

Headquarters —FOR— Binder Twine

We have just received a large supply of the following well known brands:

- Standard 500 feet,
- Green Sheaf 550 feet,
- Manilla 600 feet,

which we are selling at lowest prices: Having bought a large quantity we are in a position to quote especially low prices to Farmer's Institutes and to the Wholesale Trade. Don't fail to get our prices before buying

A. Horne & Co.

stud. if.

Amusement Blended With Education

Keep August 30
To September 7
For Halifax
Fair

AT THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION DAILY AIRSHIP TRIPS

From the Exposition Grounds

The vaudeville program at the Big Nova Scotia Fair will be a...

Regular Exposition Features

of the Great Exhibition will be up to the high standard hitherto set. There will be special competitions on the seven days of the fair for purses aggregating \$6,200. The exhibition premiums total \$20,000.

Goodie's Airship Trips will be made daily, and besides, there will be seven grand vaudeville acts for the grand stand.

M. McVie Hall, Manager and Secretary

7-29-12

The thousand yards or more of wash gingham worth up to 13c which are selling for 10c per yard are making lively selling at the wash goods counter. Patch's 7-22dtf

HOME SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

The Grand Trunk Railway has issued a circular authorizing all Agents in Canada to sell Home Seekers' Excursion tickets to points in Western Canada. This is interesting information for those desiring to take advantage of these excursions on certain dates from April to September 1911. The Grand Trunk Route is the most interesting, taking a passenger through the populated centres of Canada, through Chicago and thence via Duluth or Toronto and the twin cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. Ask Grand Trunk Agents for further particulars. W. K. Rogers, City Ticket Agent. 7-23dtf

A large showing of kimonos both in colored crepe cloth. Short length \$1.75. Long length \$4.20. Patons. 7-22dtf

"All our summer underwear, outing and negligee shirts, fancy and plain hosiery, are being offered at from one-quarter to one-third off. An opportunity to replenish your wardrobe at very low prices. Read our adv. carefully. D. A. Bruce. 8-9dtf.

TORONTO EXHIBITION.

The Canadian Pacific Railway have named low rates to the Toronto Exhibition which opens on Aug. 26th. The rates named afford a very tempting opportunity to visit Canada's National Exhibition via Canada's National Highway. Full particulars can be had from the company's local agent. 8-9wdsr7l.

G. D. Wright

Funeral Director and embalmer—Miss A. Ferguson, Lady Assistant—Personal Attention and Promptness Guaranteed. Ambulance calls answered at short notice. SPECIALTIES: Disinfecting and Fumigating Furniture Repaired and Reupholstered. Silent Salesmen made to order. OFFICE—King Square, Phone 330. RESIDENCE—King Square, North Side, Phone 223. dtstf

Going to Attend the Grand Lodge?

Grand Lodge K. of P. will meet here on August 22nd and 23rd. So rare is such an event that you should show your connection with this famous society in every manner possible. We have a splendid array of Pythian pins and emblems—beautifully and honestly made in neat designs. Stand out from the crowd—show your colors. We'd be pleased to show you our line of pins, etc.

W. N. Tanton
JEWELER

Souvenir Goods OF Prince Edward Island

Chinaware
Post Cards,
Souvenir Books,
Jewelry,
Burnt Leather Goods,
and many other lines.
Books, Books, Books,
for summer reading;
Holiday Books.
Hammocks, Hammocks
all at lowest prices.

Carter & Company
LTD.

BURN A NEGRO AT STAKE IN PENNSYLVANIA

CHOCESVILLE, Penn., Aug. 15.—Zacharia Walker, the negro who shot and killed Edgar Rice, a special policeman employed by the Worth Brothers Steel Company, on Saturday night, when caught in the act of holding up and robbing a foreigner near the works of the company, was dragged from his cot in the Coatesville hospital where he had been lodged under police guard, and burned at the stake by a mob a half mile from town tonight. Coatesville is only thirty-eight miles west of Philadelphia.

