

ALL THE ADS  
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—  
THE PEOPLE'S PAPER

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

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## LT. COL. PRINGLE NOW MODERATOR

HIGHEST OFFICE IN GIFT OF  
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH  
IN CANADA

### NATIVE OF P. E. ISLAND

Served Four Years AS Over-  
seas Chaplain With  
C. E. F.

(Special to The Guardian)

HAMILTON, June 5.—Lieut.-Col. the Rev. John Pringle D. D. of Sydney, N. S., was elected Moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly by a unanimous vote at the opening of the 45th annual general assembly here. Dr. Pringle was born in P. E. Island. His first charge was at Georgetown, Ont. Later he administered as a missionary in Yukon during the gold rush. He also served for over four years as Chaplain in the Canadian forces in the war.

Dr. Pringle's name was proposed by Rev. Principal McKinnon of the Presbyterian College, Halifax, N. S., and seconded by Rev. Professor Baird of Winnipeg. Both referred in pithy speeches to the cosmopolitan character of his long service with the church in Canada. His home was originally in Galt, Ont. In the neighborhood of five hundred delegates are attending the assembly which has many matters of great importance to deal with at the present session.

## CANADIANS HONORED AT RHYL, WALES

PUBLIC HOLIDAY PROCLAIMED IN  
THEIR HONOR.—BUNTING DIS-  
PLAYED.—TRIBUTES PAID.

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—A public holiday has been proclaimed in the town of Rhyl, adjoining Kinnel Camp, today, "in appreciation of the honor conferred on the town by the presence here for so many months of so gallant a body as the Canadian troops." Bunting was displayed everywhere, and a municipal banquet given in the afternoon, the town councillors paying a tribute to the valor of the Canadians.

## Three Generals Are Invested

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—At a public investiture the three generals of the Dominion forces received the insignia of Knight of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George, namely, Generals Currie, of Canada, Birdwood and Monash of Australia.

## CONDENSED SPECIALS

FOR SALE AT ONCE A FORD CAR.  
Practically new. See display ad in  
this issue. 129-6-5M1f.

WANTED SEVERAL GOOD CAR-  
penters. Apply to Chas. E. Carson,  
198 Queen Street. 6114-6-5M2f.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO  
washing. Apply at this office.  
6063-5-30M1f.

LOST ON TUESDAY EVENING BE-  
tween Water and Hillsborough Sts.,  
a pearl pin, crescent shape. Finder  
please return to Guardian Office.  
6117-6-5M1f.

WANTED AT ONCE—HOUSE TO  
rent for family of two centrally lo-  
cated and with all modern conven-  
iences. Apply "D" c/o Guardian.

FOR SALE A FIRST CLASS GROC-  
ery business with all modern fix-  
tures including McCloskey Account  
Register and Cash Register. For in-  
formation write "J" care Guardian  
Office. 6887-5-22M1f.

STRAYED FROM MY PREMISES  
April 30th large Milch cow, color  
white with black markings. Any  
information as to her whereabouts  
will be thankfully received by E.L.  
Coffin, Bristol. 6104-6-5M21p.

STRAWBERRY CRATES—LIMITED  
number can be supplied without  
boxes at 40 cents each. Only orders  
booked ahead can be filled. Montague  
Furnishing Co., Ltd., Montague.  
6927-5-24M10f

## Herbert A. L. Fisher May be U. S. Ambassador

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—The Daily News parliamentary correspondent says the position of ambassador to Washington has definitely been offered to Herbert A. L. Fisher and that he is inclined to accept it. At present there are difficulties in the way. It is hoped and believed that these will be overcome. The name of Herbert Albert Laurence Fisher, educator, scholar, linguist and historian, and Minister of Education has for several months been coming up in both the Liberal and Unionist press as a possible successor to Lord Reading.

Mr. Fisher visited the United States in 1909 principally as Lowell Lecturer at Boston. He was then known as a distinguished graduate of the new college at Oxford of Paris and of Gottingen, a fellow of the British Academy and a trustee of the British Museum. He is the author of several histories and biographical works and an accepted authority on Napoleonic.

## \$5,000,000 Offer Was Turned Down

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—It was reported here yesterday that the Duke of Devonshire has refused a \$5,000,000 offer from an American millionaire on behalf of an American Hotel syndicate to buy his house and grounds in Piccadilly, opposite the Ritz Hotel. It is expected the Americans will make a bid for another site.

