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GOVERNMENT MAJORITY IS NOW SIXTY-EIGHT

Hon. Frank Oliver Buried in Edmonton by Adverse Vote of 2,700—Soldiers Vote Strongly Against Sir Wilfrid Laurier Who Was Decisively Defeated in Ottawa—The Yukon in Doubt and Nelson, Manitoba, is Yet to Vote.

OTTAWA, March 4.—Returns of soldiers vote taken in England for Ontario and Alberta received at noon today by W. F. O'Connor, general returning officer, complete the election results. Leaving the Yukon in regard to which there is a dispute over the soldiers vote and Nelson, Man., where the election is deferred out of consideration, the government now has a majority of 68. Today's figures for Ontario put South Perth and Nipissing counties in the government column. Harold, Liberal Unionist, has been elected for Brant over Cockshutt, the straight Conservative. There are no changes recorded for Alberta, White, the successful Liberal candidate winning out by a considerable margin.

In South Renfrew, Pedlow, Liberal, holds the seat by a majority of 61.

Hon. Mr. Oliver Buried.

Hon. Frank Oliver has been defeated in West Edmonton by a majority of about 2,700.

In South Perth, Dr. Steele, government, received 118 soldiers' votes in England, giving him a total of 2,700. Forster, his opponent with only three soldiers votes, has a total of 2,713. Harrison, the government candidate in Nipissing, with 408 soldiers votes, has a total of 6,411. Lapierre, his opponent with only fifty, has 6,367, a minority of 44.

Martin's total in South Renfrew with 247 soldiers votes is 3,183, while Pedlow, his Liberal opponent, with 26 overseas votes, has 3,244 to his credit. Harold, in Brant, received 249 soldiers votes in England, making his total 3,107. Cockshutt with four soldiers votes, has fallen behind with a total of 2,923.

RUSSIANS BOW THE KNEE TO THE TEUTONIC ALLIES

Bolsheviki Sign Formal Peace Yielding All German Demands

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 5.—War between Russia and Germany is at an end. Regions west of a line to be defined later, formerly belonging to Russia, are to be handed over to the Central Powers; the Anatolian Provinces are to be evacuated and Erivan, Kars and Batoum are to become Turkish possessions. Russia's army is to be completely demobilized; Russia's warships are to be transferred to harbors. Mines are to be removed from the Baltic and Black sea, and commercial shipping to be resumed.

Russia has bowed to the Teutonic Allies. The Bolsheviki commissioners sent to Brest-Litovsk have signed the treaty of peace presented by the Germans, according to an official statement from Berlin, which adds

that military movements in Great Russia have ceased.

It was reported on Saturday by the Bolsheviki commissioners that they were about to sign the treaty. This report was telegraphed to Lenin and Trotsky, after the delegates sent to Brest-Litovsk had met the German emissaries. There is little information available as to the details of the meeting between the peace delegations but the Bolsheviki said they realized that any further delay would mean more onerous conditions and they would sign the treaty without further discussion.

Russia lost by the delay that ensued when Trotsky announced that the war, so far as Russia was concerned, had ended, but refused to sign the formal treaty. In the interval between the breaking up of the first

Brest-Litovsk meeting and the one held late last week, the Central Powers added materially to the demands which were outlined when the now famous "Hoffman line" was drawn by the commander of the German forces on the eastern front.

Turkey was the beneficiary of these changes in the peace terms. The new demands included that Russia relinquish the regions of Batoum, Kars and Karabagh (Karabagh) to the Turks. These regions are in Transcaucasia and mark a considerable addition to the sultan's dominions in that section of the world. The doctrine of the rights of peoples to self-determination was the pretext upon which the new terms were added to the treaty. It is probable that the Bolsheviki' delegation acceded to the new demands.

ALL OFFICERS OF THE 5TH DIVISION TO GO TO FRANCE

Will Get a Chance There to Show What They're Able to Do. General Currie Has a New Plan to Help.

