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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1922

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Provincial Legislature

The Good Roads Question and the Dalton Sanatorium Received Attention from Members of the House and Much Discussion Ensued Thereon

Evening Session, March 22.

The House resumed after recess at 8:45.

Premier Bell continuing his address in reply to the speech from the Throne maintaining that the Conservatives had done was to put themselves in a position to block any subsequent measure for increasing the teachers' salaries. The proposed poll tax was unnecessary and unjust because in every modern system of taxation there is always a provision that the wealth of the country shall be made to pay its proportionate share towards the public expenditure. This is the principle of the poll tax. It is not because they proposed to shut out from taxation Charlottetown and Summerside and they had taken special care to exempt the wealth of the country. The tax would therefore, fall upon the farmers alone, and the farmers looking at it in that way turned down the proposition altogether. The Liberal party decided to deal with the matter as if the plebiscite had not been taken at all, and for this the speaker believed the government was entitled to much credit. There was some insinuation made that the Liberal party had declared that taxation was not necessary and that the additions to the teachers' salaries could be made at from ordinary revenue. As far as he was personally concerned he wished to say that this statement was not true.

Mr. J. D. Stewart said the statement he had made and to which the Premier was probably alluding was that such statements had been uttered from the side of the House then in opposition and he wished to refer to the Hon. speaker to the files of the Liberal party press which would bear him out in this. Premier Bell replied that where ever such a statement came from, it could not have been made by any responsible party in the House.

Mr. Stewart—Then you had better look to your own party press!

Premier Bell argued that it would be a reflection on the intelligence of the electorate of the country to suppose that if such a statement had been made, the voters would have been foolish enough to believe it. Continuing he praised the steps taken by the government in the establishment of the Agricultural School and in the proposed opening of the mussel mussel beds at Richmond Bay where it has been said, there is sufficient fertilizer to supply the farmers of the province for fifty years to come. This is an opportune time to begin operations because the local government can rely upon the cooperation of Rt. Hon. MacDonald King. The speaker had written him on the subject proposing that the federal government build a spur line of about 2 1/2 miles to connect the railway with Richmond Bay, the cost of which would not exceed \$50,000 and would probably be much less. To this Premier King replied that he was communicating with the Minister of Railways and Canals urging upon him the importance of the proposition. The assistance and cooperation of Hon. J. E. Sinclair and of the other members for the Island

Imperial Troops May be Called To Ulster Border

Special to the Guardian
LONDON, March 22.—The British Government may have to consider whether it will be possible to draw a cordon of Imperial troops between the warring elements on the Ulster frontier, Winston Churchill, the Colonial Secretary stated in the House of Commons today.

Tomorrow he will ask the Honourable the Commissioner of Public Works:

1. For how many projects and tenders called under the Highway Scheme in 1921.
2. Table Notices calling for tenders in each case.
3. Give the names of those persons whose tenders were accepted.
4. Table all such tenders.
5. Were agreements in writing entered into between the several contractors and the Commissioner of Public Works in pursuance of such Tenders and for the performance of the work tendered for.
6. If so, table all such agreements.

MR. LEA, answering Mr. J. D. Stewart, said the report of the Dept. of Agriculture would be given tomorrow. Asked for Public Accounts, the Premier stated they would be ready tomorrow.

PREMIER BELL, moved the following:

WHEREAS by an Act of the Legislative Assembly of this Province passed in the third year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fifth, being Chapter thirty-three of the Statutes of this Province, intituled "An Act to Incorporate The Charles Dalton Sanatorium" after reciting that the Honourable Charles Dalton of Tignish in Prince County was desirous of erecting, furnishing and equipping a Sanatorium for this Province, in which the inhabitants thereof afflicted with infectious tuberculosis, might be treated, it was enacted that the selection of a site for such sanatorium and the acquiring of the land necessary in connection therewith, and the erecting, furnishing and equipping of the same and the money to be expended and other powers necessary incidental to such undertaking, should be invested in a Board of Commissioners of five members, who should, after the performance of such duties, have the sole executive control and management of the sanatorium.

