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SECOND SCHOONER RACE WON BY THE BLUENOSE

HALIFAX, N. S. Oct 24—With two minutes to go Bluenose was in centre of harbor about three hundred yards from the line and seemed to be out of the find. Elsie was heading diagonally for the line. Coming by the wind Welch stood up for the breakwater and as the gun flashed he eased sheets and was off. Bluenose, still out of the wind, was about eight lengths astern. Welch headed up a little and was slightly to windward of the Canadian which, with a better breeze now, appeared to be closing up the gap.

The schooners crossed the starting line official times as follows:

Elsie 9.00.32

Bluenose 9.01.52.

The Mayflower of Boston arrived off inner automatic bouy.

Elsie, which had the better of the start, passed Middle Ground buoy at 9.07 and catching a good puff out of the Northwest Arm opened up her lead on the Bluenose. The sun breaking through the haze, lighted up the crowded canvas of the racers.

At 9.09 Elsie was off York Eedoubt and continuing to gain, the Bluenose being ten lengths astern. The wind had fallen to eight knots with fitful puffs. The press boat steaming at eight knots was slowly leaving the schooners behind. Off Sandwich Point, four miles miles from the second mark Elsie was twelve lengths ahead.

Unofficial time inner automatic buoy; Elsie 9.45.15; Bluenose 9.45.45.

At 9.15 Elsie had lost the breeze and the Stars and Stripes flying from her main peak scarcely fluttered. Bluenose, in the meantime, had caught the wind and was creeping up.

At 9.22 Walters had cut down Welch's lead to six lengths. Bluenose was bringing the wind up with her and footing fast. A minute later the Canadian was only four lengths behind.

At 9.25 both boats had the same breeze, the wind had increased and was holding at eleven knots, west northwest. Two minutes later the Bluenose was only two lengths behind.

At 9.36 the wind lightened again and the schooners were making slow time for the first mark, a mile away.

At 9.40 as the schooners stood for the inner automatic buoy, the Boston schooner Mayflower, barred from the contest by the trustees of the international trophy after she had been selected as the American defender, was sighted off the buoy under four lowers.

Official times passing inner automatic buoy were:

Elsie 9.45.20.

Bluenose 9.46.00.

The hub flyer was easily recognized by her rakish bow and square stern. She was without topmasts but in the 12 knots breeze scooted through the water and easily circled around a Gloucester schooner that was accompanying her. She seemed to be carrying all the sail she could lug and was making dirtier weather under lower sails than the bonafide fishermen with all their kites aloft.

At 9.44 Elsie and Bluenose were less than a quarter of a mile from the first mark. The challenger had cut down the defender's lead to a length.

At the inner automatic the American had a lead of thirty seconds. Passing the mark Welch headed close in for Chebucto Head, well to weather of his course for Sambro Lightship buoy. Off the Head the defneder caught a snappier breeze and [illegible] up a lead of four lengths.

At this oint the Boston schooner Mayflower made manifest her intention to prove her quality against the fishermen racers. Crossing the bow of the press boat she gave chase after the contenders for the international trophy.

At ten o'clock Elsie, heading for the secnd mark, nine miles away, had opened up a good lead on the Bluenose. She was prbably seven lengths ahead. The Mayflower was racing along about a quarter of a mile to leeward. The Boston speed boat seemed to be gaining rapidly on the Bluenose.

The wind was holding at about eleven knots. Five minutes later Bluenose had a better breeze and commenced to gain on the defender, and at the same time to drop the Mayflower. Elsie, with her green topmast, did not seem to be much stiffer than Bluenose. With all sail drawing the Canadian vessel was rapidly closing up the gap. Then the wind swept down on the Mayflower to leeward and the barred schooner heeling sharply to puffs, began to gain on the others.

At 10.15 no apparent change in the position of the schooners could be noted, Bluenose and Elsie were travelling at approximately the same rate, the defender showing herself speedy on a reach in light weather. She was holding a lead estimated by skipper of press boat of one eighth of a mile. The Mayflower was about the same distance astern of the challenger and in the mild breeze she seemed quite comfortable without her topmasts.

At 10.30 the wind had increased to eighteen knots. Bluenose was two lengths astern of Elsie and slightly to leeward. Walters evidently hoped to be able to pass through Welch's lee.

Mayflower was three quarters of a mile astern and the Lunenburg schooner Delawana, unsuccessful contender in last year's international series, was coming up like a bird on the Boston schooner.

At 10.35 Bluenose was almost under Elsie's lee with the second mark only two miles away. The schooners were cutting a ten and a half knot clip and were so close together that from the press steamer, a mile astern they looked like one boat.

