

Mr. T.A. Campbell Concludes Speech Criticises Government As Bungling And Extravagant And Claims Election Promises Were Broken.

Returning the Draft Address debate in the Legislature yesterday morning Mr. Thomas A. Campbell, K.C., (Liberal, Prince), said he noted that a resolution disapproving of titles had been defeated in the House of Commons and probably by next year he would have the opportunity of complimenting some hon. members in the House upon having received some recognition in the way of a title. He repeated his statement made on Thursday that the feeling of "security" with regard to the Government was the strongest evidence that the Government is really falling down. Under Liberal regime, Mr. Campbell said, it was admitted on every hand that all the public money expended had been well spent, practically the only public work which was criticised was the Macdonald highway, and this, it had been claimed, was a "reckless expenditure" on "shoddy" highway work. Yet this highway today was being held up as a model for the provincial highway work being built by the Dominion Government. The Premier now says that he did not criticise the Lea Government for their manner of presenting our claims for subsidy, but that they were negligent in not getting any results. In the Conservative press the failure of the Lea Government in this matter had been criticised as "the same of incompetence" which had been criticised in 1913. Mr. Campbell said that if the Conservatives were returned to power the claims would be implemented without delay. Yet, said Mr. Campbell, it was over two years before this Government took up to the time they did not write a single letter on the subject. Now, when the Bennett Government has been in power nearly four years and its term is drawing to an end, the Provincial Government begins to approach Ottawa regarding not only the implementation of the Duncan Report but the building of this great national highway. Premier Macdonald says he did make representations to the Federal Government before September, 1931. Mr. Campbell: "It seems very strange that the Government did not report that to the House. I asked a question in the House on one occasion and the answer was that nothing had been done. We never received any further information. I don't think it is anything new to hear about that they did make representations to the Federal Government before September, 1931." Mr. Campbell: "I had many opportunities of listening to my hon. friend at campaign meetings." Premier Macdonald: "You learned them well." At Kensington, continued Mr. Campbell, the Premier had said the Government's record was one of borrowing, of reckless expenditure and increased debt. His own opponent in the campaign had charged the Lea Government with spending money "like drunken sailors." Another criticism was that the Government was "rying a million around the neck of the people." Premier Lea had been ridiculed because he claimed a modest surplus of some \$15,000. The Conservatives maintained, perhaps rightly, that the division of ordinary and capital revenue and expenditure was a fiction. "It is agreed," said Mr. Campbell, "that this criticism with regard to alleged extravagant expenditure was one of the modicum of weight which they appealed to the electors." In 1930, Mr. Campbell continued, the total expenditure was \$1,429,481. In 1932, after the "drunken sailors" were thrown out of office and the "rigid economists" had been in power for a year and a half, the total expenditure was \$2,014,979. So that the "rigid economists" expended \$585,498 more than the "drunken" ones. Premier Macdonald: "Hadn't we reasons for it?" Mr. Campbell: "I am coming to that. I just want to show that the total expenditure increased the total expenditures of the Province by over half a million dollars." The total increase in liabilities in 1932, Mr. Campbell continued, was \$280,036.85, as against \$234,000 in 1931. Moreover, the Falconwood Hospital, of \$27,500 had been shown as a revenue. He would not criticise the showing of the Prince of Wales College insurance as revenue because it went into the expenditure in the same year, but it was not proper to include the Falconwood insurance as a revenue for the year 1932. That amount was a trust fund for the rebuilding of Falconwood Hospital and it still had to be undertaken and brought to completion. To arrive at the true increase it was necessary to subtract this sum from the revenue. Considering the accounts in the question, Mr. Campbell found that the Government was entitled to credit on capital expenditure of \$86,519; also, for salvaging and reconstruction work at Falconwood Hospital, \$50,497; expenditure on Prince of Wales College over and above the insurance received, \$90,000, and interest on sinking funds, \$88,000. Making allowance for all these items, he found the "rigid economists" in 1932 had a deficit on current account of \$1,974,774, while the "drunken sailors" had a modest surplus of some \$16,000 in 1931. Against the 1932 expenditure at Falconwood Hospital and Prince of Wales College of \$50,497 and \$90,000 respectively, Mr. Campbell said, the Government had retrenched to a policy of mere necessary maintenance of roads, and this at a time when materials and labour were greatly reduced in cost over the purchases of the Lea Government, which were made when peak prices had prevailed. The Government's excuse had been that it was doing the best it could. But that Mr. Campbell thought was scarcely acceptable. He said he did not wish to refer to "a loss of \$75,000" which the Government incurred by failing to carry out a new plan of insurance on the purchases of the Lea Government, which had been fully determined upon. But the government had made "an actual loss of \$10,000 in connection with the insurance which had been allowed to lapse through their negligence. This had also been an "undisputed" insurance and it was promised that every effort would be made to collect it. Questions put on the order paper last year, however, revealed that no shadow of a cent had been paid. The promoter explained that the amendments to the old Act had been prepared and tabled last year but the Government was advised that the amendments with one exception were not then required. However, it subsequently was found that the powers of the Commissioners were not sufficient defined. The new Act embodies many of the old provisions. Several clauses were discussed and passed. Progress was reported, the committee asking leave to sit again. Departmental reports were tabled. The House adjourned until 3 p.m. Tuesday. Mr. Campbell: "A very small part of it to be used." Premier Macdonald: "Make your statement correct." Mr. Lea To The Rescue Mr. Lea: "I think the Speaker should correct the Premier. He is rising to interrupt repeatedly." Premier Macdonald: "What are you doing?" (Laughter). Mr. Lea: "As leader of the Opposition I have a right to advise the Speaker. He has no right to rise to a point of order except with the speaker's permission." Mr. Speaker: "He has a right to rise to correct a misstatement of fact." Mr. Lea: "He has not done that, but he is repeatedly breaking in." Mr. Speaker: "The hon. member from the First District is quite able to take care of himself." Premier Macdonald: "Why should my hon. friend be breaking in?" Mr. Lea: "As leader of the Opposition I have a right to advise the Speaker." Premier Macdonald: "And as leader of the Government I have a right to correct a misstatement." (Applause). Government Borrowing Continuing, Mr. Campbell said the Government had not considered local architects as competent to draw the plans of Falconwood Hospital, but they went to Nova Scotia for an architect and then sent him all over the country to investigate the situation. Premier Macdonald: "My hon. friend's statement is not correct. The Government did not send Mr. Fowler all over the country." Mr. Campbell: "He went, but Mr. Fowler did not have to go all over the North American continent to complete his education." Mr. Lea: "You can only interrupt the speaker at his request. That is not a point of order, you know." Premier Macdonald: "I have a right to correct a misstatement." Mr. Campbell: "Anyway, this architect went hidden away in the Province in order to complete his education at a mental hospital. And the liberal education which he obtained through that course of instruction was paid for by this Province to the tune of \$30,000 to \$40,000. If our local architects had \$30,000 to spend on their education, wouldn't they be competent?" Mr. Campbell: "My hon. friend, I am not saying that \$30,000 was spent for. He is too intelligent for that, instead of making sweeping statements that it was spent on an architect's education." Mr. Campbell: "The Province receiving nothing." Premier Macdonald: "I must correct my hon. friend again. The Province did receive something." Mr. Campbell: "That is a matter of opinion. I don't think it is necessary to go into this matter. I don't think I have been deceiving the people of this Province. \$30,000 or \$40,000 has been expended on plans that are not to be used." Premier Macdonald: "That is not correct, either."