## MUNICH PROFESSOR REMINDS GERMANS OF THEIR CRIMES

BERNE, June 4.—(French Wireless Service)—The German propaganda against the retention of German prisoners of war by the Allied Governments does not take into consideration what the Germans did in Northern France, nor how deeply the systematic destruction there has influenced Allied minds, says Professor Foerster of the University of Munich in an article in the Revue Montaigne criticizing the German attitude on the prisoners question.

"The propaganda," he says, "reveals a lack of physiology and leads one to think that the new ideas have not spread everywhere. One of the most famous German university men wrote some time ago that the idea of retaining the German prisoners of war recalled the proceedings of the ancient Assyrians. It was not necessary for this writer to search the Assyrian annals. Did he really never hear of the deportation of Belgian workmen and of the unheard-of methods applied on that occasion? Does he really not know that hundreds of girls were carried away from occupied French towns and forced to work at hard labor, and does he not know that most of these girls were forced to aid in the destruction of the weaving frames of their own country? Is he not aware of the fact that we have ourselves detained hundreds of thousands of Russian prisoners, not only after the armistice with Russia, but also after the Brest-Litovsk peace.

"What impression is likely to be made on those who are to determine the fate of our prisoners by the fact that the spokesmen of German opinion continue to conceal the German crimes? How would we feel toward France if our flourishing cities had been ruined for years and if, as we did in a great many places, our fruit-bearing trees had been cut down and only the ordinary trees left?"

## To Honour General Turner

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—There is a Canadian movement afoot for a gathering shortly in honor of General Turner.

## Winnipeg Quiet After Demonstrations

(Special to The Guardian.)

WINNIPEG, June 5.—Winnipeg tonight was quiet after a day of parades and demonstrations that on several occasions threatened to end the tranquility that has marked the general strike of Union workers in force for twenty days. Fifty additional policemen were sworn in during the day by municipal officials.

## Excellent Lecture by Inspector LaNauze

The lecture in St. Paul's Parish Hall last evening by Inspector LaNauze, R. N. W. M. P., was largely attended.

The Rector, Rev. H. D. Raymond presided and on the platform with him were Rev. Canon Simpson, Rev. A. C. Field, Rev. G. C. Taylor and the lecturer.

After a piano solo by Miss Lillian Earle and a solo by Mr. Arthur Bruce both of which were warmly applauded, the chairman in a few appropriate remarks introduced Inspector LaNauze.

The Inspector, in an easy, pleasant conversational manner detailed many incidents of his remarkable journey from Regina to Coronation Gulf in search of two Catholic Priests who were missing. He was accompanied on the trip by an interpreter and a Corporal, the number being later increased by the addition of two others who were adventurously inclined. They were well equipped with provisions, guns and ammunition. They made the trail partly by dog teams and canoes. One of the most difficult obstacles met was a lake which, owing to a dense fog, wind and other hindrances they were a month in crossing. As winter was coming on, they camped here among a band of Indians from whom, as it turned out, they obtained their first clue to the missing priests. These Indians stated that they had seen Eskimo in priests garments and armed with white men's guns.

As soon as weather conditions permitted they followed this clue finally coming upon a band of Eskimo among whom they found and captured one of the murderers. From this band they learned the whereabouts of the other whom they discovered after landing at Herschel Island, the whole journey to the latter place taking about two years. Their journey home with their prisoners was filled with incidents natural to such an undertaking. It may be mentioned that instead of an unwillingness on the part of the prisoners to accompany them they were exceedingly docile and anxious to please their captors.

They brought their prisoners to Calgary, Alta, where they were tried, found guilty of murder and sentenced to death. This sentence was afterwards commuted to life imprisonment on Bear Lake.

The whole description was most graphic and interesting and showed unyielding determination and endurance on the part of all concerned.

Inspector LaNauze explained at the close that he was a great lover of missionary work having seen in his beneficence among the benighted Indians and Eskimo. He instanced as notable examples and pioneers in missionary enterprise the names of Bishop Stricker of Yukon on Herschel Island, Bishop Lucas of MacKenzie River, Rev. and Mrs. Fry who nursed back to health the noted explorer, Stefansson on Herschel Island two winters ago.

Rev. A. C. Field followed with a short account of his work in the Yukon, emphasizing the invaluable assistance always forthcoming from these noble "Riders of the Plains," the R. N. W. M. P.

Mr. Charles Earle sang in his usual excellent voice a solo which was much appreciated.

