

CLUE: Water surrounds its magnificence.

(251) Cave of a Thousand Buddhas, China. (252) Soldiers' Field, Chicago. (253) Sistine Chapel, Vatican, Rome. (254) Imperial Art Gallery, Vienna. (255) Arch of Titus, Rome. (256) Library of Campanile, Venice. (257) Temple of Zeus, Olympia. (258) The Louvre, Paris. (259) Temple of Minerva, Rome. (260) Eddystone Lighthouse, England.

What and Where is it?

Indicate which scene you think the photograph shows, by placing its number in the square to the right.

SAVE YOUR LIST OF POSSIBLE ANSWERS. THE CORRECT SOLUTION TO THE ABOVE IS SOMEWHERE IN THE LIST PUBLISHED UNDER PUZZLE PHOTOGRAPHS APPEARING UP TO AND INCLUDING TO-DAY'S.

(C. P. By Guardian's Special Wire) OTTAWA, March 25.—Rifle training—training in marksmanship—was a most vital part of national defence, Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor General, said here today in an address at the 68th annual meeting of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association.

tightly together that no geographical position today really makes a nation isolated from world affairs. We all hope peace will endure, but it is vital to remember that there may come a time when defence, national defence, may become a very practical question and rifle training, training in marksmanship, is a most vital part of national defence.

GIANTS and JESTERS In Public Life

(By FRED COOK)

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DIVORCE IN CANADA

(Continued.)

Accordingly in 1888 he moved for the appointment of a special committee to go thoroughly into the whole question, and as a result of his earnest work new rules were adopted, and in place of the "select" committee it was decided to appoint a "standing committee on divorce." The personnel of which should be changed as infrequently as possible. Sir James himself was chairman of this standing committee for many years, and under his wise direction the body functioned admirably. Judge Gowan passed away in 1909 in the ninety-fourth year of his age. Since his day the divorce rules of the Senate have been revised and the procedure further simplified and improved. There is no longer any appearance of counsel at the bar to testify of the serving of notices. Everything runs smoothly under the present regulations, chiefly for the reason that parliamentary agents thoroughly familiar with the rules are employed in nearly all cases.

To prosecute a divorce action before Parliament costs money, and it is therefore advisable to employ legal assistance. Every applicant must give notice of his or her intended application for five consecutive weeks in the Canada Gazette, at the rate of 20 cents per line for the first insertion and 7 1-2 cents per line for each of the subsequent four. In addition the notice must appear once a week for five weeks in two newspapers published in the district where the applicant is residing at the time of the separation of the Parties. No action will be taken by the divorce committee until this rule has been complied with.

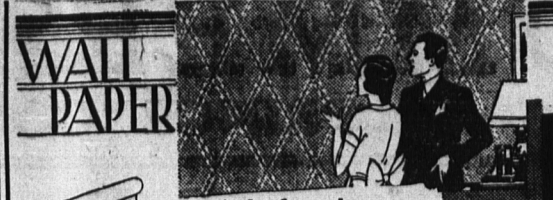
When a petition is filed it must be accompanied with a fee of \$10. This is in accordance with the prescribed rule and also covers the cost of translating the bill and printing it in both languages. The figure may seem high, but the Senate committee has always acted in a generous manner in the case of poor applicants. If at the outset it is intended to ask for the remission of the fee upon the ground of the poverty of the petitioner, an application has to be submitted in the form of a petition to the Senate setting forth the financial standing of the petitioner and giving the facts relied upon to obtain the remission. The petition must show the nature of the employment of the petitioner; the amount earned; every source of income which he or she has, if any; that the petitioner has no money to pay the fee, and if the wife is the petitioner that her support since her separation from the respondent. If the petitioner has been obliged to borrow money to pay the advertising and other incidental expenses,

this fact must also be set out. It is further required that the petitioner must state whether he or she has real property, or no one from whom financial assistance could be obtained.

In addition the rules prescribe the fees which may be charged by the solicitor. For instance, the solicitor's fee for instituting proceedings is fixed at fifty dollars. This covers all charges for advice, preparation of notices, the petition, the declaration verifying the petition, notice to respondent and arranging for the publication of notice. Generally the preliminary work at Ottawa is assigned to the parliamentary agent and for his services in arranging for the presentation of the petition, attendance at the Senate re date of hearing, presentation of the bill, obtaining of subpoenas for witnesses, etc., his fee is fixed at twenty-five dollars.