LEGISLATURE IN COMMITTEE YESTERDAY

In the Legislature yesterday morning first reading was given to the following bills: An Act to incorporate Macdonald and Brown, incorporated; an Act to amend the law respecting the garnishment of debts; an Act to make uniform the law respecting conditional sale of goods; an Act to amend an Act to prevent the destruction of woods, forests and other properties by fire; an Act to amend the County Courts Amendment Act, 1878; the Uniform Bills of Sale Act. The Premier tabled a communication received by the Lieutenant Governor from the Minister of Justice, approving of the statutes passed in 1933. Afternoon Session On motion of Premier Macdonald the House went into committee with Mr. J. A. MacDonald in the chair on second reading of an Act to amend the Prince of Wales College and Provincial Normal School Act. The amendment makes obligatory attendance at the Normal School for a period of nine months instead of five months as under the existing Act; for those applying for even a third class teacher's license. It also empowers the Board of Education to set the fees as they shall deem reasonable. The bill was agreed to without amendment. On motion of Hon. Mr. MacNutt the House went into committee with Mr. Stewart in the chair on second reading of an Act to amend an Act respecting dogs. The bill proposes that in default of payment of fine and costs for conviction under the Act, a term of imprisonment not exceeding 30 days may be imposed. It was agreed to. On motion of Hon. Mr. McPhee the House went into committee with Mr. J. A. MacDonald in the chair on second reading of an Act to amend the rights and priorities of landlords in assignment and winding-up proceedings. The bill, the promoter explained, was recommended by the Law Society and is intended to apply where no provision is made as to the priority of landlords in case of distress proceedings for bankruptcy. At present there is no statute governing the rights of landlords in this regard. It was agreed to without amendment. On motion of Premier Macdonald the House went into committee with Mr. Stewart in the chair on second reading of an Act respecting the Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities Act. The promoter explained that the amendments to the old Act had been prepared and tabled last year but the Government was advised that the amendments with one exception were not then required. However, it subsequently was found that the powers of the Commissioners were not sufficient defined. The new Act embodies many of the old provisions. Several clauses were discussed and passed. Progress was reported, the committee asking leave to sit again. Departmental reports were tabled. 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GENERAL GUARDIAN