LONDON, March 4.—Measures are maturing to modify the considerable hardship the changed plans for the 5th Canadian Division have inflicted upon individual senior officers of infantry and pioneer battalions. It was at first arranged that 52 senior officers from the division be allowed to join the corps, not ranking higher than the captain, one to go to each battalion in the field as supernumeraries and that officers who had already served at the front be allowed to rejoin with the same rank as they had previously held in the corps.

Other officers, numbering 100, were at first given apparently no choice save to revert in rank to lieutenant for service at the front or return to Canada.

Receive Them All.

It was obviously impossible for many old officers to join fresh battalions as junior subalterns. General Currie has, however, offered to receive all officers from the 5th division into the corps, commanding officers taking rank as majors, and majors as captains. These ranking first as supernumeraries, will be absorbed into the regular strength of the battalion immediately vacancies arise.

Arrangements have also been made that three sergeants and four other non-commissioned officers out of each hundred men be transferred to the corps battalions with rank for sixty days, giving officers there the opportunity of serving if they are suitable for permanent retention in their ranks with them.

These measures will alleviate what at one time seemed a very grave hardship and injustice to a large number of good officers.

First Time in History.

The break-up of the division, the first time, I believe, such a thing

has occurred in the British Army, necessarily causes much disappointment and loss. The fifth was very proud of its record. It has been brought to a notable degree of efficiency, high Imperial officers declaring it among the best trained and disciplined they had ever seen. The standard and conduct of the men were very high, with a notable absence of drunkenness and serious disease. It led the way in the higher education of its men, the Khaki College at Willey with 1,400 students being a model for other sections of the Imperial and Dominion troops.

There was a constant weeding out of officers of all ranks during the year's training. In order to ensure the utmost efficiency and esprit de corps, this division was remarkable for keen officers and men.

Much Disappointed.

The fifth, while naturally bitterly disappointed at the decision of the authorities, accept their fate in a soldierly spirit. "I'm going to the front if I have to go as a private in the ranks," declared one Toronto commanding officer to me. This is typical of the spirit. All they ask is an opportunity to administer their qualities. This, General Currie, by the special measure he has taken, is providing them.

There is a serious fault in the Canadian military system which inflicts such injustice upon good soldiers. The Imperial army organization, which makes the regiment, not the battalion, the unit, provides against it. Canada has lost the service of a great number of good officers by the previous breaking up of battalions, sending them back to the Dominion with a stronger feeling of resentment. High authorities here dismiss the matter with the aphorism that war means hardship for individuals. But unnecessarily hard treatment does not promote the best spirit in the army.

GRAND RECEPTION TO REV. DR. FULLERTON

In Celebration of His Completion of Twenty-five Years of Pastorate in St. James' Church is Presented with Addresses and Valuable Gifts by Presbytery and Congregation.

Last night witnessed a unique and historic event in St. James Hall when the Presbytery of Prince Edward Island and the congregation of St. James united in celebrating the silver jubilee of the pastorate of Rev. Dr. Fullerton. There was a large attendance. Col. D. Stewart presided and with him on the platform were Rev. Canon Simpson, Rev. T. W. Murphy, Rev. J. D. McKenzie, Ensign Condie and a number of the members of the Presbytery.

After a few introductory remarks by the chairman and a piano solo by Prof. Watkins, Rev. Mr. Greenlees on behalf of the Presbytery gave an excellent congratulatory address expressing in eulogistic terms the Presbytery's appreciation of Dr. Fullerton's services as a member of that body, and his strenuous and continuous labours in connection with the upbuilding of the church at large in the province. He congratulated the congregation on the successful ministry of the past twenty-five years and read a number of letters from members of the Synod and other clergymen in different

parts of Canada extending congratulations both to Dr. Fullerton and the congregation on the long and successful pastorate they had enjoyed. Mr. Greenlees concluded by reading an address from the Presbytery accompanied by a handsome gold lined silver rosebowl. After a splendidly rendered solo by Prof. Hinton, Col. Stewart read the address on behalf of the congregation accompanying it with a purse of \$250. This was followed by addresses by Rev. Captain Marth, Rev. J. D. McKenzie, Canon Simpson, Rev. T. W. Murphy and Rev. Mr. Emery, replied to in a magnificent address by Rev. Dr. Fullerton.