AND WHEREAS it was provided by Section Nine of said Act and by an Act in amendment thereof passed in the Seventh year of His present Majesty's reign, being Chapter 136 of the Statutes of said year intituled "An Act to Amend an Act to Incorporate the Charles Dalton Sanatorium" that all expenses incurred for the maintenance of said Sanatorium over and above the receipts from patients be provided for out of the revenues of this Province, and that all expenditures and contracts should be subject to the approval and control of the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

AND WHEREAS the said Board of Commissioners were declared by the said first recited Act to be a corporation under the name of "The Charles Dalton Sanatorium."

AND WHEREAS the said Honourable Charles Dalton did erect and equip the same and purchased certain lands upon which the said Sanatorium was erected out of his personal moneys at a cost of \$53,000 and upwards.

AND WHEREAS it was provided by section ten of said first mentioned Act that the land and personal property required from time to time for the said Sanatorium should be conveyed to and vested in, and the same has been conveyed to, and is now vested in the said Board of Commissioners for the uses and purposes aforesaid.

AND WHEREAS during the year 1916 the said institution was operated at a cost to this Province of \$7,437.46 and during the year 1917 at a cost to the Province of \$7,744.10.

AND WHEREAS afterwards and during the Great War the Government of this Province, and the said "The Charles Dalton Sanatorium" handed over to the Federal Government the possession and control of the said institution.

AND while in their possession and control the Federal Government variously extended and enlarged the same and used the said institution so enlarged and extended as a hospital for the care and treatment of soldiers afflicted with tuberculosis.

A Big Increase In Coal Output

LONDON, March 22.—Wages of the British workmen were cut more than 45,000,000 a week in 1921, says the British Board of Trade. The reduction affected more than 7,000,000 workers, and was almost equal to the increases in pay which had been granted in 1919 and 1920.

The severity of the British income tax may be judged by the fact that instalments now payable, including the super-tax, amount to £400,000,000 sterling. This burden is borne by less than 2,500,000 persons. The sum now levied in income taxes is almost twice as much as the whole national revenue in 1914.

The number of unemployed continued to increase during the past month. A statement issued by the American Chamber of Commerce in London shows a decline in British trade last year. It gives British imports in 1921 as only 74.3 per cent of their volume in 1913, while exports were only 49.8 per cent of those of 1913. In the last three months of 1921, however, a steady increase is noted in exports of coal and manufactured goods.

C.P.R. Policeman Shot

FORT WILLIAM, March 22.—Norman Ferguson, son of Archie Ferguson, local carpenter, shot Constable Albert H. Pemberton of the Canadian Pacific Railway police force this evening on Victoria street. Ferguson was immediately disarmed and placed under arrest. Pemberton was rushed to McCall's Hospital where he is being treated for a bullet wound in the back. His condition is not regarded as serious.

No motive can be found for Ferguson's action, according to Chief Peddie of the local police force who said that Ferguson had been acting queerly for some time.

BIG INCREASE IN COAL

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Production of bituminous coal in the United States, accumulated by the possibility of a strike on the coast after April 1, is climbing upward to levels never surpassed except during the peak of war boom, and the following industrial expansion.

Operating in 1916 and part of 1917, certain specialists have visited the institution and stated it would cost \$125,000 a year to operate it. A water supply would also cost considerable. It would be impossible for the government to undertake to operate it. Now the question was: "What is to be done with it?"

Hon. Chas. Dalton wished to take action against the Government for damages and applied for permission to sue, which was refused. (A letter was here read which was said to be given to Sir Charles.) The Premier went on to say he thought Sir Charles would be prepared to take the property back and thought the government should accede to this request.

He stated Sir Charles had put the building there for tuberculosis patients and it turned out a failure, some of the reasons being the poor site selected. There it now stands valueless, except for the lumber and material it contains. Now the question is: "What is to be done with it?"

