

THE MAGAZINE GUARDIAN

Teachers, Parents, Pupils, Farmers, Dairymen, Horsemen.

THE SCHOOL AND THE HOME

POINTS ON MUFFINS

Whole Wheat Muffins
Into a quarter of whole wheat flour stir a teaspoonful of salt and 2 teaspoonfuls of baking powder.

Oatmeal Muffins.
To one cupful of oatmeal mush add 1/2 cupful milk, well-beaten egg, 1 teaspoonful butter, 1 tablespoonful sugar and 1 cup flour.

Brune Muffins
Cream together 2 tablespoonfuls brown sugar and 1 tablespoonful butter, and add to it 3 cupfuls of warm (not hot) milk.

Rice Muffins
Make a batter of a quart of milk, 2 beaten eggs, a teaspoonful of melted butter, a teaspoonful each of salt and sugar, and 2 cups of flour.

Graham Muffins
Rub to a cream a large tablespoonful of sugar, and 2 large tablespoonfuls of butter. Into this beat 3 eggs.

OLD-FASHIONED CORN BREAD.
Two cups corn meal, scalded with enough water to wet every part, put not to make it stony.

NUT LOAF
Two eggs, 2 cups white flour, 1 cup graham flour, 12 cup brown sugar, 1 cup walnut meats chopped fine, 1 cup milk, 2 teaspoon baking powder, 1-2 teaspoon salt.

SCALLOPED ONIONS.
One doz. medium-sized onions, 1 tablespoonful butter, 2 tablespoonful flour, 1 1/2 cupful boiling water, salt and pepper, bread-crumbs.

NERVOUS AILMENTS
Few people realize that nervous ailments often arise from digestive troubles. The stomach fails, for some reason, to digest food properly.

BARLEY SCONES.

One cupful whole wheat flour, 1 cupful barley meal, 2 tablespoonfuls lard or beef drippings, 1/4 teaspoonful salt, 1/2 cupful sour milk, 1/2 teaspoonful soda, 2 teaspoonfuls baking powder.

Sift the flour, barley meal, salt and baking powder together and work in the lard with the tips of the fingers or with two knives.

Plum Butter
Select mellow fruit, peel and remove stones, weigh the fruit, then, and to each pound allow three-quarter of a pound of sugar.

Spiced Grape Jelly
Crush and strain the juice of grapes that are not quite ripe. Use equal quantities of juice and sugar, and to ground cloves, add one-half teaspoon of ground cinnamon.

Pumpkin Preserve
Five pounds of pumpkin, five pounds of sugar, three-fourth pound of root ginger, one-third pound of nutmeg, one-half pound of raisins, one-half pound of currants, one-half pound of figs, one-half pound of prunes, one-half pound of apples, one-half pound of peaches, one-half pound of plums, one-half pound of cherries, one-half pound of strawberries, one-half pound of raspberries, one-half pound of blackberries, one-half pound of blueberries, one-half pound of raspberries, one-half pound of blackberries, one-half pound of blueberries.

Grape Conserve
To every five pounds of grapes take two pounds of sugar, two pounds of seedless raisins and one-half pound of English walnuts. Separate pulp from skin, heat pulp scalding hot, put through colander and sieve; then add the skins to the pulp and sugar.

King's Jam
Four pounds grapes, three-fourths pound raisins, one-fourth pound walnut meats, one-half pound figs, pulp of two oranges, two pounds sugar. Seed the grapes and cut the walnuts and figs into small pieces; mix all ingredients together and cook until thick.

FARM

CALF OF TODAY WILL BE THE COW OF THE FUTURE.
The first milk, or colostrum, as it is called, should always be given to the young calf. It has a peculiar laxative effect which is especially desirable.

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placed in the box dry and after a taste is once acquired for it, then allow no more at a time than will be cleaned up each day.

Skim milk fresh from the separator can be introduced into the feed after the calf is two weeks old, but the substitute must be gradual.

To develop the heifer into a good dairy cow and bring out the very best producing qualities she has in her, it is necessary to give her the very best of care and considerable treatment and feeding.

