

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1914

FIRST OF ALL

(50 PER YEAR DELIVERED IN ADVANCE)
(2.50 PER YEAR BY MAIL IN ADVANCE)

MORNING DAILY FOUNDED 1857
WEEKLY (NOW EVENING DAILY) 1897

THE LATEST NEWS

THE FIRST GREAT BATTLE OF THE WAR BELGIANS WON A BRILLIANT VICTORY

DETAILS CABLED FROM LONDON. DESPATCHES TO THIS MORNING'S LONDON TIMES AND TELEGRAPH.

CANADA'S FIRST CONTINGENT ALL TRAINED FORCE

Green Men are Held Back to
to Make Way for the
Experienced
Soldiers

MONTH BEFORE SAILING

Maxim Gun Corps With
Motor Car Equipment
Donated by Anony-
mous Citizen

OTTAWA, August 13.—Canada's first contingent of 20,000 men to be sent to Europe will be practically all previously trained militiamen. This appears from the manner in which members of the militia are volunteering, and it is directly in line with the wishes of the Militia Department, which is seeing to it that the green men are being kept to make way for those already trained.

It is probable that the end of four weeks will see the contingent leave Canadian shores. Although it may be necessary to send the men before that period, it is calculated by the department that a month will elapse before the contingent embarks. So far as definite arrangements have been made with the British Government for the transport of the men to the scene of action.

Reports received from the Militia Department continue to show a heavy enlistment throughout Canada. Recruiting officers have been instructed to give preference to trained men. It is known that many militiamen are hurrying in from the lying districts in order to enlist, and before the lists are closed they will be given opportunity to enroll. The include expert drivers for the artillery, many of whom are at present in the woods of the army division of twenty-one thousand men being raised by the Militia Department. It is expected that the supplement units to be raised in accordance with the offer received from New Brunswick, Manitoba, Calgary and Montreal will total about three thousand men. All these offers have been accepted, and the sponsors of them have been asked to make the necessary arrangements in co-operation with the Militia Department. In addition to those already announced there is to be further battery of Maxim guns with special motor car

CONDENSED ADS.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

One cent per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany order. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

WANTED AT ONCE GIRL TO TAKE care of children. Apply at this office. 3625-7-22Mf.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK IN kitchen. Stewart's Restaurant, Queen St.

FOR QUICK SALE AT REDUCED prices several black and patch fures. Apply "R" Box 116, City. 4084-8-14M2wpd

WANTED—A MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply St. Paul's Rectory, 197 Richmond Street. 4090-8-14M3L

SECOND HAND EMPIRE TYPE writer for sale. Price \$20. Good repair. Apply at once to P. O. Box 56, Alberton, P. E. I. 4083-8-14M6L

KITCHEN OVEN FOR SALE, SUIT- able for small house. Apply B. Carter & Co., Auctioneers. 3618-7-22Mf.

AUTOS FOR HIRE. EXPERIENCED chauffeurs. Comfortable cars. Island Motor Supply Co., Great George St. Phone 465-L. 3616-7-22Mf.

PORTRAITS PHOTOS ENLARGED all sizes. Crayons, Pastels and Oiletta Convex Portraits and frames a specialty. (14x20 raised glass 50 cts.) F. Young, 72 Upper Queen St., Charlottetown. 3585-7-20M1L

WANTED—MAN TO TAKE charge of a fox ranch, one who has had experience and give references, stating salary per year, or a small salary and value of centage on number and value of pups raised. A. L. O'Neill, New Aberdeen, N. S.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria, Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

WILL REWARD THOSE WHO GO TO WAR

Establishment of a Patriotic Fund Probable to Ade-
quately Remunerate
Them

OTTAWA, August 13.—As the work of recruiting proceeds, a number of problems incidental to the sending forth of a Canadian contingent are being taken up. One is the matter of remunerating volunteers for their services in the field. In the case of civil servants, this was solved by an order-in-council issued to-night providing full pay during active service for members of that body who volunteer. A number of the big industrial and commercial establishments in Canada, including a number of the Hebrew firms, it is learned have made the same provision for their employees, while others are giving half pay to men who go to the front.

In order to make provision for the families of those who will not draw any pay beyond their regular military allowance of \$1.10 per day, however, Colonel Sam Hughes, minister of militia, has in mind the establishment of a patriotic fund to which all Canadians will be asked to subscribe. This fund will be placed in the hands of a board of representative men, and will be used to afford a fair remuneration to all who risk their lives for their country.

The artillery at Hallifax, Quebec, the Isle of Orleans, an Equi multi, in connection with the forts at these places are well supplied with the ammunition the gun practice is proceeding. The Militia Department has no fear that any cruiser of the navy will attempt to come up the St. Lawrence, or the Bay of Fundy, or enter the Strait of Victoria.

