

The Guardian is Read Daily by 42,000 People.
Sworn Circulation Statement Furnished Advertisers.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

Morning Daily founded 1891
Weekly (now Evening Daily) 1837

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916

\$3.50 Per Year (delivered) in advance
\$2.50 Per Year (Mailed) in Advance in Canada and \$3.00 for U. S. A.

VON BERNSTORFF AND SECRETARY LANSING

Hold Conference Over Lusitania Matter

(Special to the Guardian.)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Count Von Bernstorff, German ambassador, had a conference to-day with Secretary Lansing over the Lusitania negotiations. The ambassador spent some time talking with the Secretary, and before leaving the State Department building he spent some time dictating to one of the Department stenographers a document which he took with him to the German embassy. It was made known in official quarters before the conference took place that the last German proposals were unsatisfactory and the United States was pressing for a full disavowal of the sinking of the liner with the loss of 110 American lives. Later it was learned a copy of the document the ambassador dictated was left with Secretary Lansing and another forwarded to the Berlin Foreign Office. It is understood that such changes as the United States wants made in the document prepared to-day and now awaits the approval of the German Government. The next step is expected before a week. In the meantime the Ambassador will hear from his government.

WILL IT BE ALDERMAN 'CORK' NORMAN SOON?

MONCTON, Jan. 24.—Rollie ("Cork") Norman, heretofore, better known as a hockey player, has announced his candidature for alderman-at-large, in the forthcoming civic election here.

RECRUIT MEETS WITH BAD ACCIDENT

John Stentiford, a Native of Charlottetown, Suffered Severe Injuries in Falling Beneath Train Coming To Halifax.

HALIFAX, Jan. 25.—John Stentiford, one of the recruits of the new overseas artillery unit, met with a distressing accident last evening, suffering a broken leg, a broken nose, mangled face and a badly bruised and shaken body.
Mr. Stentiford, whose home is in Charlottetown, was coming to the city on the Sydney train. At one of the small stations between Winders Junction and Truro, he alighted, and as he was boarding the train again, he slipped beneath.
He was dragged about a car length and a half, and had a serious escape from death. A brakeman fortunately happened to be between the cars and immediately pulled the alarm.
When reached by his friends, it was found that the unfortunate man's foot was caught between the wheel and the brake. It took twenty minutes to get it free.
Mr. Stentiford is now in the military hospital here.

CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.
PRIME SAUSAGES ALWAYS ON HAND at Holman's, Charlottetown. 3739-1-11-6M1f.

FOR SALE.—NO. 8 HOME JEWEL cooking stove. Cheap. Apply at 230 Euston St. 6503-1-11M1f.

WANTED PAIR LARGE SIZED SNOW shoes. Apply "J. B." c/o Guardian. 7043-1-28M21.

WANTED.—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply. Mrs. W. E. Owen, 49 Longworth Ave. 7019-1-26M31p.

TO LET.—COMFORTABLE tenement house with large stable, 71 McGill Avenue. 7036-1-27M1f.

FOR SALE.—A FEW PAIRS GOOD patched foxes also extra female. Can be seen at the ranch in Alberton Trotting park. Harry O'Brien, Alberton. 7044-1-28M.

WILL THE PERSON WHO TOOK a large black muff from the market on Dec. 17th please leave at this office as the person is known. 7048-1-27M1p.

LOST JAN. 21, A SLEIGH ROBE between Dalton Fox Ranch gate and Flood's brick yard, Southport. Finder return to Samuel Wood, Southport, P. O. 7039-1-27M1p.

TO LET.—A SMALL BEDROOM suitable for nurse or gentleman, in private family with all modern improvements including phone. Apply 84 Hillside Street. 6341-1-7M1f.

WANTED.—A SECOND CLASS teacher for Newton Cross School, No. 34, To begin work Feb. 1st. Supplement \$30.00 James McKenna, Sec'y. 7034-1-27-M.