A minute later Walter's luffed in hopes of passing to weather of the American. Welch unperturbed held his course for the mark. Walters was close on the Gloucestermans weather quarter, but appeared to have lost somewhat by the manoeuvre. The crews were preparing for the gybe round the buoy.

Switzerland Has Very Little Rain

Unprecedented Drought Began Year Ago—Forest Fires Still Reported

BERNE, Oct. 24.—There has been no rain worth mentioning throughout Switzerland since August, and the drought which began a year ago still continues. In some places the water supply is cut off at night, and the Luzanne authorities have warned the public not to waste any water.

Forest fires are again reported—something unprecedented at this season. The woods on the Harder Mountain above Interlaken have been ablaze for the last two days, and the population has been working day and night to extinguish the fire, but unsuccessfully.

The Rhine has not been so low for a century, and navigation for boats with deep draught is impossible. Hundreds of boats are stuck in the river mud, and perishable goods must be promptly unloaded. Normally great quantities of heavy goods, such as coal and grain and building materials, are transported by the Rhine, and unless copious rainfalls and snowfalls come before long a shortage of electric power is feared.

The inhabitants of both banks of the Rhine suffer particularly from the prolonged drought season which greatly interferes with cheap water transport.

In all churches prayers for rain are being offered.

INSTITUTE MEETINGS

Kingsboro: — Mrs. John R. Roberton entertained the Women's Institute at her home in Kingsborough on September 7th. Seven members and six visitors were present. Minutes were read and adopted. An interesting paper on "Social life in Rural Districts" was read and was much enjoyed by the members.

Murray River: On Oct. 3, The Murray River Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Gus. Keenan for their regular monthly meeting. Eleven members and one visitor was present. Meeting opened with the singing of the Institute Ode. Minutes were read and adopted. A paper, "The un-expected Guest" was read by Mrs. Ferguson The musical programme consisted of the singing of Scotch songs. A suggested programme for the next six months was read and adopted. A committee was appointed to visit the school. Next meeting to be held at the home of Mrs. Joe Lewis.

Norboro: The Norboro Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Robert Bowness, on Oct. 4. Eight members and four visitors were present. The meeting opened with the singing of the Institute Ode. Mrs. C. M. Howatt gave a reading on the "Duty of the Women's Institute in relation to Public Health". Another reading was given by Miss Helen Stewart on "Slighting as a Fine Art". 5.00, was donated by the Institute as prize money for the School Fair. The exterior of the school has been painted and new blinds has been put up. The members have decided to get material to make pneumon ia Jackets for the Prince County Hospital.

Seaview: Mrs. Stanford A Pickering entertained the Seaview Women's Institute at her home on Oct. 7. Eleven members and two visitors were present. Meeting opened with the singing of the Institute Ode A committee was appointed to visit the sick in the district. Mrs. Stanford Pickering gave several organ selections much enjoyed by those present.

Souris West: On October 14th, the regular meeting was held at the home of Mrs Richard Kickham. There were fifteen members present. It was decided that the Institute do some knitting and sewing for the Orphanage. A demonstration on Pickle making was given by Miss Harper after which a number of vocal solos were given by the younger members of the Institute.

St. Nicholas: The regular meeting of St. Nicholas Institute was held at the Hall on October 12th. There were nine members and four visitors present. A paper on "The School Lunch Box" was read by Mrs. Calixte Poirer The remainder of the evening was spent in working on a quilt.

Cardigan: This month the Institute met at the home of Mrs. MacNeill on Oct. 12th The afternoon was very pleasantly spent in picking and filling four barrels of apples, two being donated to the Protestant and two to the St. Vincent Orphanage. After the apples were picked the members proceeded to the house where lunch was served and the regular business meeting was held. The roll call was answered with "Suggestions for our Entertainment" or pay a fine of five cents Committees were appointed to take charge of the programme for the entertainment to be held in the near future. The meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Lewis.

Fairview: On October 3rd the Fairview Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs Thomas Burdett. There were eight members and fourteen visitors present. Arrangements were made for the holding of a lecture in Afton Hall. It was decided to take up school improvement work for the present One new member was added to the Institute at this meeting.

Lakeview: On October 12th, the Lakeview Women's Institute met at the home of D. J. MacDonald. There were twelve members and eight visitors present. The roll call was answered with Potato Recipes A paper on "Callers in Spring Time" was read by Miss Mildred Rose, also one on "Weekly Routine of Housework by the Secretary." It was decided to purchase a new Hyloplate blackboard for Lakeville School, also to clean and paint the interior of the school. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Colin Campbell.

