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BATTERING THROUGH THE DARDANELLES

The Queen Elizabeth Hurling Shells Across Gallipoli Peninsula into Turkish Forts Which are Failing. Resistance Terrible.

(Special to The Guardian)

LONDON, March 8.—The British and French fleets have battered another step nearer Constantinople. More Turkish forts on the Asiatic side were silenced, according to the British Admiralty but the Turks are making a terrific resistance with shells from their German made guns. This struggle for the gateway of the Ottoman capital is at present the big feature of the war news and closely linked with this is the sustained excitement in the Greece incident relating to the resignation of the Cabinet of M. Venizeloz, who deeming Greece's entrance into hostilities on Triple Entente imperative, could not agree with his King and resigned. The retiring Premier, according to on Athens despatch plans to leave for rest and M. Zaimis has been entrusted with the difficult task of selecting a new Cabinet the complexion of which had not even been tentatively announced tonight. A news agency despatch from Athens late to-night said Zaimis has declined to form a new Cabinet.

From the number of ships engaged and the size and range of the guns the battle of the Dardanelles is unlike anything in history, according to naval experts. At 21,000 yards the Queen Elizabeth, assisted by smaller ships, is hurling shells across the Gallipoli peninsula into Turkish strongholds on the Asiatic shore.

The Admiralty's statement carries operations through Sunday and admits the Turks not only scored three minor hits on the Queen Elizabeth, but the majority of the ships inside the Straits, both French and British, were struck, though none were sunk and there were no casualties. The Turkish forts Rumili, Tabia and Hamidih-i-Tibia, on the Asiatic shore, which previously withstood bombardment, were silenced, as was Mount Dardanus battery farther south. The Turkish casualties are unknown.

Aeroplanes taking wing from the docks of the besieging craft are playing a signal part in operations. One British machine became unmanagable and dived into the sea, and another was hit by the Turks twenty-eight times.

An air raid by British flyers on the German submarine base at Ostend, Belgium, is announced. Six machines participated, returning safely. The damage done is unknown.

It is reported from Bucharest, Roumania, that former Sultan, Abdul Hamid, has regained his freedom and is gathering his friends and supporters around him. It is asserted that he may seek to play an important part in the country's affairs. More progress by British fleet before Smyrna, by which Turkish batteries were silenced, is announced in an Admiralty statement.

Another official statement says that the Turks' loss in land fighting at the head of the Persian Gulf is fifty per cent. larger than previously reported.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—With inexorble precision, cautiously and without haste, the attacks by the Anglo-French fleets against Turkish coast defences continue, according to despatches from Athens. It is predicted now that the Dardanelles will be forced within a fortnight, and that before the beginning of April, British and French warships will be hammering at the gates of the Golden Horn.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—It was officially announced in London this evening that the Turkish battery at Mt. Dardanus and the forts of Rumih, Medjeidah Tabor and Wamidjieh Tabia, in the Dardanelles, have been silenced by shells from the Allied fleet. The British battleship Queen Elizabeth, the announcement also said, was hit by a shot from the Turkish forts and slightly damaged.

YESTERDAY IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

Spirited Debate on Bill Respecting C.P.R. Sections Authorizing the C.P.R. to Sell or Charter its Steamships to The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Limited Were Strenuously Discussed and Some Amendments Proposed. Bill Received its Third Reading. General Hughes Reported Amounts Paid to Different Railways for Transportation of First Contingent.

(From our Own Reporter.)

OTTAWA, Merch 8.—It was railway day in the House. A discussion of the bill respecting the Canadaian Pacific Railway, which was debated at some length before the Commons Railway Committee, occupied the House itself to-day during the greater part of the last sitting on which private members business will have precedence this session.

As in Committee, no attack was made upon the sections of the bill providing for extensions of time for the commencement and completion of lines and ratifying the agreement between the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern Ontario Railways respecting their joint terminals in North Toronto.

Some opposition, however, met the sections authorising the Canadian Pacific Railway to sell, lease or charter is steamships to a subsidiary company, to be incorporated in England and to be known as "The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Limited" and to hold or guarantee stock bonds or other securities of the new corporation.