This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a more extensive nature is permitted at a rate a word strictly payable in advance. DOWN THE SINK? — Is that what happens to your wave. See Elite advertisement on Bulletin Page. TROUT NET SEIZED—The Royal Canadian Mounted Police seized a thirty foot trout net in the Corran Bay River at Grand Tracadie yesterday afternoon. The use of such nets for the catching of trout is illegal. LIQUOR SEIZURES—Two small liquor seizures were made yesterday one in the City by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and the City Police, and one in the country by the Great Bear Lake mining field, in 1934. Hon. Thomas G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior, has directed that the Sub-mining Recorder's office at Cameron Bay be raised to the status of a Mining Recorder's office and that all the records relating to the Great Bear Lake field Northwest Territories and development of Cameron Bay as soon as possible. The general increase in mining and prospecting activity will be greatly accelerated this year because of the extension of the mining act on representation work, and the change at Cameron Bay is to facilitate all lines of activity by having the records immediately available to miners and prospectors in the centre of the field, instead of necessitating a trip to Port Smith. That the mining properties in the Northwest Territories are developing rapidly is shown by the reports received by Hon. Mr. Murphy, from officers in the field during the year 1933, with the trend of operations in the Great Bear Lake field in the development of prospecting and development during 1933, with not spectacular as of great significance as it practically proved that several promising properties have every indication of becoming important producers in 1934 and 1935. The principal companies have carried out extensive trenching and diamond drilling with very satisfactory results. In a number of cases shipments of ore and concentrates have been made to reduction plants in British Columbia and Ontario. Following in the wake of the mining activity, other improvements have been noted, such as cheaper and better transportation facilities both by air and water, improved radio communication, extension of surveys, location of a doctor and establishment of a Royal Canadian Mounted Police detachment in the centre of activity in the Great Bear Lake field. The various Government Departments have been active in the mining industry in the development of the Great Bear Lake mining area. The Department of the Interior is charged with the administration of the Northwest Territories and consequently has played a leading role in this work. Maps of the country lying south and east of Great Bear Lake in course of preparation by the Topographical and Air Survey Bureau of the Department, based on aerial surveys carried out by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, will be of great assistance in the prospecting and development of this very promising district. Last year the Department of the Interior also had a tonnage laid out at Cameron Bay and to date over 100 lots have been applied for and numerous buildings erected. A survey was also made by the Department's Mining Inspector of the timber resources adjoining Great Bear Lake with a view to their orderly utilization. Other departments are active in this work. The Department of Public Works is improving conditions for water transportation at several points; the Department of Justice has established a Royal Canadian Mounted Police detachment at Cameron Bay; and an up-to-date wireless station has been installed at the same point by the Department of the Interior. The search for gold was actively pressed by prospectors in many parts of the Northwest Territories during the past year and unconfirmed reports have been received of important discoveries of placer gold were made in the South Nahanni country. Last fall two prospectors returned from the South Nahanni which lies in the southwestern part of the Territories and close to the territorial boundary between the Yukon and the Northwest Territories, reported that they had washed some rich gravel on McLeod creek and obtained a fair quantity of coarse gold. Although the Department of the Interior was unable to confirm the report by personal interview, the news spread rapidly and a small rush resulted. By the end of December there were approximately 100 placer claims staked. The original discoveries were on McLeod creek and two other small feeder creeks, the Diamond and the Canyon. It is also reported that claims have been staked on creeks running into Flat and Prairie rivers, which together with the McLeod are tributaries of the South Nahanni river. Several prospecting parties have been flowing into the area while a number of others proceeded by dog-team from Simpson on the Mackenzie river. In August last another gold lease was granted on the southwest shore of McVicar Arm, Great Bear Lake where the main outcrop consists of a seam of black lignite over a foot in thickness. The Northwest Company, subsidiary of Imperial Oil Limited, operated its wells on the Mackenzie river 83 miles below Norman and produced over 500 barrels of petroleum and gasoline, of which about 90 per cent was shipped to Great Bear Lake. Development work, which was carried on by the twenty most active companies in the district, continues to show the immense mineral wealth of this field. Several of the earliest claims staked have reached the product stage and the hope of further adding to the known mineral wealth of the Dominion.

