

The aristocracy of brains is a realm far removed from that bedlam where men straggle merely for possession of the almighty dollar.

Kiss your child before he goes to sleep; the hour may come when you would give the gold of the world just to touch those ruby lips once more.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN The People's Paper Read by Everybody

Covers Prince Edward Island Like the Dew

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1928

Charlottetown Guardian Two Cents Morning Guardian, Founded 1897

WYRSHIRE BREEDERS HOLD THEIR ANNUAL MEETING

Great Enthusiasm Marked Provincial Meeting Held In Agricultural Hall.—Important Resolutions Discussed And Passed.

One of the most enthusiastic and consideration of the meetings. The first of these Resolutions recommended a second general Tuberculosis test for Prince Edward Island, with as little delay as possible. It was pointed out by those who spoke to the Resolution, that a great deal of irritation and expense is being suffered by the breeders of cattle and buyers as well, especially through the fact that cattle purchased for these points, from non-accredited herds, are held up for the purpose of undergoing a tuberculosis test, before shipment can be made out of the Province. It is felt that, on account of the very low percentage of infected cows in this Province, as found in the first test, that if a second general test is made, the percentage of reactors above referred to, may be removed, and that on the basis of this record, the Province could very well be classified as a fully accredited area. The Resolution also recommended that negotiations be undertaken with the United States Authorities, to have Prince Edward Island recognized as such, after the test has been made, so that the disabilities above referred to, may be removed, when shipments are consigned to American Buyers. In connection with this matter, arrangements were also made to cooperate with other Breed Associations in the Province, to take similar action in regard to the second general test, and a Deputation was recommended, representing the Breeders of the Province, to take up the matter direct with the Ottawa authorities.

(Continued on Page 3)

Foreign Office Denies Report

MOSCOW, Feb. 1.—The Russian Foreign Office said today that reports from Constantinople that the Soviet Government is closing the Coasts of Theodosia at the junction of the Azov and Black Seas to Foreign navigation are completely unfounded. CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 1.—The British Embassy here today confirmed receipt from London of an official message to warn British ships that the Crimean port of Theodosia has been closed with mines. The British authorities have requested the Turkish Harbor officials to transmit a warning to British ships now in transit on the Black Sea.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 1.—Three houses at Afriville, a settlement in the North end of Halifax, inhabited mostly by colored people, were destroyed this afternoon in a fire which for a time threatened the entire community.



TORONTO, Feb. 1.—Maritime fresh winds shifting to southwest, partly cloudy with light snow or rain in east, not much change in temperature.

Annual meeting of York Ship Club will be held in York Hall, Thursday, February 2nd, at 7.30 p.m. Every farmer invited to attend. Representative of Live Stock Branch will address the meeting. Walter Dockendorf, Secretary.

Jack Dempsey Has Retired From The Ring

MIAMI BEACH, Feb. 1.—Announcement that Jack Dempsey has permanently retired from the ring and that Gene Tunney will defend his title in June against the winner of the Sharkey-Heeney-Risko-Delaney elimination contest was made here today by Tex Rickard.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE FEDERAL PARLIAMENT

Minister of Militia to Introduce Bill for the Modernizing and Improvement of the Royal Military College at Kingston.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 1.—Expansion of the Royal Military College at Kingston and the raising of educational standards in other colleges have prompted Hon. J. Layton Bell, Minister of Militia, to introduce a bill in the Commons to meet the new conditions. The present royal military college act is quite out of date, according to the official explanation, and the new act will enable the college to carry on and provide education in all branches of military tactics, fortification, engineering and general scientific knowledge.

It is proposed to raise the qualifications required for entry as a cadet and other changes are planned with a view to the proper management of the college, which henceforth shall be under the direction of the National Defence. The existing act is silent on the latter point.

No decision has yet been reached regarding a suggestion that the Dominion arsenal at Quebec shall be transferred to Lindsay, Ont. The Quebec premises have been transferred to the National Battlefields Commission and a move will have to be made. In view of the fact that the government already owns a suitable building at Lindsay, the home town of the late Sir Sam Hughes seems to be the logical location. Returned soldiers to the number of more than twenty thousand have taken advantage of the government's insurance scheme, and the insurance in force exceeds \$57,000,000. Among the policy holders are two under the age of 24 who must have been very young when the war ended ten years ago and two who are not so young. They are now in the age group of 75 to 79.

Canadian expenditure on naval defence last year was \$1,687,896, or less than twenty cents per head of the population. The government is asking parliament to authorize the purchase of two new destroyers, but Canada will be dependent upon the British navy for many years to come for the protection of her foreign commerce.

The personnel of the Royal Canadian Navy includes 70 officers and 440 men, while there are 70 officers and 430 men in the naval reserve and 800 men in the naval volunteer reserve. The vessels include the Stadacona, Patriot, Festubert and Ypres at Halifax and the Naden, Patricia, Armentieres and Thiepval at Esquimaux. The Patriot and the Patricia are going to the scrap heap. Young Canadian ratings participate in gunnery and torpedo exercises for the first time.

RESUME OF ACTIVITIES IN THE POTATO SITUATION

Mr. Boulter, Secretary Of The Potato Growers' Association Returns Home From Number Of Conventions Of Produce Dealers And Others And Discusses The General Situation In The United States And Canada.

