MANY a wrist watch will strike you as beautiful until the Waltham Convertible Bracelet Watch rests on your wrist. Then you realize that a watch of less exquisite daintiness would be insufficient.

Your jeweller will gladly show you the Disappearing Eye at the bottom of the watch; how it folds back out of sight; how it enables you to wear the Waltham Convertible Bracelet Watch in whatever way fashion may suggest—an exclusive Waltham feature.

He has them in 7, 15 and 17 jewel movements, in solid gold and gold-filled cases, at $19.00 and up. The booklet "Concerning a Timepiece" will be sent on request.

WALTHAM WATCH CO.
MONTREAL

BARON KELVIN

Pure Bred Enrolment No. 5

Baron Kelvin was bred in Scotland, sired by the celebrated Clydesdale stallion "Baron's Pride," dam "Maude of High Borgue," tracing back for generations through the best Clydesdale blood of Scotland.

As a prize winner he possesses a record unsurpassed by any stallion in Canada, and today his colts are winning wherever shown.

Baron Kelvin will make the season of 1917 at the manager's stables, Springfield. Terms $12.00 for the season. Mares at owner's risk. Mares coming by rail will be cared for at reasonable rates. Telephone connection.

J. MORRIS SINCLAIR,
Manager

9088,4,20Mfri8ipd.

PRINCE MARJOR

Am No. 57168. Island No. 6

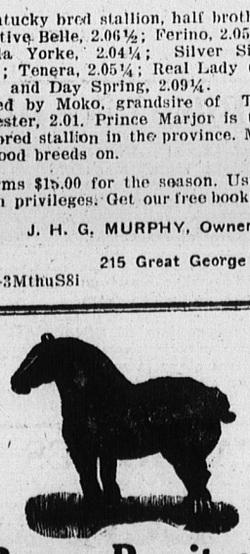
Kentucky bred stallion, half brother to Native Belle, 2.06½; Perino, 2.05½; Brenda Yorke, 2.04¼; Silver Silk, 2.08½; Tenera, 2.05¼; Real Lady (2) 2.04¼ and Day Spring, 2.09¼.

Sired by Moko, grandsire of The Harvester, 2.01. Prince Marjor is the best bred stallion in the province. Moko blood breeds on.

Terms $15.00 for the season. Usual return privileges. Get our free booklet.

J. H. G. MURPHY, Owner,
215 Great George St.

314-5-3MthuS8i



Baron Rossiter

(Enrolment No. 14)

The Pure bred Clydesdale stallion "Baron Rossiter will make the season at his owners stables at Marshfield, "Baron Rossiter" won the gold medal for the best Canadian bred Clydesdale stallion any age at the Charlottetown Exhibition in 1916.

WILLIAM H. GODFREY
Owner

456,5,12Mtts,1mo.

CLYDESDALE STALLION

"Blackband Sensation"

No. 9476

will make the season in Charlottetown, at stables formerly occupied by "BARON KELVIN" in rear of The Charlottetown Fish Supply Company's store on Grafton Street.

Terms: $10.00, settled by note at time of service or 10 per cent discount allowed for cash. Mares at owners' risk.

Intending breeders should look this horse over before booking their good mares elsewhere.

WILLIAM BATEMAN,
in charge.

493,e.o.d. 2 mos.

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IRISH CONVENTION FOR HOME RULE

Mr. Lloyd-George's Proposal for a Convention of All Parties Favourably Received in House of Commons.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

LONDON.— It was announced by Premier Lloyd-George in the House of Commons today that the government proposed to summon immediately a convention of representative Irishmen in Ireland to submit to the British Parliament a constitution for the future government of Ireland. Premier Lloyd-George stated today that the Chairman of the proposed Irish convention will be nominated by the Crown. If substantial agreement is reached regarding the character and scope of the constitution framed by the Convention, said the Premier. The government will take the necessary steps to enable Imperial Parliament to give Legislative effects thereto. The Convention will be held with closed doors. The Convention, said the Premier, would be representative of local governing bodies, churches, trade unions and commercial and educational interests, and would include Sinn Feiners. Delegates would be chosen by the respective bodies. Mr. John Redmond, Sir John Lonsdal, and others spoke favorably to the Convention idea.

To understand the above telegram it is necessary to read what follows:

LONDON—The British Prime Minister yesterday sent a letter to John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist Party, outlining the Government's project for the settlement of the home rule question. He asked Mr. Redmond to state his views on the Government's suggestion in order that the Government might be able to consider the matter before Monday.

As soon as the Premier's proposals were available the Irish Unionists met to discuss the document. The Nationalists will hold a meeting this morning for the same purpose.