NORTHERN MINING AREAS ACTIVE

OTTAWA, March 15.—Owing to the evidence that there will be greater income to the country by the Great Bear Lake mining field, in 1934, Hon. Thomas G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior, has directed that the Sub-mining Recorder's office at Cameron Bay be raised to the status of a Mining Recorder's office and that all the records relating to the Great Bear Lake field Northwest Territories and development of Cameron Bay as soon as possible. The general increase in mining and prospecting activity will be greatly accelerated this year because of the extension of the mining act on representation work, and the change at Cameron Bay is to facilitate all lines of activity by having the records immediately available to miners and prospectors in the centre of the field, instead of necessitating a trip to Port Smith. That the mining properties in the Northwest Territories are developing rapidly is shown by the reports received by Hon. Mr. Murphy, from officers in the field during the year 1933, with the trend of operations in the Great Bear Lake field in the development of prospecting and development during 1933, with not spectacular as of great significance as it practically proved that several promising properties have every indication of becoming important producers in 1934 and 1935. The principal companies have carried out extensive trenching and diamond drilling with very satisfactory results. In a number of cases shipments of ore and concentrates have been made to reduction plants in British Columbia and Ontario. Following in the wake of the mining activity, other improvements have been noted, such as cheaper and better transportation facilities both by air and water, improved radio communication, extension of surveys, location of a doctor and establishment of a Royal Canadian Mounted Police detachment in the centre of activity in the Great Bear Lake field. 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Although the Department of the Interior was unable to confirm the report by personal interview, the news spread rapidly and a small rush resulted. By the end of December there were approximately 100 placer claims staked. The original discoveries were on McLeod creek and two other small feeder creeks, the Diamond and the Canyon. It is also reported that claims have been staked on creeks running into Flat and Prairie rivers, which together with the McLeod are tributaries of the South Nahanni river. Several prospecting parties have been flowing into the area while a number of others proceeded by dog-team from Simpson on the Mackenzie river. In August last another gold lease was granted on the southwest shore of McVicar Arm, Great Bear Lake where the main outcrop consists of a seam of black lignite over a foot in thickness. 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Bright Spots Of The Week

(By The Canadian Press) MONTREAL.—Canadian Pacific Railway increase working days in plants throughout Canada from 10 to 12 days in March. WINDSOR, Ont.—Ford Motor Company of Canada announces restoration of 83-a-day minimum wage for factory employees in east Windsor and other plants in Canada. CALGARY, Alta.—Bin capacity of Robin Hood Mills in territory east of Calgary will be enlarged by 500,000 bushels. DIGBY, N. S.—Cargo of 2,000,000 lb. of lumber leaves Digby, N. S. for Britain—largest lumber cargo in Digby's shipping history. ST. CATHERINES, Ont.—William Bright has purchased site for a large canning factory to be erected near here. OTTAWA—J. E. Booth, Limited announce their sawmill, closed since 1931, will be reopened about May 1. SAINT JOHN—Import trade through Port of Saint John in February showed increase of 48 per cent over volume for February, 1933 and general cargo exports were up 38 per cent. VANCOUVER—Order for 130,000 creosoted railway ties for Chinese Government is being filled by B. C. Iron and Steel. Shipments go forward in few days. SARNIA, Ont.—Second unit of the Canadian Tin Plate Company, Ltd., was put into operation this week and the Government does not expect to be in operation for a year, it is said. SYDNEY, N. S.—Working staff of Dominion Steel and Coal Corporation: On steel plant increased 15 per cent a week; on 4,000-ton rail order for C. P. R.

