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ARTICLE 10 OF L. OF N. AGAIN COMES UP FOR DISCUSSION

(British United Press)
LONDON, Sept. 17.—Canada's expressed determination to bring up again the question of article ten of the League of Nations and pleadings of Sir Lomer Gouin last week before the Constitutional Committee of the League have an added interest with the publication this morning of documents which passed before the Free State government and secretary of the League with regard to the membership of Ireland.

It has been made quite clear that she joined the League with reservations and the point is interesting in view of objections that have been raised since the treaty of Versailles by the United States against participation in the League. Examination of documents now published shows Ireland's application for membership dated September third and in this application it is expressly pointed out that attention is called to two documents which are submitted to the League a copy of the Anglo-Irish agreement and a copy of the constitution of the Free State with particular reference to Article Forty-Nine of the constitution which makes application to the League of Nations subject to authority obtained expressly for the purpose in the legislature and such authority is governed as to its terms particularly by Article Forty Nine of the constitution.

The article in question reads as follows: "Save in case of actual invasion the Free State is not committed to active participation in any war unless consent of the Irish parliament is first obtained."

Canadian Clubs Association Opens 11th Convention

(Canadian Press)
VICTORIA, Sept. 17.—The eleventh annual convention of the Association of Canadian Clubs with delegates in attendance from all parts of Canada and many points in the United States opened here this morning and will last until Wednesday night.

Condensed Specials

10c per line per day, 3c per line per day for 2 days or over. Count 6 words to a line. Groups of figures, initials, letters, count as one word. 10 per cent discount for cash. Address forms part of ad. and must be paid for. Special Rates Furnish Room ad. 50c for seven words for one week. Situation wanted, for seven words 50c per week.

TO LET—TEMPORARILY A modern furnished apartment. Apply by letter to A. B. Guardian Office, 479-9-18-61

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE nicely situated, rent moderate. Apply Guardian.

LADY CLERK WANTED FOR grocery store. Apply Coffin & Co., 465-9-18-11

WHEN ORDERING YOUR NEXT dinner, try our corned beef. We have a full line of fresh and salt meats. B. Warren, Fitzroy St., 468-9-18-21

WANTED—A GIRL FOR HOUSE work and to assist in store. Recommendation required. Mrs. Fritz Campbell, Pownal, 459-9-17-21

MRS. A. McDONALD LAND SURVEYOR Harmony Jct. 470-9-18-1mo.

WANTED—THE SUMMERSIDE Business College wants young men and girls to study Accounting, Shorthand and Typewriting. Terms reasonable. Write J. Penson, Box 145, Summerside, 423-9-14-4f.

BOY WITH BUSINESS EDUCATION wants position. Apply Z. care of Guardian, 474-9-18-31.

TO LET cottage in nice locality. Apply Guardian Office, 389-9-13-4f.

LOST—BUNCH KEYS, FINDER please leave at this office, 473-9-18-31.

CORNER GROCERY FOR SALE—Splendid chance to obtain a corner business stand at moderate price. For particulars apply to B. J. Carter, 41

WEAK GERMANY CANNOT PAY AND STRONG GERMANY WILL NOT PAY REPARATIONS

(United Press)
NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Surrender by Germany in the Ruhr and the cessation of passive resistance by the Ruhr miners will not solve the grave problem making the Germans pay the war indemnity.

France will have to engage in still further antagonisms against Germany before normal relations in Europe are restored.

The Ruhr resistance has marked only one phase of France's problem. The major fact of the reparations crisis, from France's standpoint, is that a weak Germany can't pay and a strong Germany won't pay.

France has got to solve the difficulty of allowing Germany to become strong once more and at the same time being in a position to make a strong Germany pay. That means the reparations problem for France is now exclusively a problem of guarantees.

There is no possible form or doubt but that the Germans will refuse to pay the war indemnity at any time they feel themselves in a position to do so without peril to themselves. They might even take a perilous chance if it presented itself.

The French government realizes this fact fully. The French people insist that Germany pay her reparations assessment so that France will not have to be taxed for reconstruction. There is a group of French industrialists and imperialists who would be willing to forego the indemnity, if Germany could be crushed.

But that would mean making the French people pay, and would arouse their resentment even though France were to expand territorially and a few French industrial magnates were to reap fortunes. Furthermore, it would probably be impossible to crush the 65 million Germans permanently.

