

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

THE GUARDIAN COVERS PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND LIKE THE DEW. OVER 45,000 READERS DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1919.

ALL THE NEWS WORTH READING READ BY EVERYBODY

ALL THE ADS WORTH PRINTING THE PEOPLE'S PAPER

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## REVOLUTION IN MEXICO CITY AND CARRANZA IN FLIGHT

### Another American Murdered in Tampico. U. S. Government Takes Firm Stand. Secretary Lansing Delivered a Forceful Message to the Mexican Ambassador in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Another American murdered in Mexico close on the heels of the murder of Consul A. G. Jenkins, coupled with reports of revolution in Mexico City with Carranza in flight to Queretaro, added complexities today which seemed to force the already tense Mexican situation toward the long expected breaking point.

There was no official pronouncement for the guidance of public opinion as to what action, if any, the American Government might be contemplating, but administration officials, by indication, were willing to show that the government is taking a firm position, considering the eventualities, and is prepared to deal with them, once a course is chosen.

Another of the "last straws," as one official put it, was laid on today with the official report of the murder of W. M. Wallace, an American oil man, by a Carranza soldier near Tampico on Wednesday.

The Mexican Ambassador, Ignacio Bonillas, called on Secretary Lansing at the State Department today, and they not only went over the Jenkins case, but Mr. Lansing also laid before the Mexican Envoy the report of the killing of Wallace, which had just been received. This conference was of course confidential, but it is understood that the Secretary conveyed to President Carranza's representative a message more forceful and direct than any yet transmitted.

In any diplomatic note, Mr. Bonillas was informed that the Department placed no precedence in the charges on which Jenkins is held in jail in Puebla which the Mexican Government declines to intervene, and it is understood that Mr. Lansing further outlined to the Ambassador the inevitable consequences of continued murders and molestations of Americans probably more pointedly than was done in the Government's official note of last July.

About the same time word came in of the death of another American as the result of brutal treatment of bandits, who held him for ransom. He was Otto Lund, of Swedish birth, a naturalized American, who died of blood poisoning after being held for ransom five months in the State of Yucatan. His captors chopped off one of his fingers with a false weapon and wrapped it within their demand for ransom money which they sent to his friends in Lepic. Blood poisoning and gangrene killed the man, while his wife, an American woman, and their child are reported in want in Tepic.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, November 29.—Reports were received here today from the border to the effect that fighting had broken out in Mexico City between the Obregon and Carranza factions.

Carranza is reported to have fled to Queretaro.

General Pablo Gonzales is reported to be leading the Carranza troops.

## PROPOSES CHARLOTTETOWN AS A PORT OF CALL

A well known Charlottetown business man who has just returned from Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and Boston states that during his trip he interviewed the Department of Trade and Commerce and Mr. Hanna of the Railway Board and also Mr. Hayes, vice president of the Canadian Northern in regard to making Charlottetown a port of call for the Canadian merchant marine steamers running between Great Britain, the West Indies and South America. He states that they are looking into this matter very carefully and say that if sufficient freight offers there will be no difficulty in bringing this about. It was pointed out that by coming up the strait of Northumberland it would mean only a few hours detention to call at this port.

There are large quantities of lobster, cheese and general produce, besides sheep and cattle which might be shipped to England while the same may be said regarding the West Indies.

The matter of putting on a steamer between Montreal, Summerside, Charlottetown, the Sydneys, and St. John's Newfoundland was also considered.

There is also under consideration the matter of putting on a small steamer between Pictou and the Magdalen Islands, calling at Charlottetown and Souris both ways, and a small steamer between Pictou, Murray Harbor, Murray River, Georgetown, Cardigan and Montague in connection with the railway at Pictou.

Besides these there is a proposal to put on another steamer at Pictou touching at island ports and thence going to the north ports of Cape Breton from the straits of Canso to Chatham.