The Presbyterian Church in Canada

ST. JAMES CHURCH Minister: REV. R. MOORHEAD-LEGATE, D. D. Public Worship, Morning at Eleven O'Clock and Evening at Seven. The Minister will give the following series of addresses at the Morning Service, leading up to the Easter Festival. March 15—"What is a Christian?" March 22—"What is the Cross?" (Holy Communion). STRANGERS AND VISITORS CORDIALLY INVITED.

Zion Presbyterian Church

REV. G. CARLYLE WEBSTER—MINISTER. PROF. LOUIS D. THOMPSON—Organist and Choirmaster. MORNING WORSHIP 11.00 A. M.—Morning Service under auspices of the Christian Endeavor Society. Anthem—"The Sun Shall Be No More" Woodward & The Choir. 2.30 P. M.—Sabbath School and Bible Classes. EVENING WORSHIP 7.00 P. M.—Adjutant Stevens of the Salvation Army will be the Speaker. Anthem—"Softly and Gently" Wiman & The Choir. 8.30 P. M.—Students' Service of Sacred Song—Speaker, Rev. W. L. Outhouse. "So teach us to number our days, that we may apply our hearts unto wisdom."—Ps. 90:12.

St. Paul's Church

5th SUNDAY IN LENT 11.00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon—"The Bible, How We Got It and How We Regard It." Anthem—"Like As the Heart"..... Dr. W. Edgar Homan. 2.30 P. M.—Sunday School and Bible Classes. 7.00 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon followed by Holy Communion. Sermon from Jesus' Words "Come Ye; Go Ye." Anthem—"Sun of My Soul"..... W. F. Sudds. Children's Lent Service on Friday at 5.00. EVERYBODY WELCOME. REV. H. D. RAYMOND, M. A., RECTOR.

The Baptist Church

PRINCE AND FITZROY STS. MINISTER—THE REV. A. C. VINCENT, D. D. ORGANIST—MRS. G. ELLIOTT FULL. MORNING WORSHIP 11 O'CLOCK Anthem—"Sun of My Soul"..... Turner Sermon—"The Parable of the Leaven".... Dr. Vincent Anthem—"There is a Green Hill Far Away".... Gounod. SUNDAY SCHOOL 2.30 P. M. Sunday School offers you an opportunity for service, for study, for co-operation. EVENING WORSHIP 7 O'CLOCK Anthem—"Fear Not Ye, O Israel" Sermon—"Nathan the Syrian"..... Dr. Vincent Soprano Solo—Selected..... Mrs. Arthur Reper. You are Cordially Welcome. The Morning Service will be Broadcast by Station C. H. C. K.

Trinity United Church

Ministers—REV. E. RAMSAY, D.D. REV. C. N. BROWN, M.A. Organist—PROF. A. BOY KENDALL, L. R. A. M., A. A. G. O. 10.00 A. M.—Prayer Meeting. 11.00 A. M.—Public Worship. Sermon—"The Finality of the Cross"..... Dr. Ramsay Anthem—"New Every Morning is the Love"..... Miller. 2.30 P. M.—Sunday School. 7.00 P. M.—Special Young People's Service. Preacher: Rev. W. T. E. Flemington, M. A., Principal Mt. Allison Academy. Anthem—"The King of Love"..... Shelley Solo: Mr. Harvey MacPherson. Visitors and Students Welcome. Evening Service Broadcast by C. H. C. K.

Schooner Lands Leaves For Record Catch Pilgrimage

(C.P. By Guardian's Special Wire) LOOSEPORT, N. S., March 15.—Schooner Irene Mary today landed 172,000 pounds of fresh fish, believed to be the largest fresh catch ever unloaded at this port. Captain Leo Corbett received \$1,000 for the trip, and distributed \$250 to each of the crew. The night from Halifax on a pilgrim ship to Rome. Those making the trip include Rev. J. F. Johnstone, Charlottetown, and his wife.

S'ide Board Trade Request Is Granted

(Special To The Guardian) Mr. C. R. Rogers, Vice President of the Summerside Board of Trade, received a telegram from Mr. A. E. MacLean, M. P., yesterday afternoon to the effect that the first claim, made for Summerside coming by the Maritime Express would be held at Moncton and upon the arrival of the Ocean Limited would be brought to Summerside by the aeroplane which arrives here about five o'clock. This in reply to a request of the board of trade that this mail should not be held for the boat train.

