

# Piles No More

Pilo is an ointment made expressly for the treatment of piles for which it is a very effective remedy

## Pilo

allays the inflammation reduces the swelling, relieves the pain and gives relief in a remarkably short time.

Pilo represents a scientific combination based on a full understanding of the nature of the malady for which it is offered as a remedy.

**J. G. Jamieson**  
DRUGGIST

# Watermans Ideal Fountain Pens

for the New Year. Every pen fully guaranteed.

Prices from \$2.50 up.

**G. H. Taylor**  
Jeweller & Optician

### TIDE TABLE

| FEBRUARY.  |     |       |       |
|------------|-----|-------|-------|
| High Water |     |       |       |
| Date       | Day | Time  | Ht    |
| 1          | M.  | 12.14 | 7.3   |
| 2          | Tu. | ..... | ..... |
| 3          | W.  | 0.24  | 8.0   |
| 4          | Th. | 1.10  | 7.9   |
| 5          | F.  | 1.58  | 7.7   |
| 6          | Sa. | 2.52  | 7.4   |
| 7          | S.  | 3.57  | 7.0   |
| 8          | M.  | 5.10  | 6.8   |
| 9          | Tu. | 6.31  | 6.5   |
| 10         | W.  | 7.51  | 6.6   |
| 11         | Th. | 9.00  | 6.8   |
| 12         | F.  | 9.57  | 7.0   |
| 13         | Sa. | 10.46 | 7.2   |
| 14         | S.  | 11.29 | 7.4   |
| 15         | M.  | 12.06 | 7.5   |
| 16         | Tu. | ..... | ..... |
| 17         | W.  | 0.24  | 7.9   |
| 18         | Th. | 1.18  | 7.7   |
| 19         | F.  | 2.01  | 7.3   |
| 20         | Sa. | 2.44  | 6.9   |
| 21         | S.  | 3.29  | 6.5   |
| 22         | M.  | 4.21  | 6.1   |
| 23         | Tu. | 5.23  | 5.8   |
| 24         | W.  | 6.42  | 5.7   |
| 25         | Th. | 7.57  | 5.9   |
| 26         | F.  | 8.58  | 6.2   |
| 27         | Sa. | 9.45  | 6.5   |
| 28         | S.  | 10.23 | 6.8   |

FEBRUARY.—1st to 4th, threatening. 3rd to 4th, rain. 5th to 7th, low temperature. 8th to 11th, pleasant. 12th to 15th, keen cutting winds. 15th to 19th, unsettled weather. 20th to 21st, windy. 22nd to 24th, mild, genial. 25th to 28th, general snows.

### DIARY OF EVENTS

**TO-DAY.**  
Magistrates Court, 9 a.m.  
People's Theatre, 7.15 and 9 p.m.  
Prince Edward Theatre, 3, 7, and 8.45 p.m.  
Skate at St. Dunstan's.

### BIRTHS

**CAIRNS**—At Tryon, on Jan. 25, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Cairns, a son.  
**MACLAREN**—At Georgetown on Jan. 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. William MacLaren, a daughter.

### MARRIAGES

**STUART-BRACE**—In St. James Church, on Tuesday, Feb. 2nd, by Rev. T. F. Fullerton, D.D., George B. Stuart, of Alberta, to Mabel H. Stuart, of Charlottetown.

"We have a full line of all the different kinds of enamel and unenamel pipes, all shapes, qualities and prices. Select a pipe from the ten 25c specials we are now showing. MacKinnon Drug Co., Cor. Great George and Kent Streets. ME1F.

"Use D. D. D. Remedy for Eczema or any skin trouble. Cured others—will cure you. 25c and \$1.00 bottles. E. A. Foster, Central Drugstore. 8445.

## Look Here!

There is a fine farm formerly owned by the late Malcolm Gillis at Lyndale, Lot 37, containing about one hundred acres, for which tenders will be received up to 10th February, 1915. See it and invest.