Mr. Hanna expressed his desire to do everything he could for P. E. Island. He promises giving us an up-to-date service and during the fall and winter months doing his utmost to move mails and passengers and all freight and passengers during the day so that the car-ferry will not be called upon to run night trips, which are considered too risky.

The Island has always had a good friend in Mr. Hayes who although in Toronto is always looking well to the interests of the Maritime Provinces.

The same gentleman states that while in Halifax he interviewed the management of the Maritime Telephone and Telephone Company to ascertain if it was possible for P. E. Island to enjoy the advantage of telephone communication with the rest of Canada and the United States. He was informed that this could not be carried out until copper wires replaced the galvanized wires at present largely in use on the Island. If the local Government would only take this matter up with the Telephone Company and endeavor to have this suggested change made it would be of the greatest benefit to the commercial interests of this province.

### Maj. Gen. C. L. Foster Returns to Canada

(Special to The Guardian.)  
OTTAWA, Nov. 29.—Among the distinguished passengers returning to Canada on the Megantic was Major General C. L. Foster, C. B. Director General of Medical Services of the Overseas military forces of Canada. Sir Edward Kemp, Overseas Minister stated this morning that the value of General Foster's work in the administration of the medical services of the overseas forces had been universally recognized. Before leaving for Canada he was called to Edinburgh for the purpose of receiving an Honorary Fellowship in the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh.

### STRANGE DEVELOPMENT IN GERMAN INDUSTRIAL SITUATION

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—(Associated Press.)—Possibly the strangest development yet found in the German industrial situation has appeared at the aniline dye works located at Wolfen near Halle. Workers there demanded the privilege of remaining at their homes when the firm refused to permit this the workmen to the number of 400 forced their way into the office of the director and compelled him to keep the plant open.

Gustave Noske, minister of defence, fearing trouble, sent a brigade of troops to Wolfen whereupon the workers struck because of the fact that martial law was imposed by the presence of the troops. Employees of the electric plant at Ritterfeld, near Wolfen, which supplies Berlin with current, have struck in sympathy with the men at Wolfen so that Berlin is threatened with remaining at their homes when the firm refused to permit this the workmen to the number of 400 forced their way into the office of the director and compelled him to keep the plant open.

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## Olympic Captain Has Been Invested

(Special to The Guardian.)  
LONDON, Nov. 30.—Captain Bertram Hayes, commander of the Olympic, was yesterday invested with knighthood at Buckingham Palace. The Daily Mail says knighthood honors to the mercantile marine, as a great national service, seals the new status it won so worthily.

## Partition Among Allies Of German Fleet

(Special to The Guardian.)  
PARIS, Nov. 30.—The Supreme Council today adopted the British suggestion for partition of the German war fleet. Under the arrangements, Great Britain will receive seventy per cent of the total tonnage, France 10 per cent, Italy 10 per cent, Japan 8 per cent and the United States two per cent.

## Government Stands by Willing Coal Operators

(Special to The Guardian.)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The battle ground of the conflict over a new wage scale in the bituminous coal industry, which has centered here during two weeks of fruitless negotiations today shifted to the various fields in all sections of the country.

Operators returning here to attempt to re-open their mines and ready to pay the fourteen per cent wage advance suggested by Fuel Administrator Garfield, received the assurance of the government that troops were ready to protect from violence any miners wishing to return to work. At the same time notice was served that the failure of operators to co-operate with the government in restoring coal production to normal would result in federal control of the properties.

## Labor Lost In Winnipeg

WINNIPEG, Nov. 29.—The great fight of the labor element to control the Civic Government has resulted in their defeat, and they have lost the opportunity to rule the City Council. In an extraordinary vote, so far as numbers go, Mayor Gray, who led the citizen forces, will likely have a majority of over 2,500. In the council the citizen forces have won, but by a narrower majority. Sullivan, Ward One; Fowler, Ward Two; Davidson, Ward Four; and Fisher, Ward Three, however, have big majorities in their wards. For Labor, Queen, Ward Five, and Jones, Ward Seven, are winners, and Ward Six is still in doubt.