The lynching, which is the first to happen in this state, has roused the town to white heat, and at midnight thousands of excited men and women thronged the streets, while requests for police assistance have been sent to surrounding towns in Chester and Lancaster counties, in the belief that more serious trouble may break out between the negroes and the whites. Coatesville has more than 12,000 inhabitants, a majority of whom are foreigners employed in the two big steel mills. At midnight every one of the 12,000, who were in the streets or remained awake and on guard at home in anticipation of an outbreak of race riots. The town's force of half a dozen policemen is utterly unable to cope with the situation.

Since the attempted hold-up and the arrest of the negro this afternoon by a posse when he tried to shoot himself when cornered in a barn on the farm of Louis Entreklin, Fallowfield Township, mutterings of trouble were heard on all sides and efforts of the more sober-minded citizens to prevent the outbreak which came tonight were no avail. Men gathered on the street corners all during the day, and when the news was spread that the negro had been captured, threats of vengeance were made, churches were deserted for the most part, and many farmers from outlying sections came into town to hear the latest developments and to join in the demonstration against the prisoner.

MOB STOPS HOSPITAL.

As dusk fell the crowds increased, and, apparently without leadership, joined forces and streamed toward the Coatesville hospital, which stands upon a high hill along St. George's road in the west end. As the vanguard of the mob approached the hospital, they were joined by hundreds coming from the other direction, all bearing revolvers, shotguns and other weapons.

The mob ascended the steep road to the hospital and demanded that the negro be produced. The attaches hastily shut all doors and windows and barricaded them with furniture and coats or whatever was at hand. In fact, the crowd would not be denied, but their desire for vengeance was but increased, and they made short work of the entrance way.

Scores, many of them wearing masks or improvised masks of handkerchiefs, struggled and fought their way into the chamber where the negro was stretched on a cot, manacled to its side.

The single police guard at his side was swept away like a straw in a torrent. The negro was seized by a dozen hands—as many as could get a hold of him—and he was dragged aside. When it was found that he could not be pulled from the bed, chains held him fast—a score more from the floor and pulled it and the negro to the doorway. Their progress was impeded by the others, who were still fighting to gain entrance to the tiny hallway of the entrance to the hospital.

Finally a way was cleared and the negro and negro were lifted upon the bill to St. George's road. The crowd which had increased in number to more than 5,000, and boys followed yelling, screaming, and gesticulating: "Shooting, sometimes in unison 'Lynch him! Lynch him!'"

DRAGGED TO SCENE OF OWN CRIME.

At the foot of the incline the leader, weary of carrying the bed and its burden and unconsciously dropped it to the roadway. A rope was instantly produced and a loop was placed about Walker's feet. In this way the cot, and usually deserted road running by the side of the Bran dywine to the spot where the negro had attempted to hold up and rob the foreigner on Saturday night, and where he had shot and killed Rice. Evidently not satisfied with the torture he had already inflicted on the negro, the crowd decided that it was not enough to return their victim to the scene of his crime, but they hastily tied the rope around his heels—the rope had become untied when the mob came to a standstill—and started off again down the road. Aimlessly they went, still shouting where they went or how far, but only bent upon continuing the negro's torture as long as possible and until they should find a more suitable spot in which to carry out their purpose to end his life as he had ended that of Rice, quickly and surely.

At the Newlin farm they stopped about fifty yards from the roadside. As if by magic a pile of fence rails and lumber of all varieties was hastily collected from farm buildings, sheds and outhouses, and almost before many in the mob realized what was happening, a match was applied and a sheet of flame shot up from the dried wood.

The same score of hands that had grasped the cot in the hospital and had torn it from the room and down the hill, grasped it again and with one swing tossed it, with the negro's body, on the pile of blazing lumber. With a scream Walker fell on the flame, and despite his injury and bandages and chains, fought frantically to break his bonds and escape the fiery furnace that was now raging about him. He pleaded for his life, but the mob was obdurate.

Once he tried to crawl out from the bed was burned away from his chains, but he was pushed back by the mob. A second time he tried and a second time he was pushed back. A third he tried for life, and it seemed that he was about to succeed, but the men with the fence rails and pitchforks were watching that there would be no escape, and again they thrust him back into the flames.