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

NO SUNDAY WORK FOR MUNITION MAKERS

(Special to the Guardian.)
LONDON, Jan. 26.—In a circular addressed to the munition manufacturers, David Lloyd George makes a suggestion which virtually commands that all Sunday labour be abolished in controlled establishments. It is better, he says, to work overtime during the week. The aim should be, not to work overtime, but to have shifts of eight, or twenty-four where double shifts are worked. This is the outcome of an investigation by a special committee of the effects upon the production of munitions by continuous labour involving Sunday work, which resulted in the conclusion that the method tended to diminish the output.

MISS SANDFORD QUILTS HOLY GHOST COLONY

DURHAM, Me., Jan. 26.—Miss Marguerite Sanford, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Frank W. Sanford, head of the Shiloh colony, who has been in revolt against conditions at Shiloh for several days, has disappeared from the Holy Ghost and its institution. It is considered significant that Vinal Bailey has also left Durham.
Bailey is the boy who was recently caught dressed in girl's clothing while visiting on the Hilltop for the purpose of courting Miss Sanford. He is a son of William Bailey, who after spending eight years as a member of the society has gone to Worcester, Mass., where an older son has secured a good position for him. The children renounced the Shiloh faith some time ago.
The Shilohites admit they have no idea where Marguerite has gone, but many believe she has followed the Bailey family to Worcester and will attempt to secure work in that city.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPER ATTACKS KITCHENER

LONDON, Jan. 24.—(Mail & Empire cable)—The Weekly despatch publishes a severe attack on Lord Kitchener, written by its political correspondent. The article says:
"Lord Kitchener belongs to a period that now goes back a long, long time. He is older than half the generals who have accomplished great things.
At the time of Kitchener, he chose young men for every possible post yet not until the arrival of Sir William Robertson from France did they begin a retirement of the venerables from the War Office, whose position there had been undisputed after Kitchener came on the scene. Like most men of advanced years, he has begun to desert to the younger generation.
Hence the appointment of the oldest series of generals that ever headed an army in the world's history.
"Lord Kitchener further fell into the mistake of scattering the army in almost every place where it was possible to put a British soldier, and worst of all, nearly always where there were no Germans. The need of a man for the eastern command seems to single him out as the most suitable. He is a round peg in a square hole. His unique knowledge most fits him for the eastern position. Why, then, is he not on the spot preparing for the advance of the Germans?"

DOG-RAISER SAYS AUNT LEFT HIM \$3,000,000
GLOUCESTER, N. J., Jan. 24.—Though convinced that it is a perfectly good \$3,000,000 coming to him from an aunt who died in Ireland, Justice of the Peace Frederick Philip Kirby, once a coachman, plans to keep on raising dogs till he sees the money.
The news came to the public in the visit of an English law firm, who had been searching for Kirby ever since Mrs. Marie Fay died in County Kildare Ire., six months ago. Kirby produced his proofs, the agent appeared satisfied, and left with the promise that things will be wound up at once.
The most convincing proof of the identity needed came from a family Bible, to which Kirby has clung. It was presented to him by the same aunt on March 2, 1870, and contains her inscription to him. Kirby served as drummer boy in the English Army and came to this country as one of the servants of the Marquis of Lorne, many years ago.

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.
*In any bill you can add the separate items, any allowances, credits, rebates, subtracted in red. The final total printed in a separate column. The computation includes the addition of fractions. All done on one machine while writing the bill. The Burton Advertising and Subtracting Typewriter. A. Milne Fraser, Halifax, N. S. 7039-1-27M11.

THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, January 21.—Maritime: Northerly winds, mostly fair and becoming colder with some slight snow or sleet.
THE WEATHER Yesterday was clear and very mild.
The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 39 degrees above zero; at nine o'clock yesterday morning it registered 39 degrees above zero; at nine last night 28 degrees above zero. The coldest the previous night was 35 deg. above zero.
The tide will be high this afternoon at 2.58 and tomorrow at 3.30; it will be high tomorrow morning at 4.00 and Saturday at 5.18.
The sun sets this afternoon at 4.59 and tomorrow at 5.01; it rises tomorrow morning at 7.27 and Saturday at 7.26.
The moon sets this morning at 10.28.
The last quarter of the moon will be on Thursday, Jan. 27th, at 8.35 p.m.
The length of today will be nine hours and thirty-one minutes.

Minard's Liniment cures Rheumatism

MESSRS CARVELL AND PUGSLEY ARE SCATHINGLY ANSWERED

General Sir Sam Hughes Opens Up on the Liberal Critics and in a Two Hours Speech Gives Whole History of Canadian Shell Manufacture. Declared that Neither the Department nor He as Minister Ever Interfered with Contracts or Price, both being Fixed by British Government, and gave Figures Proving that Canadian Shells were Delivered at Lower Cost than by United States.

(From our Own Correspondent.)
OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—In a two-hour speech bristling with facts and figures and delivered with that force and sincerity which is his distinguishing characteristic style, Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, to-day overwhelmed Mr F. B. Carvell of Carleton, Hon. William Pugsley of St John, N.B., and other Liberal critics of the work of the Militia Department of Canada.
The speech of General Hughes created great enthusiasm in the House and was punctuated by Conservative cheers as he discharged one fact after another into the frail structure of allegations and insinuations raged by Opposition critics. Many of the facts he advanced were entirely new, since there is little doubt that the Minister would have oratorically "wiped the floor" of Parliament with them, backed as he was by his facts.
Sir Sam Hughes in his discussion of the Shell Committee, frankly admitted that he was its organizer and purveyor, supporting it to the end. He briefly sketched the beginning of its formation from the time that the War Office, on the 24th of August 1914, sent him a letter asking if the Minister could procure for Great Britain an order of shells in the United States. He gave the history of his dealings in getting the Canadian manufacturers to undertake the manufacture of shells in Canada, when at that time none were being manufactured except in the Dominion Arsenal at Quebec.
The Minister exhibited to the House a shrapnel shell and explained its component parts, and also read to the House the correspondence between the Militia Department and the British Government, which illustrated that General Hughes even had to prove to

PROGRESS OF WAR ON ALL FRONTS

(Special to the Guardian.)
LONDON, Jan. 26.—Hostilities on all fronts have dwindled to unimportant proportions and the political side of the war has again assumed the chief role in interest. The British Parliament is discussing what steps should be taken to make more rigid the Government's plan of keeping goods of all kinds from being imported or exported by Germany. British labour has decided to support the Government to the full in the prosecution of the war.
The German ambassador at Washington presented to the American Government a draft note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania, which it is believed will meet all American demands and which, if accepted by the German government, will finally end the controversy. In addition Great Britain has answered tentatively the American protest against the holding up of mails, but will reply more fully to the representations when France has signified her approval of Great Britain's attitude.
Simultaneously comes an announcement that in future French warships will aid the British Navy in blockading the English Channel and the North Sea and take part in the examination of mails as well as cargoes.
Hand-to-hand fighting between the French and Germans near Noville took place when the French tried to retake the trenches captured from them by the Germans. Berlin reports the attacks were repulsed. The French, however, have taken from the Germans the mine craters they occupied several days ago. In mining operations, in Argonne Forest, they have destroyed the German trenches.
On the Austro-Italian front Italian positions near Osavia have been captured by Austrians, who made prisoners 45 officers and 1,197 men, according to Vienna. The Turks claim that another attack by the British east of Kut-el-Amara was discontinued after the British had suffered appalling losses. An unofficial despatch says the Bulgarians invading Albania have come in contact with and met defeat at the hands of Albanian troops, who are co-operating with the Entente Allies. Representatives of the Montenegrin government, according to Vienna, at last have signed articles regarding the disarmament of the Montenegrin army and the Montenegrins are everywhere laying down their arms. This news comes by way of Beirut. The British House of Lords has passed the third reading of the Military Service Bill.