Mr W. F. McLean, of South York; Major Sam Sharpe, of North Ontario; and Mr J. G. Turriff, of Assinboia, spoke against these sections, declaring that they should not be allowed to become law until after the passage of the Government legislation introduced last session to control the capitalisation of companies, and maintaining that Parliament had now an opportunity to secure control at least of the freight rates charged by the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company.

The weight of opinion in the House was, however, against them. Sir Robert Borden pointed out that the capitalisation of the new subsidiary company would be subject to strict supervision under the English joint Stock Companies Act and that the passage of the bill would not prevent Parliamentary legislation to control ocean freight rates in the future. He pointed out, however, that joint action by Great Britain, the United States and Canada would be necessary to bring about effective control of rates.

In that view Hon. Frank Cochrane and Mr. E. M. MacDonald, of Pictou, concurred.

Hon. William Pugsley contended that the C. P. R. was simply asking authority to do what the Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Northern Railways had already been allowed to do.

An amendment proposed by Mr. Turriff calling for the control of rates charged by the new steamship corporation by the railway commission was lost on a division. So was an amendment by Mr. MacLean, providing a railway commission to fix the terms upon which the C. P. R. ships would be transferred to the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services; that consent of the railway commission be obtained before the Canadian Pacific Railway Company invested in or guaranteed the securities of the new company and that the commission should specify for which the proceeds of the transfer of vessels should be used. The bill was then read a third time.

In answer to a question in the House to-night General Hughes stated that the C. P. R. received $915,000, the C. N. R. $308,000 and the G. T. R. $141,000 for land and sea transport in connection with the first contingent.

PRIZE COURT DECIDES AGAINST BRITISH CLAIM

Cargo of 1,000 Tons Copper Destined for Sweden Requisitioned by British Warships Must go to Swedish Consignees.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—No belligerent Government has a right to requisition a cargo belonging to a neutral government, according to a decree given out by the prize court to-day. The question at issue arose oved 1,000 tons of copper sent from the United States to Gothenburg, Sweden, and destined for use of contractors to the Swedish Government. This cargo was captured by British warships and an exparte order was made by the Registrar of the Prize Court releasing the copper to the British Government, which desired to requisition it for making guns at Woolwich Arsenal. The Swedish owners of the copper asked the Prize Court to discharge the order of the Registrar and, in spite of the opposition of the Attorney-General on behalf of the Government, Sir Samuel T. Evans, President of the Admiralty Court, decided in favour of Sweden. He said the copper should not be disposed of pending the prize proceedings still to come before the Court.

TURKISH GOVERNMENT TO BE REMOVED

(Special to the Guardian.)

SOFIA, March 8.—The Turkish Government will be removed to Asia Minor, Thursday, according to a message brought here from Constantinople by a courier. He states that ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid has been removed by the Young Turks to Konia to prevent a revolution aiming to restore him to the throne, and that the defence of Constantinople has been entrusted to German officers.

REGULAR MEETING OF CITY COUNCIL

The regular monthly meeting of the City Council was held last evening in the Council Chamber, His Worship the Mayor in the chair, with the Health Officer, Dr. H. D. Johnson, and His Honour Mr. K. J. Martin, City Recorder, in attendance. The councillors were all present. The minutes of the last regular meeting and two emergency meetings having been read and adopted a letter was read from Mr. E. H. Beer, Secretary of the Board of Trade, with regard to the matter of heating the Board room. A letter was read from Messrs. Thomas Taylor, Joseph Carter, Francis Kiggins, Wm. and Allan McInnis and Harper, members of the Police Force, asking for an increase of salary to $50 a month in view of the increased cost of living, etc. The next communication was from Sylvester R. McDonald claiming damages in the sum of $150 for injuries alleged to nave been sustained by him on December 25 last by his falling on a slippery sidewalk in Euston street.

On motion of Councillor Riley, seconded by Councillor McKenna, the communication of Mr. McDonald was referred to the Recorder; that of Mr. E. H. Beer referred to the public property committee; while the application of the Police Officers was laid on the table until such time as the estimates are made up.