**RODERICK GILLIS,**  
Care of MacKinnon & McNeill, 90 Great George Street, Charlottetown. 8377-1-261ur-41.

## Schooner For Sale

W. Parnell O'Hara, 79 tons, American build. Yessel and sails in good condition. Has 27 H.P., Gasoline engine installed by skilled Mechanic. Will move Schooner six miles an hour and gives perfect satisfaction. Will sell with or without engine. For particulars write

**E. BOSWELL,**  
Victoria,  
P. E. Island.  
8402-1-2SMtf.

## Tenders For Cheese Maker

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon, February 10, for a maker for Hamilton Factory. Tender to state price per 100 lbs. cheese made, for labor only. Company finding all supplies. Output for last year 45 tons.

**F. PROFITT, Secty.,**  
Kensington Dairying Assn.,  
1444-1-2m2f  
Kensington.

## Annual Meeting

The Annual Meeting of the shareholders of Hillsboro Dairying Company will be held in Hillsboro Cheese Factory on Wednesday the 3rd of February, at 2 o'clock p. m.

A full attendance is requested as interesting business is to be discussed.  
**F. MORROW, President,**  
**HUGH TRAINOR, Secretary.**  
8477-2-3m1f

## Money To Loan

Messrs. McKinnon and McNeill, 90 Great George Street, have several thousand dollars to loan on real good security in the city or country in small or large sums. 8165-1mw1m

### IN THE LONDON PAPERS.

War is Reflected Even in the Ads in the Great Dailies.

The advertising columns of the London dailies tell their own stories of the war. If the censor went so far as to block out every other line of information, so long as he left the ads. intact the reader would still lack instruction as to what war means to England. He would still find a great deal of pathos and grim humor. The most notable change has been in the character of the advertising. It is distinctly war advertising. Of that sort it is more extensive than has ever been known in the history of British journalism. The greatest space gain is probably in the small ad. line. Two or more pages, usually the first and last, of the leading morning papers are as from time immemorial crowded with the print advertisements with only a bold initial letter to relieve the monotony. The conspicuous new feature is the "Killed in Action" or the "Roll of Honor" section. There is not a column and hardly an advertisement among the hundreds on the page but that directly or indirectly suggests some phase of the war. The "Personal" columns, as ever, are enigmatis, except to those who have shared the secret of communication by this means, but they often favor of patriotism. When one reads "Dearest—Am praying for you; always loyal; love," he may easily imagine it to be some sweetheart's possibly vain attempt to get a word to her soldier lover, she knows not just where.

But one needs to exercise no imagination to see the effects of the war in other instances. Taking a personal column haphazard one finds near the top such an appeal as this: "I want to buy a German helmet. What offers?"

There are many suggestions of how one may help the troops in training, such as this: "Will anyone lend a pack of harriers or beagles to a regimental mess to be hunted by the officers until ordered abroad?"

There are those who want to locate wounded relatives, such as this: "If anybody has news of Maj. A. F. Harg, the King's Own Scottish Borderers, wounded at Le Cateau, Aug. 26, will they please communicate with—"

There is such a one as this to reflect the busy days at the War Office: "Officer at War Office, long hours, desires to let or exchange his house, one hour from London."

### TWO CANADIAN CONTINGENTS.

"The Second will be the last contingent of Canadian soldiers to go to the front," said a Montreal officer who returned from Ottawa Tuesday, after a consultation with the Adjutant-General's department. Additional troops will be sent over but not as a division, as was the case with the first contingent, and will be with the second. They will go merely as reinforcements for the 50,000 Canadians going forward with the first and second contingents, as has already been done in the case of the Princess Patricia's regiment. "The method of recruiting in Canada would continue the same." He also said that it had been plainly intimated that fewer officers and men of the permanent staff were to be allowed to go forward from now on, because their services are needed in Canada.

# CARDINAL MERCIER'S PASTORAL NOT STRONG ON GRAMMAR VERY STRONG ON LOYALTY

THE TEXT SHOWS THAT THE CARDINAL OF BELGIUM MERELY TOLD THE TRUTH ABOUT THE GERMAN DEVASTATION OF HIS COUNTRY—PRIESTS WERE MURDERED BY THE HUNS

The London Tablet has sent us through the Catholic Record, of London, Ont., the text of the famous pastoral letter of Cardinal Mercier, of Belgium, for the publication of which he was made a practical prisoner by the German possessors of Brussels.