SUMMERSIDE and Prince County To Late To Clarify

(This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of a more extensive nature is permitted at a rate a word strictly payable in advance. —LENA RIVERS AT INDIAN RIVER—This grand love drama was presented to a crowded house last night. Pathos and humor predominated in all performers were stars in their particular lines. More extended account will appear later. The specialties by Mrs. Warren, Miss Beatrice McKenna and Mr. Russell MacKay of Kensington were enthusiastically received. Delightful Irish airs were rendered by Mrs. Brendon D'Iscoo and Mrs. Edgar Hickey with accompaniment. The play will be repeated tonight at Kensington.

Germans Ban Dietrich Film

BERLIN, March 15.—Germany banned a film today on the film "Diedtrich Lied"—the Paramount Motion Picture Company's production "Song of Songs," featuring Marlene Dietrich. No reason for the ban was assigned in the announcement through the official Reichs Anstalt. It was said that Paramount officials had been told the official reason for the ban would be disclosed later. The film was banned in Australia and India months ago, it was recalled here.

Chief Scout To Visit Canada Spring Of 1935

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) LONDON, March 15.—Lord Baden-Powell, Chief Scout, will visit Canada in the spring of 1935, Lady Baden-Powell has announced. Recovering from a serious illness as his Hampshire home, the Chief Scout who is 77, will not be fit for any engagements for three months. Lady Baden-Powell says: "More or less an invalid, he will be going on a South and India's cruise to the Mediterranean from March 29 until April 15. It is a cruise of a dual nature for the two movements to establish contact with leaders in other countries. Lord Baden-Powell will then have a period of convalescence for most of the summer. He is going round the world again in the autumn. In November he will sail for Australia in order to attend a Scout's Jubilee. He will return via New Zealand and Canada next Spring." Lady Baden-Powell will accompany him.

NRA Intervenes In Threatened Auto Strike

WASHINGTON, March 15.—(By Associated Press)—A five-day truce in the struggle between the auto makers and the United Auto Workers of America was threatened today from the intervention of NRA in a determined effort to prevent a strike which might seriously threaten United States recovery programme. With the executive committee of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce called to consider on Wednesday a mediation plan proposed by Hugh S. Johnson, Recovery Administrator, Labor leaders postponed the threatened walkout until Wednesday. The principal issue involved in the company union, American Federation of Labor officials asserted the right of organization set forth in the Recovery Act had not been permitted by the employers of the industry.

N. B. FIELD CROP VALUE

(C.P. By Guardian's Special Wire) FREDERICTON, N. B., March 15.—The field crops of New Brunswick which include grain, hay, roots and potatoes were valued at \$12,232,000 in 1933. They serve as the basis of our live stock industry and at the same time furnish the principal agricultural product for export, viz. potatoes. E. M. Taylor, field husbandman of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, said:

during the past year over fifty tons of pitchblende and native silver were shipped out to reduction plants at Port Hope, Ontario. One company has already been shipping for treatment, since 1931, high grade radium and silver ore and in December, 1933, transport by plane the first high grade radium concentrates from radium from its fifty-ton mill. Shipments of concentrates from radium and silver ore will be increasing as soon as water transport becomes available this year. Although it is hardly four years since the first discoveries of radium bearing ore at Great Bear Lake, Canada has already become an important producer of this valuable element and as production increases the Great Bear Lake area will be the source of radium in the West of Canada and the British Empire can be supplied with radium. While the discovery and development of the deposits of radium-bearing ore at Great Bear Lake has occupied public attention, silver is the predominant precious metal found in this field. Numerous veins containing high grade silver have been located in several large properties and development of these holdings has proved that several of them will be producers and shippers of silver in large quantities. Hundreds of men were employed on the various claims undergoing exploration and development and the mining equipment is being raised to a very high standard. One mill has been handling over 50 tons of ore daily since early in December while a ten-ton pilot mill which was erected last year is being replaced this year by a twenty-five-ton mill. Plans have been prepared for a fifty-ton mill to be erected on another property this summer.

Work already accomplished on the different properties and plans underway indicate that 1934 will be one of the most important years in the development of the Great Bear Lake mining area. In other parts of the Northwest Territories exploration and prospecting work will continue to be carried on in the hope of further adding to the known mineral wealth of the Dominion.