The addresses were pleasantly interspersed by a musical and literary program, Prof. Hinton Mr. E. Saunders and Miss M. Smith contributing solos. Mr. Dawson a violin solo. Mrs. Stewart sang an excellently rendered reading, "The Good Samaritan" in broad Scotch, a reading by Miss Edna Gordon, also enjoyably rendered. A fuller report of this historic and pleasing event will appear tomorrow.

INVITING BRYAN TO TORONTO WAS A GRAVE MISTAKE

Results in a Serious Split in the Ranks of Dominion Alliance. Returned Soldiers Had a Fire Hose Too.

TORONTO, March 4.—William Jennings Bryan left Toronto for Detroit about two hours after his ineffectual efforts to subdue with his oratorical demonstration minority at the big Massey Hall prohibition meeting. Mr. Bryan had nothing to add to his statement made to the reporters during the hubbub of the meeting.

Cleavage Among Alliance.

Nearly everybody in Toronto agrees, of course, that Mr. Bryan's visit here at this time was a mistake. There is said to be a serious chasm in the executive of the Ontario branch of the Dominion Prohibition Alliance as the result of his being brought here. One paper has a story that but for the intervention of onlookers, Mr. Bryan would have been washed off the platform last night with a fire protection hose in the hands of returned soldiers.

New York Comment.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The evening Sun says editorially: "In the unpleasantness attendant upon his appearance before a Toronto audience last night, former Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan found himself the victim of his own shortsightedness. To the Canadian mind, particularly to the mind of the soldiers who were on their way to France in September 1914, Mr. Bryan was a pro-German. His record as an ardent pacifist could not be overlooked, and to those members of his audience pacifism and pro-Germanism are synonymous. It was a clear case

of the evil that a man does living after him.

All They Remembered.

The fact that Mr. Bryan appeared as an apostle of prohibition, a principle adopted throughout the greater part of Canada, and as the recognized spokesman for 25,000,000 prohibitionists in the United States, also made no difference. All that the young Canadians who had faced the Hun in the trenches of northern France fighting to stem the tide of German aggression until the rest of the North American continent woke up, could remember was that Bryan was a pacifist, consequently an obstructionist and consequently pro-German.

The incident was unfortunate, because Mr. Bryan does not merit the stigma of Pro-Germanism. He was a disciple of pacifism because he honestly believed in a policy of pacifism as a means to an enduring peace. But Mr. Bryan has seen his mistake. The only regret he need carry away from Toronto is that he did not see it sooner.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

**Mr. J. A. Clark will address the farmers in Cornwall Hall, Friday evening 8th, 7.30, subject, "Seeds." 2884-3-6M31pd.

**Judge Stewart will deliver a humorous lecture in Bonshaw Court House on Friday evening March 8th, Patriotic purposes. Admission 10 and 15 cents. 2880-3-6M21.

**Tea and Bazaar in aid of W. M. S. will be held in York Hall Wednesday, March 13. If stormy first fine night following. Admission and tea 25 cents. Programme. 2875pd.

**Pie social and entertainment in Rose Valley Hall on Friday, March 8th. Admission ten and fifteen cents. Ladies with baskets free. 2870pd.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

AUSTRALIAN TROOPS REPULSE ENEMY

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Mar. 5.—Australian troops carried out a successful raid last night against the enemy's position at Warneton, capturing a number of prisoners and two machine guns, says today's war office report. A hostile party which attacked one of our posts in the same neighborhood was repulsed after sharp fighting.

Yesterday afternoon our patrols brought in several prisoners south of St. Quentin.

BRITISH EMBASSY AT PETROGRAD ARRIVES AT HELSINGFORS.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Mar. 5.—The Foreign Office has received news of the safe arrival at Helsingfors of the Staff of the British Embassy to Petrograd.