MR. C. W. CROSBY, in seconding, said they all knew the history of the institution and the generous spirit which prompted Mr. Dalton. It was now what might be called "A White Elephant."

MR. J. D. STEWART asked would it not be better to let this important resolution lie over this session. He would like to hear more of the correspondence, etc., as he was not in a position to discuss the matter intelligently without all the facts. He would like all details tabled.

THE PREMIER: You will have full opportunity to discuss the matter at the second reading.

MR. A. C. SAUNDERS said Mr. Dalton would heartily contribute \$55,000 for this building, etc., and touched in detail the history of the institution. They all knew and admitted an institution of this kind would be beneficial to this province, but the question today was can we afford \$125,000 a year for the upkeep of this building.

Typhus Epidemic Sweeps Russia

MOSCOW, March 22.—Soviet Russia is once more under the shadow of an epidemic wave of typhus fever and recurrent typhus, which has been spreading since November last. The Volga famine area is chiefly affected. In the centre of Russia, the epidemic has invaded the big towns of the Moscow and Petrograd governmental counties, and in the west the cities of Minsk, Smolensk, Vitebsk, and in the north Colozda.

In Moscow itself the epidemic is growing rapidly, and the toll which it is exacting from the Moscow population is already now seven or eight times larger than that of last season, and it is feared that before the winter months are over it might well overgrow the epidemic of 1919.

In December over 4,000 cases of typhus were registered in Moscow while during the first three weeks of January 4,783 cases were registered in hospitals. But the number of cases is much higher than this figure.

The epidemic shows no decline and death casualties are not below 40 per cent. Hospitals and medicals are very inadequate. The Moscow hospitals are overcrowded and the Moscow Soviet is trying to provide 3,000 new beds in them to meet the epidemic.

The railways are the channels by which the epidemic is carried from the famine stricken area into Moscow. Every train brings lice from the Volga districts. The Moscow station where many refugees come as well as prisoners, concentration camps and the Tartar hospitals are the chief centres which feed the epidemic here.

To cope with the situation, the Government stopped passenger traffic on the eastern railways for six weeks. Baths have been organized at Moscow railway terminals and all refugees and military detachments arriving here are compelled to use them. In Moscow itself bathing facilities were afforded in all districts.

according to estimates issued yesterday by the Geological Survey.

During the week ended March 11, the output of mines was 11,655,700 tons, or 4,140,000 more tons than were mined in the same week of the previous year, and only 2,100,000 less than the greatest total ever mined in a similar period.

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Excellent Address By Miss V. M. MacDonald

Large Assembly of Nurses Listen to An Interesting Address in The Board of Trade Rooms Last Night.

There was a large assemblage of nurses last night to hear Miss V. M. MacDonald, Director of the Canadian National Red Cross Emergency Service, with headquarters at Toronto, who gave an excellent address on "Emergency Relief Work." The chair was taken by Miss Beers, Matron of the P. E. Island Hospital, at eight o'clock, and in a few well chosen words introduced the speaker of the evening.

Miss MacDonald prefaced her remarks by saying that after the war was over, all the Red Cross Nurses decided they would not give up their work. So far as the kind of relief work is concerned the Red Cross do not wish to monopolize the field.

In speaking of the Nursing Service Problem, the speaker stated they were needed in epidemics, fires, disasters, etc. A V. A. D. may be asked at any time to supplement any Hospital staff. Their members may, in disaster, be compelled to set up emergency hospitals. In certain forms of disaster, the sanitary arrangements are broken out of gear; those arrangements are not thoroughly understood by the ordinary people and the rules are interpreted by the V. A. D. They must explain to Mrs. A. just why the water should be boiled, and to Mrs. B. why the sanitary arrangements should be changed. She went on to explain a number of typical cases where their service would be needed.

The Association wished to know where all the available Nurses are—all who are actively engaged in the work, those who have given it up, etc., she said, to have them all enrolled. In this way the Provincial Group will have a complete list of all available nurses. The Provincial Red Cross group should be paid for professional work.