With a view to preventing any possible scare from the sound of cannoning, constructors on Government works at St. John, Halifax, Vancouver and Victoria have been ordered to discontinue blasting. Colonel Hughes announced that the total strength of the expeditionary army division will be 22,250, exclusive of any special regiments that may be raised through private offers.

On the mobilization of the troops at Valcartier, the minister of militia intends to put them through a strenuous course of training under conditions approaching as near as possible active service. Accurate shooting is the first essential, and being less than 2,000 targets will be required to advance by rushes, shooting at targets at the same time. A record will be kept as fully as possible of individual marksmanship, and this record will go abroad. Colonel Hughes wishes it distinctly understood that no officers will be allowed to go unless they are fully qualified and show that they know how to lead men under practical conditions of warfare. It is also stated that the enrollment of volunteers may be done by every unit company commander and the men need not necessarily go to regimental headquarters to volunteer. The pay of the force is to be a dollar per day for each man, with a dollar per day for each private, with ten cents additional as field allowance. His wife or children dependent upon him subject to the proper militia authority.

AUSTRIANS CHECKED

PARIS, Aug. 13.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Mail says, "The Austrians suffered check on Diester river. Four regiments of Austrian Infantry and eight regiments of Uhlans were routed. The approaching battle will probably be a decisive one."

THE WEATHER THE TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC

The tide will be high this afternoon at 4.38 and tomorrow at 5.45. It rises tomorrow morning at 3.51 and Sunday at 3.34. The sun sets this evening at 7.11 and tomorrow at 7.10; it rises tomorrow morning at 4.50 and Sunday at 5.

The moon rises tonight at 10.38. The last quarter of the moon was on Thursday, Aug. 13 noon on Friday, Aug. 14 at 8.56 a. m.

There will be a new moon on Friday, Aug. 14 at 8.25 a. m.

The length of today will be four hours and fifteen minutes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria, Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Splendid Generalship and Precision of Belgians Completely Outwitted the Germans and After a Whole Day's Fighting Drove Them Out of the War Zone in Complete Disorder. The Germans Lost Over 1,000.

(Exclusive to The Guardian.)
BRUSSELS, Aug. 13.—Details of the Diest battle, the first great engagement of the war, where the Belgians left gained an advantage, show the Germans had over 10,000, composed of cavalry, artillery and a small force of infantry. The Belgians consisted of a cavalry division with a mixed brigade and several mitrailieuses to answer the Germans. The Belgian effective force amounted to 7,000. The probable aim of the Germans was to hurl themselves at the North Strand Road at Fories, in order to turn the Belgian army.

Early Wednesday the Germans drew up between Hasselt and Stroud, thence proceeded in the direction of Diest, chiefly via Stevort and Herckville. The German wings, however, came up from different ways over the front from Stroud to Herckville. On the one hand their left flanked the road from Stroud to Forment and the heights of Orsmaal and Gussenhoven. On the other hand their right protected the road from Hasselt to Diest.

SIEGE OF LIEGE.

(Exclusive to The Guardian.)
LONDON, Aug. 13.—Telegraph Special: Rotterdam, writing from Maastricht, Holland, the special correspondent of the Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant says "this morning I heard German siege guns being worked north of Liege fifteen miles south of here. Houses here were shaken. People were alarmed. Do not underestimate this artillery. Some pieces are so heavy that they required thirty-six horses to drag them into position. In place of the old Limburg, extending to Diest in the north province of Brabant at the point round Zeehem.

At seven last evening all the country between the three towns mentioned was cleared of German troops except the dead and wounded who were thickly strewn around the fire zone. Upwards of 200 dead German soldiers were counted in a space fifty yards square. The strength of the German unit was 5,000.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE FRONT

A few men are still wanted for intelligence work in the Detachment of the Corps of Guides.

The time for recruiting has been extended for a few days, and enrollment may be made at the Drill Hall, any night this week between 7.30 and 10 o'clock.

Good riders wanted or men qualified in signaling; or able to ride bicycles and motor-cycles.

An officer of the Corps will be at the Armories at the hours above stated, to enrol recruits, and give information.

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

The Belgian commander, fully aware of this movement, from aeroplanes and cavalry reconnaissances, allowed the enemy to advance, while he manoeuvred the Belgian troops to the most favorable positions. This country is divided by three tributaries of the rivers Demer, Herck, Gethel and velege, flowing south to north. To reach Diest it was necessary for the enemy to cross Gethel and Haerle. Here the Belgians took up their principal position and erected barbed wire and entrenchments beyond which the army were stationed with guns turned upon the enemy. Towards eleven a. m. the German appeared on the road from Stevort to Haelen. The first shots were exchanged between the advance guards. The Belgians allowed the enemy to advance slowly. The firing quickly became fierce. The artillery on both sides joined in action. The German artillery appeared unskilful and had little effect on the Belgians, whose fire at a steady range of 2,000 metres played havoc with the German cavalry which continued to advance on Haelen Cortenaken. The battle became tremendously hot by 2 p. m. the fire raging all along the line. The Belgian cavalry charged the German cavalry but the conformation of the country prevented a proper charge. The Belgians forced the attack in little banks across the fields. The countryside is intersected by hedges and hedges; nevertheless, the two sides met fiercely. The Belgians displayed great courage and daring. The Germans hurled themselves against the barricades in an endeavor to carry them, but the Belgians shot the Germans down coolly and with precision. The attack on the bridge was as savage as on the barricades. The German officers could be seen pressing the men forward to meet certain death from cannon. Men and horses fell like flies until, when almost shattered, the order to retreat was given at 6 p. m.