### An Exciting Contest.

With the present Labor men in the Council this will give the citizens a majority. The election of the vote of the Mayor will assure that the labor element will not be able to carry out the reactionary policy on which they built their platform for the most exciting civic election in local history, or, as it has been termed, the second round of the fight which started last June.

Under the Winnipeg charter, aldermen are elected for a two-year term, two for each ward. Only one seat is contested in each election year.

## HUNGER STRIKE SPREADS TO I. W. W.'S

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 27.—Twenty two alleged I. W. W.'s held in the city jail on a charge of syndicalism today refused to eat meals of food they brought to talk with their jailers.

## British Newspapermen Will Advertise Canada

OTTAWA, Nov. 29.—The party of distinguished English newspapermen who accompanied the Prince of Wales throughout his tour of this continent, is now en route to England on the Empress of France.

During their stay in Canada the journalists have sent daily to the British newspapers extensive reports, not only of the reception which Canada gave to the Prince but also of the Canadian people and Canadian institutions as they found them. The enthusiasm for Canada was expressed from time to time to their colleagues here. Obviously they take back to England with them the best possible impression of the Dominion.

In a statement given to the Canadian Press, Limited, on their departure, the English journalists paid tribute to the generous hospitality of the Canadian government and the Canadian Pacific Railway.

"We cannot thank Sir Robert Borden enough," said Mr. Campbell, speaking for the whole party, "and the Canadian government, our hosts.

"In the host of Canadian newspapermen, English and French alike, throughout Canada we met the most delightful hospitality and a fine spirit of comradeship, which we shall never forget. We have been away from home for the last four or five years doing our work with the different armies in the war, and we are glad for that reason that we are going home now. But leaving Canada we all feel that we are saying goodbye to a second home. The people of Canada have become our personal friends and we realize to an extent that we never imagined before, that they are the brothers of the people of the British Isles."

## British Commission Leaves for Egypt

(Special to The Guardian.)  
LONDON, Nov. 30.—Viscount Milner, Secretary of State for the colonies, left London this morning for Egypt with the seventeen members of the commission appointed to investigate the unrest in that country.

## Accused Canadians Were Reprised

(Special to The Guardian.)  
LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Home Secretary was informed by Bernard Abinger the solicitor who presented the petition praying for clemency for five Canadian soldiers who were sentenced to 12 months imprisonment for rioting at Epsom, that the men will be released on December 15 and handed over to the Canadian military authorities who will convey them to Canada and discharge them there.

These men participated in the riot in which a policeman lost his life. The prisoners were originally indicted on a murder charge which was eventually reduced to one of rioting.

Mr. Justice Darling in passing sentence said their conduct was no worse than that of many people living in the riotous area. The petition to the Home Secretary pointed among other things that the Prince of Wales was in Canada and that it would be a special act of grace if the men were released.

## General Allenby Warns Egyptians

(Special to The Guardian.)  
CAIRO, Egypt, Nov. 30.—Field Marshal Viscount Allenby, British High Commissioner in Egypt, today issued a proclamation forbidding inflammatory speeches and the circulation of documents, which have recently appeared threatening a general strike on the railroads throughout the country. The penalty is arrest and prosecution by the military court.

The four prominent Egyptian nationalists who were arrested for refusing to leave the city on the order of Field Marshal Allenby have been released and have proceeded to nearby villages.

## Watching Aliens In Cape Breton

SYDNEY, Nov. 29.—Immigration officials here have received orders from Ottawa to pay special attention to complaints filed with them by Sydney G. W. V. A. against certain alleged undesirable aliens, and alien enemies. The local veterans are carrying on a vigorous campaign to rid the country of this class of people. They have obtained from the Magistrates lists of aliens, and alien enemies convicted of liquor, selling and other offenses, and will proceed against them with a view to their deportation. Over forty are already listed by the G. W. V. A. for investigation, and possible deportation.