A delegation of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society, consisting of Rev. Canon Simpson, Mr. T. C. James and Dr. W. J. McMillan, then waited on the Council in regard to the milk and meat inspection bye-lays. Dr. McMillan said they had been appointed to wait on the Council and draw their attention to certain matters of which they were no doubt already cognisant and to suggest some things that might be done in the general interests of the city. Meat and milk inspection were the two most important things to be considered at the present time, and no doubt they had heard everything that he could say on the subject from the Health Officer, who had drawn attention to these matters on more than one occasion. He did not know whether it had been enforced. One discrepancy that had always appeared to him was that although a milk vendor was required to have his herd inspected, still in winter months he might be getting supplies of milk from his neighbors, and he (Dr. McMillan) did not know whether these were compelled to have their herds inspected or not. This matter of tuberculosis in milk was important, and statistics kept by cities larger than Charlottetown went to show that bovine tuberculosis was largely on the increase. There used to be considerable difference of opinion as to whether bovine tubercular germs could be transmitted to the human system or not, but it had been pretty definitely ascertained that they could. He had no doubt that tuberculosis existed largely among cattle throughout the province. That was one matter. Another matter was meat inspection. He submitted to the Council a specimen of pork affected with the disease commonly known as "measly," which caused tape worm. It might be argued that heating the meat would kill the germs in it. That might or might not be the case, but he would not like to be the one to put it to the test. Charlottetown had no meat inspection and in that respect was far behind Summerside. He urged meat inspection, and read a letter from Mr. Roop quoting figures for the cost of slaughtering cattle.

Rev. Canon Simpson also spoke, emphasizing the importance of milk inspection and the necessity for having the milk bye-law rigidly enforced. Tuberculosis, he said, could be transmitted from cattle and even chickens. It was simply dreadful the amount of tubercular meat that was consumed in the course of a year.

Mr. T. C. James spoke along the same lines. He was sure the Council would take action in the matter, which was one of vast importance.

The Health Officer explained that the milk bye-law was now being fairly well carried out. He had written calling the attention of the milk vendors to the bye-law. He suggested the appointment of a properly qualified veterinary surgeon for the inspection of cattle.

It was decided to hold a special meeting of the Board of Health on Tuesday, the 16th, to take the matter into consideration.

The Council then adjourned.

CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges twenty-five cents.

WANTED, GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 231 Richmond St. 8348-3-3Mtf.

FOR SALE A SINGER SEWING Machine in good condition. Apply 48 Chesnut St. 8934-3-9M5ipd

WANTED TO RENT HOUSE CONtaining 7 or 8 rooms with modern improvements. Apply P. O. Box 116. 8632-3-3Mtf,

WANTED BY MARCH 15 TO RENT a house with all modern conveniences centrally located. Apply Y care of Guardian. 8430-3-3Mtf.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR WESTERN S. B. Foxes. Will sell with guaranteed litter at reasonable price. J Stanley Wedlock. 8799-2-27mtf.

PRIME FRESH SAUSAGES 12c. PER lb., Reaney Gay, 9 Elm Ave. Market Tuesday and Friday. Phone 119. 8610-2-13Mtf

FOR SALE—ONE NEW CELEBRATed Moody & Sons Manure Spreader, complete. Price one hundred dollars. A great bargain. Apply at this office. 8938-3-9m3i.

NOTICE—Gentlemen with a few thousand dollars wishes to invest in profitable business as partner or otherwise. Communicate with "A" care of Guardian. 8914-3-8mtf

BUSINESS ENVELOPES.—No 8 printed with name and address, either on flap or front, $2 per 1,000; $5.50 for 2,000; $12.00 for $5,000; $20 for 10,000. GUARDIAN OFFICE. 6608-11-21mtf.

BEAUTY CULTURE.—SUPERFLUous hair removed without pain, latest method. Scalp treatment and singeing for thin hair. Dandruff removed, guaranteed. Shampooing a speciality. All kinds of hair goods made up. Mrs. White, Queen Hotel.

A CLEVERLY WORDED SHOW card draws the passerby to the window. It shows him the goods, tells him the price, and often makes a sale on the spot. One of my cards would add to your spring window display J. A. Bolger, Phone 510L. After 5 o'clock. 8929-3-9m1ipd

PEN PAINTING—A LIMITED NUMber of pupils will be taught the above fascinating art work by Miss Dorrie Nowell. Effective and artistic decoration for centres, hat ribbons, waists, collars, buttons, satin shoes, trinket boxes, girdles, neck ribbons, cushion covers, etc. Terms for course of twelve lessons, $3. 32 Brighton Road. 8908-3-6m5i.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

HEAVY GUNFIRE IN NORTH SEA

(Special to the Guardian.)