The pastoral itself is altogether too lengthy to be published, but here are a few salient extracts from it, as reproduced from the Catholic Record: It was in Rome itself that I received the tidings—stroke after stroke—of the partial destruction of the Cathedral church of Louvain, next of the burning of the library and of the scientific installations of our great University and of the devastation of the city, and next of the wholesale shooting of citizens and tortures inflicted upon women and children, and upon unarmed and undefended men. And while I was still under the shock of these calamities, the telegraph brought us news of the bombardment of our beautiful metropolitan church, of the church of Notre Dame and la Dyle, of the episcopal palace and of a great part of our dear city of Malines.

When, immediately on my return from Rome, I went to Havre, to greet our Belgian, French, and English wounded; when, later, at Malines, at Louvain, at Antwerp, it was given to me to take the hands of those brave men who carried a bullet in their flesh, a wound on their forehead, because they had marched to the front of the enemy, or borne the shock of his onslaught, it was a word of gratitude to them that rose to my lips. "O valiant friends," I said, "it was for us, it was for each one of us, it was for me, that you risked your lives, and are now in pain. I am moved to tell you of my respect, of my thankfulness, to assure you that the whole nation knows how much she is in debt to you."

For in truth our soldiers are our saviors.

At first at Liege, they saved France; a second time, in Flanders they arrested the advance of the enemy upon Calais. France and England stand before them both, and before the entire world, as a nation of heroes. Never before in my whole life did I feel so proud to be a Belgian as when, on the platforms of French stations, and halting a while in Paris, and visiting London, I was witness of the enthusiastic admiration our Allies feel for the heroism of our Army. Our King is, in the esteem of all, the very summit of the moral scale; he is doubtless the only man who does not recognize that fact, as simple as the simplest of his soldiers, he stands in the trenches and puts new courage, by the serenity of his face, into the hearts of those of whom he requires that they shall not doubt of their country. The foremost duty of every Belgian citizen at this hour is gratitude to the Army.

If any man had rescued you from shipwreck or from a fire, you would assuredly hold yourself bound to him by a debt of everlasting thankfulness. But it is not one man, it is two hundred and fifty thousand men who fought, who suffered, who fell for you so that you might be free, so that Belgium might keep her independence, her unity, her unity; so that after the vicissitudes of battle she might rise nobler, purer, more erect, and more glorious than before.

Pray daily my brethren, for these two hundred and fifty thousand, and for their leaders to victory; pray for our brethren in arms, pray for those fallen; pray for those who are still engaged; pray for the recruits who are making ready for the fight to come.

What Belgium Has Suffered  
Better than any other man, perhaps, do I know what our unhappy country has undergone. Nor will any Belgian, I trust, doubt of what I suffer in my soul, as a citizen and as a Bishop, in sympathy with all this sorrow. These four last months have seemed to me agonizing. By thousands have our brave ones been mown down; wives, mothers, are weeping for those they shall never see again; hearties are desolate; dire poverty spreads, anguish increases. At Malines, at Antwerp, the people of two great cities have been given over, the one for six hours, the other one for thirty-four hours, of a continuous bombardment, to the throes of death. I have traversed the greater part of the districts most terribly devastated in my diocese, and the ruins I behold, and the ashes were more dreadful than I prepared by the saddest of forebodings, could have imagined. Other parts of my diocese, which I have not yet had time to visit have in like manner been laid waste. Churches, schools, asylums, hospitals, convents in great numbers are in ruins. Entire villages have all but disappeared. Out of 380 homes, 130 remain; at Tremelois, two-thirds of the village are overthrown; at Buken, out of 100

houses, 20 are standing; at Schaffen, 159 houses out of 200 are destroyed—11 still stand. At Louvain the third part of the buildings are down; 1,074 dwellings have disappeared; on the town land and in the suburbs, 1,223 houses have been burnt.