## G. W. V. A. Pass Important Resolutions

At a meeting of the Executive of the G. W. V. A. held in their hall in this city Friday evening, Major Fisher, President, presided, and there was a full attendance of the Executive. Important matters were discussed, such as the retaining of the Rena McLean Memorial Hospital; soldiers' gratuities, replacing returned soldiers in public positions, etc. Several resolutions were passed, the most notable being that with respect to the Memorial Hospital, and the following:

Resolved, That the Executive of the G. W. V. A. strongly disapproves of any policy of replacing employees of the local Government by men who had sons eligible for overseas service, but who refused to fulfill their duty to Canada and the Empire.

Further Resolved, That the Executive of this Association recommend the retaining of the Hillsboro Bridge as a gatepost to the Island, and that he is a man who has given the utmost satisfaction to the travelling public by his courtesy and obliging treatment of all, considering Mr. Byrne's age and physical condition and the approaching winter season, until such time as the Association recommends for the position a man who has done his full share of service for his country.

And Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Premier Bell and published in the city Press.

The grounds taken for the retention of the Hospital by the Executive were, that it was built at an enormous cost for this province; that there are enough invalided soldiers belonging to this Island who want to come home and are being kept in Halifax to assist the fight being made for the keeping open of that hospital. If these Island soldiers were returned to their native province there would be more than sufficient to maintain our convalescent home.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

RESERVE Wednesday, Dec. 10th for auction sale at B. A. Mellett's, 30th St. at 11 a. m.

### THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

The tide will be high this afternoon at 5.05 and tomorrow at 5.51; it will be high tomorrow morning at 5.16 and Wednesday at 6.40.

Sun sets this afternoon and tomorrow at 4.42; it rises tomorrow morning at 7.32 and Wednesday at 7.33.

First quarter moon Sunday, Nov. 30th at 11.47 a. m.

## Vote of Confidence In British Govt.

(Special to The Guardian.)  
LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Government won a sweeping victory in the House of Commons today when the motion of William Bruce, a labor leader, calling for the appointment of a commission to enquire into the cost of production, the output and prices of coal was rejected.

The government received 254 votes as against 59 for the measure. The motion, which was an outcome of the recent reduction in the price of coal, was accepted by the government as a vote of want of confidence.

## Premier Clemenceau Presents Souvenir

(Special to The Guardian.)  
PARIS, Nov. 30.—Premier Clemenceau has given to each member of his war ministry a small plate as a souvenir. On the obverse side under the galleic rooster is a signature of M. Clemenceau, while on the reverse a figure emblematic of France is shown wearing a helmet and proudly holding aloft the torch of liberty sheltering beneath its robes French poilus advancing to the attack.

## Viscount Jellicoe Addresses Navy League

(Special to The Guardian.)  
OTTAWA, Nov. 30.—Addressing the Navy League, Viscount Jellicoe, First Sea Lord, praised the work of the Navy League during the war and urged that it be continued during the peace years. Lord Jellicoe expects to remain in Canada until after Christmas. In the meantime he will look over the naval works at Halifax and will visit Toronto, St. John, Halifax and Quebec.

## Indian Lands Secured for Soldiers

(Special to The Guardian.)  
OTTAWA, Nov. 30.—An announcement was made by Hon. Arthur Meighen today that a million dollars worth of agricultural lands on Indian reserves in Alberta and Saskatchewan have been purchased from Indians in recent months and handed over for soldier settlement. The Indians have been compensated and the money applied to the trust fund which now aggregates \$11,000,000.

## JAPANESE WANT SHORTER WORKING DAY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Problems of the Orient were before the International Labor Conference this morning. It was primarily the case of Japan. The report from the special committee recommending special modifications for Oriental countries and countries undeveloped industrially, in regard to the application of the eight hour day was before the conference.