SEVIGNY AND BLONDIN RETAIN OFFICE

(Special to the Guardian.)

OTTAWA, Mar. 5.—Hon. Albert Sevigny is still Minister of Inland Revenue and Hon. Pierre Blondin, Postmaster-General. This was stated by Sir Robert Borden this morning in reply to a query as to the truth of the Quebec despatch that Mr. Sevigny had resigned. "He is still Minister," stated the Premier.

"Will there be any Cabinet changes before the opening of Parliament?" Sir Robert was asked. "There may be an announcement later," replied Sir Robert. Mr. Sevigny had a conference this morning with the Premier, it is believed he offered his resignation but that the Premier asked him to continue at his desk for the time being.

BRITISH EMBASSY AT PETROGRAD IS PLUNDERED

LONDON, March 4.—The British embassy was plundered by Russian troops in command of a colonel, immediately after the embassy staff left Petrograd, according to a Petrograd despatch received by way of Jusseldorf and Amsterdam.

Another report says that the Russian troops broke into the embassy while the British Charge was still there and ignoring his protest burned some documents and confiscated others. The Charge, it is understood, made a protest to Leon Trotsky, the Bolsheviki foreign minister, who replied that the government would not be held responsible for the charge.

THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TODAY IS THE 1310TH DAY OF CANADA'S PARTICIPATION IN THE WAR.

TORONTO, March 6.—Moderate winds, mostly fair.

The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 22 above. At 9 a. m. it was 9 above. At 9 p. m. it was 17 above. The lowest the previous night was 6 above. The tide will be high this afternoon at 3.09 and tomorrow at 4.11; it will be high tomorrow morning at 5.40 and Friday at 6.49.

The sun sets this evening at 6.12 and tomorrow at 6.13; it rises tomorrow morning at 6.45 and Friday at 6.13.

The moon rises tomorrow morning at 3.05. The last quarter of the moon was on Tuesday March 5th at 7.44 p. m.

There will be a new moon on Tuesday, March 12th at 2.52 p. m.

The length of today will be eleven hours and twenty five minutes.

CANADA'S HEATLESS DAYS ARE OVER

(Special to the Guardian.)

OTTAWA, Mar. 5.—According to a statement here, today would be central Canada's last heatless Monday, and an order would be issued suspending the Fuel Controller's regulation in a day or so.

JAPAN FORMALLY JOINS ENTENTE

(Special to the Guardian.)

WASHINGTON, Mar. 5.—The United States now is in agreement with Japan, Great Britain and the other co-belligerents on the principle of action in Siberia, but the details remain to be worked out. This became known today as the Cabinet met with President Wilson to discuss the subject.

RÉGRETTS UTTERANCES OF DR. NICHOLSON.

QUEBEC, March 1.—Interviewed here this afternoon on the utterances credited to Dr. Nicholson, registrar of McGill, concerning the educational problems of Quebec, Rector Peterson of McGill, who was in Quebec City today, at the regular sitting of the Protestant Committee of the Public Instruction Commission, said he did not believe the report sent yesterday from Montreal on Mr. Nicholson's utterances could be correct. He said he would rather wait an official report of what was said before he would make any statement.

Mr. Peterson, however, said that as far as the story printed today went, Mr. Nicholson spoke only of his own private individual capacity, and that so McGill was in no wise responsible.

M. Bullock, M.P.A. for Sheffield, questioned here today on the alleged statement of Dr. Nicholson, said he hoped the story published was not the exact quotation of what Dr. Nicholson said.

"If Dr. Nicholson really made such statements," continued Mr. Bullock, it is deeply regrettable, especially at a time like this. And such statements are the more to be regretted, since they have been made by a man who is closely related to education in our Province.