East Point: The regular meeting of the East Point Women's Institute was held at the home of Mrs. John Gillis on October 7th There were six members and one visitor present. After the reading of the minutes the regular business was carried on. It was decided to continue sewing for the Orphanage during the fall. Six dollars was voted for the school fair work The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Nellie MacLean.

New Perth. Women's Institute held a public meeting in the hall in the evening of October 21st. There were about ninety present. Mr. Lloyd Shaw gave an excellent address on educational matters, upon which he is well qualified to speak, being one of the delegates to the Conference in Toronto, and one of the School Inspectors of the Province. During the intermission lunch was served. After the taking of the collection which amounted to $8.45, Mr Shaw gave a demonstration on the use of a gramaphone in the school. The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

Graham's Road: The regular meeting of the Success Institute was held at the Hall on September 20th, 14 members and two visitors were present. It was decided to start a Circulation Library, each member to donate one book. Miss Vera Brown was appointed Librarian. An interesting report of the W. I. Convention was given by Mrs Nellie Green. Plans were made for the holding of a bazaar before Christmas and $14 was voted to purchase supplies. A special meeting will be held to commence this work. Two new members have been added to the club since the last meeting.

Lot 16: The October meeting of the Lot 16 Institute was held at the home of Mrs. W. L. Cotton on October 12th. There were 21 members and 20 visitors present. Committees reported the visiting and cleaning of the two schools. It was decided to have a chicken supper in the Hall on November 11th, Armistice Day, to raise funds. After the business of the meeting a social evening was spent with games and music. Lunch was served by the committee. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Isabelle Monkley on November 15th. Four new members were added to the Institute.

LLOYD GEORGE MAY VISIT IN TORONTO

TORONTO, Oct. 25.—In response to a joint invitation to Premier Lloyd George from Canadian and Empre Clubs of this city to visit Toronto, if he attends the Washington Conference, a cable message was received from the British Premier today stating that if he attends the conference he might not have time for public engagements outside the conference but if possible he would visit Canada as he wished to thank the people of this Dominion for their services during the war.

EMPEROR'S ARMY IS DEFEATED

BUDAPEST, Oct. 25—The army of former Emperor Charles which was marching on Budapest for restoration of ex-Monarch was defeated with heavy losses by the Hungarian Government forces at Tata-Tovaros, 35 miles west of Budapest this morning. The Carlist forces have fallen back to Komorn, 15 miles northwest of Tata-Tovaros. Pursuit by government troops continuing.

Women Diplomats To Be Chosen

VIENNA, Oct. 24.—The women members of the Czecho-Slovak Parliament have made a demand for the opening up of the higher positions in Government offices and the diplomatic service for women including foreign diplomatic posts. The Prime Minister has admitted the justification of this demand. It is expected women will shortly be appointed to foreign missions.

ROCKY KANSAS GOT DECISION

NEW YORK, Oct 22—Rocky Kansas, Buffalo lightweight, received the judges' decision after his fifteen-round bout with Lew Tendler, of Philadelphia, at Madison Square Gardens tonight. Kansas was the aggressor throughout most of the match, gaining the advantage in ten of the fifteen rounds. Tendler had the better of two rounds, the third and fourteenth, and three, the frist, eleventh and twelfth, were even.

Kansas caught Tendler repeatedly with a vicious right hook, which rocked the Philadelphia boy and slowed him up considerably. In the ninth round Tendler was floored with a right hook to the jaw, but he refused to take the count. Kansas cut both of Tendler's eyes badly in the opening round and the Philadelphian's counter blows did not seem to bother him.

Tendler had hoped to defeat Kansas and engage in a championship bout with Benny Leonard. Kansas stayed twelve rounds with the champion last winter.

"JESS" AND "JACK" JULY 1

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Jess Willard will attempt to regain the world's heavyweight championship from Jack Dempsey at Jersey City next July 1, Tex Rickard, promoter, said today.

Rickard, returning from Chicago, where he conferred with Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, said he had verbal agreements with both Dempsey and Willard for the bout and added that he had sent Willard a contract.

PRIME MINISTER MEIGHEN ADDRESSES MEETING

BRANTFORD, Oct. 25.—"My duty is not on bended knee to ask you to return me to power, I have never done that and I never will," said Premier Meighen addressing a meeting here last night. "But having accepted office it is my duty to state the case as fully as possible, then leave the responsibility with you". The Premier said that as far as human assidiuity could serve the people of Canada this government had done it. The war record of the Government from the financial point of view stood unchallenged, said the minister. Turning to the railway situation, Mr. Meighen declared Mr. King intimated he would find employment for numerous people on the Government railways, would standardize the road in Prince Edward Island and would practically return the system of political management if returned to power. That would spell ruin to the Canadian National system he said. He defended the shipbuilding policy of the Government and their application of a closure to get a vote to finish the ships at the last session of parliament. The progressive movement in Ontario had been worked up into class feeling, said the Premier. If the movement is not grappled with and beaten down it would gain the upper hand and control the country. The Premier asked the audience if it wanted farm implements admitted free into Canada. That might mean the destruction of Canadian industries.