Mr. Barnes, British Government delegate, had moved that the modifications of the main eight hour day convention in regard to Oriental and other countries mentioned was justified. Angry Masumoto, Japanese Workers delegate, arose in protest. Speaking in halting English, he pleaded that the eight hour day be granted to Japanese as to other workers.

"There are," he said, "several million workers in Japan asking to be treated as other workers. They tell us that the special modifications of the convention are to benefit Japanese production. They will benefit autocratic oppression of helpless workers."

Japanese government delegate E. Kamada, followed. He argued that acceptance by Japan of a nine and a half hour day as proposed would mean the reduction of two working hours daily as a rule; in some industries of three or four hours daily. He added the declaration that within the next twenty or thirty years Japan hoped to attain as great a success in social reform as she had in the adoption of the industrial system of the west.

Composition of the governing body of the International Labor Office has been protested by Government, employers and workers delegates, from India and South Africa, and representatives from Japan, China and several of the South American countries.

S. R. Parsons, employers' delegate from Canada, has joined in the protest which takes the form of a proposed resolution that the International Labor Conference "expresses its disapproval of the composition of the governing body in as much as no less than twenty of the twenty-one members of that body are representatives of European countries."

Dominion government and Canadian workers were successful in securing direct representation on the governing body. Canadian employers, although making a strong fight, did not succeed.

### THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

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Sun sets this afternoon and tomorrow at 4.42; it rises tomorrow morning at 7.32 and Wednesday at 7.33.

First quarter moon Sunday, Nov. 30th at 11.47 a. m.

Full moon, Sunday December 7th at 5.04 a. m.

## GERMANY WILL NOT COMPLY WITH ALLIES DEMAND

### For Four Thousand Tons of Docks, Dredges and Tugs As an Offset to German Warships Sunk at Scapa Flow.

(Special to The Guardian.)

BERLIN, Nov. 29.—It is stated in authoritative quarters here that Germany will not comply with the demand of the Entente for 400,000 tons of docks, dredges and tugs as an offset to the German warships sunk at Scapa Flow.

It was indicated that Germany would stand pat on her proposition to refer the dispute to The Hague. It is claimed that Germany should not be held responsible for the acts of the marine forces at Scapa Flow.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Disputing the sinking of the German fleet in Scapa Flow and compensations to be obtained therefore, the Supreme Council today admitted in principle the demolition of the units still in the hands of the Allies, but the question of the distribution of scrap iron resulting from the breaking up of the ships was not decided.

France and Italy, whose shipbuilding yards have been idle since 1914, will receive certain units intact as compensation for tonnage lost during the war.

The German delegation today delivered two notes to Paul Dutaast, Secretary of the Peace Conference. One relates to the replacement of German warships sunk by their crews in Scapa Flow and the other to the repatriation of German prisoners.

## MEXICO TRYING THE TEMPER OF U. S. GOVERNMENT

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Some officials expressed belief today that the American note, sent more than a week ago, demanding release of William C. Jenkins, consular agent at Puebla, was part of a deliberate plan to still further antagonize the United States.

This belief was based largely upon official information from Mexico City that officials there were endeavoring to spread the report that this country was on the verge of a revolution and that by holding up the reply Mexicans could offer substantial aid to the "revolutionists."

Mexican agents in the United States the advice said, had been sending home highly colored and wildly exaggerated reports concerning domestic conditions, the steel and coal strikes being cited as glaring evidence of industrial unrest.

There was no report from the embassy at the Mexican capital to add anything to those received heretofore, all of which showed that Jenkins was still held in the penitentiary on charges of having been implicated with the bandits who took \$150,000 from him after he had been kidnapped. A dispatch from Mexico City said the Mexican Senate had decided to ask President Carranza for full information on the Jenkins case, and this was taken to mean that no reply might be expected until he had given it some consideration.

The principal effect of Mexico's failure to answer promptly the American demands has been to make already strained relations a little more strained.