The Government, the latter set forth, has been desirous of effecting an immediate settlement which will concede the largest possible measure of home rule that can be secured by agreement at this moment without prejudice to the undertaking by Parliament of a further and final settlement of the most disputed questions after the war.

The Government's proposals provide for the introduction of a bill for the immediate application of the Home Rule act to Ireland, but excluding six counties of north and east Ulster, such exclusion to be subject to reconsideration by Parliament at the end of five years; for a Council of Ireland, to be composed of two delegations representing the excluded area as well as the new Irish Parliament; consideration of the bill after its second reading by a special conference under the Chairmanship of some one commanding general confidence.

As an alternative it is suggested by the Premier that a convention of Irishmen of all parties be assembled for the purpose of arranging a scheme of Irish self-government.

By Canadian Press

LONDON.—John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalists in the House of Commons, today, rejected the proposal of Premier Lloyd George for a settlement of the Home Rule question but accepted the proposal for the immediate calling of a convention to decide on a government for Ireland.

Mr. Redmond, in a letter to Premier Lloyd George, accepts on behalf of the Irish party, the proposal for "assembling a convention of Irishmen of all parties for the purpose of producing a scheme of Irish self-government," on condition that the "basis on which the convention is to be called is such as to ensure that it is fully and fairly representative of Irishmen of all creeds, interests and parties, and, secondly, that the convention be summoned without delay."

Would Find No Support

Mr. Redmond said Premier Lloyd George's proposal for an Irish Government would in the opinion of the members of the Irish party find no support in Ireland. They therefore, were irreconciably opposed to it and any measure based on that proposal would meet with their vigorous opposition. But, Mr. Redmond continued, "the second alternative, namely, the assembling of a convention of Irishmen, has much to recommend it. I trust it may be found possible of realization. My colleagues and I will place no obstacle in the way and are prepared to commend the proposal most strongly to our countrymen."

Redmond's Letter

John Redmond's letter in reply to the proposals of the British Premier on the Irish question follows:

"Dear Mr. Lloyd George—The grounds whereon the Irish party decided not to negotiate with the Government are well known to you and I do not think it would serve any useful purpose to re-state them on this occasion. I note what you say as to the impossibility of taking action which would revive violent political controversy in the crisis of the war and the consequent necessity imposed upon the Government of fulfilling themselves to proposing a settlement which would be substantially accepted by both sides.

"I cannot accept this proposition and must observe that it has not been supplied in some other matters since the outbreak of the war.

Would Not Find Support

"I have laid your letter before my colleagues and they have carefully considered the two alternative proposals contained therein. The first proposal would not, in their opinion, find support in Ireland, and they desire me to inform you that they are irreconcilably opposed to this scheme was that any measure based thereon will meet with their vigorous opposition. The reasons for this decision can better, if necessary, be stated in the debate on Monday.

Much to Commend It

"The second alternative, the assembling of a convention of Irishmen of all parts for the purpose of producing a scheme of Irish self-government, has much to recommend it. You ask: 'Would it be too much to hope that Irishmen of all creeds and parties might meet in convention for the purpose of drafting a constitution which will secure a just balance of all opposing interests and finally compose the unhappy discords which so long have distracted Ireland and impeded its harmonious development.

Will Place No Obstacles

"This is the great ideal, and I trust it may be found possible of realization. My colleagues and I, at all events, will place no obstacle in the way, and we are prepared to recommend this proposal most earnestly to our countrymen on condition that the basis whereon the convention is to be called is such as to secure that it will be fully and fairly representative of Irishmen of all creeds, interests and parties, and secondly, that the convention be summoned without delay. If this proposal is put into operation I can assure you that no action on the part of my colleagues and myself will be spared to reach the high and blessed ideal pointed to in the concluding paragraph of your letter."

GOOD WORK FOR SICK WOMEN

The Woman's Medicine Has Proved Its Worth.

When Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies were first introduced, their curative powers were doubted and had to be proved. But the proof came, and gradually the use of them spread over the whole country. Now that hundreds of thousands of women have experienced the most beneficial effects from the use of these medicines, their value has become generally recognized, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard medicine for women.

The following letter is only one of the thousands on file in the Pinkham office, at Lynn, Mass., proving that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is an article of great merit as shown by the results it produces.

Anamosa, Iowa.—"When I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I suffered with a displacement, and my system was in a general run-down condition. I would have the headache for a week and my back would ache so bad when I would bend down I could hardly straighten up. My sister was sick in bed for two months and doctored, but did not get any relief. She saw an advertisement of your medcine and tried it and got better. She told me what it had done for her, and when I had taken only two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my head began to feel better. I continued its use and now I don't have any of those troubles." — Mrs. L. J. HANNAN, R.F.D. 1, Anamosa, Iowa.