In this dear city of Louvain, perpetually in my thoughts, the magnificent church of St. Peter will never recover its former splendor. The ancient college of St. Yves, the arch schools, the consular and commercial schools of the University, the old markets, our rich library with its collections, its unique and unpublished manuscripts, its archives, its gallery of great portraits of illustrious rectors, chancellors, professors, dating from the time of its foundation, which preserved for masters and students alike a noble tradition and were an incentive in their studies—all these accumulations of intellectual, historic, and artistic riches—the fruit of the labors of five centuries—all is in the dust.

Many a pastor has lost his pastor's sorrowful voice of an old man. One has asked whether he had Mass on Sunday, in the battered church. "It is two months," he said, "since we had a Church." The parish priest and the curate had been interned in a concentration camp.

Thousands of Belgian citizens have in like manner been deported to the prisons of Germany, to Munsterlager, to Celle, to Magdeburg. At Munsterlager alone three thousand one hundred and thirty prisoners were numbered. History will tell of the physical and moral torments of their long martyrdom. Hundreds of innocent men were shot. I possess no complete record, but I know that there were ninety-two shot at Aerschot, that there, under pain of death, their fellow citizens were compelled to dig their graves in the Louvain group of communes, 176 persons, men and women, old and sucklings, rich and poor, in health and sickness, were shot or burnt.

Priests Were Murdered  
In my diocese alone I know that 25 priests or religious were put to death. One of these, the parish priest of Celrode, suffered, I believe, a veritable martyrdom. I made a pilgrimage to his grave, and, amid the little flock which so lately he had been feeding with the zeal of an apostle, there did I pray to him that from the height of Heaven he would guard his priests, his diocese, his country.

We can neither number our dead nor compute the measure of our ruins. And, what would it be if we turned our sad steps towards Liege, Namur, Audenne, Dinant, Tamines, Charleroi and elsewhere?

The following letters from natives have been published in the Advertiser at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, Grosesque, and even ridiculous, as their wording may appear, they are none the less more remarkable evidence of the loyalty and devotion with which the South Africa native regards British rule.

The first letter was sent to Mr. W. Allan King, Sub-Native Commissioner for the Pretoria District, and was as follows:

"Dear Sir,—The connection of this circumstance which occurred for the Union Government I am quite sad to learn that the G. S. W. A. troops are desirous to delapidate our Union Government, in this matter, Sir, I am out of sense to find that we natives are put out of our Government duty. What is our duty then? When will the Native defence force be called to join their daily duty? For these troops have already invaded our imperial Government.

I fully know that this Imperial Government is a Father of all races which is living under this perpetual sin. Sir, in this matter I don't actually understand why are we prohibited to join our defence force to drive away all these offensive oppressors of G. S. W. A. troops out of our Union Government borders back to their horrid situations, for they have already invaded our England, France and Russia.

Sir, how shall we poor natives, live under this perpetual sin? If this merciful nation would conquer our Imperial Government. Have these of our oppressive oppressors enough power to delapidating the Kingdom of our King George? I am a real patriot.

### Unwilling Stay-at-Home

Sir,—I am quite glad to express my whole feeling at present in this matter. I don't see any special opportunity of staying at home when persons are called for the Father's duty. I am really hoping that this kind of duty can be performed by young natives only. Dear Sir, would you kindly allow the young natives to join our defence force. Sir, I am badly pressed by enormous consternation of staying a man of the German collapse.

Dear Sir, I am not responsible for the native races. I am principally answering that the Sub Nat. Commr. is responsible for all natives. Dear Sir, will you kindly excuse me for I have already troubled you with many paragraphs.

JAMES PULLEN PISTU.  
New Brighton, 27-10-14.

# FINANCIAL MEN PREDICT THE EARLY CLOSE OF THE WAR

LONDON, Feb. 2.—In leading financial circles here the prediction is being made that the war will end much sooner than is commonly believed, owing to Germany's inability to support the financial strain. Next May is mentioned as the probable date of the German collapse.