Walker gave one last terrible shriek and fell back. Soon his body was charred to a crisp. The crowd stood silent. Not a man raised a hand in protest against the negro's fate, and for half an hour they stood almost motionless, watching the flames as they flickered lower and lower, and then lower, until the pile was a mass of glowing coals.

The negro's body was entirely consumed and not a vestige of his cot or anything that may have served to prove that a body of a man had been prey to the flames remained, with the exception of the chain which had bound him to the cot, and which lay, glowing red hot, in the centre of the smoldering pile. The chain was quickly snatched from the coals and dipped into water and then broken up as souvenirs.

Shortly before midnight the crowd began to disperse, the majority of the men and boys flocking back to town, but few going to their homes, so intent were they on remaining about the streets in readiness for any trouble.

About the edge of the crowd and in the hillsides in the immediate neighborhood of the burning many women were seen, all discreetly remaining at a distance from the fire. On the streets after the lynching women mingled with the men and boys, all eagerly listening to the accounts as told by those who had been participating or had been within sight.

After the excitement had died down to some extent it was learned that Stanley Howe, the policeman left to guard the negro at the hospital, had put up a valiant fight to protect his prisoner. When Howe saw the mob approaching up the hill he fired several shots from the window in the air in the hope that the leaders would be deterred.

The patients in the hospital were panic-stricken, and either climbed or were carried to their rooms, and sought places of safety on upper floors or in improvised hiding places.

Immediately after the crowd had lynched the negro word was dispatched to Westchester by the authorities or assistance, and Sheriff David Golder sent out for Coatesville for several assistants. His aid, however, will be useless, it is believed, in view of the size of the crowds that filled the town till long after midnight.

MAKING DAIRY BUTTER.

Whatever the reasons may be for making butter upon the farm, I am firmly convinced that if dairy butter is properly made and marketed it will command a good price. The following suggestions it is hoped will prove of value to those who are looking for big prices for dairy butter.

As the first place, only good butter can command good prices. To get such butter requires the strictest attention to cleanliness in milking, handling the milk and cream and in making the butter. Churn often. No fewer than three churnings a week should be made where high quality is desired. Sour the cream at a temperature as near 70 degrees as possible. The last stages of ripening may be finished at close to the churning temperature. The use of a fine flavored "starter" will improve the flavor of the butter. "Starters" are pure cultures of lactic acid bacteria (souring germs) which give butter its desirable flavor.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED
Local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased part, are of no use. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this is inflamed you have a humming sound or a roaring noise, which is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever. Hear as you please. Send for circulars, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pleasant Curing

It's needless to use nauseous remedies for disorders of the liver and digestive organs, and it's harmful to use harsh irritating purgatives.

Granular Effervescent Saline

will do more, do it quicker and without harm. It's a mild and pleasant remedy that keeps the stomach and liver right and the system free from poisonous waste matter.

25c Bottle.
E. A. Foster
Central Druggist
Sunnyside.

You Should Tremble And Shudder

When an unscrupulous druggist offers you a substitute for DR. FOWLER'S Extract of Wild Strawberry.

If you are suddenly attacked by DIARRHOEA, DYSBENTERY, COLIC, CHOLERA OR PAINS IN THE STOMACH, CHOLERA MORBUS, SUMMER COMPLAINT, or any LOOSENESS OF THE BOWELS, do not experiment with some new and untried remedy, but get one that has stood the test of time.

For 65 years this wonderful medicine has been used in thousands of homes in Canada, and has given universal satisfaction. When you want a bottle of "Dr. Fowler's," insist on being given the name, as these no-name, no-reputation preparations may be dangerous to your health.

Mr. J. Castle, Totonka, Man., writes: "Just a word in favor of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, which I used last summer for Cramps in the Stomach and Diarrhoea. I was very sick for a week and not able to do anything until I purchased a bottle of the above remedy, and after three or four doses I was as well as ever."

The price is 35 cents per bottle. See that the name, The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., appears on the label, as we are the manufacturers and sole proprietors of this remedy.

aroma. Commercial starter is best and this will cost only about 75 cents per month. Full directions for use are furnished free by the manufacturer if requested.