Banish Kitchen Work and Worry and save your strength for the strenuous days of Spring and Summer when the body is making an effort to throw off the toxins of a heavy Winter diet. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** is the best food tonic because it supplies everything the body needs with the least tax on the digestion. It is a vim-making, energy-creating food, containing all the nutritive elements in the whole wheat grain with just enough bran to keep the bowels healthy and active. Two of these Biscuits with milk make a nourishing meal at a cost of a few cents. Made in Canada.

SELECTIVE CONSCRIPTION

(Continued from page ten.)

lems with which the Imperial Council would have to deal.

The Imperial preferential trade resolution was described by the leader of the opposition as a mild resolution.

GIVE CONSIDERATION

Coming to the announcement by the Prime Minister of a policy of selective conscription, Sir Wilfrid said that the recent events in Russia had been of great significance. They had enabled the Germans to bring to the west from probably one million men. Conditions in Russia would doubtless mean that the war will last longer. It was the duty of Canada to remain in the struggle to the end, until victory is accomplished. As to the methods to be adopted, he said **that the opposition would give to the proposals of the Government the same consideration which had been given to the war measures already introduced in the House.** They would survey and review them in the same spirit which had marked consideration of other proposals.

"My right honorable friend," said Sir Wilfrid, "concluded his observations by stating that we are certainly very far from the end of the struggle. I am afraid that his words are only too true. Events in Russia have brought into the war a new feature, upon which we had not calculated. We had calculated that the offensive which was to be undertaken by our armies this year was to have brought ourselves to the Rhine, but events in Russia have enabled the German Government to bring over to French perhaps nearly a million men, if not more. Under such circumstances it goes without saying that the war must last a long time. As to the methods which Canada must take with regard to the prosecution of the war, I have this to say, that Canada intends to remain in the war to the end and until victory has been won.

THE SAME CONSIDERATION

"As to the methods which we are to adopt in order to bring our men to the front, and to fulfil to the end the duty that we are all determined to fulfil, a good deal of consideration is to be given before the traditional policy followed by this country shall be set aside. I make at present no observation. The Government tells us that they have a new policy to offer us and I have only this to say: **That wherever that policy is made known to us, we shall receive and consider it in the same spirit that we have determined since the outbreak of the war to assume towards all the proposals of the Government, that is, to give them due and fair consideration, reserving to ourselves the liberty of free British subjects to discharge our duties in the way we consider they ought to be discharged. I am not going to say we should adopt this or adopt that; that we should reject this or reject that. The only thing I say, and as to which I pledge the word and judgment of those who sit beside me, is that we are determined that we shall do our duty to the best of our judgment,** and in such a way as to insure that the best methods are adopted to bring about that victory for which we are longing, and which we all hope will certainly come, whether it comes early or late.

Mr. W. F. Maclean, of South York, who followed, congratulated the Premier on his announcement. Hon. J. D. Hazen, Hon. Wm. Pugsley, and Mr. D. D. MacKenzie, also spoke.

WOMEN WITH MOUSTACHES

The Ainus, the "Celtic" race of Japan, live in the island of Yeddo, although the race has become so reduced that there are now not more than sixteen or seventeen thousand of them left in the country.

The most noticeable peculiarity about Ainu women is that they have tatooed upon their upper and lower lips what resembles a moustache.

The women are not considered attractive, but their matrimonial prospects are quite injured, without this decoration.

The moustache is begun when the girl is quite a child. It is done gradually, a little each year, until it extends partly across the cheek, the material used being the soot from burning birch bark.

The face is cut and the black rubbed in.

Afterwards it is washed in a solution of ash bark liquor, to fix the color.

The Ainu women are usually finely formed, straight and well developed, with small hands and feet.

Their eyes are a beautiful soft brown, their hair black and most luxuriant, and their complexion olive, with often a deep, rich color in their cheeks.

The native cloth—of which their garments are made—is woven from the fibre of the bark of the elm tree.

CHEMIN DES DAMES."

Bysart McMillan in N. Y. Tribune.

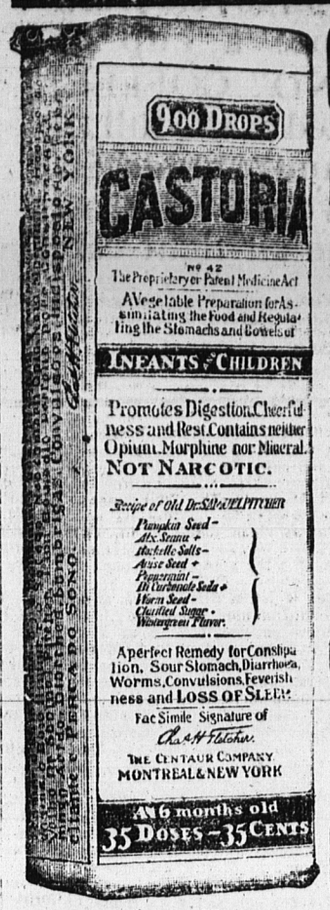
("North of the Aisne the enemy continued to withdraw in the direction of the Chemin des Dames."— French Official Report.)

Did they pass— in that long forgotten
Olden time which the trouveres sing—
Ambling jennet and tinkling palfrey,
Lute and pipe for the journeying,
Silks and satin and musky velvet,
Matron jolly and laughing lass:—
Over the road of joyful venture—
Ladies of romance— did they pass?

Is it from ladies such as these,
That the name comes down through the centuries?
Did they pass— in that long forgotten
Olden time which no trouveres sing?
Clumsy sabot and heavy burden,
Pain and tears for the journeying,
Rags and patches and wolfish faces,
Over the road of hunger driven—
Daughters of labor—did they pass?

Is it from women, such as these
That the name comes down through the centuries?
What matters it— that long forgotten
Olden time which the poets sing?—
War-flung men from the seven oceans
Here now pass in their journeying,
Serf and pageant have both departed,
Matron vanished with laughing lass:—
Over the road of long dead ladies
Soldiers of glory onward pass.

It is from heroes, such as these,
That the name will go through the centuries.



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CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TASTEFUL SATISFYING

You'll Like the Flavor

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 21st, 1917.

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME

Trains outward—Read down				Trains Inward—Read up.			
Daily Ex.Sun	Daily Ex.Sun.	Daily Ex.Sun.		Daily Ex.Sun.	Daily Ex.Sun.	Daily Ex.Sun.	Daily Ex-Sun
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
4.00	12.15	6.40 Dep.	Charlottetown Arr.	11.55	11.10		10.20
5.20	1.48	7.40	Hunter River	10.46	10.10		8.50
6.05	2.50	8.13	Emerald Jct.	10.09	9.40	7.40	7.45
6.50	3.30	8.40	Kensington	9.37	9.10	6.50	
7.20	4.10	9.05 Arr.	Summerside Dept.	9.10	8.45	6.10	
		P.M.					
8.50		12.20 Dep.	Summerside Arr.	8.50	5.35		
9.4[illegible]		2.10	Port Hill	7.54	3.56		
10.37		3.57	O'Leary	7.05	2.36		
11.18		5.07	Alberton	6.19	1.17		
11.55		6.05 Arr.	Tignish Dept.	5.45	12.15		

Mon. Wed Tues. Thur. & Sat.	Tues. Fri. & Sat.			Tues. & Sat.	
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		P.M.	A.M.
7.50	9.45	9.45 Dep.	Emerald Jct. Arr.	9.35	7.35
8.40	10.35	10.20 Arr.	Cape Traverse Dep.	9.00	6.45

Daily Ex.Sun	Daily Ex.Sun.		Daily Ex.Sun.	Daily Ex.Sun.
P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3.20	7.00 Dep.	Charlottetown Arr.	10.00	6.10
4.30	8.50	Mt. Stewart	8.50	4.30
4.57	9.27	Morell	8.22	3.35
5.17	9.57	St. Peters	8.00	3.00
6.20	11.30 Arr.	Souris Dep.	7.00	1.35
P.M.			A.M.	
7.35	Arr.	Elmira Dep.	5.40	

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
4.30	9.05 Dep.	Mt. Stewart Arr.	8.50	4.10
5.19	10.15	Cardigan	7.52	2.54
5.40	10.55	Montague	7.28	2.25
6.15	11.35 Arr.	Georgetown Dep.	6.50	1.40

Sat. Only	Daily Ex.Sat. & Sun.		Daily Ex.Sat. & Sun.	Sat. Only
P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.
3.10	3.10 Dep.	Charlottetown Arr.	10.10	9.45
4.25	4.55	Vernon River	8.27	8.31
5.55	7.05 Arr.	Murray Harbor Dep.	6.30	7.00

All trains unless otherwise marked, run daily, Sunday Excepted.

NEXT TIME

you send a parcel to your soldier friend in training or at the front, don't forget to put in some Zam-Buk. The soldiers say they cannot get enough of it.

Capt. Brooks, No. 4 Company, 7th Battalion, writing from the front, says: "Tell my friends, if they want to help us, we should be awfully glad of some Zam-Buk. We find it just splendid, and can use all that is sent us."

Nothing takes the place of Zam-Buk amongst the soldiers. They use it for rheumatism, blistered feet, sore hands, cuts, burns and scratches. Being antiseptic, Zam-Buk prevents festering and blood-poisoning. For eczema, or any skin trouble, it is equally good, and for piles there is nothing to compare with Zam-Buk.

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Then insure in good strong stock companies, which never contest an honest claim such as is represented by

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