MUNYON'S COLD CURE

When Prof. Munyon says what his **Cold Cure** will do he only says what all the world knows. Nearly every body seems to be taking this remedy whenever a cold appears. It relieves the head, nose, throat and lungs so quickly that a cold need no longer be a forerunner of grippe, diptheria or pneumonia.

Every one of his remedies is as sure. All druggists, mostly 25c vial. Guide to Health free. Write to Broadway and 26th St., New York, for medical advice free.

ISLAND FLOUR

makes wholesome bread and wholesome people. We have a choice lot freshly ground from the best wheat our Island produces.

Give it a trial. Only 2c. lb.

J. D. McLEOD & Co.

GEO. S. INMAN

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Commissioner, etc.

MONTAGUE, - - - P. E. ISLAND.
Jan. 10, d3m wly

—FOR—

FIRE INSURANCE

—APPLY TO—

HYNDMAN & CO.

REPRESENTING

North British & Mercantile Ins. Co
Union Assurance Society.
Phoenix Assurance Co.
All English Companies—
Combined assets $100 000,000.

Honest claims settled with greatest espatch and liberality.

Most Reliable

Place to have your repair work done is the place that takes the most interest in your needs. We strive to accmomodate all who leave any work with us, by prompt attention and quick despatch of same. We have the reputation of being "O K." on repair work. Give us a trial and be convinced that what we say is true

BRUCE STEWART & Co.

Foundes, Engineers, Machinists and Boiler-makers.

Steam Navigation Co's Wharf.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Phone 125

FINAL NOTICE!

If your account is past due do not be surprised should you receive a summons to appear on a set day at either the the County or City Court.

We have on our Ledger some 300 accounts that we are going to collect by process of law.

We would much prefer if those we refer to would call and arrange for payment at once.

MARK WRIGHT & Co., Ltd,

THE MORNING GUARDIAN

FRIDAY, FEB. 15, 1901.

PROPOSED INCREASED INDEMNITY.

From time to time there crops up a proposal to increase the indemnity of members of the Federal Parliament. Now we are told there is under discussion a proposition to increase the salary of the Premier to $20,000. We started out as a Dominion with a Cabinet whose members received $5,000 each in additiou to their sessional indemnity of $600, the latter figure being the sessional pay of members of the Senate and Commons. The great men of those days, the Fathers of Confederation were well content to serve their country on these terms.

We have had no greater men since their day but we have had many men of lesser calibre who are not content to serve for such remuneration as the fathers received. The time came when the parties most interested, members of Cabinet and of Parliament, raised their own wages about 50 per cent all round. Thereafter members of the Cabinet received $7,000 a year and the Premier an extra thousand, making $8,000, and the indemnity of members of Parliament became $1,000 per session. So that at the present time the official salaries, and indemnity taken together make $9,000 for the Premier and $8,000 for his ministerial colleagues.

What begins at the top eventually finds its way to the bottom in such matters, and so we have had in several of the Provinces a like increase in the pay of Cabinet Ministers and members of the Legislatures. In Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick all the salaries and indemnities were scaled up at various times, until in proportion to the importance of their duties and the time required to be devoted to the public service the civil staff in most of the Provinces are paid proportionally as well as the federal officials. It is at this stage that we are confronted with the proposal to again increase the indemnity of the federal members of Parliament by one half.

We ought to look at this proposal first of all in the light of justice and secondly in the light of what is to follow, for it practically means an increase all the way from top to bottom, which the taxpayers of the future must pay. Be it observed that the movement does not originate with the people. No petition has called for such a change. The move is made on the part of the men who want more pay, and who are so placed that they can legislate more pay into their own pockets. It is said that the sessions have grown longer than they were. This is true but it ought not to be true. There is no good reason why the Parliamentary session should exceed three months. The windy talkers and obstructionists are accountable for the long-drawn-out sittings.

If there is more business to be transacted by the Cabinet than there was in the early days of the Confederation, as is admittedly the case, there are more Ministers to do it. There are doubtless a number of men in the Commons whose time is worth more to them in their business or professions than the $1,000 of indemnity they receive during the session. But this is not true of one half or even one fourth part of the members who sit in the two Houses. There may be some Cabinet Ministers who could make more than their present salaries, if they devoted their time to private instead of public affairs. But is that true of one half their number? We do not think so. Hence we hold it a selfish and altogether unwarranted proposal at the present time to increase the pay of either Ministers or Members. They are far enough, in their own estimation, above the masses who pay them as it is.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

THE CARE OF THE POOR.