TO DASH FROM KIEL CANAL ISLANDER MENTIONED IN THE DESPATCHES

NEW YORK, January 25.—The German fleet, with heaviest new battleships armed with 17-inch guns, far out-ranging the largest of the British, and escorted by a fleet of Fokker armor-piercing projectiles, will soon appear in the North Sea to give battle to the British," according to Thomas R. Macmehan, aeronautical engineer and president of the Aeronautical Society of America. Mr. Macmehan said today that basis of his predictions are from sources of authoritative information in Germany.
"The time of the German navy's dash from the Kiel Canal will be fixed mainly by the results of the testing of the new engine of destruction from the air," Mr. Macmehan asserted. The weapon will be tried out, the engineer confidently said, within two or three weeks in a monster raid by Zeppelins on London.
"For the past four years the Krupp Company experts have been working on the airship torpedo, which, according to my information is now perfecting. Briefly, the torpedo tube or pneumatic gun launching the projec-

ISLANDER MENTIONED IN THE DESPATCHES

Among Canadians recommended by Sir John French for gallant and distinguished service in the field published in Montreal papers of the 24th appears the name of Lieut George C. Carvell, of the Princess Patricia's C. I. Lieut Carvell is a son of Mr. Carvell, now of Montreal and formerly of Charlottetown where the honoured soldier was born. Lieut Carvell enlisted with the Patricia's at the beginning of the war and is one of the few survivors of the original draft.
His title is about eight feet long. Air pressure is used, because of the danger of using powder for gun of that calibre on an airship. The projectile issues from the mouth of the gun with a velocity of 650 feet per second. This great velocity overcomes all the cross currents of wind in the air and the motion of the airship, which made the bomb so useless a missile. It goes straight to its mark with an ever-increasing rate of speed and strikes within a few seconds, even from a great height as 15,000 feet.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS S'SIDE BOARD OF TRADE

The following is the address of the retiring president of the Summerside Board of Trade (Mr. Hensley) as delivered by him at the meeting on Tuesday evening.
It has become customary at the Annual Meeting of the Board of Trade for the President to give a resume of the year just closed, and take up the lines of activity of the Board during that period.
Before entering upon this however, I desire to refer to the loss experienced by the Board of Trade and the community generally in the untimely death of our late President, Dr. McLellan. Elected our President at our last Annual Meeting, only a short time elapsed before news of his sudden death came to us. He was deeply interested in our Board as also in many departments of the life of our Town, and his sound advice and untiring energy have been greatly missed.
One of the first matters brought up for discussion was the question of holding the annual meeting of the Maritime Board of Trade here. As this had been postponed on account of the war, it was felt that as the opportunity was again given us, we would be neglecting our interests and those of our Town if we refused to have this meeting held here. Arrangements were therefore made to carry the matter through, and strong commitments were formed to carry out the details. The success of the meeting bears testimony to the choice made. While the number of delegates was not as large as looked for, the matters presented for discussion were ably treated, to the enlightenment of all who were able to attend the meetings, and made for a new departure along the lines presented. In connection with the meeting of the Maritime Board, we were fortunate in having Sir Geo. E. Foster address the delegates and general public on the question of Trade and Commerce.
Probably the matter of outstanding importance taken up by the Board in its advisory capacity, was the question of telephone rates and rentals. For several years this matter had been a disputed question in this Town, and no basis of agreement could be arrived at. Difficulties arose at various times, and numerous meetings were held to endeavour to arrive at a settlement. These seemed useless, but at a special meeting of the Board, at which the Manager for the Island, and the General Manager of the Company, were present, a schedule of rental was submitted. This taken in conjunction with the promise of new equipment, which would give us a system equal to Towns of a larger size, and would be thoroughly modern, offered an opportunity for a settlement that the Board thought I would be unwise to refuse. The promises made are now being carried out, and while the improvements are not yet made, it is evident the Company intends to do its part.
As you are all aware—the demand for tonnage has been very heavy since the outbreak of this terrible war, and large numbers of freight carrying steamers have been put on transport work, while others have been diverted from their regular routes. This has made it very hard to secure steamers for the regular runs, and Prince Edward Island has suffered in consequence. Early in the season our Board endeavoured to make arrangements for a steamer to take the place of the Morwena, withdrawn from this port and another attack by the British east of Kut-el-Amara was discontinued after the British had suffered appalling losses. An unofficial despatch says the Bulgarians invading Albania have come in contact with and met defeat at the hands of Albanian troops, who are co-operating with the Entente Allies. Representatives of the Montenegrin government, according to Vienna, at last have signed articles regarding the disarmament of the Montenegrin army and the Montenegrins are everywhere laying down their arms. This news comes by way of Beirut. The British House of Lords has passed the third reading of the Military Service Bill.