Miss MacDonald went on to say there were conditions of emergency for just such a call came to a nurse who has a serious case and is unable to leave she shall not be expected to do so. Enrollment, in other provinces is going on rapidly.

She then touched on V. A. D. work and gave an illustration, saying if a serious fire occurred within 20 or 30 miles from this city, and refugees had to be brought in, and possibly fed and housed at the rate of two or three days, it would be the duty of the V. A. D. to arrange for quick feeding etc. The plan is meant to cover all Canada; it means no outlay of money, but it means how we can find those who can give service at a short notice. P. E. Island is limited, fortunately to only a few possibilities of trouble or disaster, but we should be prepared.

The speaker then gave advice on how to organize a branch of the Provincial Red Cross; and before concluding stated she would be pleased to answer any questions that might be asked. Several took advantage of the offer.

The Chairman then asked the meeting if they desired to organize an Emergency Branch of the Red Cross and asked for opinions from the nurses present. The matter was fully discussed and on motion Miss MacDonald, Public Health Nurse, seconded by Miss Sweeney, it was decided "to leave over organization until the annual meeting of the Graduate Nurses in May."

Miss MacDonald, then spoke of the National Monument, in memory of the Nurses who made the Supreme Sacrifice during the great war. This monument is to be erected at Ottawa.

A vote of thanks moved by Miss McLeod and seconded by Mrs. F. Chandler, was unanimously carried and conveyed to the lecturer by Miss Beer, and gratefully acknowledged by the lecturer.

Inland Revenue Cases at Georgetown

Before Judge Fraser, of King's County, at Georgetown yesterday, the following persons were each charged with having a still suitable for the manufacture of spirits: Neil Campbell, of Sturgeon; Peter McKenzie; Gaspareaux; William Lannigan; Paunure Island and Joseph Doyle, New Perth.

The cases were tried and completed, judgment being reserved until today. Messrs. H. J. McPhee and J. M. Lynes appeared for the prosecution. Mr. S. S. Hessian for the defence.

At the same time and place a man named Sickles was found guilty of having a still in his possession and was fined \$50.00 and costs. William Campbell, of Sturgeon, was charged with concealing and with obstructing officers in their search. This case was adjourned till today.

2,500,000 Railway Men May Join Striking Miners

Protective Agreement Between Miners and Brotherhoods May be Ratified by the Latter as it Has Been by the Miners.

Special to the Guardian
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 22.—Possibility that the Railroad Brotherhood, 3,500,000 strong may support the 6,000,000 mine workers ordered to quit work at midnight, March 31, it was seen here today was a possibility. Was revealed in the admission from Brotherhood officials that "the protective agreement" between miners and Brotherhoods, will, doubtless receive the sanction of the railroad organizations. The executive board of the United Mine Workers, it was said, already have ratified the agreement.

President May Again Appeal
WASHINGTON, March 22.—A public appeal by President Harding to coal operators and miners to settle their differences of work April 1, may be made within a week. It was learned authoritatively today that Mr. Harding is inclined toward such a move as a final effort to draw the bituminous operators into a National Peace Conference and enhance the chances of settlement in all districts. The pressure of public opinion would be brought to bear to such an extent if Mr. Harding followed out this plan that the bituminous operators who refused previous advances might be prevailed upon to negotiate.

The King Suffers From Slight Cold

Special to the Guardian
LONDON, March 22.—It was announced this morning that the King was recovering from his indisposition, but would remain in doors for several days. He is suffering from a slight cold and sore throat.

To Re-Establish The Old System Of Patronage

OTTAWA, March 22.—Liberal tariff reductions, forecasted in the Speech from the Throne, will include, it is stated in authoritative sources, reductions of duties on farm implements, boots and shoes, and on articles used for production. They will not be of a drastic character, but will be accompanied by a promise from the Government that an inquiry will be run as soon as the session is over looking to further and more important revisions next year.