AMSTERDAM, March 8.—For the first time since Admiral Sir David Beatty engaged the German squadron in the North Sea the latter part of January, heavy gunfire, according to a despatch from the north of Holland to the Telegraf, was heard in North Sea to-day.

GERMAN GENERAL KILLED IN BATTLE

(Special to the Guardian.)

BERLIN, March 8.—Major-General Von Dittfurth, commander of the Landwehr Brigade and a member of the Prussian diet, was killed in battle near Lowza, in Poland last Saturday. He had been well known as a writer on military subjects since his retirement from active service.

S.S. LA TOURAINE ARRIVED AT HAVRE

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—A message to Lloyd's from Havre to-night announces the arrival of La Touraine at that port.

BRITISH COLLIER SUNK BY TORPEDO

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—The Admiralty announces that the British collier, Bengrave, was sunk Sunday, probably by a torpedo, off Ilfracombe, which lies ten miles north-west of Barnstable, County Devon, England.

Minard's Liniment Cures Rheumatism.

TURKISH LOSSES WERE VERY HEAVY

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—In a statement issued this evening regarding the recent fighting between British troops and Turks at the head of the Persian Gulf, the Official Press Bureau said:

"The enemy's losses near Alwaz (in Khusistan), March 3, were heavier than previously reported; 600 were killed and many wounded. In the action on the western flank the enemy lost 300 killed.

CRUISER DRESEDEN IN SOUTHERN WATERS?

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—A despatch from Santiago, Chile, reports activity among German steamers with coal cargoes in South American waters. The correspondent considers these activities support reports as to the proximity of German cruisers in these waters. He says there are persistent rumours that the cruiser Dresden is hiding in one of those forts in Southern Chile, and adds that the Chilean Government is taking every precaution to preserve neutrality.

CHRISTIANS MASSACRED IN EUROPEAN TURKEY

(Special to the Guardian.)

SALONIKA, March 8.—Thousands of Christians are fleeing from the towns in Western European Turkey to escape massacre by the Turks. Refugees who arrived here to-day asserted that massacres started in interior towns. Some Ottoman troops were withdrawn to concentrate along the Dardanelles. Everyrwhere the Christians are being tortured or slain, according to unverified reports which the fugitives brought. Eighty Christians were slain at Tekke, while Christian homes have been pillaged and burned.

THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

(Special to The Guardian)

TORONTO, March 9.—Maritime: Northerly to northwesterly winds; fair; not much change in temperature.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was fine and cloudy.

The lowest temperature recorded for Sunday night is 22 deg. above zero and the lowest of yesterday is 25 deg. above. At 9 a.m. yesterday it was 25 deg. above. At 9 p.m. it was 25 deg. above. The highest of the day was 28 deg. above.

The tide will be high this afternoon at 3.48 and to-morrow at 5.04; it will be high to-morrow morning at 6.22 and Thursday 7.40.

The sun sets this afternoon at 5.58 and to-morrow at 5.59; it rises to-morrow morning at 6.21 and Thursday at 6.19.

The moon sets to-night at 11. The last quarter of the moon was on Monday, March 8th at 8.28 a.m.

There will be a new moon on Monday, March 15th, at 3.42 p.m.

The length of to-day will be eleven hours and thirty-five minutes.

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

GERMAN BLOCKADE WAS A DISMAL FAILURE

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, March 8.—The British Admiralty announces that out of a total 1,513 ships arriving at, and 1,342 leaving, Britain during the period from Feb. 18 to March 3, only 7 were torpedoed by submarines.

BREAD RIOTS IN AUSTRIA

(Special to the Guardian.)

AMSTERDAM, March 8.—Bread riots similar to those in Germany are reported from Austria. Disorder markd the distribution of loaves, and Prague authorities had a difficult time restoring order.

B. C. PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS APRIL 10

(Special to the Guardian.)

VICTORIA, B.C., March 8.—Sir Richard McBride announced to-night that Saturday, April 10, would be the date of the Provincial elections. The Legislature was disolved to-day.

MEETING OF SUMMERSIDE COUNCIL

The first regular meeting of the Summerside Town Council was held in the Council Chamber last evening. Accounts amounting to $3,903.87 were passed. The matter of renting the north room on the second floor of the Town Building to the Telephone Company was left with a committee consisting of Councillors Jardine, Manson and Schurman. A letter was read from the Electric Light Company re better light for the street, and was laid over till next Monday night, when the Council will meet the manager of the Electric Co. and receive his proposition. Committees for the year were appointed as follows:—Finance and Furchasing, Councillors, Jardine, Manson, Allen; Street, Gaudet, Allen, Manson; Police, Manson, Gaudet, McFarlane; Property, Allen, McFarlane, Schurman; Fire and Light, Schurman, McFarlane, Gaudet; Assessors, McFarlane, Jardine, Schurman; Schools and Parks, Jardine, Schurman, Manson; Concrete Sidewalks, Schurman, Allen, Manson. The following officers were appointed: H. I. Massey, Town Clerk, re-appointed; Auditors, James Prichard, J. G. Arnett; Recorder, Neil McQuarrie; Health Officer, Dr E. T. Tanton; Inspector of Milk and Meat, Dr A. A. Black; Secretary Board of Health, H. I. Massey; Street Commissioner, J. H. Gallant; teamster, Benjamin Sudsbury; wharfinger, J. F. Lafferty; Chief of Fire Department, Thomas Johnston; Assistant Chief, Wm. Matheson; Assessors, John Morrison and W. K. McGougan.

A resolution was adopted that the Provincial Legislature be petitioned to empower the town to issue debentures for a sum not exceeding $12,000 for the purpose of consolidating the schools of the town. It was also decided to petition the Legislature to pass a bill for the abolition of the offices of Water and Sewer Commissioners and thus placing the control of the system with the Town Council. Another resolution was passed petitioning for legislation for a bill to change the status of the town of Summerside to the city of Summerside.

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia.

DEVOTIONAL SERVICES IN ZION CHURCH

The devotional services in Zion Church have begun, and judging by the large attendance last night they promise to be most successful. The hall was filled. The praise service was interspersed with incidents illustrating the hymns.

Rev. Geo. C. Taylor spoke from a text in Neb. ix. 1-3. The Call to Prayer. He said: This great spiritual revival among God's people in the olden day had come at the close of a great work for God and His people—the wall of Jerusalem had been finished. But outward fortifications are of little avail unless there comes with them the inward fortifying of the soul in righteousness. So the people assemble to hear the word of God, and hearing it are stricken in their consciences and convicted of sin. This in turn leads to confession, when the heart pours out its prayer of penitence and the holiness of Jehovah stands over against man's guiltiness. It is then that sin becomes exceeding sinful and a hateful thing. There is one great strong prayer and that for cleansing. But after the grief for sin comes the song of praise from souls forgiven. Whenever the curtain is drawn aside for a little and we have a glimpse into heaven we find the redeemed engaged in holy song.

It is a song of redemption to Him Who hath loosed them from the bondage of sin. It is an ascription of power to One Who alone has power to break the bars of death. The song of God's people on earth is the same strain pitched on a lower chord.

In the song sung in this spiritual revival in the olden day they thought of God's greatness, of His guidance and grace.

Surely we can find a parallel in their circumstances and in their experience in our own life here. God in His goodness has brought our work of building a house to His name to a successful issue and another temple to His praise has been erected, but we cannot stop short at this. Many a grand church to-day is only a monument to the pride and self-complacency of those who profess to worship God within its walls. Many a church is but a funeral vault for dead souls. And the call of the Spirit to us is to remember that He Who is not always found in temples made with hands still makes His dwelling in hearts that are lowly and each one of us may share that fellowship. There are temples that are the handiwork of God, even our bodies and these, however humble be our lot in life, were erected as dwelling-places for the Holy Spirit. Surely as we read God's word in this light we are called like those of old to a humble confession of our sins and a sincere prayer for cleansing. From these sin-polluted temples the song of praise has died out, but this I warrant that when the false gods have been cast out, when the self has been put under, God's presence will again be manifest in the uprising of a hallowed incense of prayer and the song long hushed will burst forth anew.

Think of God's greatness in creating and sustaining all, and then turn to the thought that we each are a part of that great plan and purpose. Think of God's guidance. Cast your minds back as far as memory will carry you, point out each great mercy of God and over against put the memory of each great sin and this will lead you to the third great thought of God's Grace. For the Mercy was never curtailed because of the unworthiness, but where sin did not abound, there did grace much more abound.

The subject to-morrow evening is—A Spiritual Revival.

NAVY WILL UPHOLD ITS GREAT TRADITIONS, KING GEORGE SAYS

LONDON, March 3.—King George, on his return from a visit to the fleet, sent a message to Admiral Sir John R. Jellicoe, in which he said:

"I have been on representative ships of all classes, and am much impressed by the state of their efficiency and the splendid spirit which animates both officers and men. I have not the sllightest doubt my navy will uphold its great traditions."

A letter of condolance was read and ordered to be embodied in the minutes sympathising with Mrs Hamilton on the death of her late husband, Mr D. Hamilton, who had been Assessor of the town for many years.

The matter of improving the streets was discussed, and it will be taken up at a future meeting. The Council adjourned to meet again next Monday night.

NEW X-RAY MACHINES FOR P. E. I. HOSPITALS

The Charlottetown and Prince Edward Island Hospitals are now each equipped with one of the most admirable and scientific of modern devices for the aid of medical men in diagnosing disease, in the possession of a first class X-Ray machine. That of the Prince Edward Island Hospital was installed some time ago and is under the charge of Dr. H. D. Johnson. The other machine has just been installed in the Charlottetown Hospital, and a representative of The Guardian yesterday had the pleasure of seeing it in actual operation, by Mr. E. B. Maybee, of New York, who put it up. This machine is made by the Wappler Electrical Manufacturing Company of New York (of which Mr. Maybee is the representative), and it has a "5-10 kilowatt Interrupterless X-Ray Transformer," running on 220 volt 60 cycle alternating current. It is capable of taking the voltage up from 220 to 150,000 volts, and X-Ray pictures or radiographs can be taken in the almost inconceivable space of one-sixtieth of a second by the use of a special timing device. The machine can be used in floroscopic work for diagnosing such conditions as heart, stomach and intestine. It can also be used in case of cancer. It will take almost instantaneous photographs of any part of the human body in one-sixtieth of a second. The X-Ray machines here—that at the Charlottetown Hospital and the one at the P. E. Island Hospital are identically the same—are claimed to be among the best and most powerful of some fifty in the Dominion of Canada. The Toronto General Hospital, which is one of the best equipped institutions in the world, has 4 of these machines. Dr. W. J. McMillan is in charge of the one at the Charlottetown Hospital, where, as stated before, a number of radiographs were taken yesterday. The operation was exceedingly interesting and was witnessed by His Lordship Bishop O'Leary among others. Drs. McMillan, Johnson and Conroy were present. Three or four persons were "operated" on. It may be explained that there is no pain or inconvenience to the patient, the photograph being taken almost before he realises what is happening. The first subject dealt with was a small boy whose shoulder was dislocated. He was placed on his stomach on the table, and, immediately above the affected part, what appeared to the uniformed observer to be the photographic lens was adjusted. The plate or negative is then placed under the patient and three electrical wires attached from the machine to the "lens". After some preliminaries the patient is told to hold his breath, a switch is turned on, and a strong yellow light fills the "lens" for some seconds— the period allotted for the particular case—and the operation is over. The plate is then taken into an adjoining room and developed, this process not occupying more than a couple of minutes. It is brought back and placed before a very strong light and the photograph is seen perfectly clearly, the fracture being unmistakable. The machine itself is a fascinating thing and one is struck by its numerous intricacies. It costs $2,000, and it is gratifying to know that the experiments yesterday proved its absolute reliability and usefulness. The Charlottetown Hospitals are to be congratulated on having acquired such magnificent and valuable additions to two already admirable and beneficial institutions.

COMING EVENTS, ANNONUCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

**Supper and entertainment in Union Road Hall on Wednesday, March 10th. Admission thirty cents. If stormy Wednesday the following night. Doors open at 5 o'clock. 8933-3-9M1ipd.

**The Patriotic Moving Picture Company will give one of their fine picture shows in Pownal Hall on Saturday evening, March 13th at 7.30, and in Montague on Tuesday, March 16th, at the same. The films to be shown are carefully chosen by one of the leading picture houses from subjects sure to interest young and old. Just at present the subjects are nicely varied, and love pathos and educational films are leaders, while the patriotic war slides are sure to please everyone. A big audience is expected. 9837-3-10m6i