Rev. G. C. Taylor then briefly referred to the fact that as a student he went to the North West to study Missionary conditions and ended by staying six years and was therefore able to substantiate all that had been said regarding the R. N. W. M. P.

After a most hearty vote of thanks to the lecturer the meeting closed with the Doxology.

## ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY

A meeting of those interested was held in the city Tuesday to complete the organization of the St. Andrew's Society, incorporated by Act of last Provincial Legislature. The following directorate was elected:—  
Rev. John A. McDonald, Grand River, President  
Judge A. L. Fraser, Souris Vice-President  
A. J. MacAdam, Charlottetown, Secretary-Treasurer  
Angus B. Walker, St. George's, King's Co.; Charles A. McDonald, Alisary, Queen's Co.; Joseph D. McLellan, Arlington, Prince Co.  
It is the intention to offer for competition within a few weeks a number of scholarships at St. Dunstan's University, and full particulars will be announced shortly.

## Labour Union Committee Meeting

The meeting called by a committee of members of the Laborers' Union was held last night in their rooms, Water street. There was a fair attendance and the chair was occupied by Mr. Daniel Coughlan. In his opening remarks the chairman stated that the time had come for labor to be represented in the legislature. He said that neither the Liberals nor Conservatives were of much use to the laborers, and for that reason labor should have representatives of its own.

Ex-Mayor Brown, being present, the chairman called upon him to address the meeting.

Mr. Brown, on rising, was received with applause. He came, he said, not to speak but to listen. However, he was always glad to have an opportunity of addressing the laborers. He had heard the chairman's remarks, and agreed with much that he said, especially as to the high cost of living. He pointed out that the only way to remedy this, was to apply to the City Council for an investigation which they were empowered by the Dominion Government to hold, examining witnesses under oath. He had no hesitation in saying the council and the Mayor would be only too willing to grant their request, knowing as he did that the Mayor and Council were in full sympathy with the labor cause.

With reference to the selection of labor candidates he quite agreed that they were well within their rights in calling a meeting of this kind to select delegates to nominate candidates to contest Charlottetown and Royal at the next election. He would be quite willing, if they thought fit to nominate a candidate, to resign in his favor and do all in his power to help elect him. Not only that, but he would give a hundred dollars towards the election expenses.

Referring to himself, he said he needed to make no explanation as to where he stood on the labor question. They all knew him. As they all knew, he and Mr. James Paton had been nominated to contest this riding in the interests of the Liberal-Conservative party, and had no doubt they would be elected. He mentioned some things that they both had done for the city, and things which they purposed doing in the near future and which would relieve to some extent at least the labor problem.

When elected members for Charlottetown and Royal, which he confidently expected he and his colleague, Mr. Paton, would be, they would be pleased to receive any suggestions the Union would make to them and he would assure them that as in the past they would be given every possible consideration. He thanked them for the privilege given him of addressing the meeting, and again assured them of his willingness to assist them in every possible way.

Mr. Brown was given a splendid hearing, and was loudly applauded on taking his seat.

Mr. Paton followed. This, he said, was not the first time he had had the privilege of addressing a meeting in that hall, and it was always a pleasure for him to address them. The chairman had criticized the action of the city members in not having done what they should in the interests of labor. He reminded them of the difficulty of procuring material for the repair of the approaches to the city. The Government had succeeded in getting several car loads of stone for that work, but the city council had commandeered it for city purposes. In 1902 when he was first elected a city councillor and was appointed chairman of the streets committee he had introduced the concrete sidewalks which gave employment to a great many men and was a great economic gain to the city. He had been severely criticized by many citizens at the time as being extravagant, some even going so far as to say he would never be elected again. Within three years he proved to his critics that he had saved the city enough to pay the interest not only on the concrete work done but on the macadam as well. He referred to the interest always taken both by Mr. Brown and himself in labor matters, instancing their visit to Moncton in their behalf, accompanied by Mr. Dennis, their secretary. He mentioned incidentally that even last week he had wired and corresponded with the District Superintendent of Public Works and Dredges in Chatham, N.B., on behalf of the Union. Now that the war was over, in which all had suffered, directly or indirectly, he hoped that a brighter future was in store for all, and that labor in Charlottetown and elsewhere would come in to its own. He thank-

## Germans Fear An Ultimatum

(Special to The Guardian.)