These predictions are based upon the fact that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Right Hon. Lloyd George, as was recently announced in the London papers, will soon go to France and Russia, Ministers of Finance. It is generally understood that a result of the conference will be that Great Britain will undertake the financing of the Allies to an even greater degree than she has already done, though, in respect to Russia particularly, she has already put her hand in her pocket to no inconsiderable extent.

### CANNOT FIND SINEWS.

The argument of those financiers who predict an early conclusion of the war is that, when the three great allied powers find it necessary to combine in order to meet from their common resources the immense outlay required to carry on the war, Germany and Austria together cannot so much longer continue to find the sinews of war.

Germany, it is added, cannot hope to obtain outside financial assistance. The United States is the only country which could help her and, as the result of American war loans for a belligerent is prohibited by the American Government as a breach of neutrality, German endeavors to obtain capital there would necessarily be restricted to secret and individual action.

The necessity which Great Britain found herself under of forbidding the employment of capital in foreign enterprise, save in exceptional cases, is pointed to as a further indication of the financial strain of the war, which it is said here must be making itself felt much more severely in Germany than in England.

In a conversation yesterday with the Ambassador of a great power accredited to the Court of St. James, a correspondent mentioned these financial predictions. The Ambassador expressed no opinion on this phase of the subject, but made his own statement: "I shall not be surprised to find the Teutonic powers collapsing from lack of ammunition. From the information of the disposal. I am of the opinion that Germany made only one great mistake in her preparation for this war. It was, however, a cardinal one. She underestimated the expenditure on ammunition which the contest would entail. Her preparations were enormous. My information is that the whole of the last capital loan she raised before the war was expended not in railway construction, as was asserted, but in the purchase of stocks of ammunition, and she employed every possible means to prepare herself in this way. Vast as the German preparations were, however, they were inadequate to the needs of this war, and there is summat evidence to bear out the reports that Germany is already feeling the pinch and is husbanding ammunition."

### SHOT WHILE PLAYING WITH A REVOLVER.

CAMPBELLTON, Jan. 30.—A message was received at Campbellton on Friday of a shooting accident at Anderson, on the International Railway, when a young woodsman named Aline Bohler, who was playing with a revolver, shot himself through the left breast in a camp. He is not expected to recover.

### GRANDEST MAN IN WORLD, SHE SAYS.

MONTREAL, Feb. 1.—"The grandest man in the world is the British soldier. He teaches us many lessons and puts the ordinary person to shame," declares a Montreal nurse now at a friend in this city.

The letter concludes:—"Lord Roberts' funeral passed through while we were there, and we saw soldiers' funerals. The bodies were piled four deep in one long trench. The saddest thing you ever saw." Sometimes a Roman Catholic priest and Protestant clergyman standing together, first one reading the service and then the other and the French peasant women bringing pots of chrysanthemums to lay on the graves. There was also a nurse buried with military honors. She died from over-work. There is a great deal one could write about that would make a letter more interesting, but as it will be very closely censored, one has to be careful."

### Nurse at Base Hospital Says British Soldier Teaches World a Lesson.

"The Second will be the last contingent of Canadian soldiers to go to the front," said a Montreal officer who returned from Ottawa Tuesday, after a consultation with the Adjutant-General's department. Additional troops will be sent over but not as a division, as was the case with the first contingent, and will be with the second. They will go merely as reinforcements for the 50,000 Canadians going forward with the first and second contingents, as has already been done in the case of the Princess Patricia's regiment. "The method of recruiting in Canada would continue the same." He also said that it had been plainly intimated that fewer officers and men of the permanent staff were to be allowed to go forward from now on, because their services are needed in Canada.

My proper desire is to be under the Union Government's flag. Dear Sir, I like in this matter if Sub Nat. Commr. can advise our Native Chiefs to form our defence force which will drive away all these oppressors out of our Union Government's borders.

Dear Sir, I am here in Frankfort, O. F. S. God Save the King! God Save the King! Greetings—I am, dear Sir, your obedient servant.  
(Sgd.) JOB MOHLABANE.

### "These Troublous Times"

The second letter was addressed to the editor of the Advertiser, and both spelling and phrasing are certainly original.