FIRST GREAT BATTLE

(Canadian Press.)
ROTTERDAM, Aug. 13.—Fighting yesterday between Belgian and German armies in the vicinity of Diest, lasted the entire day and constituted the first considerable battle of the war. It will be known as the battle of Haelen.

Shells were still falling at half-past seven in the evening on the roads around Diest. The battle centred around Haelen in Belgian province of Limburg, extending to Diest in the north province of Brabant at the point round Zeehem.

At seven last evening all the country between the three towns mentioned was cleared of German troops except the dead and wounded who were thickly strewn around the fire zone.

BELEGIERS USE AEROPLANS

(Canadian Press.)
ROTTERDAM, Aug. 13.—Telegraph Special: The Belgians are making good use of aeroplanes, wires the Dutch correspondent of Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant, from Maastricht. From my position on the frontier I saw three hundred yards away, a bridge which the Germans were trying to build across the Meuse and a German encampment six hundred yards away. Suddenly a Belgian aeroplane passes overhead hovering first over the bridge then over the encampment, then at terrific speed across the river and over the Meuse. It was ascertained by the Belgian guns open fire, evidently the aeroplane for the first round hit the encampment and in general confusion the camp was hurriedly moved.

LOYAL NEGROES

(Canadian Press.)
CAPETOWN, South Africa, Aug. 13.—Five thousand negroes have volunteered for military service. The De Beers Mining contributed \$500,000 to the relief fund now being raised at Kimberley.

JAPS' PARTICIPATION

(Canadian Press.)
LONDON, Aug. 13.—A despatch from Shanghai says the German minister at Tokio reports that arrangements have been made between the Japanese Government and the British and Russian ambassadors to the effect that Japan may assist in an attack upon the German naval base in the Far East. Tsing Tao is garrisoned with 5,000 German troops and reservists. All British subjects are being expelled.

CANADIAN MILITIA'S SPLENDID RESPONSE

Three Times More Volunteers Than Necessary
for the First Contingent for the Front

OTTAWA, Aug. 13.—Canadians responded magnificently to the call for volunteers. The close of the enlistment period last night finds the volunteer list so great that the Militia Department is confronted with the embarrassing problem of making selections. The Minister of Militia estimates the number of names registered by the various recruiting offices at approximately three times the requirement. This means two-thirds of those qualifying will have to be left out when the final selections are made. The watchword of the department has been "fitness."

'BATTLESHIPS ARE CHEAPER THAN BATTLES

What Would Not Every Patriotic Canadian Give Today If Our
Three Dreadnaughts Were Now at Jellicoe's Command in the
North Sea, When the Fate of Our World Will be Decided?

IN DEFENCE OF HOMES

All Kinds and Conditions Being Mobilized in London

HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATIONS INSUFFICIENT

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A despatch from Basle, Switzerland, says following the terrible battle at Malmbausen the Hospital facilities proved absolutely inadequate for the care of the wounded. Not only were all the hospitals filled, but schools, churches, hotels, were occupied to their capacity. Even then it has been found necessary to charter special trains to convey the wounded from Malmbausen and St. Ludwig and other towns. The latest estimates place the German losses from 8000 to 10,000.

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

One cent per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany order. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

**Pure Gold Quick Icings save time.

**August Horse Races Riverside have been cancelled for this year on account of war. A. J. Fraser, Sec'y, Montague. 4063.

**Presbyterian S.S. picnic at West River on T. A. Stewart's grounds on Wednesday, Aug. 19. All are invited to attend. 4081-8-13M3Lpd.

**Go to York Point Hotel for a days or weeks outing. Good bathing and boating. A ferry boat makes four trips daily between Fowal wharf, Charlottetown and York Point Round trip ten cents. See time table. Telephone connections with the hotel. D. W. White, Proprietor. 5118-7-24M6vks.

Minard's Liniment Cures Rheumatism



General war map showing Austria and Serbia divided in the North by the Danube River. On the west is Bosnia, a part of Austria and separated from Serbia by the Drina and Save Rivers. Belgrade, the Serbian capital, which was the first scene of fighting is on the Danube between them from each other and from Austria just across from Austria. Germany and Russia are shown also, and their boundary lines which separate them from each other and from Austria. In the Baltic-Sea is shown an island which it is reported, the Germans have captured for use as a base operation in their attack on St. Petersburg.