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Even bearing of the weight on the bottom of the walls of the feet is necessary if the upper structure of the colt's limbs is to be maintained in good form.

The sole of the foot needs little treatment under ordinary conditions as the growth of the hoof comes away in flakes as soon as it is complete.

The prevailing system of garbage disposal in American cities is that of incineration. This puts a burden upon the taxpayer or home owner, according to the system of cost distribution, and at the same time results in an economic waste.

The city of Denver, with its 250,000 inhabitants, has paid nothing for the hog-ranch corporation in its garbage for ten years, neither as a municipality, nor as individual citizens.

The contract between the city and the hog-ranch corporation runs in four-year periods. For a consideration, \$1, the Denver hog ranch is given the privilege of hauling away the city's garbage.

Members of our regular, or reserve, or auxiliary force, as defined by our Army Act.

Members of our Military forces raised by the Governments of any of our other dominions or by our Government of India.

Men who have since August 4th, 1914, served in our Military or Naval Forces, or in those of our allies, in any theatre of actual war, and have been honourably discharged therefrom.

Clergy, including members of any recognized order of an exclusively religious character, and ministers of all religious denominations existing in Canada at the date of the passing of our said Military Service Act.

Those persons exempted from military service by Order in Council of August 13th, 1873, and by Order in Council of December 6th, 1898.

Men who do not desire to claim exemption will report for service either by mail or in person. Forms of report will be found in all post offices, and will be transmitted free of postage.

should be of uniform size and color throughout the package, the top layer should be arranged so as to attract the eye of the buyer.

In addition to regular government inspection at the packing houses, the state veterinarian inspects the ranch and its stock about once a week.

When weaned the young pigs are immunized for life from hog cholera. A veterinarian injects cholera virus and cholera serum at the same time.

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or, but made clear the nature and source of the yellow color that is found in the body fat of cattle.

The color in the tallow is exactly the same as that found in butter. Cows that give yellow butter have yellow body fat, while those which give a whiter butter have whiter body fat.

The coloring matter in both cases is carotin, so-called, since it was first found in carrots. The yellow color in milk and butter is not made by the animal, but comes from the feed.

It is a well known fact that the attractiveness of a package of fruit sells it. The customers are attracted through the eye, and everything that aids in making the package attractive will increase the value of the fruit and ease in selling.

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The matter of deciding the above question is simplified somewhat where a foal of the same breed as its dam is called for, as with pure bred or a mare with a sufficient number of top crosses to render the foal eligible for registration, the breed type of the mare can be taken largely into consideration, thus making her share of the responsibility for obtaining the award at least 50 per cent.

Should the foal, however, be a direct cross or the get of a pure bred horse by a common-bred mare, then the greater proportion of the marks would be awarded the foal, if he is a good one in order that the use of the good sire may be encouraged, because all breeding class prizes should be given with the intention of encouraging the improvement of the class of animals under consideration.

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AMONG THE HORSES

AN UNSETTLED POINT IN HORSE JUDGING

In what proportion should the quality of the colt be considered in awarding a prize for mare and foal? Some owners maintain that 50 per cent. for the mare and 50 per cent. for the foal is the right division, while there is considerable difference of opinion expressed on the subject by both exhibitors and judges.

A decision of the matter, of course, must include a consideration of the sire of the colt as it is recognized, as proved by the persistent efforts of the best authorities to encourage the use of well bred and good individual stallions for the improvement of the horse breeds—that the sire is the main factor in determining the quality of the foal. This fact tends to minimize the importance of the mare's individuality, yet it cannot be denied that she must be healthy.

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Roup and Golds
Can be prevented by the prompt use of Pratts Roup Remedy
Once Roup gets a hold on your flock you are in for no end of trouble and disappointment. Now is the time to give Pratts Roup Remedy in the drinking water. A sure preventive of Roup, Colds, Catarrh and Diphtheria. At your Dealer's in Powder or Tablet form. Money Back if not Satisfied. Write TO-DAY for Pratts New Book, "Country Wives, It's FREE." Pratts Food Co. of Can., Ltd. 79-A Clarence Street Toronto P-15