MAXIMS OF A MERE MAN

The idle fall easy victims to the tempter.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper — Read by Everybody

Covers Prince Edward Island Like the Dew

MAXIMS OF A MERE MAN

The cry of our neighbor is the call of God.

Morning Guardian, Founded 1887 Charlottetown Guardian Two Cents

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Austrian Socialists Dislodged In Battle

HITLER MOVES FOR A UNIFIED GERMANY

ABOLISHES STRONGHOLD OF FEDERATION

German Chancellor Will Rule 17 Single Federated States As One.

(By Louis P. Lochner, Associated Press Foreign Staff)
(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

BERLIN, Feb. 14 — The Government of Chancellor Adolf Hitler moved today toward the formation of a single, unified state to replace the 17 single federated states composing the German Reich.

By decree, the central power controlling all Germany abolished the Reichrat, last stronghold of the federation. The Reichsrat, or Federal Council, represented the single states in the Reich.

Elimination of the council, which well-informed circles believe will eventually lead to complete effacement of individual state lines, was viewed as another move by the Chancellor toward complete unification of all political units and agencies in Germany.

The single states have been virtually without power for nearly a year. In March, 1933, Chancellor Hitler stripped them of their rights under the constitution when he obtained approval in both the

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ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

Announcements are inserted in this column at 2 cents per word strictly payable in advance.

"Valentine party at Herbert Thompson's Thursday night. L-471

"Maple Leafs vs. Second Hornets at Milton tonight. L-474

"School Sports Borden Rink, Friday, February 16th. L-320.

"Unloading car Springhill coal at Milton Wednesday and Thursday. B. C. Webster. L-441

"Don't miss Whoopee with Eddie Cantor at Murray River Friday, February 16th. At Murray Habour Tuesday, February 20th. L-396.

"Chicken salad, pineapple cream, fancy breads, delicious cakes at Zion Church Tea Thursday, February 15th. L-457.

"Hockey tonight at North Wiltshire, Hartsville Maple Leafs vs. Emyvale Shamrocks. Good game, skating after, good music. L-472

"The Women's Music Club, open meeting, Canadian National Hotel, Saturday, February 17th, 3.15 p.m. Anyone interested kindly notify a club member or the hotel. L-476

"An Endowment at Sixty-five combines cheap protection and absolute provision for old age. Its advantages can be fully explained by our agents or J. A. Moore, Manager, Sun Life Assurance Co., Charlottetown.

"Upper Queen Street Rink, regular skating Tuesday, Thursday and Friday nights, 8-10. Admission 10c. Open to hire for hockey Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights. Price $3.50 per hour. Phone 1319-L. L-383

"Oddfellows and Rebekahs are holding a bridge and auction forty-fives and dance in their hall on Thursday, Feb. 15th. Come and bring your friends. Cards 25 cents, dance 35 cents. Refreshments. Tickets at the door. L-443

PAY IN ADVANCE

As so many people disclaim responsibility for small advts. when bills are sent out, in future no such advts. will appear unless the order is accompanied with payment.

CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

NEW MAYOR AND CITY COUNCILLORS ELECTED YESTERDAY

Mr. Samuel Kennedy Carries Mayoralty By 319 Majority Over Ex-Mayor Stew art. Couns. Hennessey And Reardon Re-elected Along With Messrs. VanIderstine, Turner, Blanchard & MacDougald.

The stormiest election in years took place in Charlottetown yesterday, but it was the Weather Man who was the sole disturbing element. While the result was an unprecedentedly small vote, especially in the chief contest for the Mayoralty, it was decisive, and gave Mr. Samuel Kennedy a solid majority of 319 over his opponent, Ex-Mayor W. S. Stewart, who two years ago entered civic politics by defeating, by large majorities, two other competitors in the Mayoralty field.

With Mayor-elect Kennedy the following successful candidates will take their seats at the Council Board for the next two years:

Ward One: Mr. Andrew A. Hennessey, (re-elected).

Ward Two: Mr. M. W. Reardon (re-elected).

Ward Three: Mr. H. F. VanIderstine.

Ward Four (by acclamation) Messrs. B. Roy Holman (re-elected) and Robert Rattray.

Ward Five: Messrs. P. W. Turner, James E. Blanchard and Arthur H. MacDougald.

Messrs. Rattray, Blanchard and MacDougald have had previous experience on the Council Board, through not as members of the outgoing Council.

The only members of the outgoing Council to be defeated were Messrs F. H. Trainor in Ward Three and R. L. Day in Ward Five, the former losing out by only nine votes to Mr. VanIderstine. Two other members of the outgoing Council, Messrs J. F. Whear and W. E. Burke, did not enter yesterday's contest.

The severe snowstorm yesterday morning left the polling booths practically deserted. Cars, and even teams, found great difficulty in getting through the drifted snow, and it was not until the afternoon, when the storm had moderated, that the bulk of the votes were polled.

The polls opened at 9 a.m. and closed promptly at 5 p. m.

At the City Hall, where the votes were counted, a large number of citizens gathered and eagerly scanned the blackboard as the results were chalked up.

On the counting of the ballots the election of Mr. Kennedy as Mayor and of the successful candidates as Councillors was duly declared, amid applause by Mr. M. A. Farmer, returning officer.

Short addresses were then given by Ex-Mayor Stewart and Mr. Kennedy, both speakers being applauded by their supporters.

Mr. Kennedy was the recipient of many congratulations on polling such a majority under adverse weather conditions.

Retiring Mayor Stewart in remarks said the will of the people had prevailed, and that he had no complaints to make and no regrets to offer. He thanked those who had so loyally supported him, and at the same time congratulated the Mayor-elect. He trusted that the difficult situation which would be met by Mayor Kennedy and his Council would be successfully met, and wished them the best of luck.

Mayor-elect Kennedy expressed his appreciation to the citizens for the vote accorded him. The people had undergone much hardship in turning out on such a disagreeable day. He would, he stated, carry out his promises to the very best of his ability.

VOTES BY WARDS

The voting by Wards in the Mayoralty contest was as follows:

	Kennedy	Stewart
One East	46	40
One West	66	43
Two East	36	46
Two West	41	31
Three	51	74
Four East	38	18
Four Centre	42	25
Four West	75	29
Five East	84	41
Five East Centre	88	33
Five West Centre	85	30
Five West	138	61
Total	790	471

Majority for Kennedy 319.

COUNCILLORS

WARD I

	Hennessey	Large
East	63	22
West	70	39
Totals	133	61

WARD II

	MacDougald	Reardon
East	43	41
West	21	50
Total	64	91

WARD III

Trainor	59
VanIderstine	68

WARD V

	Blanchard	Currie	Day	MacDougald	Rogers	Turner	Wheatley
East	41	22	34	60	58	71	38
E.C.	50	10	34	64	55	92	17
W.C.	77	21	22	29	38	66	26
West	108	36	78	88	78	103	17
Totals	276	89	168	241	229	332	98

The Austrian Situation At A Glance

(A. P. by Guardian's Special Wire)

Fears that the upshot of a Socialist revolt in Austria may be a German-Austrian liaison were expressed Wednesday in European capitals, as bitter fighting waged in the little country.

In Rome the well-informed newspaper Giornale D'Italia published a report that Italian troops were in motion near the Austrian border. The reports had been denied by the Government.

In Vienna and other Austrian cities government troops pushed back the dissident forces, which retired "in strategic retreat" to prepare another assault on the capital, or continued to fight it out in the streets

Austrian Government leaders claimed victory, but ordered more troops to Vienna. The death list was unofficially estimated at 1,000 to 1,500, including many women and children.

The triumph of Nazism in Austria was called inevitable by the official National Socialist Party organ, the Diplomatische Korrespondenz, in Berlin.

"Austria's Nazis, whose power and strength are indubitably rooted in the German people—in Austria, know with the same certainty that their hour will come, as they know Chancellor Dollfuss' hour has struck," it said.

The French Cabinet decided that Chancellor Dollfuss must be supported and that monetary and trade help will be proposed by France as remedies before the League of Nations Council.

The forthcoming trip of Anthony Eden, Lord Privy Seal, to the continent was viewed in the London Foreign Office as affording an opportunity to clarify Britain's Austrian policy in Paris, Rome and Berlin.

N.B. Premier Defends Gov't. In Address

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 14—"The New Brunswick Government is not afraid for the finances of this Province. In 1934 there will be a real balanced budget that will come from revenue and sources from which it should come. I look for an increased grant and subsidy from the Dominion Government, and conditions will improve." In this vein, Premier L. P. D. Tilley, continuing in the Legislature the debate on the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, dealt today with the attack levelled at his Administration yesterday by A. A. Dysart, Opposition leader.

Mayor-Elect

Mr. Samuel Kennedy, successful candidate for the Mayoralty office in yesterday's Civic elections. Mr. Kennedy was formerly Chairman of the Finance Committee of the City Council and has had eight years' experience on the Board.

ACADIA MINE REPORT PUBLIC

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

HALIFAX, Feb. 14—"Unless cost of production can be reduced receivers-liquidators of the Acadia Coal Company cannot possibly carry on," according to the findings of Thomas Graham, Victoria engineer, assigned by the Nova Scotia Government to investigate conditions of the company properties.

The report, submitted by Graham this afternoon at a meeting of the Nova Scotia Cabinet, receivers-liquidators and miners' union heads suggests there could be little betterment or improvement of operations and declares:

"The cost set-up based upon the estimated market possibility for the current year, and upon cost of operation in 1933, conclusively shows that unless cost of production can be reduced the receivers-liquidators cannot possibly carry on."

Lengthy Dispute

Appointment of Graham by the government followed a lengthy dispute between the company and its workers over a suggested wage reduction. The company claimed it was impossible to continue payment of the present wage scale if the mine was to continue in operation, and the men went on strike.

Later, workers agreed to return to await Graham's findings on an understanding the company would be willing to continue the present scale if the engineer found operation costs could be reduced.

"My examinations of the mines disclosed the fact that in the present financial condition of the company and inability to raise money for betterments few changes could be suggested in their modes of operation, with the equipment and facilities now on hand that could materially reduce the present cost of operation," the report states.

MacCracken Is Sentenced By U. S. Senate

By D. Harold Oliver,
Associated Press Staff Writer.
(By Guardian's Special Wire)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—William P. MacCracken, who led the United States Senate a merry legal chase for almost a week, and L. H. Brittin, who tore up some papers a Senate committee has subpoenaed, were found guilty of contempt of the Senate tonight and sentenced to 10 days in jail.

Harris M. Hanshue and Gilbert Givvin, who took papers from MacCracken's fyle but returned them, were found not guilty.

The four were cited for contempt by the Senate airmail investigating committee after MacCracken had refused to surrender to the committee letters he had in his fyles. Later, after receiving words from airmail companies whose correspondence were included in the fyles that they had no objection, he offered to give up the letters.

In the meantime, however, Brittin had taken some of his correspondence out and destroyed it. Givvin had taken other letters and mailed them to Hanshue in New York but they were returned to the committee by Hanshue. This action apparently gained clemency for them.

Storm Retards Railway Trains

Despite yesterday's severe snow storm and drift the railway lines throughout the province were not blocked to the extent that might have been expected. Times varied from half an hour to several hours behind schedule but on no lines were the trains stopped.

The morning train from Summerside arrived at 10.50. The Souris and Murray Harbour morning trains arrived at one o'clock after a delay of about an hour and a half. The afternoon train from Tignish due at 1.20 arrived about 3.20. A special trip with wing plough was made to clear the line to Borden and Summerside.

The ferry docked at Borden at 8.10 last evening and left on return to Tormentine at 9.10. The train arrived in the city at 11.42 p. m.

Report On Land Settlement Scheme Issued

(C. P. Cable by Guardian's Special Wire)

LONDON, Feb 14—Empire settlement by establishment of new separate village communities in the Dominions is the basis of a scheme contained in a report issued today by the Empire development and research committee headed by Sir Henry Page Croft. The committee has been examining the question unofficially.

The plan contained in the report would create entirely new bodies of settlers in the Dominions in districts remote from settled areas. Railways would be built to reach the new settlements.

Reform Ranks For Organized Attack On City

Many Women And Children Feared Victims As Insurgents Are Blasted From Strongholds.

(By Wade Werner)
(Copyright 1934 By the Associated Press)
(A. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

VIENNA, Feb. 14—Beaten back by terrific government cannonading, insurgent Socialists retreated tonight to a high hill near Vienna where they are reforming their shattered ranks and preparing for another assault on the capital.

Under cover of darkness it was estimated that 3,000 Socialists were throwing up breastworks and building machine gun placements while street fighting continued in Vienna's body-strewn workers sections.

The number of dead in the three days of bombardments and terror was unofficially estimated at 1,000 to 1,500, among them many women and children—fighters, too, with their men or helpless victims of shells that wrecked their homes.

Socialists claimed that Julius Deutsch, General Secretary of the Socialist party and commander-in-chief of the outlawed Republican Guards, was directing their "strategic retreat" and pointing them for a march on Vienna.

Army Encamps

Across town in the dark shadows of the Floridsdorf factory section—where battered buildings and smoldering fires told the story of the troops' onslaught against the Socialists—a small army had encamped.

Fifteen field pieces, 2 mounted machine guns, field kitchens, and other equipment were rolled hurriedly into the darkened streets after the defenders had been forced back.

Machine gunners trained their weapons on the windows and roofs of adjacent houses.

Small knots of men and women, clustered in pathetic, solemn groups here and there through the shell-torn area, discussed the arrest of 2,000 Socialists, imprisoned for their civil war against a "Fascist government threat."

Situation Tense

In Upper Austria, meanwhile, the situation was tense. Security Director Hammerstein, at Linz, demanded that Socialists surrender arms and ammunition within 24 hours.

He offered a general amnesty if this is done, and ordered searches of houses.

"Any active or passive resistence to this action on the part of householders," he declared, "will be broken under all circumstances; in case of armed resistance, houses will be dynamited."

Chancellor Dollfuss declared the threat to his administration "has failed" and that "the Federal Government is stronger than ever," but more troops were rushed here, fighting continued sporadically, and the country was tense.

Graz reported 127 deaths in fighting there. At Linz more than 171 dead.

Uprising Broken

Dollfuss and other government leaders claimed that the uprising had been broken and said subsequent operations by troops were a "mopping-up" campaign.

In Steyr Socialists used incendiary bombs to fire buildings at nightfall.

The chief of the Floridsdorf fire department, George Weissel, was sentenced to death by a court martial tonight for participation in the

(Continued on Page 3)

Besiege N. Y. Consulate

(Associated Press)
(By Guardian's Special Wire)

NEW YORK, Feb. 14. — The Austrian Consulate at Fifth Avenue and 42nd Street, one of the busiest corners in New York, was besieged by a crowd of radicals tonight in a protest against Fascism and the 'Heimwehr home destroyers."

Police were mobilized hastily as the throng grew from a handful of banner carriers to such proportions that traffic was halted in 42nd Street.

Consul General Friedrich Fischerauer received a committee of three Communists and another committee of two Socialists in his office. However, and aside from a few brief scuffles with police the crowd remained orderly.

The Weather, Etc

Mostly fair and cold, followed by fresh to strong west to southwest winds with moderating temperature and probably some snow at night.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, Toronto, Feb 14—Minimum and maximum temperatures:—

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	16	22
Aklavik	10B	4
Victoria	36	51
Regina	29	37
Winnipeg	12	34
Toronto	2B	30
Kingston	16B	12
Ottawa	18B	[illegible]
Montreal	14B	[illegible]
Quebec	18B	6B
Saint John	Zero	[illegible]
Halifax	24	26
Charlottetown	12	14

FORECAST

Maritime West—Fresh to strong west to southwest winds; partly cloudy and becoming milder with some snow by night.

Maritime East:—Mostly fair and cold, followed by fresh to strong west to southwest winds with moderating temperature and probably some snow at night.

High tide this afternoon at 12.06 and tonight at 11.56.

Sun sets this afternoon at 5.27 and rises tomorrow morning at 7.

First quarter moon Friday, Feb. 21, 10.50 a. m.

Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.

CAR FERRY SCHEDULE

Week days—Leaving Borden 8.1[illegible] Week days—Leaves Cape Tormentine 10.30 a. m. (Extra); 2.55 p. m. a. m.; 1 p. m. (Extra)

Russia Will Buy Increased Quantity Of British Goods

By Frank H. King,
Copyright, 1934, by the Asstd. Press
(By Guardian's Special Wire)

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Increased purchases of all kinds of British goods by Russia, it was learned tonight, is the basis of an Anglo-Russian trade agreement to be signed Friday.

The new pact calls upon the Soviet Union to buy approximately as much as it sells to Great Britain.

This means an annual increase of about $800,000,000 in British exports, based on figures of the last normal trading year, 1932.

The correction in the present trade balance, which now heavily favors Russia, will not be made immediately, however.

It is understood that the Soviets will be permitted to sell about $1,600,000 worth of goods to Great Britain for every $1,000,000 worth bought. This ratio will be gradually corrected until Russia buys as much as it sells here.

The balance will take into consideration the invisible exports of each country, such as tourist trade.

During 1932 Russia sold $95,000,000 worth of goods to Britain and bought only $47,500,000 worth.

Figuring invisible exports and imports, this calls for Russia to increase its purchases about $4,000,000.

Supreme in flavour

'SALADA' TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

N.S. Gov'ts Will Share Burden Of Giving Relief

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire)

HALIFAX, Feb. 14—Relief for distressed fisherfolk of Petit de Grat will be provided by the provincial and municipal governments. Rev. Father A. Boudreau announced tonight the two governments had agreed to divide the burden of relief and supply food for the island's people, impoverished by a poor fishing season.

Sought Aid

Father Boudreau came to Halifax this week to seek aid for more than 100 island families, described as "destitute" and in immediate need of aid. Without money and unable to secure food, many faced impending starvation, it was claimed.

Tonight the clergyman announced the municipality of Richmond County had decided to accept terms laid down by the provincial government. The government will pay one-third the cost of providing relief for Petit de Grat's residents, and advance another third of the cost as an 18-year loan.

Father Boudreau said he would return home immediately to supervise the distribution of supplies.