Care must be taken not to get the cream too sour for churning. The bulk of dairy butter during the summer is damaged by overchurning cream. Where the best butter is to be made a test is necessary to determine when cream is sour enough to churn. Very simple and cheap tests are available for this purpose. Five to six-tenths of one per cent. is the best acidity for churning.

Always strain the cream into the churn to remove any particles of curd or dried cream. One thickness of cheese cloth is best for this purpose. Color the butter to suit your taste. A cream testing between 25 to 30 per cent. fat churning best. Remember that the best and quickest churning is obtained when the churn is about one-third full.

With all the foregoing conditions right, the next thing is to get the churning temperature. This varies considerably, ranging from 45 to 65 degrees F., with an average temperature of about 55 degrees F. The best rule to follow is to have the temperature such that the cream will churn in from 30 to 45 minutes. Do not pass the butter through a strainer into a lump. Stop the churning when the granules are about half the size of a pea. When larger than this it is more difficult to remove buttermilk and distribute the salt. When smaller, some of the fine grains are liable to pass with the buttermilk. Do not wash the butter too much; it will remove some of the fine, delicate flavor. One washing in which as much water is used as there was cream is usually sufficient.

Start with the rate of about one ounce per pound of butter. The buttermaker, however, must cater to market demands with regard to the amount of salt as he does with regard to color. It is needless to say that the best grades of salt should be used in butter.

When only a small amount of butter is made, the butter may be worked with a ladle in the churn. For larger amounts it is best to use a small table worker which can be purchased for a few dollars.

It is safer for the average buttermaker to work the butter twice. It is then allowed to stand six to eight hours after which white streaks are usually noticeable on cutting the butter with a string. The second working should be done as soon as the butter assumes a uniform color. By following this rule butter will never be overworked nor will it ever show mottles (uneven color).

For fancy trade, one-pound prints wrapped in parchment paper are the most popular. The prints are made with a small hand printer which should have the dairyman's monogram cut into it. The imprint of the monogram in the butter serves as a guarantee of its genuineness. It is also desirable to have some neat lettering on the parchment paper, such as, for example, "Dairy Butter," etc. Prints must be kept cold to preserve their attractive appearance.

With the small butter producer, the greatest trouble is finding a suitable market for his product. It is customary with most of these producers to sell their butter to their country dealer, who, as a rule, makes little discrimination in the quality of the butter, the good and the poor selling for practically the same price. No producer of good butter can afford to market it in the country stores. The producer of good butter can afford to market in the country stores. Those who have made farm butter-making a success have invariably catered to trade. Seek private customers who are willing to pay well for a good product. By selling direct to the customer you save not only the middleman's profit, but the consumer is likely to pay you a premium for your butter which he would not pay to the middleman. He knows the butter is fresher when it comes from you direct.

There is a constantly increasing tendency for city consumers to prefer getting their perishable products like butter and cream direct from the producer.—John Michels.

You Will Like Our Work

We always endeavor to give you supreme satisfaction—to do the best we know how. We have found that those who appreciate our work come here and our constant aim is to keep up and, if possible, excel our present satisfactory methods. We call for and deliver all orders. All kinds of washing and ironing work attended to. Phone 131.

Far Steam Laundry
A. F. Webster, Prop.

BRAIN WORKERS NEED NULIFE—YOU CAN'T GO WITHOUT IT

Hard thinkers and workers will eventually find that their pace is too swift for the constitutions and must look to some time-tried medicine that will give to their systems that abounding health and strength that allows a man or woman to cope intelligently and effectually with life's obstacles.

Nulife (Red Blood Tablets) is the greatest known remedy for poor and impoverished blood—weak or strained nerves. It acts promptly and gently and efficiently on the system to overcome the ailments and illness that are so prevalent at this season. From the

first tablet the system assimilates the strength giving qualities and distributes strength and nourishment to the blood and weakened nerve cells. Nulife costs only 50c. a box, is sold by:

- McKinnon Drug Co., City.
- Two Maces, City.
- Geo. E. Hughes, City.
- J. W. Caruthers, Montague.
- Cox Bros., Morell.
- Mrs. A. M. Campbell St. Peter's.
- H. J. Mabon, Souris.
- Alex. Lord, Red Point.
- Jas. F. Lord, North Tryon.
- J. P. Smith, Kinkora.
- S. H. Colwill, New Haven.
- Ewen McKinnon, Hampton.
- Caivin Howatt, Victoria.
- Kier & McFadyen, Kensington.
- P. N. Emman, Summerside.
- E. C. LePage, North Rustico.
- W. B. Dyer, Alberton.