Back to Patronage.
The first step toward the re-establishment of patronage will be taken within the next few weeks when the Government will bring a bill to Parliament taking postmasters, light house keepers, harbor masters and other appointments into the hands of the CIVIL Service Commission. The matter has been before a Liberal caucus, when considerable was made of the fact although the party has been in the wilderness for ten years, it is still denied the loaves and fishes, although in the promised land. Mr. King, it is believed, exhibited no particular desire to go back to the old system, but was overborne by his followers in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, who show an especially strong liking for the spoils of office.

House Attitude Problematical
The attitude of the House on the matter is problematical. A number of old time Conservatives have looked with disfavor upon the great power that has been wielded by the Civil Service, and these may not voice much opposition to a change, but on the other hand, the Progressives are sternly set against patronage and may cause considerable trouble.

GOSPEL SHIP HAS GONE TO THE BAD
KINGSTON, March 21.—The "Message of Peace," British West Indian boose ship, held at Wilmington, N. C., after being seized by the coast guard farther up the coast, is an example of a good ship having gone to the bad. The "Message of Peace" was built in England for a gospel ship. A British minister made evangelistic cruises in the schooner from one port to another. The "Message of Peace" fulfilled its mission for years, carrying Bible truths to the dock workers and shore population of English coast towns. Then the minister died, and the craft was sold.

Announcements, Coming Events, Meetings, Etc.
RATES—10c. per line per day, 5c. per line per day for 6 days or over, 2c. per line per day for 10 days or over. 5 figures, initial letters count as one word, 10 per cent. discount for cash. Address forms part of ad. and must be paid for.

THE WEATHER, Temperature, Tide, Moon, Etc.
TORONTO, March 23.—Decreasing winds, mostly fair and some what lower temperature.
High tide this morning at 7:31 and tonight at 6:42.
Sun sets this evening at 6:17 and rises tomorrow morning at 5:54.
New moon Tuesday, March 21st 9:03 a. m.

Noozle, the Sunshine Kid
I'M A LONG LONG WAY FROM BEING GLOOMY

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RATES—10c. per line per day, 5c. per line per day for 6 days or over, 2c. per line per day for 10 days or over. 5 figures, initial letters count as one word, 10 per cent. discount for cash. Address forms part of ad. and must be paid for.

CALEDONIAN CLUB Lecturer on Thursday at 8 p. m. will be Rev. Wm. V. MacDonald, Hope River, subject "The Stuff Canadians are Made of." Admission free.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

RATES—10c. per line per day, 5c. per line per day for 6 days or over, 2c. per line per day for 10 days or over. 5 figures, initial letters count as one word, 10 per cent. discount for cash. Address forms part of ad. and must be paid for. Special Rates Published Room ad. 75c. for seven words for seven weeks, 60c. per week.

BOARDS WANTED.—APPLY 151 Kent St.

LOST—FROM MY RANCH EAST. Royalty, female patch fox. Finders rewarded. Apply to John Agnew, Charlottetown, or phone 464-1.

FOUND—BOOT AND MITT NEAR St. Dunstan's College. Owner may have same by applying at this office and paying for ad.

I HAVE FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY 15 tons choice hay. Terms spot cash. G. A. Crosby, Bonshaw.

WANTED MAID FOR GENERAL house work, apply to Mrs. Herdner, Mason R. R. 5 Charlottetown.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, BEST LOCATION, all modern conveniences, apply at Guardian.

LOST—WATCH FOR ENAMEL called white in gold with initials "C. S." Reward. Flinder Street Victoria Hotel.

Victoria Lodge A.F. and A.M. Funeral Notice

The members of Victoria and St. John Lodges, are requested to meet with the Worshipful Master and wardens of Victoria Lodge at No. 80 Upper Prince Street, City at 12 p. m. today (Thursday) for the purpose of accompanying the remains of our late brother Robert L. Bairisto to the P. E. I. Railway Station, interment to take place at Summerside tomorrow at 11 a. m.

By order of the Worshipful Master
H. S. MACLEOD, Secretary

(Continued on Page 3.)