TO CLOSE OVERSEAS BRANCH CANADIAN FIELD COMFORTS

LONDON, Mar. 4.—It is rumored that through motives of retrenchment the Canadian military authorities may be compelled to abolish the overseas branch of the Canadian Field Comforts, causing some regret. This department, organized in the early days of the war, mainly by the efforts of two Toronto ladies, Captain Molly Plummer and Lieutenant Joan Arnold, did good work at Folkestone in unpacking cases of food, clothing, etc., sent from various Canadian branches of the association, and locating the addresses, re-packing and forwarding them to the trenches and various English camps and hospitals. It is understood that it is proposed to have this done at Montreal. The abolition, which will release some soldiers employed to assist at the comforts depot, will also likely mean the return to Canada of Captain Plummer and half a dozen other Canadian lady officers. They have been handling large shipments of Christmas parcels sent to all Canadian troops in France and England.

IF CHURCHES WERE TAXED. TORONTO, Mar. 4.—If the city were to secure the permission of the Legislature to tax the total exempted property, governmental, school and church in the city assessed at \$88,037,254, the total taxes at 30 mills would amount to \$2,641,116.

If the church properties, assessed at \$14,075,721, were assessed at 30 mills, the taxes realized would be \$420,371.

CANADIANS MADE SUCCESSFUL RAID

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Mar. 5.—General Currie writes that the Canadian carried out within the last few days two successful stealth raids. Entering the German trenches in one instance in daylight they found no garrison, but captured a machine gun in position. In the second case a German post of eight men were rounded up, the Canadians killing seven and bringing the survivor away as a sample, securing very important identification. The Canadians suffered no losses.

CATCHING UP WITH THE SUBMARINES

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Mar. 5.—Sir Eric Geddes in a statement today on the shipping situation said:

"For some months we believe that we and the Americans have been sinking submarines as fast as they are built."

The trend of the figures of loss of shipping by enemy action was steadily improving, Sir Eric stated. The loss to the world's tonnage during February was little more than half the loss during February of last year, he said.

REMEMBERING THE SOLDIERS

A card containing the following Christmas greetings was sent to each of the 270 prisoners of war adopted by this Province.

HEARTY CHRISTMAS GREETINGS FROM THE OFFICERS OF THE PRISONERS OF WAR FUND, WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR YOUR ADOPTION.

May the Prince of Peace who came to bind up the broken hearted, to proclaim liberty to the captives, and the opening of the prison of them that are bound, give you His blessing on the Festival of His Birth.

(Canon) JAMES SIMPSON, Treasurer, FLORENCE NORTON, Secretary.

The Secretary is receiving many acknowledgments, showing that this little attention was much appreciated by the men.

Corporal Peter McGovern writes "I am very pleased to let you know that I received your Christmas Card. I also tender my very best thanks to you for your kindness." Sergt. B. Wood (Smithport.) "Your card reached me in safety and I must say I am more than pleased with you all at home, who are doing this good work for us prisoners of war. Trusting this awful war will soon be finished I thank you again."

Pte. A. Sperle "Many thanks for Christmas card and good wishes. I am sure all Canadian prisoners of war appreciate your combined and untiring efforts in catering for our comfort here."

George Flewelling "Many thanks for the post card of Christmas greetings. The sentiment was fine. I am very grateful for what has been done for me, and wish the officers of the Fund much pleasure throughout the year."

Pte. P. M. Grant (St. Peters Bay) "Many thanks for your Christmas greetings and for the interest you have taken in my welfare. Kind regards to all who remember me in Charlottetown."

Pte. Thos. Gill, "I am very pleased to say that I have received the card. It is a pleasure for us men to hear from friends who have been so kind to us. I am receiving my parcels in good condition for which I thank

Dissatisfaction With Germany's Plans

AMSTERDAM, March 4.—In Tuesday's debate on Chancellor Von Herting's speech in the German Reichstag Philipp Scheidmann took the Emperor to task for his reply to the address of the Burgomaster of Hamburg, in which the Emperor said:

"We desire to live in friendship with neighboring people, but victory for the German arms must first be recognized."