The French government, therefore, is not in a position to carry out, except for a limited time, the policy of keeping Germany weak. There will eventually be a strong Germany, and a strong Germany will never pay a penny more of the indemnity than can be wrung from the Berlin government.

By forcing the German miners to work in the Ruhr, France will not find security for herself. The more the Germans work, the stronger Germany will be and the nearer will come the time when Berlin may call the indemnity terms a scrap of paper, France will lose the indemnity in the end unless guarantees of payment are adequate that are not backed purely and simply by physical force.

There must be a French army always ready for occupation and Germany must continue to be kept unarmed and in no way prepared for military rebuttal. Some small occupational units France will have to keep within the German territory as a constant warning to the people.

The French government, too, will have to hold over the heads of the Germans the menace of another Ruhr conquest and the no less effective threat of breaking up Germany into individual independent states. Otherwise, the Germans will soon forget the Ruhr lesson and will be evading payments again.

No nation, in Germany's condition could be trusted to abide by written terms of so subject a surrender while a chance remained to repudiate the financial clauses. If France doesn't protect her own interests, no other country will do it for her.

MARTIAL LAW IS DECLARED IN STATE OF OKLAHOMA

(Canadian Press)
OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 17.—Martial law for the entire State of Oklahoma was proclaimed at midnight last night by Governor J. C. Walton. Calling the full force of the approximately 6,000 troops in the Oklahoma National Guard to his command, the Governor climaxed his spectacular fight against the Ku Klux Klan by declaring that any persons "who aid the organization in carrying out its purposes" are enemies of the sovereign State of Oklahoma and shall be dealt with by the military forces.

Due to the existence of a self-styled "Invisible Empire," Governor Walton declared that a state of insurrection and rebellion was in effect against the constitution and authorities of Oklahoma and that a general state of "public alarm and the fear and jeopardy of life, peace and personal safety," had resulted.

Activities of the organization were centered in Oklahoma City and extended to every county in the state, the Governor charged.

The proclamation invokes absolute martial law in Oklahoma County (Oklahoma City) and Creek County. The latter adjoins Tulsa County, where military rule has been in effect since August 14th.

Troops will be placed at points in the state where they are needed. The proclamation says this matter being left to the discretion of the Governor and the adjutant-general.

While no order has as yet gone out for the complete mobilization of the state militia, each contingent will be held in readiness for service.

Accepting the recent challenge of the Grand Dragon of the Oklahoma realm of the Ku Klux Klan that "Governor Walton never could break the power of the Klan in Oklahoma," the executive declared: "The power of this criminal organization must be destroyed and it is necessary to proclaim martial law throughout the state."

Citing testimony taken by a military court at Tulsa, the Governor declared that hundreds of men, and even women, of the state have been severely beaten and that the "Invisible Empire," as an organization, was responsible.

"The Invisible Empire has usurped the power of the political Government," Governor Walton said. "The power of this organization has been such that many as 150 persons have been present when men and women have been flogged, whipped and beaten and their methods have inspired such terror that no mention of it was made even by the press.

"In the perpetration of these crimes the Ku Klux Klan not only has disregarded the constitutional rights of trial by a jury, but also the dictates of decency and civilization."

OKLAHOMA, Sept. 17.—The spotlight of national interest is turned today upon this city which is in the second day of martial law. Military have superseded police and machine guns are trained upon the City Hall. The grand jury has been cancelled and a military tribunal set up instead and citizens are being told when to get up and when to go to bed.

Governor Walton declared in his martial law proclamation that Oklahoma City was the headquarters of the Ku Klux Klan and that it was here that the sovereign power of the state was defied when the Grand Dragon of this semi military organization publicly proclaimed in substance that the sovereign state of Oklahoma could not break the power of the Klan.

All other knowledge is hurtful to him who has not the science of honesty and good nature.



WANTED—A MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply to Mrs. E. W. Hyndman, 281 Kent St. 31

BANDIT KILLED BY POSSE IN OKESA HILLS

(Canadian Press)
BARTLESSVILLE, Okla., Sept. 17.—A Spencer, notorious bandit of the Okesa hills, was killed last night by a posse headed by Alva McDonald, United States marshal for the Western District of Oklahoma.

Spencer's career ended in the Okesa hills his usual retreat. When commanded to halt he opened fire on the officers and a half dozen officers' guns replied. Three bullets in the right breast killed the bandit instantly. Spencer began hostilities when he levelled his rifle and fired at six officers. The bullet missed. Every member of the posse fired in return.

Concealed within the old overalls and yellow shirt which Spencer wore were \$10,000 in bonds, according to Marshall McDonald. The bonds were identified as loot taken at Okesa, Okla., Aug. 20th, when a Missouri-Kansas train was robbed shortly after midnight.

BYE-ELECTION FOR WINNIPEG

(Canadian Press)
WINNIPEG, Sept. 17.—A political campaign, which promises to be one of the keenest staged in the city for some years, is expected to result from the election of E. J. McMurray, M. P., for North Winnipeg, to the post of Solicitor-General for Canada and Minister without portfolio. The Labor party and Conservatives are already laying plans to place candidates in the field. Ald. A. A. Heaps, a Labor member in the City Council for a number of years, and John Queen, leader of the Labor party in the provincial Legislature, are mentioned as possible nominees, while it is thought that Dr. R. M. Blake, former member for North Winnipeg will be nominated by the Conservatives for the bye-elections. The date for the election has not been set, but likely will be held late in October.

5000 PERISH IN JAP TIDE WAVE

(Canadian Press)
LONDON, Sept. 17.—Five thousand persons are reported to have perished in the floods which followed upon the typhoon at Tottori, northwest of Kobe, Japan, Saturday, according to an Osaka despatch to the Central News.

The rivers Aikure, Chiyu, and Takimi burst their banks, destroying many villages. The terrific downpour of rain has been general. Both Tokio and Yokohama have suffered greatly from the deluge and railways are crippled by the floods.

The Imperial Princes have decided to return to Tokio.

Killed Instantly By Contact With Live Wire

(Canadian Press)
THETFORD MINES, Sept. 17.—Ernest Lamborn, 22 of Bishop's Crossing was electrocuted here Saturday.

Lamborn was engaged in repairing wires at the Shawinigan Power Company station here and came in contact with live wires.

Prince Rode in Engine of His Special Train

(Canadian Press)
WINNIPEG, Sept. 17.—Mounting the cab of the engine of the special train at Ingolf, Ont., about 130 miles east of here on Saturday the Prince of Wales, travelling as Lord Renfrew, temporarily relieved the firemen of his seat.

The Prince rode in the locomotive for about 25 miles before rejoining his party in the coaches, with him.

31 MINISTERS OF SPAIN TO BE EXPELLED

(Canadian Press)
PORT VENDRES, Sept. 17.—The military directorate formed as the result of last week's revolution has decided to expel thirty one Spanish leading politicians including former Premier Sanchez Guerra and several prominent Liberals and Catalinists. It is learned from advices coming over the border.

The expulsion will occur this week. The military regime is refusing to have anything to do with politicians or parties.

Senator Ventors former Spanish Minister of Finance in several cabinets was stopped at the frontier while endeavoring to reach France and advised he would be detained until the military regime had decided his status.

The Okesa robbery resulted in a \$100,000 reward being offered for the capture, dead or alive, of Al Spencer.

USE OF SPANK- ING MACHINE

(Canadian Press)
WINNIPEG, Sept. 17.—A spanking machine, which would have paddles varying from a board handle to a cat-of-nine-tails, and so reared as to be administered with different degrees of severity was advocated to take the place of jail sentences for first offenders under the criminal code, by Crown Prosecutor R. B. Graham, K. C. today. Mr. Graham is serious about the use of some sort of a machine instead of the infliction of corporal punishment by the human hand, and believes that such an innovation would materially reduce the crime record. The offender could be "machined" spanked and then sent back to his work and the job of supporting his family. Only the incorrigible offender would be jailed under this plan.

WOMAN'S BODY IN SUITCASE

(Canadian Press)
BROCKTON, Mass., Sept. 17.—Wm. F. Bowen, of East Bridgewater one of the persons questioned in connection with the death of Mrs. Alice M. Wolschendorf, of that place, parts of whose body were found floating in the Merrimack river at Tyndboro in two suitcases, two weeks ago, swallowed poison and slashed his throat with a razor today. He is at a hospital here believed to be dying.

Dr. W. M. Robb, of Boston, was arrested charged with performing an illegal operation on the woman, causing her death and Dr. Dalvo Swoop, of this city was charged with being an accessory.

Communist Leaders Arrested in Spain

(Canadian Press)
BARCELONA, Sept. 17.—The principal leaders of revolting Communists and Bolsheviks have been arrested and others are fleeing toward the French frontier which is being closely watched.

Lord Renfrew Now Hard at Work

(Canadian Press)
HIGH RIVER, Alta., Sept. 17.—Lord Renfrew, the Prince of Wales spent all morning from eight until twelve of his first day on his ranch working with the other hands filling the big silo with sunflowers to provide winter feed for blooded cattle and live stock.

He put on old working clothes and led the actual work of chopping up the sunflowers and filling the silo with a vim that kept the other men hustling to keep up with him.

GOVERNMENT OF FIUME HAS RESIGNED; CRISIS CAUSES SUFFERING AMONG PEOPLE

(Canadian Press)
ROME, Sept. 17.—The government of the Independent State of Fiume resigned today.

The Italian government today received from Signor Depoli, Vice-President of the assembly of Fiume a letter complaining of the delay in setting the Fiume question. He said the situation had caused much discontent. The populace was suffering greatly through unemployment, and he had repeatedly called the attention of the Italian government to the dangerous offer delay in settling the question at its issue. Signor Depoli added now that the negotiations had failed he felt that it would be useless to remain in office, although when he resigned there would be no authority in Fiume, and by the end of the month the city would be completely deprived of the means of subsistence.

Signor Depoli since March 12 has been in charge of the Fiume government. His letter of resignation gives the history of events since that time. He says Fiume had hoped the Gdno conference would arrange a settlement of the situation under which Fiume's desire to be allowed to exist as an Italian city would be recognized and "On my part I awaited to be thus relieved from my functions."

He declares that the hopes of Fiumes were thwarted by the Santa Margherita agreement, but that she remained confident that Italy would support her rights in the Italian-Jugo-Slav commission. The delay continued however, and "If Italy's generosity and especially the efficient benevolence of your government kept Fiume from perishing the conditions in the city always grew worse."

Signor Depoli dilated on the fact that lack of authority on the part of his government has had serious political consequences encouraging local groups of methods of violence while the proper administration of justice was flouted.

"The city is lost" says Signor Depoli in his letter "unless the Italian government takes its destiny to heart. Fiume turns to Italy with anxious hope, because it is she that garrisons Fiume with her vigilant soldiers."

Declaring that Fiume cannot become the ground for hopeless experiments but has right to live, Signor Depoli expresses the firm conviction that his withdrawal will serve the purpose of putting the situation right before the whole world. He calls attention to the fact that the day he leaves office no authority will remain except the staff of Royal troops.

GENEVA, Sept. 17.—Italian and Jugo Slav governments have filed with the secretary of the league of Nations for registration and publication the treaty of Rapallo signed in 1920 and the complementary convention of Santa Margherita of 1922 which provided terms of settlement in the Fiume affair.

League circles interpreted this action which conforms with Article Eighteen of the covenant as a favorable sign indicating the probability that the Fiume controversy would be settled by direct negotiations between the two governments.

MAGNIFICENT MALE CHOIR HEARD IN METHODIST CHURCH

To the audience that was privileged to hear the Rhodnda Welsh Male Glee Singers in the Methodist Church last evening the names of the talented artists will be associated with one of the most delightful musical treats enjoyed in Charlottetown for a long time. Unfortunately the weather proved disagreeable and this no doubt preventing many from attending who will have the opportunity of doing so this evening. The concert was in aid of the Prince Edward Island Hospital and the generous applause which greeted each number on the programme evidenced the high appreciation of the audience.

The choir is under the gifted and energetic conductorship of Prof. Tom Morgan. The first item on the programme, "Harlech" rendered with soul-inspiring effect, instantly found a responsive chord and the same marked enthusiasm on the part of the audience was maintained right through the entertainment, which included solos, duets, and such superb singing could only be possible through the most careful training. The singers seemed to center their vision and feelings in the conductor. The accurate intonation, dramatic aptness and exquisite tone shading were enhanced and developed a compelling interest which might be traced to the imaginative factor in the singers. In the individual selections they proved no less delightful and entranced their hearers. Every item on the programme was enthusiastically endorsed.

Music lovers will again have the privilege of hearing this magnificent choir at the Methodist Church this evening, when a very large audience is expected.

Address and Presentation Traffic is Resumed In Rhineland

(Canadian Press)
MAYENCE, Sept. 17.—The Inter-Alleied Rhineland Commission has decided to allow free traffic between occupied territory in the Rhineland and unoccupied Germany beginning on once.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. R. H. Davison, of the staff of the Victoria Hotel, who is leaving shortly to take up the responsible position of manager of the Learmont Hotel at Truro, was waited upon by the management and staff of the Victoria and presented with a suitable token of regard and esteem accompanied by the following address:

September 17, 1923
To Russell H. Davison,
Chief Clerk, Victoria Hotel,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Dear Mr. Davison:—We the Management and Staff of the Victoria Hotel cannot let this opportunity pass without expressing to you our sincere regret on learning you are about to leave us to reside in our Sister Province of Nova Scotia.

We wish you success and prosperity in your new undertaking and we know although it is our loss yet it is some one else's gain.

May good luck and good health follow you wherever you may roam and as a small token of our friendship we ask you to accept the accompanying gift, not for its value but to express the sentiments we have in store for you.

On Behalf of Staff,
BESSIE MACDONALD,
Management
MR. AND MRS. H. C. BROWN

Marconi Joins Up With Fascisti In Italy

(Canadian Press)
MILAN, Sept. 17.—At his own request Signor Marconi inventor has been admitted to the Fascist organization of this city.

L. OF NATIONS IS CONCERNED IN ACTION TO- WARDS ITALY

(Canadian Press)
GENEVA, Sept. 17.—"Stormy" was the word employed today in summaries of the session of the Council of the League of Nations which was hurriedly convoked on Saturday night and which did not adjourn until early Sunday morning. The session was devoted to the delicate question of how to deal with Italy.

The Greco-Italian conflict now has been happily settled, say the delegates who have foregathered in Geneva and thanks to the motive power of the League of Nations backed by world opinion. But they declare Italy has defied the League and that the Assembly should take some action calculated to reinforce the prestige of the League.

The Council is said to be well aware of the fact that sooner or later it must render some report to the Assembly of the League, which will refer to the Italian affair and dispose of the matter to the satisfaction of a majority of the delegates. Some of the members of the Council of the League favored last night an immediate statement to the Assembly. Others, who fear that brusque treatment of Italy might risk Rome's retirement from the League, counselled patience and delay.

The issue at stake is generally deemed to have been reduced to the question of the Italian occupation and bombardment of Corfu, as the opinion is growing that the first phase of the Graeco-Italian conflict properly belonged to the domain of the Council of Ambassadors and not to the League of Nations. But the conviction is growing that the Assembly must pass on the Corfu affair in order to safeguard the prestige of the Geneva organization.

Liquor Schooners Heavily Fined

NORTH SYDNEY, Sept. 14.—The schooner Alase, Captain J. D. Bowler, of Jordan River, Shelburne Co., has been fined \$100 by the Customs Department for failing to comply with port regulations at Cow Bay, C.B., a month ago. The schooner with three hundred and fifty cases of liquor aboard entered Cow Bay during heavy weather for shelter, and failed to report to the Customs house. After being detained four weeks the schooner and cargo were released on payment of fine imposed.

The steamer Herbert Green has been released in bonds of \$2,000 to comply with decision Customs department. This steamer was seized at North Sydney, and has since been detained following the finding of a large quantity of liquor stowed away in the life boats. She is owned in Newfoundland.

GREAT SOULS

Great souls are not those who have fewer passions and more virtues than the common, but those only who have greater designs.

The Weather, Etc.

SEEMS KIND OF A JOKE TO CLEAN THIS OLD COAL HOG'S STUMMICK OUT SO THAT IT CAN HAVE A BETTER APPETITE

TORONTO, Sept. 17.—Fresh to strong north west winds, local showers, but much the same temperature.

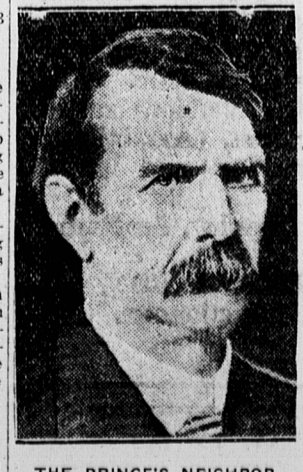
The temperature yesterday—Maximum, 50; minimum, 45.

High tide this afternoon at 5.22 and tomorrow morning at 4.36.

Sun sets this evening at 6:06 and rises tomorrow morning at 5.42.

Full moon Monday, Sept. 24, 9.16 p.m.

Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.



THE PRINCE'S NEIGHBOR.
George Lane, the famous veteran rancher, Prince Edward's nearest neighbor at the High River ranch. He was host to the Prince on his previous visit West, and his genuine western democracy and sincerity are a delight to his new Royal neighbor.

A great love of books is something like a personal introduction to the great and good men of all past times.