BERLIN, June 5.—The correspondents at Versailles of most of the Berlin newspapers write pessimistically today under the impression that the Allies will answer the German counter proposals with an ultimatum. The correspondent of the Tageblatt declares that Premier Lloyd George has shown no inclination to yield ground after the meeting of the British cabinet while President Wilson is offering the strongest opposition against any concessions.

## LINERS WITH TROOPS DUE IN NEXT FEW DAYS

OTTAWA, June 4.—The Liner Adriatic with 2,076 Canadian troops on board is due at Halifax on June 7th, according to Militia Department advices. She carries the 85th Battalion for Halifax and the 78th Battalion and 12th Ambulance for Winnipeg. The classification by dispersal area include 49 officers and 1,042 other ranks for Halifax; two officers and 139 other ranks for Charlottetown, and five officers and five other ranks for Quebec.

The Lapland with 1,834 Canadians on board will reach Halifax about June 10. For Halifax there are three officers, one cadet and 78 other ranks; for St. John five officers and 81 other ranks; for Quebec one cadet and fifty other ranks; for Charlottetown, one officer.

The Empress of Britain is due at Quebec tomorrow, with 2,851 troops. She has on board the 44th Battalion and details for St. John numbering 34 officers and 1,010 other ranks. For Quebec there is one officer and six other ranks.

London, June 4.—(C. A. P.)—The Melita sailed for Quebec yesterday carrying thirty-five officers and nurses from London; warrant officers, sergeants and 229 other ranks from Buxton and dependents, 480 wives, 167 children and fifty-seven babies, also repatriated soldiers and dependents from the Imperial camp at Winchester numbering 233.

Among the officers aboard are Brigadier-Generals W. B. King of the 40th Artillery and C. H. Mitchell, Lieutenant Colonel Chadwick F. Gillman, F. McPharland, G. H. Cassell, Captain Harwood Steele, his sister, and mother, Lady Steele.

## HOME RULE FOR IRELAND?

IMPORTANT COMMITTEE AP-  
POINTED BY BRITISH HOUSE  
OF COMMONS

SUBORDINATE LEGISLATURES  
Principle Will be Applied to  
England, Scotland and  
Ireland

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—The House of Commons, after two days' debate, tonight adopted a resolution in favor of appointing a parliamentary committee to examine and report upon a federal resolution applicable to England, Scotland and Ireland. The vote was 187 to 34. The resolution declared that "with a view of enabling the imperial parliament to devote attention to the interests to the kingdom and the Empire, the time has arrived for the creation of subordinate legislatures."

## Canadian Receives Important Appointment

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—Colonel George Adams, of McGill University, has been appointed vice-chancellor of Liverpool University.

ed the meeting for this opportunity of addressing them and assured them that when re-elected, as he fully expected to be, he and his colleague would, with all due deference to the chairman, do for labor and laborers as they had always done in the past. Mr. Coughlan then called for a resolution to nominate a labor candidate. No resolution was forthcoming. Mr. E. E. Nicholson, one of the Union members, stating that the time was not opportune to make such a selection, as the meeting was not sufficiently representative.

Ex-President Gillis spoke along the same lines, and after a few others had spoken briefly the meeting adjourned.

## Dominions Representation In League of Nations

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—Replying in the House of Commons to Mr. Norton Griffiths, Mr. Bonar Law, Government Leader, stated that the Government intended that representation of the Dominions in the League of Nations should be as full as that of the smaller sovereign nations. Representatives of the Dominion would be eligible for appointment to the Executive Council on exactly the same terms as other members of the League who were not permanently represented thereon.

Mr. Lyle asked "has provision been made against settlement within the Empire of 4,000 Austro-German prisoners now in Japan?"

Mr. Law replied: "They would come under the regulations regarding admission of aliens which vary in different parts of the Empire."

## Compromise Possible On Italian Situation

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 5.—Italy's Adriatic claims, which have been overshadowed and practically overlooked for several days because of the discussion over the proposed changes in the German treaty, were, at the suggestion of Italians, again considered today in private conferences between the Italian and American delegations. The Americans today expressed the belief that a compromise formula would be speedily found.

## Caledonian Club Social and Dance

Tea social and dance held by the Caledonian Club in their rooms last evening proved one of the most enjoyable and successful social events of the season. A splendid programme of Scottish songs, addresses etc., was carried out. The President, Mr. J. D. Stewart, gave the opening address; then came a duet by Miss Lucy Blanchard and Mr. W. J. Brown; an address by Premier Arsenault, principally on Sociability; Solo by Major J. P. Hooper; a reading by Miss Edna Gordon; duet, Misses Dorothy Sutherland and Mamie Ross; address by Major D. A. McKinnon; solo, by Miss Lucy Blanchard followed by a splendid dance programme, Miss Jean Blanchard being pianist for the occasion. The hall was nicely decorated and the whole scene was one of beauty and animation. Delicious ice cream, cake, etc., was served during the evening. The committee are to be congratulated upon the success of the affair.