"We have heard recently," said Scheidmann, "of the speech in which it was said the world must first recognize us as victors. In times when there is talk of peace words from an authoritative source should be very carefully weighed. A great part of the people, whom we represent, do not share the views uttered in that speech, but on the other hand energetically repudiate them."

Herr Scheidmann declared that attempts to conclude a peace on the vest such as that with Russia would prove a trial of strength dangerous for Germany. The world would go to sleep with rifles in hand. Bolsheviki dreams would be realized and world revolution arrive.

"Our military advance against Russia evoked vexation in Austria-Hungary, the majority of whose people are quite hostile to us."

Herr Scheidmann said: "The Imperial Chancellor frankly stated yesterday that he accepted President Wilson's four principles. This declaration is all the more important when one considers that President Wilson emphasized that his principles were accepted everywhere except by the German military and annexationist party. Well, this party, fortunately, is in this country no longer of decisive importance."

Dr. Solf, secretary for the colonies, said that General Smuts demanded East Africa as a connecting link on the road to Egypt and India and had thus set up a sort of Monroe Doctrine for the Southern Hemisphere with the exclusion of the Germans, just as the French had in West Africa.

Dr. Solf said that Germany desired in the interests of prestige of the white race to neutralize all her colonies declaring:

"Our East Africans are holding out, not as General Smuts thinks, because they have been prepared for years for war against Europeans, but because we have succeeded twice in sending them arms and ammunition. Germany's program does not entail military preparation in Africa. Nevertheless Germany cannot make herself defenceless on this account, while others are militarizing."

Mrs. Thos White and Mrs. Dr. Dewar.

Adoptions and contributions are coming in very slowly lately. Whim Road Red Cross and Mrs. H. J. McLeann, Souris, were the only new adoptions last month. Let us remember what these boys are suffering for us and help them out. Write for information to the Treasurer, Canon Simpson, Charlottetown.

Gunner Miar Returns Home

Among the arrivals on the Borden train last evening was a battle scarred artillery veteran—Gunner B. Miar, son of Mr. James Miar, Georgetown.

Gunner Miar enlisted in Charlottetown, July 1915, in the Second Siege Battery, serving at the front for over a year. At the great Somme drive Gunner Miar was wounded in the left leg and still suffers from the effect of the wound.

Later on rejoining his unit he was severely gassed and after extensive treatment in "Blighty" was considered unfit for further military service.

Gunner Miar was greeted at the station by Mr. James Paton, M. L. A., who represented the Provincial Government, and by Mayor Wright, who welcomed him to the city.

After hearty cheers for the returned veteran Gunner Miar was returned by Mayor Wright's splendid pair of greys to the residence of Mr. Henry Williams, Hillsboro St., whose guest he was for the evening.

Gunner Miar leaves this afternoon for his home in Georgetown.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

HEAVY BROWN PAPER FOR sale, excellent for putting under oilcloth or carpets. Apply at The Guardian Office. 732-10-20M1f.

TAKEN BY MISTAKE, A GIRL'S boot and skate from Arena rink. Finder leave at rink and get own property. 2866-3-5M21.

I AM PAYING HIGHEST PRICES for muskrat skins. B. R. Holman, 156 Richmond Street, Charlottetown. 2871-2-21M1f.

WANTED.—TO RENT THREE UN-furnished rooms for family of two. Apply at this office. 2897-2-16M1f.

FARADOR MACHINE TO LET BY week or month. Apply to 224 Euston street. 600-10-12M1f.

TEACHERS NEEDED FOR SASK-atchewan and Alberta Schools. Salaries \$800 to \$1000 per annum. Apply to Canadian Teachers' Agency, Box 14, Regina, Sask. 2847-3-4M1no.

WANTED.—TEN EXPERIENCED cod fishermen accustomed to trawl and hand line fishing, 40 fish each. Spring and summer on the north shore of Prince Edward Island. Motor boats and full equipment provided. For further particulars apply to Portland Packing Co., Charlottetown, P. E. I. 2783-M101

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere