

THE GUARDIAN
 Advertising Phone 132-3
 Subscription Phone 133-2
 News and Ed. Day Phone 133-2
 News and Ed. Night Phone 132-3
 Head Office at Charlottetown
 Branch Offices at Summerside
 Alberton, Souris, and Montague.

DIARY OF EVENTS

TO-DAY.

City Magistrate's Court, 9 a. m.
 Supreme Court, 11 a. m.
 Special Meeting of the City Council, 8 p. m.
 Concert, Zion Church, 8 p. m.
 Bean Supper, Y. M. C. A.
 Dance at the Armouries, 8.30 p. m.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1913

HON. ROBERT ROGERS

The Hon. Robert Rogers and Hon. J. D. Hazen were entertained at a banquet in St. John last evening, the former having an especially warm welcome from the St. John people. The Minister of Interior is the special bete noire of the Grit press. The Opposition press has only one use for him and that is as a target for general and unmitigated abuse. Why this hatred? Why this abuse? Mr. Rogers is one of the keenest and shrewdest controversialists with whom the opposition have to contend. He is fearless and outspoken snarling not his foe. When attacked he hits back with death dealing blows. An adversary never rides rough shod over him. Hence their hatred.

In August and September Mr. Rogers visited the west when his campaign struck terror in the heart of the Laurierites, both there and in Quebec and Ontario. Even yet the party press find occasion to resent the disclosures he then made of corruption and electoral abuse practised by the Laurierites, for it has placed them in a very serious position. It will be remembered Mr. Rogers at Vancouver exposed the hypocrisy of the Laurierites in opposing the closure, when they had had prepared by the Hon. A. B. Aylesworth, Minister of Justice, under the Laurier regime, a closure bill which was far more drastic than the measure passed by the Government last session. The fact that the Liberals had prepared a bill of such a character and which would have been made law had Sir Wilfrid been returned to power reduced the strenuous opposition of the Liberals to a ridiculous farce.

It was at Moose Jaw Mr. Rogers revealed the outrageous character of the campaign which the Scott Government carried on to win the last provincial contest in Saskatchewan. Mr. Rogers produced piles of evidence and sheafs of affidavits which showed that the Liberals had only won by a wholesale manipulation of the polling lists. Hundreds of aliens were placed on the lists while hundreds of British subjects were disqualified.

Naturally such disclosures, supported by sworn testimony, disturbed the serenity of those who are now so loud in their protestations against bribery and corruption. The unkindest cut of all that Mr. Rogers gave was when he presented sworn statements to show that in the constituency represented by Premier Scott, a riding in which he gained his seat by a majority of 200 votes, the names of 500 British were struck off the list and the names of 200 foreigners put on!

Although Premier Scott was given an opportunity to deny these statements neither he nor any of his government availed themselves of the opportunity of doing so. All they have done is to abuse Mr. Rogers, and in this the Laurierites of Montreal and Toronto have joined with a zeal worthy of a better cause.

Meanwhile, Mr. Rogers pursues the even tenor of his way, driving the arguments with occasion requires with the marked effect so represented by his opponents.

GAME AND OTHER LAWS

Complaints reach The Guardian from time to time of violation of the Game Laws. Birds and other game are being killed, out of season or in contravention of legal methods. The complainants innocently overestimate the almost infinite power of the press, and evidently imagine that to express a complaint through the columns of The Guardian or other reputable newspaper will effectually stop the slaughter and inspire the most callous offender with such respect for law that he will never again violate it. This, with all due deference to the power of the press, is not so.

Newspapers, be they ever so influential, will not alone convert the lawbreaker. They may exert an influence for good; they may lead a few to see the error of their way; they will undoubtedly create a public sentiment in connection with the cause they advocate, but the only cure for the lawbreaker is the cure the law prescribes and the way to apply it is to lodge a complaint against the offender. The complaint should be laid by the person who

knows of the violation, otherwise he is equally guilty with the chief offender.

There is a, perhaps not unnatural, distaste to being an informer. Many would prefer to see the law violated rather than give information that would implicate a neighbor. It is misplaced charity, an encouragement to law breaking and a much more serious crime than bringing even a neighbor into the courts. Respect for law is a virtue second only to charity itself; indeed charity carried to the point of concealing a violation of the law is not charity but crime.

There are stringent laws for the protection of the wild life of our province. They are being violated and the wild life is disappearing. This is regrettable. We have some forests left, capable of harboring many birds; we have magnificent rivers which would team with both birds and fish if only the laws enacted for their conservation were observed. It is possible to add very greatly to the wild life in both forest and stream by importing varieties which at present are not found here. The breeding of other animals, notably foxes, mink, beaver, raccoon, rabbits &c., has already been proved possible. Why should not similar experiments with birds—in the wild—prove equally successful? Properly protected, birds of many varieties and species, not only game birds for the sole purpose of being "butchered to make a holiday," but birds to beautify our forests and groves, to keep down insect pests, to give life and colour and song to the country-side, could be raised in abundance and they would prove to be much more than ornamental. Birds are said to be "the farmer's best friends" and it is a recognized fact that many of the insect pests would become intolerable if it were not for the constant foraging of the birds.

There are other reasons why the game laws should be strictly enforced, reasons which apply to all our laws. Laws persistently violated, laws loosely enforced, or enforced spasmodically when the spirit moves some one to complain, are little, if any, better than no law at all. They bring all-law into contempt. Children seeing laws persistently violated and the violations persistently hidden by supposedly respectable and law-abiding men, unconsciously acquire the habit of thought that laws are made only to be evaded, if possible—that the principal thing is not to be found out. This does not make for good citizenship, for a law abiding, justice loving nation. We should respect our laws by observing them ourselves, and by seeing to it that others observe them; thus showing that we are not parties to the sin of lawbreaking. In reality as well as in law, the receiver of stolen goods, the accessory after the fact the man who conceals another's crime, is equally guilty with the one who actually commits the deed.

If those who complain to the press that certain laws are being violated, would give the information to those whose duty it is to prosecute such, it would prove a much more direct route to the enforcement of law than columns of newspaper complaining. Respect for law will not be fostered by throwing the mantle of mistaken charity over the offender.

WOOLEN FACTORY.

We are pleased to learn that matters in connection with the proposed knitting factory have progressed so encouragingly that the promoters purpose submitting the proposition to the City Council to-night with a view to, ascertaining what concessions the city will offer in the event of the industry being started. We have no doubt that the City fathers, whose avowed policy in matters of this kind is very broad, will treat the new concern as generously as the civic finances will permit.

Such an industry as the one proposed, the manufacture of our native wool into staple goods that will sell readily here or elsewhere in Canada, is one of the few industries possible to us. It will mean the manufacture of our raw material instead of sending it across to Nova Scotia to be manufactured for us; it will mean that the cost of transportation of both the raw material and the manufactured goods will be saved; that our own young men and women will have employment which they now must go abroad for.

It is a standing disgrace to this province that it should send its wool, which it produces abundantly, across the strait to be manufactured into underwear, sweaters, etc., which we, with a little enterprise, could manufacture for ourselves.

This enterprise on the part of our people is awakening and money is being invested here that heretofore, like our raw material, has been sent abroad. The time is opportune for the proposed industry and we feel confident that the City Council will go as far as prudence and good man-

agement will permit it to help it along.

A woollen industry will fit well into our agricultural life and once started, with sufficient capital to swing it, it will not only prove a success but will be the precursor of other industries for which we have abundant room and material.

GRAVEL CUSHING AT HOSPITAL.

Sir—I am sure the citizens of Charlottetown, as well as the people of this Province in general, who have any regard for the comfort and protection of the sick, will be pleased to learn from your editorial paragraph of the 11th inst, that it is not the intention of the City Council to place a plant in front of the Prince Edward Hospital to treat gravel and stone for our streets. To me it would have been more satisfactory had your reporter interviewed the Chairman of the Street Committee, who makes no secret of his intention. Under the circumstances the Trustees have certainly done well in handling in their protest to the Council. I know personally that it was, and I am quite sure that it still is the intention of the Chairman of the Street Committee to place such a nuisance as indicated. One of our business men and myself had an interview with Mr. Thomas Campbell and his statements to us places the matter beyond doubt. He told us of his intention to place an engine on the vacant grounds near the Kensington Road to treat the ballast brought in by train from the Barry Ballast Pit. He further stated that the larger of these stones would be crushed as they were very hard and would make a better material for the streets than that now used. He did not say what this crushing would be done but it would be a most valuable piece of business to haul these stones from this location to that where the crusher now is. Such a proceeding would be ridiculous. In a very short time the crusher would be doing its work within two or three hundred yards of the hospital windows.

But this is not the only objectionable feature of this business. With your permission, Mr. Editor, I shall point this out in another letter with an easy solution of the whole difficulty, which will give Mr. Campbell ample opportunities of carrying out his project, which I believe to be a good one, without distressing the sick.

I am Sir, etc.,
 S. F. HODGSON.
 Nov. 12th, 1913.

MR. BORDEN'S NAVAL POLICY ON WHAT IT IS BASED

As it is essential everyone should be familiar with the information on which the Government based its Naval policy, The Guardian will publish serially the despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies to His Royal Highness the Governor General transmitting the memorandum prepared by the Board of Admiralty in the General Naval situation and communicated to the Government of Canada by His Majesty's Government in November last.

WHILE BEING WEDDED IS PUNCHED BY HIS RIVAL.

CANTON, O., Nov. 11.—This is the story of a young Lochinvar who came out of the West just in time to see his sweetheart made the wife of another. He punched the bridegroom and landed in jail.

This Lochinvar is Joe Baker. He had been courting Anna Vanak and had her promise to marry him. So sure was he that he got a license. Then he told her to wait a few months while he went West to earn funds.

While Baker was getting the funds Tony Bobrok met Anna. He proposed and was accepted. The wedding was on and the ceremony was in progress when Baker arrived. The wedding guests stepped aside.

Silently he walked to the bridegroom and delivered a hard blow on the jaw.

The police did the rest.

DRAGONS SHAKE WITH HORROR.

PEKIN, Nov. 11.—In the mind of the imaginative spectator the lithe and graceful dragons carved on the stairways in the mysterious Forbidden City quivered painfully on October 10, when Yuan Shih-kai, the elect of the people was inaugurated President of the Republic of China amidst a human setting grotesquely unfamiliar and artistically repugnant to any self-respecting dragon carved in the picturesque days of the semi-barbaric Tartars or the more artistic Mings.

The Forbidden City, with its imposing courts, its massive carved marble settings, its stately and artistic roofs, its impressive sence and majestic vistas, was designed and built by men garbed in flowing silken robes embroidered with gold, and of striking splendor for the use of men just as impressively begowned. It was not destined, by its makers for the sombre, uninspiring coverlet of a frock coat and silk hat into which the Chinese have so foolishly and unnecessarily plunged themselves in their wild search for a veneer of modernism as interpreted by the foreigner in his clothes.

But this is a republic—and republicanism scoffs at the be-tasseled, peacock feathered mandarin, the man of the old time whose beads and silks and beautiful brocades of soft or strident hue delighted the heart of the artist in search of the bizarre or stirred even the casual citizen of the outside world with a deep sense of mystery generated by what was described as the barbarity of the collective Chinese costumes.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

- 1775—American force of invasion under Benedict Arnold arrived before Quebec.
- 1805—The French army under Prince Murat took Vienna.
- 1813—Allen G. Thurman, jurist, statesman and leader of the Democratic party, born in Lynchburg, Va. Died in Columbus, O., Dec. 12, 1895.
- 1817—William Wirt of Virginia became Attorney General of the United States.
- 1839—The British captured Kelat, capital of Beloochistan.
- 1849—California adopted a constitution.
- 1889—Opening of the Catholic University of America, at Washington, D. C.
- 1912—James McCrear resigned as president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and was succeeded by Samuel Rea.

THE HUMAN PROCESSION

Charles Richard John Spencer-Churchill, ninth Duke of Marlborough, was born in Simla, India, Nov. 13, 1871, and succeeded to the title upon the death of his father in 1892. Congratulations to: Joseph F. Smith, president of the Mormon Church, 75 years old today. Peter A. B. Widener, capitalist, 79 years old today. John Drew, well known American actor, 60 years old today. Louis D. Brandeis, Boston lawyer and "trust buster," 57 years old today.

Col. Alexander O. Brodie, one of Roosevelt's Rough Riders and former governor of Arizona, 61 years old today. Most Rev. Charles H. Gauthier, archbishop of Ottawa, 70 years old today.

John Kling, for nearly ten years the leading pitcher of the Chicago National League baseball club, 34 years old today. Charles E. Courtney, the noted Cornell University rowing coach, 64 years old today.

THREE BROKERS SUSPENDED BY STOCK EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The committee of the London Stock Exchange which has under consideration the alleged improper dealing in American Marconi shares to-day suspended for the years the three senior partners of the stock exchange firm of Heybourn and Croft, for the methods they adopted in placing the shares on the market. Heybourn visited the United States in company with Godfrey C. Isaacs, Managing Director of the Marconi Wireless Company and brother of Sir Rufus Isaacs, now Lord Chief Justice.

This visit occurred just when the deal between the American and British Marconi companies was consummated. Heybourn was later an important witness before the Parliamentary committee which considered the action of several British Cabinet ministers who bought American Marconi shares.

The report of the committee of the Stock Exchange, which was posted this morning, accepts the explanation given by the other brokers connected with the deal including Grefell and Company, the brokers of the American Marconi Company, expressing the belief that they acted in good faith.

WONDERFUL TURBINES FOR THE AQUITANIA.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—A cable from London to the Tribune says: Wonderful turbines will drive the Mammoth Cunarder Aquitania, which is now having its engines installed at Clyde Bank. They have a total weight of 1400 tons and to enable them to be lowered into the hull of the ship one of the four great funnels has not yet been placed in position. There are more than a million turbine blades, the combined length of which is more than 140 miles. The blades vary in length from one and a half to twenty inches.

These turbines are absolutely the latest production of marine engineering. Thousands of pounds have been spent in experimenting and full use has been made of the great experience gained by the Cunard Company in the construction and running of their other turbine ships, the Carmania, the Lusitania, and the Mauretania.

ARSON SQUADS OUT IN FORCE.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Militant suffragettes arson squads and bomb troops were at work in several parts of the British Isles during last night, and succeeded in doing a considerable amount of damage.

The cactus house at Alexander Park, Manchester, containing a collection valued at \$50,000, was badly wrecked by bomb. Begbrooks, a fine mansion near Bristol was gutted by fire, and the pavilion of the bowling and tennis club at Catford, in the southeast of London, also was burned down.

On the scene of all the outrages quantities of suffrage literature, and petroleum cans were found, but no clue to the criminals was obtained.

You run no risks when you buy Rexall goods. There are 365 Rexall remedies, non-secret standard home medicines, that are guaranteed to relieve your ills and cure your pains or the purchase price will be promptly refunded. The formula of each and every article is plainly printed on the package. There is no mysticism in the Rexall square-deal policy. This is the only local Rexall store. The MacKinnon Drug Co., Corner Great George and Kent Sts.—Mt.

Canes of Character

Our new lines of English walking canes have style and finish that will appeal to anyone who admires a nobly cane.

The finest and most rare woods in the world are used in making them and the variety is so large any body can choose one that will meet his own particular ideas. Any one can be suited as to price also. Prices 25c to 15.00 each.

J. G. Jamieson
 DRUGGIST

One-Half The World

wears glasses but, not half of that half wear the right glasses.

Wrong glasses are often worse than none, they are a constant strain to the eyes.

Be on the safe side; let us give your eyes a careful examination.

G. H. Taylor
 Jeweler & Optician



Montague Black Fox Exchange
 Correspondence Solicited
L. M. McKinnon, Manager
 Montague, P. E. I.

BIRTHS

McMILLAN—On Nov. 11, 1913, to Mr. W. J. and Mrs. McMillan, a son.

DEATHS

ACORN.—At Pownal, November 12th, after a nine weeks illness, Mrs. Seaforth Acorn, aged 40. Funeral today, at 2 p. m., to Birch

NEW GLASGOW'S HOCKEY SEASON.

NEW GLASGOW, November 11.—A meeting of the local hockey magnates will take place tomorrow night in the "Yedome" hotel. George Mason, the owner of the local rink, has declared his intention of retiring this winter from hockey, but has a proposition outlined which he will present at this meeting to the other local promoters. The suggestion that New Glasgow will be out of the league this winter is entirely without foundation. A very strong aggregation of players have been signed on already. The details for this coming season will be discussed and worked out at this meeting.

BOSTON MAY GO INTO COAL AND ICE BUSINESS.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—The city of Boston will go into the coal and ice business on a large scale, if the wishes of the city council are carried out. The council last night adopted resolutions addressed to the legislature, calling for a constitutional amendment that will allow the city to buy and sell coal and to manufacture and sell ice. The resolutions must be approved by the next two legislatures and adopted by the voters of Boston before the project becomes possible.

AN EXPENSIVE POWER PLANT.

BUFFALO, Nov. 13.—A Birmingham report says that a Power Plant to cost millions is to be built on the Canadian side of the Niagara Falls.

PILES
 Do not suffer with this disease. It is a cure for the lawbreaker is the cure the law prescribes and the way to apply it is to lodge a complaint against the offender. The complaint should be laid by the person who

BLANKET SPECIALS AT PATONS
Saturday & Tuesday

Special 56 x 76 Blankets	\$3.55 pr.	for \$2.84
" 56 x 76 "	3.90 "	" 3.25
" 60 x 80 "	4.50 "	" 3.75
" 60 x 80 "	5.00 "	" 4.00
" 64 x 80 "	5.25 "	" 4.25
" 60 x 80 "	6.00 "	" 5.00

Extra Special 60 x 80, 100 p. c. wool 6 lbs. \$6.50 for \$5.85.
 Extra special 64 x 80 100 p. c. wool 7 lbs. \$7.50 for \$6.75.
 Flannelette Blankets 98c to \$1.75.

PATONS
 For Blankets of Quality.
 2613-11-12M21E11.

Fire Insurance
 Companies Represented: -
 The Queen Insurance Company
 The Commercial Union Insurance Company
 The Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co.
 Ask for rates—Prompt attention—Absolute Security

D. B. Stewart
 General Agent
 Phone 79L
 2436

Favorite Fiction:

"My grandmother died at age 122"
 "I have all the insurance that I need."
 "I think I will carry my own risk for a while."
 "I have no family physician, never consulted a doctor in my life."
 "My Fatal Insurance is much cheaper and just as safe.
 Do you cheat yourself with these poor arguments? IF SO, you had better turn over a new leaf and let THE CANADA LIFE, take care of your responsibilities

W. K. Rogers, K. S. ROGERS, Ch'town
 Provincial Manager R. B. ROGERS, S'ide
 Agents.

Fire Insurance A Necessity

Then insure in good strong stock companies, which never contest an honest claim such as is represented by

E. R. BROW
 Charlottetown

Superior Heating Stoves

Our heating stoves are the kind that give superior heat with minimum consumption of coal. They last longer and give better satisfaction in every way. See the line.

Extra Grade Kitchen Utensils
 In enamel ware, tin ware, granite ware—kitchen utensils of all kinds—we are sure we can give you superior satisfaction for we buy from the leading houses in Canada, pay cash, buy in large quantities and our low prices mean a distinct saving for you.

Fennell & Chandler
 Great George and Kent Sts.—Mt.