The poor are always with us, even in Charlottetown, and the manner in which we deal with them affords a touch-stone of the true value of our civilization and our humanity. We have long been satisfied that our local methods are most inadequate and satisfactory. Some of the deserving poor are left to suffer. Others, less deserving, perhaps lazy or vicious, become a nuisance by begging from house to house, or stopping pedestrians on the street. Those who would gladly assist in relieving genuine want are unable to discriminate, have not time to make inquiry, and as a result much of what is given for a worthy object is almost as bad as wasted.

We are now in midwinter, with little employment for work-people and fuel is very costly. Few of those who live in plenty can realise what this means to the poor and unemployed. But we have no city organisation, no civic appropriation, no civic committee even to attend to their case or relieve their wants. Of course the Government does something. There is the Poor House, which successive grand juries have condemned as a disgrace to the City. The Government also makes a small grant to each of the churches for the poor under their charge. Two City churches heard from receive $15 each in this way. The churches endeavor to look after the poor among their own communicants by the agency of their poor committees. One or two benevolent societies do something in the same line. The rest is left to individual and indiscriminate charity.

The result of all this want of general method is that churches and charitable persons are often imposed upon by undeserving persons, while the deserving poor, who are perhaps concealing their poverty, are left unrelieved. It is clear that some better system is needed. A clergyman who takes a deep interest in the poor, and who has been deeply impressed with the present condition of things, has suggested to THE GUARDIAN that some organization like the associated charities of other cities ought to be called into existence here; that to this end the press should give attention to the matter and awaken public interest, and that in the near future a public meeting be called and some such organization effected. We heartily approve of this course.

Such an organisation might be formed of the pastors and two or more members of each of the churches. They would need a secretary-treasurer, who ought to be paid a moderate salary. By means of such an organisation all the poor of the City and their present and prospective needs would be ascertained. Impostors would be detected, and a line drawn, so far as might be necessary, between the deserving and the vicious. Such an organisation when formed, might be entrusted with the present Government grant to churches. The City Council ought also to contribute; individual contributions placed with such an organisation would be more carefully and helpfully bestowed than by the present mode of indiscriminate giving. These ideas are to be viewed as suggestions only, subject to approval, modification or rejection as more mature thought and deliberation may decide. But we believe all humane and thoughtful persons will agree that some change in existing methods, or want of methods is desirable.

Severe Pains in Back and Hips.

Mr. James Clark, Consecon, Prince Edward County, Ont., states:—"Eleven years ago I was taken with pains in my back, settling in my hips and extending up my spine. The pain was very severe, and at times almost unendurable, and many days I was not able to do an hour's work. Though I had consulted many first-class physicians and tried several advertised medicines, I could get no relief.

"At this time my father-in-law told me to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and said he knew they would cure me. I secured one box and great was my surprise when I began to feel better. I continued their use until I had taken about four boxes, which made me a sound man. I have recommended them to a number of my friends and have never met with one case where they did not meet with good success. My daughter, Mrs. Chas. Phillips, has also been cured of a severe stomach trouble by the use of these pills." One pill a dose. 25 cents a box, at all dealers', or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

We Want You

to have us in your mind's eye

As Careful Druggists

To know that when you are sick you can send your prescriptions here with the feeling that they shall receive our undivided attention, that we shall use the best drugs procurable—that they will be filled correctly, promptly, and that the price shall be as low as possible.

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B.

Graduate Pharmacy.
Sunnyside.

D. McLAUGHLAN, M. D,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE and RESIDENCE—Kent St., Near City Building.

Office Hours—8 to 10; 12 to 2 7 to 8.

TELEPHONE 323.

We learn that at Chambers yesterday before Mr. Justice Fitzgerald the election petition filed against Mr. Edward Hackett in West Prince, the one filed against Mr. A. A. Lefurgey in East Prince, the one filed against Sir Louis H. Davies in West Queens and the one filed against James J. Hughes in Kings, were dismissed and proceedings thereon stayed. It appears that in all the petitions preliminary objections were put in and the hearings of these objections were set down for yesterday before Judge Fitzgerald. As the cases were called the petitioner's attorney in each case stated that he did not propose to offer any evidence against the preliminary objections and the Judge had no other alternative than to allow them and dismiss the petitions one by one. The result is that all Federal election petitions in this Province are disposed of and out of Court.

Croup has no terrors for the mother who keeps Bentley's Liniment in the house. 10 and 25c.

TO BE LET—The desirably situated dwelling house on Grafton Street west, lately occupied by Duncan McLean, with coachhouse and stable. House is fitted with first-class bath-room, sewerage, and all other modern conveniences. Rent moderate. Apply to Thomas Campbell, Richmond St. West. 23tf

We are anxious to know if you are fond of money. If you go anywhere else for your suit, our conclusion will be that you have money to burn.