Honoured Sir—During these troublous times, it behoves every loyal subject of His Majesty the King (God bless him and keep him holy) to do their utmost strength of purpose to depose thememy at our gates like wolves in sheep's garments who are utterly worthless of the ephemeral rights of our divine Xian civilization of the Hemisphere.

I wish to propose to great Lord Kitchener how greatly the native population of our blessed country can give him that assurance and helpful assistance which the loyal Fingoes of the past history of our great S. A. to be helpful in the extreme to form a compact large body of members of the coloured community to assist him in driving the wolf from the door of our civilized lives we can be armed with anything that the modern science can procure and assure you will do our utmost to push the German barbarous to where they belong.

Would not one of our esteemed M.P. come forward to be a leader of us like a light among the Gentiles and we will be glad of the opportunity to do credit to our native eminence.

### "Congenial Refulgence"

If Mr. D. M. Brown, Esq., will permit a native Scotch corpse he will by his congenial refulgence to redeem a great many large and powerfully natives to compatriate with him in the real endeavor to push the damnation Germans from our midst, I hope you will truly and generously consider my honourable application without remuneration.—I remain my very dear Sir your affectionate and obedient servant very truly,  
JAMES PULLEN PISTU.  
New Brighton, 27-10-14.

"We have a complete line of all the very finest Talcum Powders procurable, in many pleasing odors. Rose, Yucca, Rexall Violet, Violet Dulce, Carnation and Trailing Arbutus at 25c per lb. MacKinnon Drug Co., Cor. Great George and Kent Streets. ME1F.

"Our weekly supply of Moirs chocolates here today. Don't forget your weekend supply. E. A. Foster, Sunny-side. 8445.

"Penstar Corn Cure gives immediate relief and removes the corn in a short time, 25c box. E. A. Foster, Druggist. 8445.



A most valuable hot beverage for cold weather. Rich—stimulating—nourishing—Oxo fortifies the system against cold. A Cube to a Cup.

### DAILY SELECTIONS FOR READERS OF THE GUARDIAN

Furnished by W. S. Louson NEIGHBORS.

Somebody near you is struggling alone  
Over life's desert sand;  
Faith, hope and courage together are gone,  
Reach him a helping hand;  
Turn on his darkness a beam of your light;  
Kindle to guide him, a beacon of fire bright;  
Cheer his discouragement, soothe his afflict;  
Lovingly help him to stand.

Somebody near you is hungry and cold;  
Send him some aid today;  
Somebody near you is feeble and old,  
Under his burden put hands kind and strong;  
Speak to him tenderly, sing him a song;  
Haste to do something to help him along  
Over his weary way.

Dear one, be busy, for time fleeth fast,  
Soon it will be all gone;  
Soon will our season of service be past,  
Soon will our day be done,  
Somebody near you needs now a kind word,  
Some one needs help such as you can afford  
Haste to assist in the name of the Lord;  
There may be a soul to be won.

"We have a complete line of all the very finest Talcum Powders procurable, in many pleasing odors. Rose, Yucca, Rexall Violet, Violet Dulce, Carnation and Trailing Arbutus at 25c per lb. MacKinnon Drug Co., Cor. Great George and Kent Streets. ME1F.

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# Marching To Victory

One of the latest and most popular patriotic pieces yet published—words and music by Frank Oliver, arranged by Frank T. Watkins.

You should have a copy of this piece, it has a thrill for every loyal Canadian—it should have a foremost place on every piano, in every Canadian home.

We have a good supply of this very popular and pleasing piece—get copy today. Price 35c.

**Miller Bros.**  
123 Kent Street



# Discount Sale of Wall Paper

Our Annual Sale of Remnants is now on. We have gone through our stock of Wall Paper and have many lots of nice Patterns in Parlor, Dining Room, Hall, Bed Room, and Kitchen Papers. Some with Borders some without, all Pretty Designs from a carefully selected stock. These lots are now on sale on First Floor at exactly

## Half Price

All Bargains. Come early and get first choice. It will pay to Buy Now and put aside till wanted. Sale for cash only. No Remnants charged.

**Carter & Co. Ltd.**  
Headquarters for WALL PAPERS