A voice—"Why did you admit farm tractors into Canada free of duty."

Mr. Meighen replied that this had been done to meet the demand of organized farmers and also in an effort to stimulate production. He admitted that he was not sure the Government's action in this regard had been wise.

BIG STRIKE IS DOUBTFUL

WASHINGTON, Oct 25— Confidence that the threatened great railroad strike is not to develop is steadily gaining here today. It is based chiefly on the fact that three fourths of the employees would not strike, thus a strike of the remainder appear a foredoomed failure. If necessary the government with backing of those employees who will continue work, can keep the food fuel trains running indefinitely claimed.

PREMIER MAKES POSITION CLEAR

LONDON, Oct 25—Mr. Lloyd George made the government policy clear in the House of Commons before he walked over to the Irish conference at his official residence in Downing Street. He said De Valera's message was "A grave challenge" that the governments position on that question (meaning independence) has been made absolutely clear and that conference could not proceed upon any other basis. Mr. DeValera's claims for Ireland's independence in preliminary correspondence with Mr. Lloyd George apparently were compromised by tactic agreement to avoid any discussion of them, but apparently the issue has now reached a stage where the avoidance of the subject or compromise upon it is almost impossible. Whatever optimism was discernable last night among the informed onlookers both British and Irish were based upon their convictions. They are men of high ability on both sides of the conference table and there is a sincere desire for a settlement of the whole Irish problem on both sides. While the Sinn Fein delegates have no special train or liner waiting as had Lord Beaconsfield at Berlin and President Wilson at Paris, they say "our bags are always packed."

"57 VARIETIES"

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Anglophobia Is Nearing Its End

N. Y. Paper Favorably Notes improvement in Anglo-United States Relations

NEW YORK, Oct 24.—Under the heading, "Ending Anglophobia," the Tribune this morning discusses President Harding's address at Yorktown, yesterday at which the United States chief executive emphasized the necessity for close union between Great Britain and the United States.

Declaring its object to be to show respect for a great cause by candor, the Tribune continues:

"It is said war between the two peoples is unthinkable. Would it were so. But, alas. Too many not only think it, but talk of it. More than one generation of petty American politicians have devoted themselves to twisting the British lion's tail."

The paper remarks that sometimes the object of this tail twisting has been "to hoodwink those whose emotional centre is Ireland," and recently it has been done "to cater to those whose major interest is Germany."

Men and women in the United States who have seen that it was peculiarly desirable to have concord between peoples which in many things are strikingly alike have been attacked as Anglomaniacs and imitators of alien ways, continues the Tribune, adding that 'to dwell on the good qualities of other peoples was permissible, but Great Britain was always bad.'

"Yet by emphasizing the necessity of close union between the United States and Great Britain, the President strikes at the heart of the peace problem," the editorial continues "No one can tell what conditions will exist fifty years hence; but so far as concerns the immediate future, a wholesome association of nations is impossible unless there is an end to American and British discords, with whole-hearted friendship and confidence of each nation in the other.

"Great Britain seems tot have permanently shaken off her old anti-American psychology. All her parties and elements join in wooing America. In return we must, if we would have peace, conquer the remains of any Anglophobia that still grip us, must subdue too prejudices such as Hearst foments."

The World sees in Mr. Harding's speech a tardy acknowledgement of the worth of the League of Nations, declaring Woodrow Wilson has never gone further than the present United States chief executive did in his remarks yesterday. After quoting at length from portions of the speech in which Mr. Harding dealt with the necessity for co-operation among nations the World concludes:

"Events and not arguments are taking the United States into the League of Nations, and events an inexorable Mr. Harding has begun to see it. By the time the Washington conference has finished its work he will see it still more clearly."

ALLIES OPPOSED TO HOPSBURGS

LONDON, Oct 25—The allied governments remain firmly opposed to the restoration of the Hungarian throne but any member of the Hapsburg Dynasty declared the Prime Minister, Mr. Lloyd George in the House of Commons today.

SANTIAGO, Chili, Oct. 24.—Dr. Arturo Atria, chief bacteriologist of the Chilian Institute of Hygiene, announces that he has succeeded in discovering a method of isolating the bacteria of smallpox.

Dr. Atria claims his discovery will permit the combating of smallpox by direct instead of through preventive vaccination.