superintendent of Education. A hearty vote of thanks was then accorded Mr. Elliott, who suitably replied, after which the National Anthem was sung.

To give you a beautiful, healthy skin, free from blotches and wrinkles, it would be difficult to find a better aid than frequent applications of that daintily fragrant skin cleanser, Rexall Cold Cream. Ever ingredient used in its manufacture is the best obtainable and it positively will not turn rancid with use. Price 25c. The MacKinnon Drug Co., Corner Great George and Kent Streets.

It stands the Test of Time
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
IN USE 103 YEARS
for the relief of aches, pains, swellings, burns, cuts, rheumatism, bowel troubles, Piles, internal and external use.
25c and 50c each bottle
J. B. JOHNSON & CO., Ltd.
London, England

Don't go around with that tired, worn-out, down-hearted feeling. If you are constipated, bilious or have a sour, gassy, upset stomach, sick headaches, weak kidneys or sluggish liver, use it so that you cleanse your system of undigested food, foul gases, excess bile and uric acid, by the use of the great fruit tonic laxative.

FIG PILLS
and you will be free from headaches, neuralgia, rheumatism, lame back, indigestion, and all the distressing forms of sickness usually caused by constipation and kidney trouble. FIG PILLS do not gripe or sicken, but give a natural movement of the bowels. Refuse all substitutes. At all dealers in 25 and 50 cent boxes or by mail from The Fig Pill Co., St. Thomas, Ont. Sold at Geo. E. Hughes Drug Store.

NO HOSPITAL FOR MR. LAWLER

HE TOOK GIN PILLS

If you ever hear anyone say that Rheumatism can't be cured, ask them if they have ever tried GIN PILLS. Or ask them to write us for proof that GIN PILLS have cured hundreds and hundreds of cases of Rheumatism; Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back and other troubles caused by weak Kidneys or Bladder.

Rheumatism can be cured—is being cured every day—by GIN PILLS. Here is the best kind of proof.

OCEAN, N.S.
"I have been troubled with Rheumatism so bad that I could not work. A doctor tended me and told me to go to the hospital but all to no good until a friend told me to try GIN PILLS. I did so and after taking a few boxes, I am perfectly well." D. J. LAWLER.

Take GIN PILLS on our positive guarantee that they will cure you or money refunded. 50c a box—6 for \$2.50. Order from us if your dealer cannot supply them. Sample box free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 171

SPORTING NEWS

CHESS TOURNAMENT

The sixth meeting of the Charlottetown Chess Club Tournament took place at the Dalton offices on Saturday night. The attendance was not as large as usual because some of the stalwarts either showed the white feather or they were oiling up the joints of the poetic horse to keep him from squeaking. Tanton was here, however, in his usual good form and he wended his way home carrying several more scalps with him. He is quite Napoleon in his practice and gets off several Tantonian attacks each night. There are now several Wellingtons in training who are looking forward to give him his Waterloo by and by. Madam De Staal's criticism of that great General applies to him when he meets an opponent who does not give him a Tantonian opportunity then comes the chess limbo for him.

Following are the results complete to Saturday night:

	WINS.	LOSSES
Tanton	13	—
Woodman	7 1/2	—
Worthy	4 1/2	—
Ross	5	—
Louison	4	—
Mitch	4	—
May	3	—
Lundie	3	—
Gardner	3	—
McRae	2	—
LoVe	0	—

CURLING

A most enthusiastic and interesting game took place yesterday afternoon at the Curling Rink which resulted as follows:

	WINS.	LOSSES
A. B. Cosh	3	—
J. J. Hornby	2	—
D. A. McKinnon	2	—
R. Pethick	2	—
Skip 12	—	—
G. D. Wright	—	1
R. E. Spillet	—	2
Prof. Watkins	—	4
J. B. McDonald	—	3
Skip 7	—	—

THE WEATHER.
THE TEMPERATURE.
T. D. E. MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, Feb. 24.—Fresh north-west winds, fine and decidedly cold.

THE WEATHER.—The weather yesterday was practically the same as during the last part of the past week, the temperature varying from above to below zero. The day was marked by bright sunshining.

Two degrees below zero was the lowest temperature recorded yesterday, and this was at nine p. m. At nine a. m. it was eight above, the same as the lowest on the previous night. The highest recorded yesterday was ten degrees above.