GERMAN REPORT OF DOVER AIR RAID

(Special to the Guardian.)
BERLIN, Jan. 26.—Two German air squadrons which shelled Nancy on Monday, as reported by the German headquarters staff, says the Overseas News Agency, dropped over 150 bombs on the fortress and adds, the German aviation corps laments the loss of Lieut. Bohm. He fell to the ground and was instantly killed. The Hamburger Fremdenblatt reports that one of the bombs dropped in the raid on Dover Monday fell on the deposit mines, which exploded and caused enormous damage in the neighbourhood. Thirty-nine persons, including one officer and 24 soldiers, the newspaper says, were killed.

REV. DR. GORDON POINTS THE WAY

KINGSTON, Jan. 26.—Rev. Dr. Gordon, principal of Queen's University, veteran of the 90th Battalion of Winnipeg, writes on the subject of enlistment: "The truth may not yet have come home to us, because of our easy confidence that somehow we must win, but every day it becomes clearer that the whole fighting force of the Empire must be brought into action if we are to win.
"As a part of a Christian Empire we are called to do our share in curbing the great fighting power that has been brought on this war. A spirit of service and of sacrifice is moving our Empire and our Allies. But the nation's made up of individuals, and unless we would shield ourselves behind better men each one of us must separately ask himself: What service can I render; what gift can I offer; what work can I do to help to win this war? Why should not I enlist?"

GERMAN REPORT OF DOVER AIR RAID

(Special to the Guardian.)
BERLIN, Jan. 26.—Two German air squadrons which shelled Nancy on Monday, as reported by the German headquarters staff, says the Overseas News Agency, dropped over 150 bombs on the fortress and adds, the German aviation corps laments the loss of Lieut. Bohm. He fell to the ground and was instantly killed. The Hamburger Fremdenblatt reports that one of the bombs dropped in the raid on Dover Monday fell on the deposit mines, which exploded and caused enormous damage in the neighbourhood. Thirty-nine persons, including one officer and 24 soldiers, the newspaper says, were killed.

REV. DR. GORDON POINTS THE WAY

KINGSTON, Jan. 26.—Rev. Dr. Gordon, principal of Queen's University, veteran of the 90th Battalion of Winnipeg, writes on the subject of enlistment: "The truth may not yet have come home to us, because of our easy confidence that somehow we must win, but every day it becomes clearer that the whole fighting force of the Empire must be brought into action if we are to win.
"As a part of a Christian Empire we are called to do our share in curbing the great fighting power that has been brought on this war. A spirit of service and of sacrifice is moving our Empire and our Allies. But the nation's made up of individuals, and unless we would shield ourselves behind better men each one of us must separately ask himself: What service can I render; what gift can I offer; what work can I do to help to win this war? Why should not I enlist?"

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria