

Could Not Sleep at Night and Were So Bad

Geo. Mook, Windsor, Ont. "I suffered with my heart and could not sleep at night for a long time. I managed to get to work somehow, until I had to have dizzy spells which got so bad that I could not go to my work. I had to go out any place, for I would stagger on my feet, and everything in front of me would go black and fade away. While I was sick a friend told me to take I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a good night's rest. Although that was six years ago I have never been so well since I had used them the pains and aches in my head ceased and I was able to get a PUBLIC OPINION

THE PUBLIC FORUM

This column is open for the discussion by correspondents of questions of interest. The Charlottetown Guardian does not necessarily endorse the opinion of correspondents.

ELECTION DAY

Sir,—We are all glad that the day for the election has been set, and that it will be held at a time convenient for our farmers and citizens—just after the seeding will be done and before the Confederation Jubilee will be held. In the meantime, all those who wish and hope for the promotion of greater temperance, will do well to be on guard against the tactics of those who prefer boot-leg and moon shine liquor. In every district those who stand by Premier Stewart should organize to prevent the polling of bad votes and the tricks of Opposition workers anxious to gain offices. Its all very well to feel sure that the candidates of the good government will win on their merits and on the merits of the excellent platform on which they stand—but it is better still to make sure. We know of old that the Liberal electioneers are unscrupulous in the use of means to gain their ends;—and remember the Liberals are in office at Ottawa!

PUBLIC OPINION

CHANGE OF VIEW JUSTIFIED

Sir,—It appears, according to the statement of Mr. Albert C. Saunders, that Mr. Chester McLure, our able and respected representative in the Provincial Legislature, changed his mind about the usefulness of Prohibition since December last. If so, he has done that which hundreds of others have done. Since December last, a better way to deal with the Liquor Evil has been pointed out by Premier Stewart and thoughtful men have given it their consideration in view of an increasing disregard for Prohibition on the part of many persons and the increasing evils of intemperance, contempt for the law, perjury etc. Those who in December last were in favor of the Prohibitory Liquor law as the best available, and are now supporting the policy since then proposed by Premier Stewart have evidently done that which is right and reasonable. Mr. Saunders' statement that in doing so, Mr. McLure "has swallowed his principles" shows that Mr. Saunders has not given the case that his careful consideration or to mislead those who recognize him as their leader. There is nothing fundamental about Prohibition. It is not a fundamental truth or tenet, as the dictionary describes it. It is not a comprehensive law or doctrine from which others are derived, or on which others are founded. It is not a governing law of conduct in all times and conditions. It is merely a means to an end—which has not been reached. Will Mr. Saunders dare to say that the great majorities in the other provinces who first voted in prohibition, and after giving it a trial voted it out swallowed their principles? Did Canon Cody, or Judge Murphy, or any of the thousands of men and women who voted for Prohibition and afterwards voted against it

swallow their principles? The idea of such action on their part is foolish beyond a doubt. There is no principle whatever involved in the change of method proposed by Premier Stewart for bettering the conditions in which Prohibition has been an agency that has, to some extent, failed. I am, Sir, etc., OLD SOBRIETY

MINISTERS AS POLITICIANS

Sir,—It certainly seems to be a new Gospel that the Rev. Mr. Ryan is preaching when he says in effect that if men against the law liquor through their doctors or buy from the bootleggers or make their poisonous home brew, that the preachers and holy ones, who they have stood and worked to provide and retained the Prohibitory Law can look God and man honest in the face and feel that they have done their duty—letting the drinkers and drunkards go to Hell at whatever gait they please. It sounds different to what we have sometimes heard as the Gospel as taught by the Pattern Preacher, but in his version there is I think some reference to certain Pharisees who thought well of themselves but who did not seem to be greatly justified in the final accounting. Mr. Ryan's is also a different Gospel to that which is preached by Rev. Mr. Fulton, whose experience in the fighting of the liquor evil would seem to have been both more extensive and more intensive than that of Mr. Ryan who so far as the public is concerned seems to be crowding all his temperance advocacy in Charlottetown into a short election campaign in the closing days of his ministry. And also different to that of the celebrated Rev. Dr. Parkhurst whom he quotes. Both of these ministers in the light of long experience have only recently declared against Prohibition and both now say that it is not the most effective means of fighting the liquor evil. Rev. Dr. Parkhurst saying that even in the national law, and having the best chance it has ever had anywhere in the world that "it is an awful mess an un-American law and one that runs counter not only to human customs" but to common sense as well. I am, Sir, etc., UNIONIST

POLITICAL BETHELS

Sir,—In all the years that are gone since the Prohibitory Liquor Act was passed, the Protestant ministers on duty in this Province were remarkably silent regarding the virtue of temperance, the propriety of taking nothing to drink to offend or be reduced to poverty, the importance of law observance, and the fact that the prohibition, binding upon all citizens, was neither obeyed nor enforced in very many cases. There may have been an occasional sermon in which reference was made to the desirability of maintaining the law by acting in accordance with it. But for the most part "temperance" was as a closed book for the congregations who listened to the Ministers. The temperance societies, one by one lost membership. Interest in them was suspended or altogether given up. Only the League of the Cross and St. Peter's Band of Hope were kept alive and working and these leave under the spiritual guidance of priests of the Roman Catholic Church and the Incumbent of St. Peter's Cathedral. Disobedience in respect to the Prohibitory Law went, of course, from bad to worse. Men—some of them prominent men, some of them officials,—were sometimes seen on our streets in an intoxicated condition. It was reported that fasks of liquor were not infrequently taken to social parties, and their contents freely distributed to youths of both sexes. It was stated that the efforts of the prosecution to procure the conviction of violators of the law, were frequently balked in various ways, and not infrequently by resort to the crime of perjury. It was known that home distilled liquor was made and used in many parts of the country. Yet the Ministers, with one or two exceptions, remained silent until the Leader of the government had been aroused to the necessity of changing the law and bringing about conditions of temperance that will be upheld by public opinion and maintained by officers of the law, were the ministers moved to give Prohibition their support. But now, while the electors are considering how they had better vote at the next election, and one being convinced that a better way to promote temperance and law observance will be opened, if the government's proposal should be adopted, they are on the roads in droves trying to persuade the people to hold on to prohibition as their only safeguard against all the evils resulting from the liquor traffic. In the Guardian on Tuesday last I counted no less than five items announcing that as many Ministers would this week address as many meetings, in different parts of the country; the reports show that certain Protestant pulpits are being made the source of political speeches against the adoption of Premier Stewart's pro-

UNDER A FALSE NAME

Sir,—There never was such a mis-nomer placed before the public as to characterize Prohibition a "dry" law. Does the record for the past 25 years not prove to the hilt that both the Scott Act and Prohibition have been "wet" laws of the blackest type? The Scott Act was howled out of this Province and every other Province as a burlesque on Prohibition. Now comes the law we have on trial. It is also a fraud and ought to be rejected root and branch by the people in the approaching election. Of the two the Scott Act was the least disgusting. Its backers did not pretend to be "dry" and at the same time drink out of bottles at the polls and elsewhere. Its supporters were not hypocrites by framing the law to merely derive a revenue from the business and then howl upon the evil of the traffic. This is what its supporters have done and seek power to do for the future. The people revolted against the Scott Act, and it seems to us will revolt against this pernicious Prohibitionist legislation in a few weeks time. They have many examples before them of the tendency in this Province to follow the example of our sister provinces, and if ever there was a question on which they should fall into line with the larger Province it is on this vital question of Government Control and Provincial progress and prosperity. Are we so blind as not to see that those desirable results should be sought after by us as well as by other sections? It is notorious that the "dry" not tourists from our shores and cripples other industries that would attract large numbers of immigrants to cast their lot here, but who will not do so while we reserve the right to dictate what they shall eat and wear. And this will go on no matter what we may think of their opinions and actions. We must make this "a free country" if we hope to induce freemen to settle here. There is not a brighter or more attractive spot on this continent than Prince Edward Island with this single exception, viz: Prohibition. It is repugnant to all strangers and it we persist in forcing it on them they will simply take their departure as soon as possible. Nor need we attempt to win by forcing too much Government Control. There can be no objection, however, to giving Premier Stewart's proposition a fair trial, and if it proves effectual and acceptable well and good; if otherwise then fire it away also. But we ask not for twenty years nor ten years if it proves a failure. The matter will be in the people's own hands in four years' time—ample time to test its effects. Any statute that requires a longer period for a test is not worth a fig. One of the reasons assigned by the people of Canada for rejecting this "dry" imposture is that it is not adapted to this cold country, which is not unreasonable. It was urged too that it was playing with cases of illness at times when liquor could not be used as a remedy. It will be painfully remembered by many that this hardship was the cause of many deaths from the "flu" in this Province a few years ago and that the doctors and clergy found such a speedy remedy in liquor that they prescribed little or no other remedy at the outbreak of the disease. This was a matter of common comment then and is regarded as fact to this day. For the above and several other reasons we contend that it is the part of wisdom to banish this ineffective law to the limbo of old forgotten while Government Control is being given a trial. The new law would be doomed from the start to stand on its merits. It may easily be better than selling rum for what cash is in it which is about all that can be said for prohibitory legislation anywhere. I am, Sir, etc., HONEST TEMPERANCE

THE MASTER'S WAY

Sir,—Every level-headed man, who has suffered his judgment to become warped, with fanaticism, but has permitted his mind to be trained and educated, his opinions to be formed, and his principles to be established, by the experiences he has met with in his daily life, cannot fail to become convinced of the utter utility of the principles of prohibition, as well as of the falsity of both its claims and teachings. The outcome of ordinary every day life indisputably demonstrates that life in this world is an incessant raging sea of troubles and difficulties in which there is no place or room for either softies or weaklings. God, in His Holy Word, commands us, entering into this turmoil, to endure ourselves to hardship as good soldiers. Picture to your mind's eye the Abogweit team trotting out upon the football field straight from their trainer, ready for the fray. See their eyes sparkling, their cheeks glowing with the bloom of health and vigour, their square shoulders, their well-developed muscles, standing out like whiplard beneath the skin, their quick, moving gracefully, shaped limbs, could ask yourself the question—what our island ever have turned out such a glorious band of all-conquering young gladiators, if their coach and trainer had scrupulously shielded them from every nerve trying tackle, and warded off every muscle-paralyzing scrimmage? Most decidedly not. The outcome of ordinary daily life also equally demonstrates that no man's moral strength and will-power can be built up and strengthened enough as to enable him, or even assist him, to resist the temptation so easily besets him, by keeping that temptation so far from his reach that it is impossible for him to indulge in a vice to which he may be addicted. This however, may be in accordance with the Temperance Alliance's method but it is the Lord's way. He tells plainly that temptations must and will come, and he pronounces a special blessing on all those who will endure and resist temptation. The All Wise God does not tell us to cowardly run orders us to fight against it and to resist it, and promises that if we do so the temptation will flee from us. E. I. into a united band of total abstainers? Anyone who can hug a monstrous elusion to their soul ought to be removed as quickly as possible to Falconwood where the genial doctor could take care of their minds before it got too late. I am, Sir, etc., SCRUTATOR.

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Household Scrapbook

By ROBERTA LEE

Water Glasses Stick. One water glass becomes in another, pour cold water upper one to contract it, and immerse the lower one in water to expand it. They are easily separated.

To Keep Eggs Fresh. Butter, oil, or glycerine, is rubbed thoroughly over fresh eggs, will remain fresh for a much longer time than ordinarily.

Starch. Starch can be made by mixing 1 teaspoonful of gum arabic and 1 teaspoonful of baking soda in a little water, adding this to a quart of starch.



Takasugi, professor of English and classics at the Waseda University of Tokyo, Japan, and many of the Japanese students base camp of that University now in Canada. He is going to write a book on his return to Japan about his experiences on his

Ye Olde Firme Heintzman & Co. Pianos. For 75 years, expert craftsmen have been continually striving to make Heintzman & Co. Pianos the most wonderful instruments it is possible to produce. That they have been eminently successful is proven by the high regard in which Heintzman & Co. Pianos are held by such artists as Melba, Tetrazzini, De Pachmann, Hamburg, Seitz, Guerrero, Viggio Kihl and Reginald Stewart. To them, it is "one of the world's finest instruments" and its use is insisted upon in their Canadian recitals. Let us show you the various styles. Beautiful in appearance, wonderful in tone and touch, a Heintzman & Co. Piano will make your home not only more cheerful but more beautiful as well. MILLER BROS., LTD. 145 GREAT GEORGE STREET CHARLOTTETOWN

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Rev. H. R. Grant, D. D. Of Nova Scotia Will Speak On "PROHIBITION" Under the Auspices of The Temperance Alliance of Prince Edward Island as follows: Saturday, June 4th at 8:00 p. m.—Crapaud Hall. Sunday, June 5th at 11:00 a. m.—Hunter River United Church. Sunday, June 5th at 3:00 p. m.—Summerfield United Church. Sunday, June 5th at 7:00 p. m.—Kingston Baptist Church. Sunday, June 5th at 8:30 p. m.—Strand Theatre, Charlottetown. Monday, June 6th at 8:00 p. m.—St. Peter's Hall. Tuesday, June 7th at 8:00 p. m.—Harrington Hall. Wednesday, June 8th at 8:00 p. m.—Borden Hall. DR. GRANT, SECRETARY OF THE NOVA SCOTIA SOCIAL SERVICE COUNCIL AND CHAIRMAN OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF TEMPERANCE ORGANIZATION IN NOVA SCOTIA, IS AN AUTHORITY OF NATIONAL STANDING AND AN ABLE PLATFORM SPEAKER. HEAR HIM

Mrs Howard Fallis ONE OF THE OUTSTANDING WOMEN SPEAKERS OF CANADA Will Address Meetings in Prince Edward Island at the Following Places and Dates in the Interest of Improved Temperance Legislation. AFTON HALL, June 3rd. HUNTER RIVER, June 4th. MONTAGUE, June 6th. MURRAY HARBOR SOUTH, June 7th. ELDON, June 8th. GEORGETOWN, June 9th. CARIGAN, June 10th. DUNDAS, June 11th. SOURIS, June 13th. KINGSBORO, June 14th. ANNANDALE, June 15th. ST. PETERS, June 16th. MORELL, June 17th. ALL MEETINGS AT 8 P. M.

Everybody Invited to Hear This Gifted Woman Speaker. She Has a Message of Particular Importance to Every Woman Voter. Public Temperance Meetings Under The Auspices of The Temperance Alliance of Prince Edward Island will be held During the Week Beginning May 30th as Follows: Friday, June 3rd: Freetown 2:30 p.m. Capa Traversa 8:00 p.m. Cardigan 8:00 p.m. North River 8:00 p.m. St. George's 8:00 p.m.

For Motor Boating. If you own a motor boat—whether it be a handy out-board driven craft or a large cabin cruiser—you'll find Champion, the better spark plug, more dependable—more efficient—and more economical. Champion is the better spark plug because of its double-ribbed aluminum core—its two-piece construction and its special enameled electrodes. Champion X-tor Ford 80¢. Champion—Cars other than Ford 90¢.

Political Meetings 2nd. District of Queen's. The Liberal-Conservative Candidates will meet the Electors at the following places and dates, to discuss the political issues of the day: NORTH WILTSHIRE June 8. CANOE COVE June 9. AFTON HALL June 9. KINGSTON June 10. CLYDE RIVER June 13. MILTON June 14. NORTH RIVER June 15. WHEATLEY RIVER June 17. NEWFIELD June 20. RUSTICO June 21. HUNTER RIVER June 23. The Opposition Candidates are invited and will be accorded equal time. All Meetings at 8 p. m.

HONEST TEMPERANCE. I am, Sir, etc., HONEST TEMPERANCE

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