When the actual hearing before the committee takes place, if concluded in one day, the agent's fee is fifty dollars, but if the proceedings go beyond one day the allowance is forty dollars for each additional day or part thereof. But these fees are not all. If the petitioner does not reside in Ottawa there are railway fares and living expenses to be provided for, not only of the applicant and counsel, but also of the witnesses who may be brought to the Capital. In many cases private detectives are employed, and they have to be brought to Ottawa to testify. The divorce committee reserves to itself the right, in its discretion, to increase or decrease the allowance quoted. It will thus be seen from the figures just mentioned that a divorce application cannot be put through Parliament without expenses running in most cases into hundreds of dollars.

As is well known, divorces are more readily obtainable in the United States than in any other English-speaking country. In the year 1929 the latest figures available, the total across the boundary was 201,468. Germany averages about 40,000 divorces per annum, France 21,500, Sweden 2,350, Belgium 2,520, and England and Wales 3,900. The high year in Canada was in 1934, the total being 1,106, of which 1,067 were granted by the thirty-eight applications were passed by Parliament. It is by no means plain sailing before the Senate committee. Sympathy plays little part in the proceedings. The party who is seeking a dissolution of marriage tie must first of all get a good case, and that this is not always done is evidenced by the fact that since Confederation no fewer than ninety applications have been rejected by Parliament. Many senators would like to see the Upper House freed entirely from the duty of legislating on this subject, but the British Empire, also, or the B. N. A. Act is unchanged, it will be essential for Parliament to retain its authority.



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by duennas, who never left them alone in public for a moment. Today much of this custom, especially in the larger northern cities, has broken down and girls, alone or accompanied by companions of their own age, are seen in public just as in other parts of the world. Spanish women have invaded Madrid's offices, and professional life, and there are doctors, lawyers and even engineers. The constitutional Cortes in 1931 had three women deputies, while the present one has five.

HARD WORK MEANS NOTHING TO A HEN

Hard work means nothing to a hen. She just keeps on digging worms and laying eggs regardless of what the business prognosticators say about the outlook for this day or that year. If the ground is hard she scratches harder. If it's dry, she digs deeper. If it's wet, she digs where it's dry. If she strikes a rock, she works around it. If she gets a few more hours of daylight, she gives us a few more hours of work.

ISHBEL 'CAN THROW A NIFTY DART'

I was assured today: "Ishbel can throw a nifty, mark ye, and he's done so when wanted." In fact, Miss MacDonald recently took part in a dart match when she undertook to make a "man" in the team, a player not having turned up. Moreover, Miss MacDonald took the Spenn (Ye Old Plover) team to High Wycombe, and expressed herself as pleased with the game and intending to encourage it.

MODERN NEGLIGEEES ARE LIKE DRESSES

The modern w man goes at such a busy pace that he must be prepared to be presentable at all hours of the day or night. Twenty-five years ago it was all right for a woman to languish about the house in a frothy, feminine negligee trimmed with lace and fancy embroidery and other fancy ornamentation. That is changed today, and the modern woman wears a house gown that is appropriate for receiving guests.

NEW MILLINERY

Some of the new spring hats have gutter brims and practically all the millinery points to continue shallow heads, slanting brims and to the life everlasting of the beret, though it changes about a bit, from season to season. Keep them in mind when next you want to cheer up your old clothes or head off with new ones.

WOMEN OF SPAIN ENTER NEW FIELDS

The long sheltered women of Spain have been coming from behind the romantic iron grills that used to shut them off from the world, to invade fields once closed to them. While 25 years ago the number of women in Spanish universities could be counted on the fingers of the hands, today in some of the faculties, such as philosophy and literature in the University of Madrid, there are more women than men.

The End Of Vision Uncertainty

Lack of knowledge and uncertainty and neglect are responsible for every case of visual error that CONTINUES. To take advantage of facilities for improving vision, which exist everywhere, means the end of worry and uncertainty and the beginning of visual comfort and better general health.

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ANNUAL CONVENTION of the P. E. I. TEACHERS FEDERATION will be held in PRINCE OF WALES COLLEGE HALL Charlottetown, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday April 7th, 8th, 9th. Addresses by Hon. Mark R. McGuigan, B.A., K.C.; H. H. Shaw, B.Sc., Superintendent of Education; John T. Croft, M.A., Ph.D.; G. D. Steel, M.A., LL.D.; J. H. Blanchard, M.A.; Howard Court, Supervisor of Teacher Training; Miss Nora Bateson, M.A., Carnegie Library Demonstration. All interested are cordially invited to attend.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS PUBLIC NOTICE Tax Collectors and Winter Overseers appointed under the provisions of the Road Act 1928 and other persons are hereby notified not to perform or cause to be performed any work on the Highways of this Province without authority from the Minister of Public Works and Highways. L. B. McMILLAN, Deputy Minister of Public Works and Highways Charlottetown, P. E. I. March 25, 1936.