The tide will be high this morning at 11.12 and tomorrow at 11.43; it will be high tonight at 10.37 and tomorrow at 11.24.

The sun sets this afternoon at 5.40 and tomorrow at 6.42; it rises tomorrow morning at 6.45 and Thursday at 6.49.

The moon sets this afternoon at 8.36.

The last quarter of the moon was on Tuesday, Feb. 17th, at 5.23 a. m. There will be a new moon on Tuesday, Feb. 24th, at 5.02 p. m.

Beer & Weeks

A Big Pile of Remnants go on sale this morning

Remnants of all kinds—Cottons, Linens, Sheetings, Furniture Coverings, Muslins, Curtainings, Cretannes.

All prices cut for quick selling

Every remnant is offered at a small fraction of its actual value—every piece is a real bargain. Come early today—and secure first choice.

THE DISCUSSION ON REPRESENTATION QUESTION

(Continued from page 1)

that hon. gentleman thinking it necessary to read to the House the whole of a very excellent speech which he delivered in 1903—I beg to say to him that it is not by any means my desire to misrepresent him, and I am perfectly willing to leave his speech and my observations to the judgment of the members of the House. The hon. gentleman may have one opinion in regard to his observations and I may have another, but I can assure him that my opinion is as sincerely held by him. I do not know of one argument that has ever been raised against the claims of Prince Edward Island which was not embodied in the speech of my hon. friend (Mr. J. Hughes) in 1903. If he is able to state now one single argument ever put forward against the claims of his province which he did not put forward in that speech, I will yield the floor to him and let him state what it is. That his province was debarred by reason of acquiescence, he emphasized over and over again.

MR. J. J. HUGHES: Did I make one statement that was not correct, according to the British North America Act?

MR. BORDEN: I stated that my hon. friend had argued against the contention of Mr. Hackett, and I said he had argued strongly against it. The hon. gentleman himself will not deny that he argued against the contention of Mr. Hackett, and if I do him the compliment to say he argued strongly, surely he ought not to find fault with it.

MR. J. J. HUGHES: Will the right hon. gentleman say that I made one statement contrary to the proper interpretation of the British North America Act?

MR. BORDEN: My hon. friend did not confine himself to the British North America Act; he put forward the theory of acquiescence. He said Prince Edward Island could not make any claim now because of acquiescence, and the concluding part of his speech he said that Prince Edward Island could not raise its claim now because of the lapse of time. Further, he put aside the contention which had been raised then, and is still raised, that there had been an actual mistake as between the two parties in 1873, and he declared that the resultant condition was due simply to the fact that the gentlemen who represented Prince Edward Island on that occasion were guilty of an oversight. He did not contend that there had been a mistake, but that there had been neglect and forgetfulness. Under the circumstances, I do not know how I could have criticized the observations of my hon. friend, if I alluded to them at all, except as I have done. My hon. friend certainly argued against Mr. Hackett; he will not deny that, and I thought he argued strongly against Mr. Hackett; but if he desires me to withdraw that, and to say that he tried to argue strongly but argued weakly, I will let the matter go at that.

My right hon. friend the leader of the Opposition has referred to the number of the committee, and has made an appeal to us to increase the number from seven to nine. Hon. gentlemen on the opposite side were content, and we were content in 1903, to have a committee of only seven. The argument is put forward that since such as there are nine provinces now, the committee should consist of nine, there having been only seven provinces in 1903 and seven members on the committee. Perhaps hon. members who have not looked at the record will be a little surprised to learn that although there were seven provinces in 1903, only three of those seven provinces were represented on that committee. Ontario had three members: Mr. Sutherland, Mr. Hyman and Mr. Haggart; Quebec had two members: Mr. Fitzpatrick and Mr. Monk; the Maritime Provinces had one member; myself; and the Northwest Territories had one member: Mr. Davis. The provinces of British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island were not represented at all on that committee. If we are going to have every province in Canada represented

on both sides it would involve a committee of 18 or twenty members, and I do not suppose anything like that is suggested.