## Russia's Gold Supply Declares Minto Miners Will Strike

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Russia's gold reserves are unprecedented, and the Soviet Government is prepared to pay 400,000,000 rubles in gold for food, machinery and necessities, according to a statement ascribed to colleagues of Maxim Litvinoff by the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail. Litvinoff is now in Denmark to negotiate with the Allied nations relative to an exchange of prisoners, having been sent there by the Bolshevik Government of Russia.

"Members of Litvinoff's mission say an effort will be made to make peace and secure the raising of the blockade of Russia," the correspondent said. "The Premier are said to have been greatly modified through the influence of Krassin, Bolshevik Minister of Trade and Commerce, and formerly manager of the Siemens Halske Electrical Company of Berlin.

Litvinoff implicitly denies the report of an impending national assembly at Moscow," the correspondent said, "but his friends declare the Moderate and Social revolutionists are preparing to join the government preliminary to elections."

### Sir William Hearst May Have His Choice

(Special to The Guardian.)  
OTTAWA, Nov. 30.—In political circles here it is stated that "something has been done" for Sir Wm. Hearst in the near future if he wants any thing. There are a couple of prospective vacancies on the bench of the Supreme Court of Ontario and of these Sir William can have his pick or he wishes to keep one foot in public life he may go to the Senate. There is one Ontario vacancy yet and the understanding is that it will go to a man from Northern Ontario, the part that the former Premier hailed from. If he would like the senatorship he could have it with little effort.

The most aggressive aspirant heretofore has been J. J. Carrick, ex-M. P. for Fort William, Ont., but W. R. Smythe, ex-M. P. for Algoma is also in the running.

### LLOYD GEORGE WATCHING PROHIBITION IN THE U. S.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Premier Lloyd George said today that he never had thought the introduction of prohibition in Great Britain possible, even during the war, but that he was watching the American experiment sympathetically, with a mind free from preconceived opinions.

The Premier's reply to a temperance deputation, to which he made this remark, foreshadowed legislation before Christmas in connection with the control of liquor.

### BALL ROOMS AND DANCING CLASSES ARE CLOSED

PARIS, Nov. 28.—(Havas)—Ball rooms and dancing schools have been closed by a Government order because of the coal crisis.

There was no report from the embassy at the Mexican capital to add anything to those received heretofore, all of which showed that Jenkins was still held in the penitentiary on charges of having been implicated with the bandits who took \$150,000 from him after he had been kidnapped. A dispatch from Mexico City said the Mexican Senate had decided to ask President Carranza for full information on the Jenkins case, and this was taken to mean that no reply might be expected until he had given it some consideration.

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## CONDENSED SPECIALS

FOR SALE.—ONE SHROPSHIRE ram, 3 years old, registered. Not used this season. Apply J. R. Dinis. 2647-11-28M31

FOR SALE FARM OF 8 ACRES 5/2 miles from Charlottetown. Apply Mrs. Maul Brown, York.

WANTED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. Good wages, references required. Write "N" c/o Guardian.

FOR SALE.—JERSEY GRADE milch cow. Apply 16 Spring Park Road. 2648-11-28M31

JOHN ALFRED MACDONALD, LAND Surveyor, Hermanville, Souris. 2695-12-1M21p

LOST.—IN THIS CITY, ON FRIDAY, envelope containing \$20.00. Finder please leave at The Royal Bank of Canada. 2688-12-1M21p

FOR SALE A MOODY HAY PRESS good as new. Will sell reasonable. D. Darrach, Marshfield. 2690-12-1M51

FOXES SKINNED AND DRESSED in first class style. Some of best ranches on Island have paid above my charges so well pleased were they with style of finish. Your patronage solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Jack Spencer, Mount Edward Road.

20 MORE SHOPPING DAYS

EXCUSE ME WHILE I SMILE

DECEMBER

31	30	29	28	27	26	25
24	23	22	21	20	19	18
17	16	15	14	13	12	11
10	9	8	7	6	5	4