J.T. McKenzie, The Cash Tailor.

SYDNEY, C. B. ADVERTISEMENTS

ALLAN J. MacDONALD, L. L. B.
Barrister, &c.
SYDNEY, CAPE BRETON, N.S.
Branch Office, Glace Bay, C. B,
Collections promptly attended to.
Nov 19 d&w 3 mos.

L. L. GULLIVAN,
REAL ESTATE BROKER.
SOUTH CHARLOTTE STREET, SYDNEY, C. B
Real Estate for sale in all parts of Sydney. Rents collected. Loans negotiated
Nov. 19 d&w 3m os

Joseph McDonald, LL. B.
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR.
COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
NORTH SYDNEY, C. B.
Nov 20 3 mos d&w

ARCHIBALD & Co
Shippers of Old Sydney and Dominion
COALS
General Commission and Steamship Agents. Lloyd's Agents and Agents for New York, Boston and Philadelphia Underwriters.
NORTH SYDNEY, CAPE BRETON.
Nov 20 d&w6mos

McDONALD & OUSELEY,
BARRISTERS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS, &c.
Sydney, Cape Breton
Money to loan on Real Estate.
Agents of Yarmouth Building and Loan Society.
Collections promptly attended to.
L. X. MacDONALD, L.L.B. Judge of Probate.
F. A. G. OUSELEY,
Nov 20 3 mos d and w

ROSS & ROSS
Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c.
Sydney Cape Breton
Solicitors for the Bank of British North America, Sydney.
Reference—P. E. Island; McLeod Matson & McQuarrie, Summerside.
Money to Loan, Real estate bought and sold
HUGH ROSS L. L. B.
HOWARD S. ROSS B. A. L. L. B.

MacECHEN & McCABE
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, PUBLIC, ETC.
OFFICES; MacDonald's Block, Charlotte St Sydney, Cape Breton, N. S.
Special Attention to COLLECTIONS and REAL ESTATE.
HOUSES and LANDS, Rented, Bought sold for Clients, and Monies invested Borrowed as clients may require.
John J. MacCabe A. J. C. MacEchen.
Oct 17 d&w law 3w

(It Pays to buy at Perkins')

GREAT

White Wear Sale

Commences Monday at 9 a. m.

Our great annual white wear sale has always proved a piping success. The ladies of this city have seldom if ever seen such a display of beautiful "Lingerie" as we are now showing. Remember you must see and examine the undermentioned goods to fully appreciate their wonderful values.

"Night Dresses."

Full size cambric yoke with tucks and lace trimming Sale Price 59c.

Good cotton Empire style trimmed with galoon and embroidery. Sale Price 85c

Fine English Cotton trimmed with lace and insertion Sale Price. $1.50

"Corset Covers"

Ladies' white cotton all sizes untrimmed. Sale Price 18c.

Ladies white cotton embroidery trimmed. Sale Price 32c.

Ladies white English cotton trimmed with insertion and embroidery. Price 48c.

Drawers.

Cotton trimmed with lace well made. Sale Price 25c.

Fine cotton three tucks and galoon. Sale Price 45c.

English cotton, embroidery trimmed. Sale Price $1.10

Skirts.

Good cotton three tucks full size. Sale Price 45c.

English cotton cambric ruffle galoon finish Sale Price $1.15

Fine cotton with tucks, insertion and frill of embroidery Price $1.50

F. PERKINS & Co.,
The Millinery Leaders.

We Want Your Trade.

But we want to feel that we deserve it. That's why we give you the most and best for the least money.

THIS IS A GOOD TIME

to buy Parlor Suites. We have a fine assortment at from $24.00 for a solid walnut suite—up to $85.00—Quality as usual—right.

JOHN NEWSON.

The Best Always The Cheapest

We address ourselves today to the Conservative Gentlemen who dress well, who like to carry their individuality into what they wear, who are particular about their springs to your thoughts at once.—

For those who propose something better than the average, we make SUITS, OVERCOATS, TROUSERS, &c. to order within the reach of moderate means.—We are in a position where we can guarantee satisfaction to the extent of refunding money if necessary.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS GOODS
High Grade and low prices

Gordon & Mclellan,
Men Outfitters.

STOCKTAKING
FINISHED
Remnant Sale
Now On
Print
Flanelette
Ribbon
Flannels
Laces.

Shirtings
Skirtings
Dress Goods

T. J. HARRIS,
London House