## Bourres Council Temporarily Closed

BASEL, June 5.—A Vienna despatch says that owing to depression due to the peace conditions the Bourres Council decided to close for two days.

## Canadians Dine Prince of Wales

LONDON, June 5.—The Prince of Wales dines next week at the Canadian officers club.

## NO IMPORTANT ARRESTS YET IN U. S. BOMB PLOTS

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Although virtually every agent and operative of the Department of Justice, and the police in eight cities have been working on clues which it was hoped would lead to the apprehension of the plotters, who Monday night placed high explosive bombs in eight cities, so far as is known in Washington no really important arrests have been made. More than sixty suspects have been taken into custody in various parts of the country, but no information has been received here that would indicate the capture of the actual plotters.

## Czechs Satisfied With Austrian Treaty

(Special to The Guardian.)

PRAGUE, June 5.—The Czech press appears to be well satisfied with the conditions imposed in the Austrian treaty. The Narodnik says "Vienna's star is waning. Prague's is mounting."

## ANXIOUS DAY AT CONFERENCE

GERMAN AND AUSTRIAN TREAT-  
IES NOW IN THE  
BALANCE

## NO FEAR OF DISAGREEMENT

Terms May Be Slightly Changed to  
Make Them Workable but  
Not Modified

(Special to The Guardian.)

PARIS, June 5.—This has been an anxious day through Peace Conference circles, with both the German and Austrian treaties in the balance and every effort being made to secure early and united action. The Council of Four considered the Austrian treaty in the morning for the purpose of completing the military and reparations terms which were omitted when the document was delivered Monday.

Later the council turned to the German counter proposals and called in experts. Many private conferences were also going on including one between A. J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary and Col. House of the American delegation, all seeking to clarify the situation and determine the course of action.

The prevailing view of those taking part was hopeful of early and satisfactory results. They admitted conditions were difficult and that the differences were rather sharply drawn but insisted that there was nothing like an impasse or anything threatening an agreement. Indications were that certain general results are already beginning to take form. The German counter proposals as a whole undoubtedly will be rejected but a number of suggestions may be embodied in the Allied treaty, not with any purpose of modifying or softening the document but for the purpose of making it workable and achieving the supreme end of getting it signed, and restoring peace.

## MELITA SAILS FOR CANADA

BRINGING MORE CANADIAN SOL-  
DIERS AND DEPENDENTS. ONLY  
80,000 NOW REMAIN OVERSEAS

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—The Melita sailed for Quebec yesterday carrying 34 officers and nurses from London, warrant officers, sergeants and 238 other ranks from Buxton, and dependents 480 wives, 167 children and 37 babies, also repatriated soldiers and dependents from the Imperial camp at Winchester numbering 233.

Only 80,000 Canadians now Overseas.

LONDON, June 5.—There are less than 80,000 Canadians now awaiting repatriation. Over 54,000 sailed during May.

The last units of the Fourth Division sail on the Olympic on Friday. About 2,500 Canadians consisting of the hospital staff remain in France.

## Constructive Imperialism

(Special to The Guardian.)

LONDON, June 5.—The Prince of Wales has led the way in constructive imperialism by denouncing the order for further detention of overseas soldiers from home and other punish-ments for infractions of regulations, as brutality in fact, and a wrong to the country.

His remedy for shipping shortage is employment of the fleet as transports, as the United States has already satisfactorily done.

## BOY DROWNED AT ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN, June 4.—The King's birthday was marked by one fatal accident here when George MacArthur, Jr., five years old, fell over a wharf into the harbor and was drowned.

## THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, June 6.—Fine and decidedly warm.

The tide will be high this afternoon at 4.57 and tomorrow at 6.11; it will be high tomorrow morning at 5.45 and Sunday at 6.27.

The sun sets this evening at 7.55 and tomorrow at 7.56; it rises tomorrow morning at 4.36 and Sunday at 4.36.

First quarter of moon Tuesday, June 5th at 7.22 a. m.

Full moon Friday, June 13th at 11.23 a. m.