If your dealer does not carry Nulife ask him to write Johnson & Johnson, Wholesale Distributors, Charlottetown, for it.

GUARDIAN CLASSIFIED ADS

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—50 acres standing hay. Apply to Mrs. George J. Scott, Cornwall. 8-8dtf.

NEED FOR SALE—Always in stock Middlings, Cornmeal, Oil Cake, Oats, Hay and Straw, at lowest possible prices.—F. J. Holman & Co. 8-17dtf.

Tenement house for sale, 47 foot frontage on North side Euston St. between Great George & Queen Sts. Price reasonable. Apply to Gaudet & Hazzard, Solicitors. 7-20dtf.

SAFES, all sizes and styles. If your safe is too small we will exchange it for a new Dominion Safe and Vault Co's safe. The Canadian Fairbanks Co. Limited, St. John, N. B. 8-17dtf.

FOR SALE or to let, new house and store with fifteen acres of land situated at Bedford Station. Excellent business stand. Apply to Thos. J. Green, 19 Allston St., Alberton, Mass. 8-9-13mospd.

FEMALE HELP

WANTED—A girl for housework at King Edward Hotel. 8-15dtf.

WANTED, cook for Falconwood Hospital. 8-14dtf.

WANTED, at once, three good chamber maids apply at Hotel Victoria. 8-5dtf.

WANTED, a girl for general housework, Mrs. J. Collingwood, 28 Great George Street. 8-15dtf.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. J. C. Sims, 279 Richmond Street. 7-21dtf.

WANTED, girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Fred Hall, Cor. Richmond and Cumberland Sts. 8-15dtf.

WANTED, young women to train as nurses. Apply to Supt. Bath, City Hospital, Bath, Me. 8-15dtf.

WANTED.—Two or three smart strong girls to work in laundry. Must be good washers and ironers. Apply Star Steam Laundry, 134 Ken Street. 8-18dtf.

\$15.00 a month for bright capable girl to answer phone calls in Bakery and do a little housework, good home and good job for smart appearing girl. Write Mrs. Williams Bakery, Newport Mass. 8-18dtf.

WOMEN WANTED to take orders essayry. Our lines especially used by mothers and girls. Apply Dept. A., British-Canadian Industrial Company, 228 Albert St., Ottawa. 6-7dtf.

WANTED—Ladies to do plain sewing at home, whole or spare time, good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal. 8-5dtf.

LOST—Purse containing a sum of money finder rewarded by leaving at Stewart's restaurant, 815d1wpd

LOST—Aug. 16 near Rocky Point a small sloop, Finder please notify R. Betts, Cumberland, Postoffice. 8-18dtf.

LOST—Gentleman's overcoat Saturday Aug. 12 at Rocky Point or South Shore road. Return to Rocky Point Post Office or Charlottetown Hospital. 8-18dtf.

WANTED—Competent male bookkeeper and typewriter with experience. Apply to Geo. H. Toombs, Queen St. 8-16dtf.

WANTED AT ONCE—An experienced salesman capable of taking charge of our staple department. References required.—Prowse Bros. 8-11dtf.

MISCELLANEOUS

WRITE to us today for our choice list of Agents' Supplies. No outlay necessary. They are money makers. Apply B. C. I. Co., Ltd., 228 Albert St., Ottawa, Ont. 7-10dtf.

"The Motor that makes the Mark"

The Imperial Marine Motor is the pride of all boating men—it has no superior, few equals. It is claimed by all experts to be the best all-purpose marine motor made in Canada.

It is light, strong, durable and economical. It leads all others in efficiency, simplicity and reliability—made by master mechanics, who are boating men as well, and know exactly what you require.

Every Imperial is thoroughly tested and fully guaranteed. Write for free catalog.

Bruce Stewart & Co., Ltd.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.