Mr. Wilfred Boulter, Secretary of the Prince Edward Island Potato Growers' Association returned home recently after an absence of two weeks from the province, spent in the interests of the Department of Agriculture and the Potato Growers' Association.

He attended the meeting of the Canadian Produce Association at Montreal, notice of which has already appeared in these columns. During the same week he attended a meeting of the Commission merchants, known as the National League Convention held in Boston where he met scores of Potato men.

Mr. Boulter, during an interview with a Guardian reporter, said that it is always difficult to judge the potato market, but the general opinion expressed by dealers at this convention was that there would be little, if any change in the price of potatoes, based on the information that there was a greater supply than the trade required.

After the Boston convention, Mr. Boulter proceeded to Ottawa where he attended a convention at which he represented the Department of Agriculture of this Province. When asked about the work of the Association for the past season, he stated that the volume of business done during the fall season, ending December 31st, 1927, far exceeded that of any entire year of business since the Association was organized. Considerably over one million bushels of potatoes were handled and twenty thousand bushels of turnips. The open fall aided greatly in the movement by water. The Association having loaded in all sixteen steamer loads would average forty or fifty thousand bushels per steamer. Three ports were used in loading, Summerside, Charlottetown, and Georgetown. Without these additional warehouses, said Mr. Boulter, it would have been impossible to have moved such a large quantity by water. The Georgetown warehouse proved of exceptional value as the seed shipped from this port was for points south, whose growers would not, under any condition accept early shipments of seed. The fact, therefore, that the Association was able to have moved such a large quantity by water, the Georgetown warehouse proved of exceptional value as the seed shipped from this port was for points south, whose growers would not, under any condition accept early shipments of seed.

Three Children Lost Their Lives

PRESCQUE ISLE, Me., Feb. 1.—Three children, aged 2, 3 and 6 years, lost their lives at Eagle Lake near the Canadian border last night when the home of Joseph King was burned.

Baby Boy Dies of Burns

TRENTON, Feb. 1.—Thomas Cantley Scott, aged 2 years, died yesterday morning as a result of burns sustained when his clothes caught fire from a stove yesterday, while his mother was busy in the upstairs part of her home.

Predicts Prosperous Future For The Maritimes

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 1.—A South as well as a West, Right Hon. L. G. M. S. Amery, Secretary of State for the Dominions in the Government of Premier Stanley Baldwin, told the Halifax Canadian Club today at a luncheon given in his honor. He added that the first step had been taken in the negotiation of trade treaties. With the British West Indies, counseled increased activity in the developments of the Islands, and foretold a prosperous future for the Atlantic Provinces of the Dominion in handling the trade of the tropics that was bound to develop. Mr. Amery was introduced by Mayor J. B. Kenny, who welcomed him, he said, on behalf of the "Wardens of the honor of the North" and who prophesied that he would return to England with a solution for the trade problems of the Empire, that would be satisfactory alike to the overburdened British taxpayer and the peoples of the Dominions. He was thanked at the conclusion of his address by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Premier of Nova Scotia, for his words and also the fact that like Premier Baldwin he had included the Maritimes in his Canadian itinerary.

Body Found By Workmen

MONTREAL, Feb. 1.—A human trunk without head or limbs, was found in the snow on the roof of the shed adjoining 1443 Sanguinet street in the eastern section of Montreal here today. The discovery was made by men engaged in clearing the roof. The body, that of a man, was in three feet of snow. The police are investigating.

CANADA QUITE BACKWARD IN TOWN PLANNING

Report to Surveyors' Convention Says Municipal Heads Were Inclined to Scoff at early Movement.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 1.—"There is really a remarkable awakening to the significance and value of town planning throughout Canada, even though the movement is not yet commensurate in its scope with that of other countries," said Carl Engler, D.L.S., in concluding the report of the Town Planning Committee presented at the annual convention of Dominion Land Surveyors which opened here today. No sensible man, said Mr. Engler, is now asking whether town planning is a fad. The movement has justified itself in all directions and is accepted throughout the world, as is shown by the fact that each year representatives from about 40 nations are gathering in international town and regional planning conferences. It seems to have passed the experimental stage and to have become an established and expanding practice in all civilized countries.

Table with 3 columns: Commodity, 1926, 1927. Rows include Potatoes, Fertilizers, Insecticides, etc., Bags, Implements, Total Association expense.

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SELF EXPRESSION IMPORTANT BRANCH OF EDUCATION

What Is The Use Of Having A Great Deal Of Knowledge, If One Cannot Impart It Clearly And Accurately To Others?

The process of learning is, essentially very analogous to that of filling a vessel previously empty. The mind of youth, ever alert, readily absorbs the interesting facts of every day life. And it is well that this should be so. It is to present and to young people the right selection of these facts that we maintain as throughout the country costly educational institutions, staffed by competent teachers. Now, having assimilated all this knowledge there are just three ways in which the individual may use it to influence society—namely, by conduct, writing and speech. Of these, the first two are generally dealt with pretty well in our educational institutions. But the matter whether or not the student has, perhaps hardly received the certain to benefit greatly from the emphasis it deserves. The minds of boys and girls are filled with knowledge it is true. 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