BARGAIN RATES Amherst, N. S.—March 27th. Summerside, P. E. I.—March 28th. Boston, via Eastern Steamship—April 9th. For further particulars call W. K. ROGERS 181 Queen Street, Phone 540

LONG CREEK WOMEN'S INSTITUTE The regular monthly meeting of the Long Creek Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Annie Stretch on Wednesday evening, March 4th with an attendance of fourteen members and four visitors, one member paid her fees.

LIMESTONE Our price list dated March 14th, 1936, which has been mailed to farmers in general throughout this Province gives prices on pulverized limestone in carload lots. We now find that the quality of the limestone that was being offered us is not suitable for the best results when used for agricultural purposes in this Province. We do not recommend your purchasing the grade quoted.

A WISE MAN It was a wise man that said, "Build your own home and save the money spent on rent"; \$200.00 per month rent amount to \$2400.00 in ten years, and \$50.00 per month to \$6000.00 in the same time.

ROUND TRIP BARGAIN FARES FROM STATIONS ON PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND TO \$ 9.00 Quebec 10.60 Three Rivers 10.00 Montreal 12.25 Ottawa 15.00 Toronto

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Halifax Port Arrivals Daily Vessel Report for 24 hours ending 12 o'clock noon Thrus. March 26-36. ARRIVALS: Incense from Boston. Maris from Sherbrook. Baxter Dick from Local Harbour. Pentland from Local Harbour. Vimy Ridge from Local Harbour. O'Leary Lee from Local Harbour. SAILINGS: Kirsten B. to Jamaica. Lillgunvor to New York. Cornwalls to Demerara. Baxter Dick to Local Harbour. Pentland & Barge to Local Harbour. VESSELS IN BERTH: Vimy Ridge Discharging. Incense Discharging. Cornwalls Discharging. Can. Constructor Loading. Lady Drake Loading. Cavalier Loading. Barge No 2 Berth. Lillgunvor Loading. Kirsten B Loading. Incense Loading. O'Leary Lee Discharging. Cairnesk Loading. Maris Loading. Greta Thorden Loading. Mary Currie Berth. Acadian Berth. VESSELS DUE TO ARRIVE March 26—Artigas from U. S. Ports. 2—Beverhill Saint John. Lady Somers from Jamaica.

The End Of Vision Uncertainty Lack of knowledge and uncertainty and neglect are responsible for every case of visual error that CONTINUES. To take advantage of facilities for improving vision, which exist everywhere, means the end of worry and uncertainty and the beginning of visual comfort and better general health. G. F. Hutcheson

Colborne from B. W. Indies. Man. Brigade from Saint John. Montclare from Liverpool. 28—Austria from New York. Japanese Prince from Far East 29—Sulabria from Saint John. Ausonia from London. Korsholm from New York. Chedabucto from E. C. Ports. D. of Bedford from Saint John. Portia from Nfld. Port. 29—Whigham from Rotterdam. Sary Bolshewik from Boston. 30—Fort Amherst from New York. Salawati from New York. A steamer from Saint John. 30—Talisce from Far East. 31—Norwegian from Glasgow. Belle Isle from Nfld. Ports. Nova II from Halifax. Cit. of Pittsburg from Far East. APRIL 1—Reo from Halifax. Lenarfish from Halifax. 2—Man. Hero from Saint John. New York City from New York. Can. Britisher from New Zealand. Lady Nelson from B. W. Indies. 3—Beverdale from Saint John. 4—Ausonia from New York. 5—Montclare from Saint John. Chedabucto from E. C. Ports. WOMEN OF SPAIN ENTER NEW FIELDS The long sheltered women of Spain have been coming from behind the romantic iron grills that used to shut them off from the world, to invade fields once closed to them. While 25 years ago the number of women in Spanish universities could be counted on the fingers of the hands, today in some of the faculties, such as philosophy and literature in the University of Madrid, there are more women than men. Sports have been to make a wide appeal, particularly in Madrid, where hundreds of girls go in for swimming in the summer and skiing in the winter. Every week-end hundreds of them leave Madrid for a day on the slope of the nearby Guadarrama range. The republic overnight gave Spanish women the vote and in Madrid more women voters are registered than men. Where a woman distinguishes in some branch of learning used to be a rarity, today there are scores of women whose names are known throughout Spain. Years ago most Spanish girls could not go out unattended until an advanced age. Those in moderate circumstances went with their mothers or married sisters. Those in wealthy families were attended

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