I am disposed to give the subject every consideration, although I think my right hon. friend the leader of the Opposition will agree with me on reflection that for the purposes of a conference, as it is called, of this committee, the smaller the number of its members, within reasonable limits, the better. That is my idea, and for that reason I acquiesced in the proposal of the right hon. gentleman in 1903. Still, when such a suggestion is made by our friends on the other side, it ought not to be lightly dismissed, and for that reason I will not give a definite reply tonight, but at the conclusion of my observations I will move the adjournment of the debate in order that I may on Thursday of Friday next—in the meantime having conferred with my hon. friend and possibly some other gentlemen on the other side of the House—be able to say whether a committee of seven members or nine members is really most likely to be the more effective. It is my desire, as far as may be reasonably possible to meet the wishes of hon. gentlemen opposite in this matter. What I have

said is only with the view of pointing out that there was no attempt in 1903 to represent the various provinces of Canada on that committee. The only object which governed the constitution of the committee in 1903, was to have four members from one side of the House and three members from the other side, who would be able, conferring with each other, to present views which would represent the opinions of the two sides of the House in regard to matters of a possibly controversial character, and to endeavour, by reasonable compromise, to reach an agreement, if possible. If that was the object in 1903, I cannot at the moment see the advantage of increasing the committee from seven to nine members.

I was cured of Rheumatic Gout by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Halifax. ANDREW KING.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. LT.-COL. C. CREW READ. Sussex.

I was cured of Acute Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Markham, Ont. C. S. BILLING. @ Lakefield, Que., Oct. 9, 1907.

This New Medicine Saves You Money

We are druggists right here in your town and make a living out of the drug business, but it is because people have to have drugs and not because we like to see people suffer, we don't. Our duty is to render the best service we can, and when someone is ailing, we are interested in seeing them take the best medicine there is for their particular trouble. We don't recommend "cure-alls," we don't believe there are such things as "cure-alls," and you should get the most you can for your money.

We recently came across a new remedy for increasing strength and building up people who are run-down and emaciated. We know that a slight trouble sometimes grows into a serious one, and to stop it in the beginning, will save you money in the end. This new compound is called Rexall's Olive Oil Emulsion. It is the best remedy, when you are run-down, fatigued, nervous—no matter what the cause. It doesn't merely stimulate you and make you feel good for a few hours, but takes hold of the weakness and builds you up to a healthy, normal condition. It is a real nerve-tonic and builder of good blood, strong muscle, good digestion. It contains Hypophosphites, which tone the nerves, and pure Olive Oil, which nourishes the nerves, the blood, and the entire system. Pleasant to take. Contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. We promise that if you are not perfectly satisfied with it, we'll give back your money as soon as you tell us. Sold only at the 7,000 Rexall Stores, and in this town only by us, \$1.00.—McKinnon Drug Co.

How To Prevent Acid Stomachs and Food Fermentation

As a specialist who has spent many years in the study and treatment of stomach troubles, I have been forced to the conclusion that most people who complain of stomach trouble possess stomachs that are absolutely healthy and normal. The real trouble that which causes all the pain and difficulty, is acid in the stomach, usually due to, or aggravated by, food fermentation. Acid irritates the delicate lining of the stomach and food fermentation causes wind which distends the stomach abnormally, causing that full bloated feeling. This both acid and fermentation interfere with and retard the process of digestion. The stomach is usually healthy and normal, but irritated almost past endurance by these foreign elements—acid and wind. In all such cases—and they comprise over 90 per cent. of all stomach difficulties—the first and only step necessary is to neutralize the acid and stop the fermentation by taking in a little warm or cold water immediately after eating, from one to two teaspoonfuls of bisulphated magnesia, which is doubtless the best and only really effective antacid and food corrective known. The acid will be neutralized and the fermentation stopped almost instantly, and your stomach will at once proceed to digest the food in a healthy, normal manner. Be sure to ask your chemist for the bisulphated magnesia, as I have found other forms utterly lacking in its peculiarly valuable properties. F. J. G.

For Sale

1st option on 2 pairs pure Silver black Class A. Foxes. 1st. option on one pair Class B. Stock. One extra good patch female. One pair patches 75 p. c. Black. One registered Clydesdale stallion 5 years old Registry No. 12658. All red foxes, Mink, Martin, Fisher and shares in reliable Companies.

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